### DataFrogs

Configurer SQL Server pour un dépannage efficace

@conseilit



# Christophe LAPORTE

- in /in/christophelaporte
- conseilit.wordpress.com
- **@conseilit**
- conseilit@outlook.com



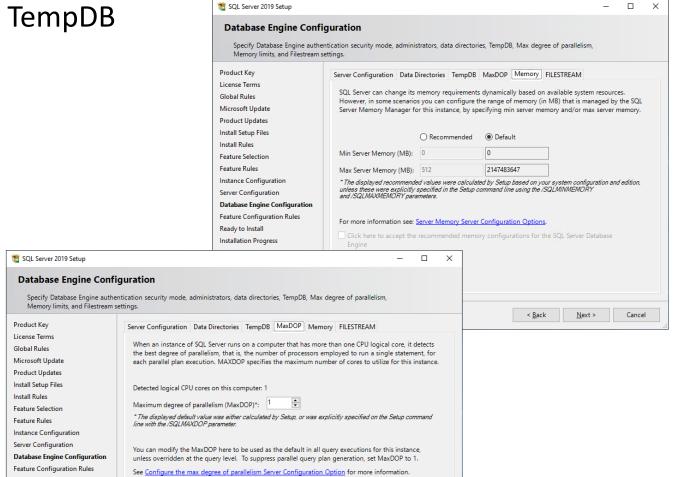


- Audit
- Conseil
  - Infrastructure / Architecture
  - Virtualisation / Cloud
  - Haute disponibilité
  - Performance / Optimisation
  - Dépannage / Migrations
- Formations
- Remote DBA



#### Installation SQL Server

- Configuration après une installation par défaut
  - Nombre et taille des fichiers base TempDB
  - Instant file initialisation
  - Max Server Memory
  - MaxDOP
- Paramétrage correct
- Mais insuffisant
  - En cas de problème ...



### Sauvegardes des bases de données

- Etape cruciale de tout PRA
  - Actualité : Cyber Attaques
  - Doit satisfaire au RPO et RTO
  - Attention à la localisation ...
- Plans de maintenance
  - Microsoft : fastidieux à mettre en place
  - Solution de maintenance Ola Hallengren
    - Backup
    - Test d'intégrité
    - Gestion des index



### Gestion des historiques

- Fichiers ERRORLOG
  - Accroitre la rétention
  - Recyclage périodique
- Base MSDB
  - Historique des Jobs
  - Historique des sauvegardes
  - Planifier une purge

```
New-DbaAgentJobStep -SqlInstance $Server -Job $job.name -StepName "Cycle Errorlog" -Force
                    -Database master -StepId 1 -Subsystem "TransactSql" `
                    -Command "EXEC msdb.dbo.sp_cycle_errorlog"
                    -OnSuccessAction GoToNextStep -OnFailAction QuitWithFailure
New-DbaAgentJobStep -SqlInstance $Server -Job $job.name -StepName "CommandLog Cleanup" -Force `
                    -Database master -StepId 2 -Subsystem "TransactSql" `
                    -Command "EXEC msdb.dbo.sp_start_job 'CommandLog Cleanup'" `
                    -OnSuccessAction GoToNextStep -OnFailAction QuitWithFailure
New-DbaAgentJobStep -SqlInstance $Server -Job $job.name -StepName "Output File Cleanup" -Force `
                    -Database master -StepId 3 -Subsystem "TransactSql" `
                    -Command "EXEC msdb.dbo.sp start job 'Output File Cleanup'" `
                    -OnSuccessAction GoToNextStep -OnFailAction QuitWithFailure
New-DbaAgentJobStep -SqlInstance $Server -Job $job.name -StepName "sp_delete_backuphistory" -Force `
                    -Database master -StepId 4 -Subsystem "TransactSql" `
                    -Command "EXEC msdb.dbo.sp start job 'sp delete backuphistory'" `
                    -OnSuccessAction GoToNextStep -OnFailAction QuitWithFailure
New-DbaAgentJobStep -SqlInstance $Server -Job $job.name -StepName "sp_purge_jobhistory" -Force `
                    -Database master -StepId 5 -Subsystem "TransactSql"
                    -Command "EXEC msdb.dbo.sp_start_job 'sp_purge_jobhistory'" `
                    -OnSuccessAction GoToNextStep -OnFailAction QuitWithFailure
New-DbaAgentJobStep -SqlInstance $Server -Job $job.name -StepName "DatabaseMail - Database Mail cleanup" -Force
                    -Database master -StepId 6 -Subsystem "TransactSql" `
                    -Command "DECLARE @DeleteBeforeDate DateTime = (Select DATEADD(d,-30, GETDATE()))
                                EXEC msdb.dbo.sysmail delete mailitems sp @sent before = @DeleteBeforeDate
                                EXEC msdb.dbo.sysmail_delete_log_sp @logged_before = @DeleteBeforeDate" `
                    -OnSuccessAction GoToNextStep -OnFailAction QuitWithFailure
```

# increase history retention

Set-DbaErrorLogConfig -sqlinstance \$Server -LogCount 99

Set-DbaAgentServer -sqlinstance \$Server -MaximumHistoryRows 999999 -MaximumJobHistoryRows 999999

### Session xEvent System\_Health



- Session créée par défaut
- Evènements importants
  - Dont le Deadlock
- Mais
  - Rétention trop faible
  - Et beaucoup de bruit

### Sécurité - Login failed

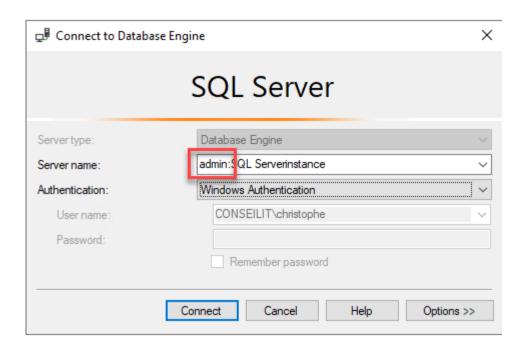
- Errorlog?
  - Déjà pas mal de choses
  - Pas facile à lire avec du TSQL
- Audit
  - Créés à dessein
  - Traçage accès aux ressources
- xEvent
  - Complété par d'autres xEvents



```
$tSOL = "
    CREATE SERVER AUDIT [SecurityAudit]
    TO FILE
        FILEPATH = N'$($Server.ErrorLogPath)'
        ,MAXSIZE = 500 MB
        ,MAX_ROLLOVER_FILES = 20
        ,RESERVE_DISK_SPACE = OFF
    ) WITH (QUEUE DELAY = 1000, ON FAILURE = CONTINUE);
    ALTER SERVER AUDIT [SecurityAudit]
    WITH (STATE = ON);
Invoke-DbaQuery -SqlInstance $Server -Database master -Query $tSQL
$tSQL = "
    CREATE SERVER AUDIT SPECIFICATION [SecurityAuditSpecifications]
    FOR SERVER AUDIT [SecurityAudit]
        ADD (FAILED LOGIN GROUP),
        ADD (FAILED DATABASE AUTHENTICATION GROUP),
        ADD (LOGIN_CHANGE_PASSWORD_GROUP),
        ADD (USER_CHANGE_PASSWORD_GROUP);
    ALTER SERVER AUDIT SPECIFICATION [SecurityAuditSpecifications]
    WITH (STATE = ON);
Invoke-DbaQuery -SqlInstance $Server -Database master -Query $tSQL
```

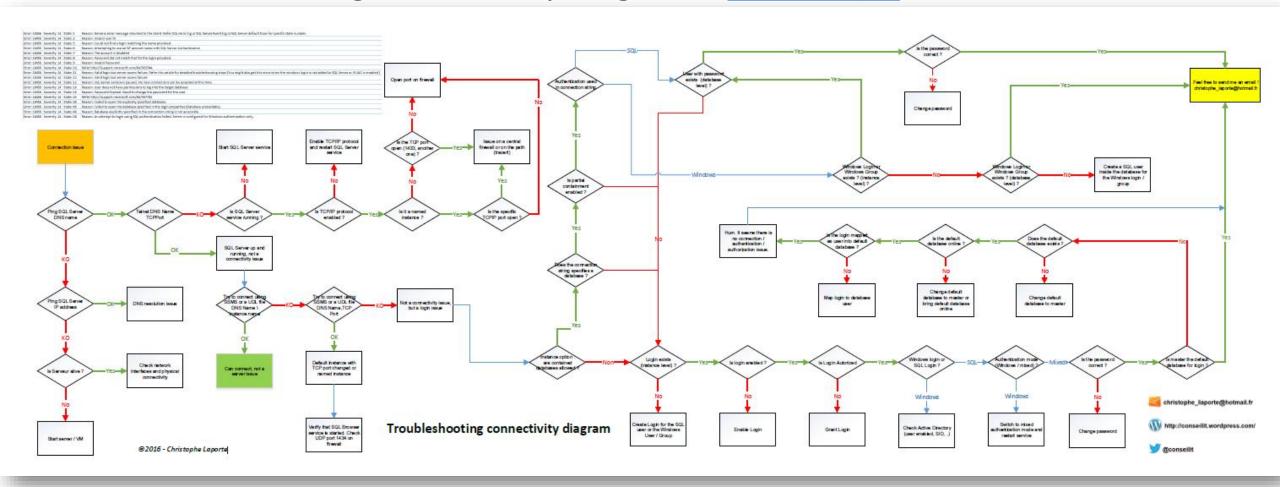
### DAC / Remote DAC

- DEMO
- Permettre l'accès à SQL Server en cas de problème ...
  - 100% CPU: Login timeout
  - Logon trigger
- Ouvert par défaut en accès local
- Mais il manque l'accès distant
  - Eviter la connexion RDP!



#### Connexion à SQL Server

• Troubleshooting connectivity diagram à <u>télécharger</u>



### Performance & verrouillage

Procédure stockée sp\_WhoIsActive

```
# Install sp_whoisactive stored procedure by Adam Machanic
# Feedback: mailto:adam@dataeducation.com
# Updates: http://whoisactive.com
# Blog: http://dataeducation.com
Install-DbaWhoIsActive -SqlInstance $Server -Database $dbaDatabase
```

Hesuits   Messages											
	dd hh:mm:ss.mss	session_id	sql_text	login_name	wait_info	CPU	tempdb_allocations	tempdb_current	blocking_session_id	reads	writes
1	04 20:47:19.827	54	<pre><?query sp_server_diagnostics?></pre>	NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM	(805ms)SP_SERVER_DIAGNOSTICS_SLEEP	239,181	0	0	NULL	20	0
2	01 19:51:16.904	262			NULL	138,835,930	5,056	5,056	NULL	2,798,091,876	4,560
3	00 00:00:00.033	214			NULL	107,650	0	0	NULL	31,553,287	556
4	00 00:00:00.020	183			NULL	2,883,619	0	0	NULL	397,328,034	220,774
5	00 00:00:00.016	224			NULL	1,534,881	131,136	67,536	NULL	104,417,013	67,201
6	00 00:00:00.016	246			NULL	1,652,866	122,408	62,824	NULL	90,575,926	63,044
7	00 00:00:00.016	249			NULL	110,812	0	0	NULL	44,203,610	2,726

## Performance & verrouillage



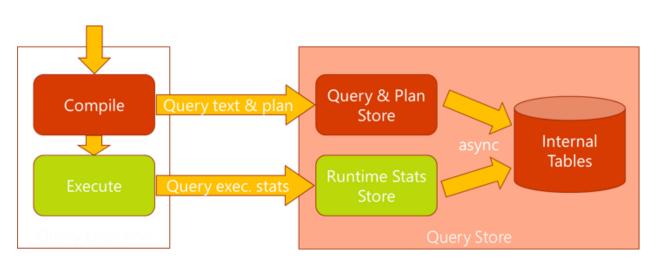
- Blocked Process Report
  - Identification des requêtes impliquées
- Locks
  - Lock Timeout
  - Lock waits
- Long running queries
  - RPC Completed
  - Batch Completed
- DeadLocks
  - System\_health

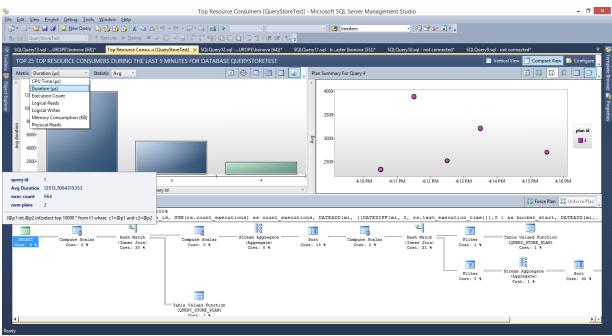
```
Invoke-DbaQuery -SqlInstance $Server -Database "master" -Query "
   CREATE EVENT SESSION [PerformanceIssues] ON SERVER
   ADD EVENT sqlserver.blocked_process_report(
        ACTION(sqlserver.client_app_name,sqlserver.client_hostname,sqlserver.database_id,sqlserver
   ADD EVENT sqlserver.lock_timeout_greater_than_0(SET collect_database_name=(0)
        ACTION(sqlserver.client_app_name,sqlserver.client_hostname,sqlserver.database_id,sqlserver
    ADD EVENT sqlserver.locks lock waits(
        ACTION(sqlserver.client_app_name,sqlserver.client_hostname,sqlserver.database_id,sqlserver
        WHERE ([increment]>=(1000) AND [count]<=(100))),
   ADD EVENT sqlserver.rpc_completed(SET collect_statement=(1)
        ACTION(sqlserver.client_app_name,sqlserver.client_hostname,sqlserver.database_id,sqlserver
        WHERE ([package0].[greater_than_equal_uint64]([duration],(250000)))),
   ADD EVENT sqlserver.sql_batch_completed(
        ACTION(sqlserver.client app name,sqlserver.client hostname,sqlserver.database id,sqlserver
        WHERE ([package0].[greater_than_equal_uint64]([duration],(250000)))),
   ADD EVENT sqlserver.xml_deadlock_report(
        ACTION(sqlserver.client_app_name,sqlserver.client_hostname,sqlserver.database_id,sqlserver
   ADD TARGET package0.event_file(SET filename=N'PerformanceIssues',max_file_size=(50),max_rollov
    WITH (MAX_MEMORY=4096 KB, EVENT_RETENTION_MODE=ALLOW_SINGLE_EVENT_LOSS, MAX_DISPATCH_LATENCY=30
Start-DbaXESession -SqlInstance $Server -Session "PerformanceIssues"
```

### Performance & verrouillage

DEMO

- Query Store
  - SQL Server 2016+
  - Enregistre et compare les plans d'exécution
  - Spécifique à chaque base





#### Surveillance SQL et Agent SQL



- Database Mail
  - Email account
  - Email profile
- SQL Server Agent
  - Operators
  - Alerts
    - 19-25
    - 823,824,825,829832,855,856
  - Jobs en échec

```
$AlertSeverityList = 19..25
foreach ($item in $AlertSeverityList) {
   $alert = New-Object ('Microsoft.SqlServer.Management.Smo.Agent.Alert') ($server.JobServer, "Alert on Error Gravity $item")
   $alert.Severity = $item
   $alert.IncludeEventDescription = 'NotifyEmail'
   $alert.DelayBetweenResponses = $DelayBetweenResponses
   $alert.Create()
   $alert.AddNotification($operator.Name, [Microsoft.SqlServer.Management.Smo.Agent.NotifyMethods]::NotifyEmail)
   $alert.Alter()
$ErrorMessageList = 823,824,825,829,832,855,856
foreach ($item in $ErrorMessageList) {
   $alert = New-Object ('Microsoft.SqlServer.Management.Smo.Agent.Alert') ($server.JobServer, "Alert on Error Number $item ")
   $alert.MessageID = $item
   $alert.IncludeEventDescription = 'NotifyEmail'
   $alert.DelayBetweenResponses = $DelayBetweenResponses
   $alert.Create()
   $alert.AddNotification($operator.Name, [Microsoft.SqlServer.Management.Smo.Agent.NotifyMethods]::NotifyEmail)
   $alert.Alter()
```

```
# adding email notification on job failure
$jobs = $Server | Get-DbaAgentJob | Where-Object {$_.Category -match "Database Maintenance" }
$jobs | Set-DbaAgentJob -EmailLevel OnFailure -EmailOperator DBATeam | Out-Null
$jobs | Select-Object Name, EmailLevel, OperatorToEmail | format-table -autosize
```



/in/christophelaporte



conseilit.wordpress.com



@conseilit



conseilit@outlook.com



# Conclusion

Q & A