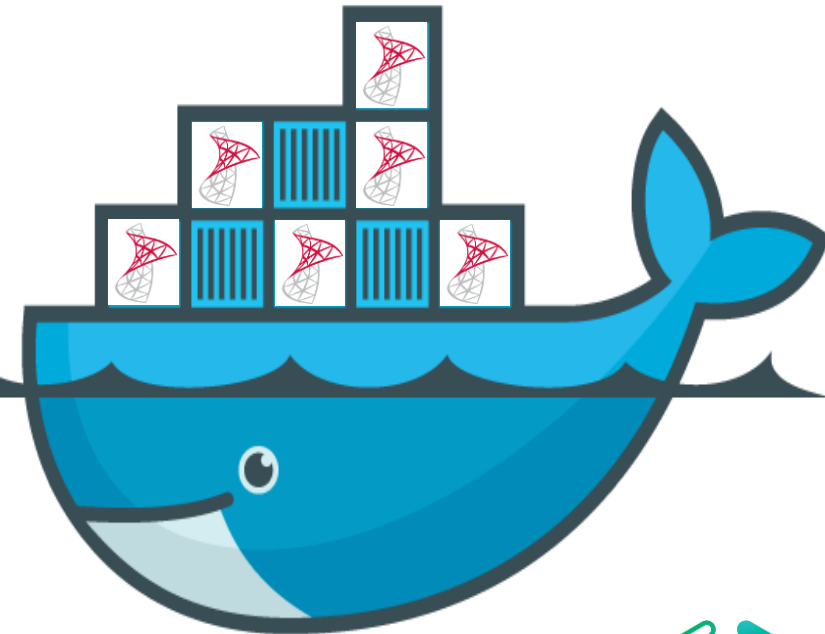


# SQL Server & Docker

## Les premiers pas



Christophe LAPORTE – SQL Server MVP/MCM  
SQL Saturday 762 – Paris 2018

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# Christophe LAPORTE



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# Agenda

Micro services et containers

Installing Docker

Creating my first container

Running a SQL Server container

Customizing a container

Creating multi-container Applications

Q/A

Discovery session

# Docker ?

## Platform

For developers and sysadmins

## Build images

Image : Read-only template with instructions for creating a container

## Run containers

Container : Runnable instance of an image, isolated from surroundings

## Next step for virtualization

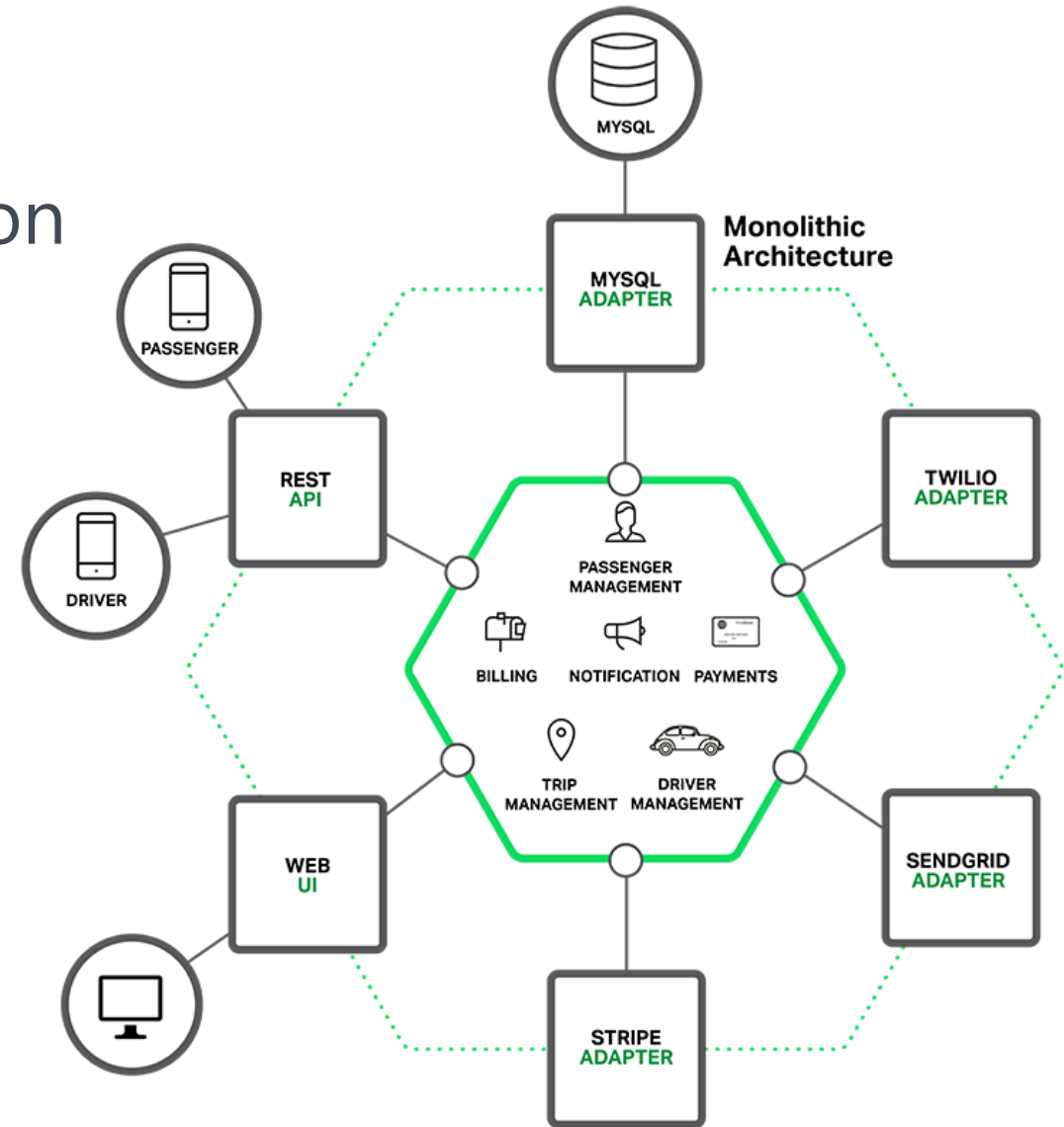
# Why containers ?

The end of monolithic application

Hard to maintain

Delay between releases

Complex deployment



# Micro services

New way to develop applications

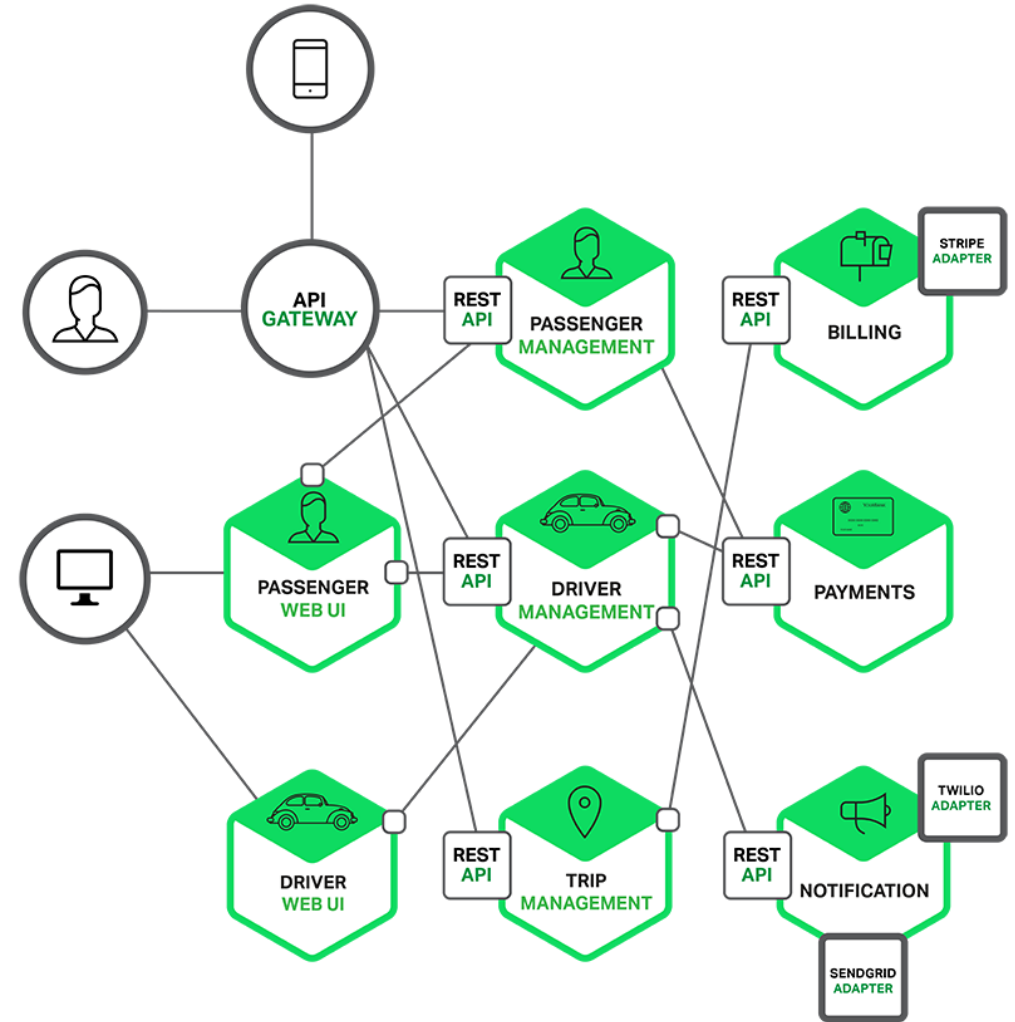
Lightweight pieces of SW evolving independently

1, 10s or 100s of containers composed as a single application

DevOps

Continuous integration and deployment made easier

Accelerate development and deployment



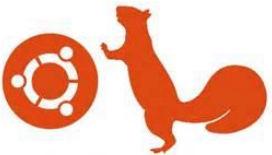


# Demo – Installing Docker



Windows Server 2016

```
Install-Module -Name DockerMsftProvider -Repository PSGallery -Force
Install-Module -Name DockerMsftProvider -Force
Install-Package -Name docker -ProviderName DockerMsftProvider -Force
Restart-Computer -Force
```



Xenial Xerus  
(Ubuntu 16.04)

```
curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-key add -
sudo add-apt-repository "deb [arch=amd64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu $(lsb_release -cs) stable"
sudo apt-get update
apt-cache policy docker-ce
sudo apt-get install -y docker-ce
```

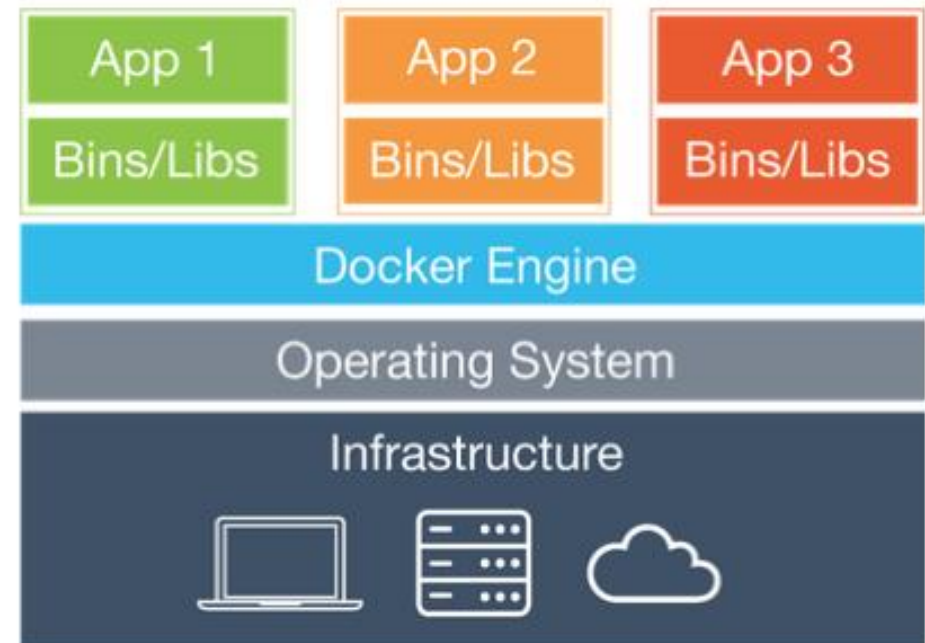
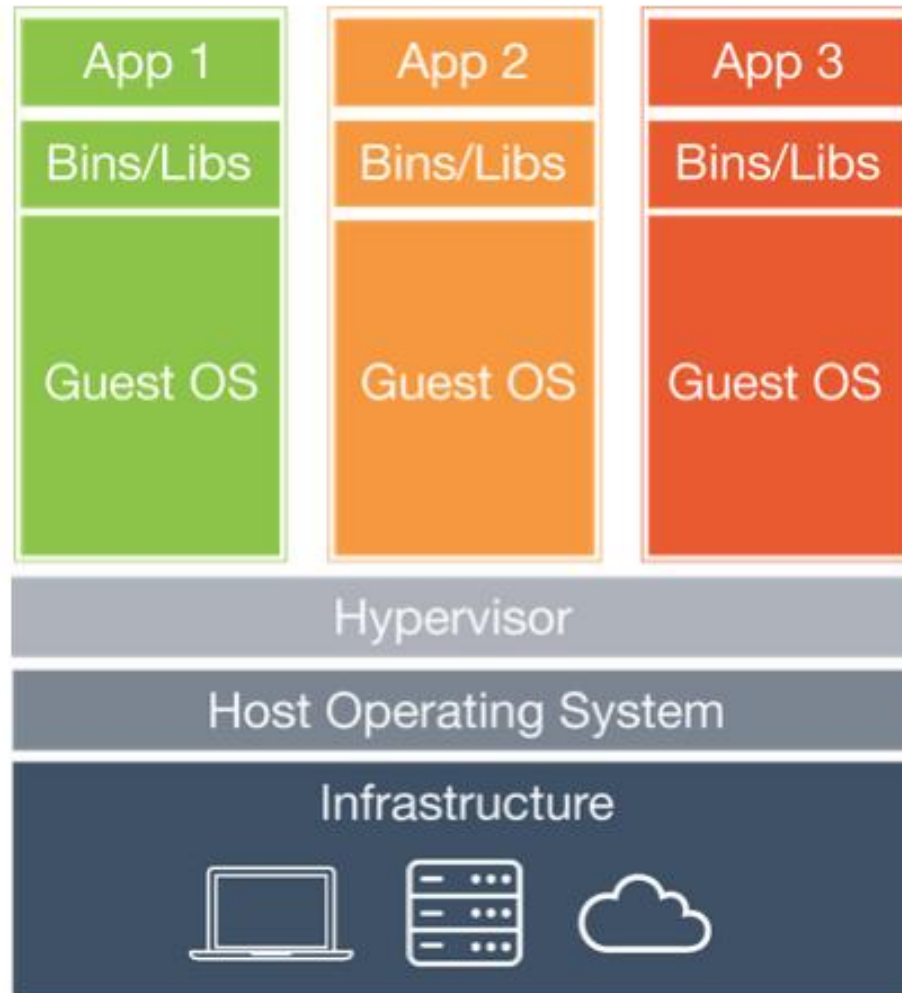


Windows Server 2016 Datacenter - with Containers

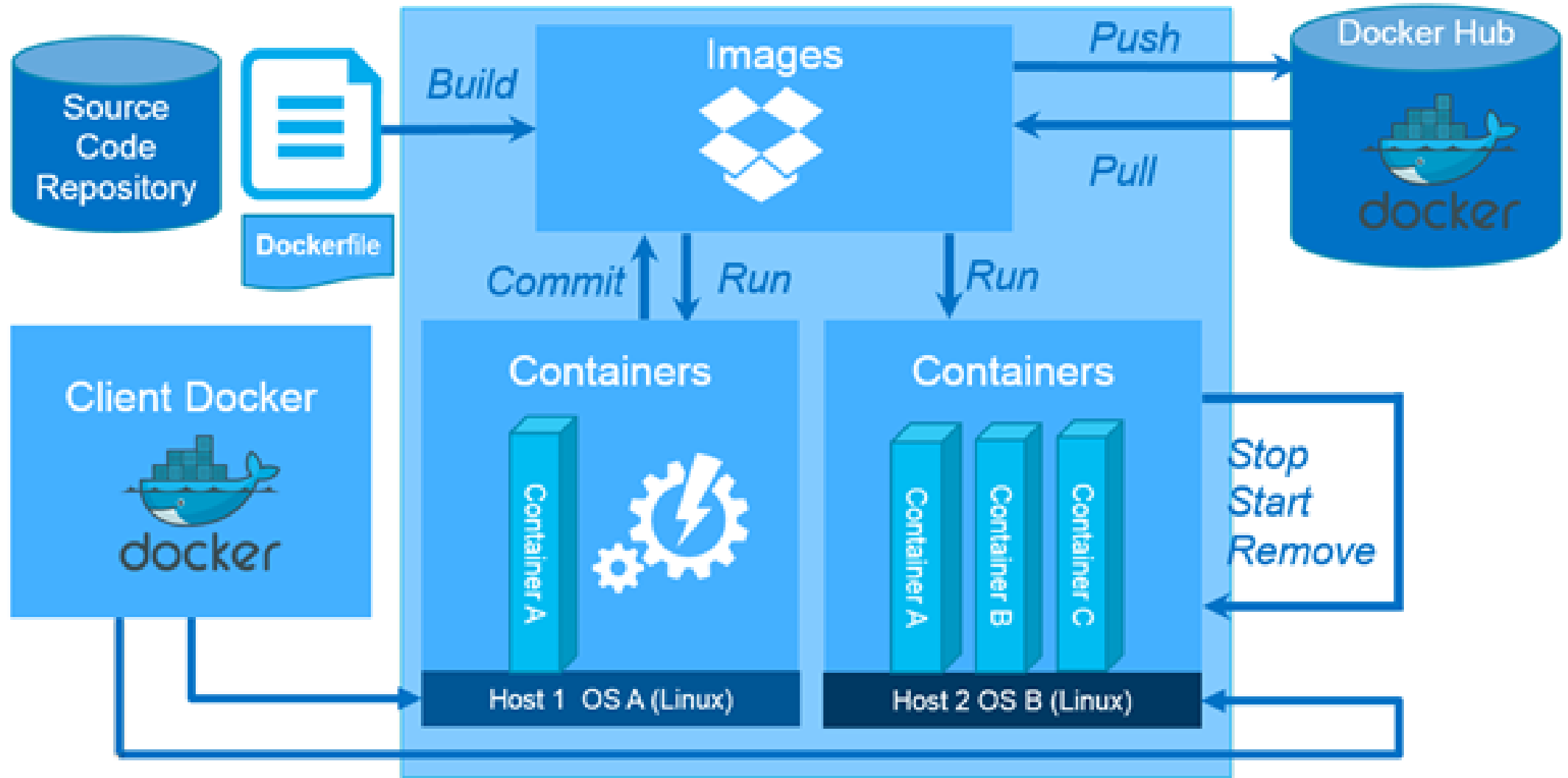


Docker on Ubuntu Server

# Virtualization vs containerization



# Docker architecture



# Demo – My first Docker commands

## List Docker CLI commands

`docker`

## Display Docker version and info

`docker version`

`docker info`

## Docker images CLI commands

`docker image --help`

`docker image ls` <=> `docker images`

## Docker container CLI commands

`docker container --help`

`docker container ls` <=> `docker ps`

`docker container ls --all` <=> `docker ps -a`

## List Docker networks

`docker network ls`

`docker network inspect bridge`

# Docker commands vs traditional software

"traditional" software	Docker command
Find the binaries for setup ...	Docker search
Download and mount ISO file	Docker pull
Create ISO / Zip file	Docker build
Install the software	Docker create
Run the software	Docker start
Download, install and run software (all-in-one)	Docker run
Stop the software	Docker stop
Uninstall the software	Docker rm

# Demo – my first container

```
# pull a Windows Server Core image
docker pull microsoft/windowsservercore

# download SQL Server express binaries
Invoke-WebRequest -Uri "https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?linkid=829176" -OutFile sqlexpress.exe

# create a container
docker run --name MyFirstContainer -it microsoft/windowsservercore powershell

# copy some files into the container
docker cp sqlexpress.exe MyFirstContainer:/Install/sqlexpress.exe

# expand the binaries
/install/sqlexpress.exe /q /x:/install/setup

# install SQL Server
/install/setup/setup.exe /Q /ACTION=Install
/INSTANCENAME=MSSQLServer
/FEATURES=SQLEngine
/UPDATEENABLED=1
/SECURITYMODE=SQL /SAPWD=Password1!
/SQLSVCACCOUNT="NT AUTHORITY\System"
/SQLSYSADMINACCOUNTS="BUILTIN\ADMINISTRATORS"
/IACCEPTSQLSERVERLICENSETERMS
```

# Docker Hub – the easiest way to get an image

Images repository

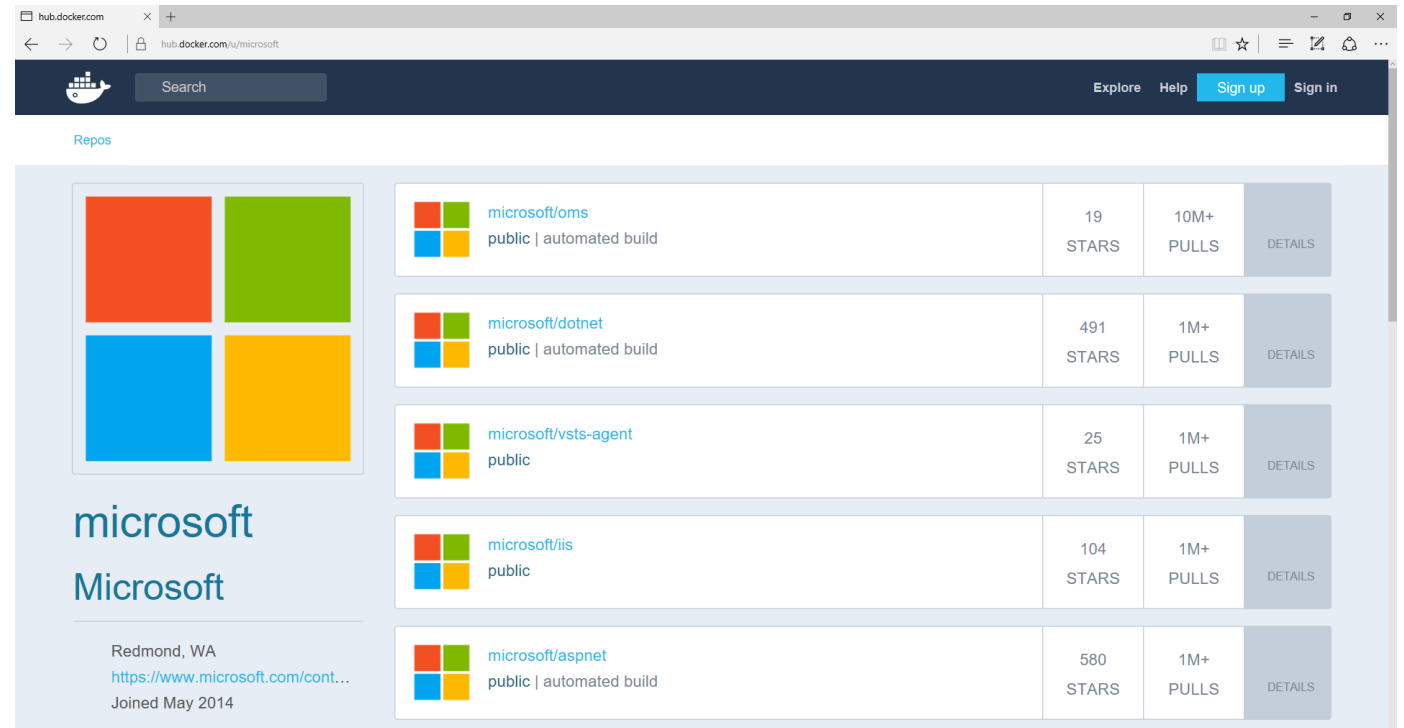
Search images

Pull images

Push images

Microsoft official images

IIS, SQL Server, MongoDB, ...



# Demo – pulling a SQL Server image



```
# Pull SQL Server Express image from Docker Hub  
# https://hub.docker.com/r/microsoft/mssql-server-windows-express/  
docker pull microsoft/mssql-server-windows-express
```

```
# Pull SQL Server Developer image from Docker Hub  
# https://hub.docker.com/r/microsoft/mssql-server-windows-developer/  
docker pull microsoft/mssql-server-windows-developer
```



```
# Pull SQL Server "all editions" image from Docker Hub  
# https://hub.docker.com/r/microsoft/mssql-server-linux/  
sudo docker pull microsoft/mssql-server-linux
```



# Docker run command line

```
docker run --detach  
  --name sqldocker  
  --hostname sqldocker  
  --cpuset-cpus="0,1"  
  --memory="2GB"  
  --memory-swap="2GB"  
  --env 'MSSQL_PID=developer'  
  --env 'ACCEPT_EULA=Y'  
  --env 'SA_PASSWORD=Password1!'  
  --publish 14331:1433  
  --volume /var/opt/mssql:/var/opt/mssql  
  microsoft/mssql-server-linux
```

The diagram consists of several red hand-drawn callout boxes with pointers directed at specific parts of the command line:

- A callout labeled **Memory limit** points to the `--memory="2GB"` option.
- A callout labeled **variables** points to the `--env 'MSSQL_PID=developer'` option.
- A callout labeled **Host:Guest** points to the `--env 'ACCEPT_EULA=Y'` option.
- A callout labeled **Host:Guest** points to the `--env 'SA_PASSWORD=Password1!'` option.
- A callout labeled **Host:Guest** points to the `--publish 14331:1433` option.
- A callout labeled **Image name** points to the `microsoft/mssql-server-linux` argument.
- A callout labeled **Host:Guest** points to the `--volume /var/opt/mssql:/var/opt/mssql` option.



# Demo – Running a container



```
# Creates a container with SQL server 2017 windows
docker run --detach \
  --name sqldocker \
  --hostname sqldocker \
  --publish 1433:1433 \
  --volume c:\mssql\sqldocker:c:\mssql \
  --env sa_password=Password1! \
  --env ACCEPT_EULA=Y \
  microsoft/mssql-server-windows-express
```



```
# Creates a container with SQL server 2017 Linux
docker run --detach \
  --name sqldocker \
  --hostname sqldocker \
  --env 'MSSQL_PID=developer' \
  --env 'SA_PASSWORD=Password1!' \
  --env 'ACCEPT_EULA=Y' \
  --publish 1433:1433 \
  microsoft/mssql-server-linux
```

# Healthcheck

Docker stat

Container health check

Dockerfile instruction

```
HEALTHCHECK CMD [ "sqlcmd", "-Q", "select 1" ]
```

Docker compose

healthcheck:

```
test: ["CMD", "/opt/mssql-tools/bin/sqlcmd", "-Usa", "-PPassword1!", "-Q", "select 1"]
```

Runtime

```
DOCKER RUN --health-cmd 'sqlcmd -Q "select 1" '
```

Inspect the status

```
DOCKER PS
```

```
Docker inspect -f '{{json .State.Health.Status}}' containername
```

# Demo Healthcheck

## Dockerfile

```
FROM microsoft/mssql-server-linux
HEALTHCHECK --interval=5s CMD ["/opt/mssql-tools/bin/sqlcmd", "-Usa", "-PPassword1!", "-Q", "select 1"]
```

## Runtime

```
docker run --detach \
  --name sqldocker \
  --hostname sqldocker \
  --env 'MSSQL_PID=developer' \
  --env 'ACCEPT_EULA=Y' \
  --env 'SA_PASSWORD=Password1!' \
  --health-cmd '/opt/mssql-tools/bin/sqlcmd -Usa -PPassword1! -Q "select 1"' \
  --health-interval '5s' \
  --publish 1433:1433 microsoft/mssql-server-linux
```

# Monitoring

## DIY

collectd / influxdb / grafana

<https://github.com/Microsoft/mssql-monitoring>

## 3rd party

Datadog

New Relic

Dynatrace



# dockerfile file

Build customized image

Script based

# Comments

FROM (1..N)

LABEL MAINTAINER

ENV (1..N)

COPY / ADD (1..N)

RUN (1..N)

CMD (1)

```
FROM microsoft/windowsservercore
LABEL maintainer "Perry Skountrianos"

# Download Links:
ENV exe "https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?linkid=840945"
ENV box "https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?linkid=840944"

ENV sa_password="" \
  attach_dbs="" \
  ACCEPT_EULA="" \
  sa_password_path="C:\ProgramData\Docker\secrets\sa-password"

SHELL ["powershell", "-Command", "$ErrorActionPreference = 'Stop'; $ProgressPreference = 'SilentlyContinue';"]

# make install files accessible
COPY start.ps1 /
WORKDIR /

RUN Invoke-WebRequest -Uri $env:box -OutFile SQL.box ; \
  Invoke-WebRequest -Uri $env:exe -OutFile SQL.exe ; \
  Start-Process -Wait -FilePath .\SQL.exe -ArgumentList /qs, /x:setup ; \
  .\setup\setup.exe /q /ACTION=Install /INSTANCENAME=MSSQLSERVER /FEATURES=SQLEngine /UPDATEENABLED=0 /SQLSVCAccount='NT AUTHORITY\System' \
  Remove-Item -Recurse -Force SQL.exe, SQL.box, setup

RUN stop-service MSSQLSERVER ; \
  set-itemproperty -path 'HKLM:\software\microsoft\microsoft sql server\mssql14.MSSQLSERVER\mssqlserver\supersocketnetlib\tcp\ipall' -name \
  set-itemproperty -path 'HKLM:\software\microsoft\microsoft sql server\mssql14.MSSQLSERVER\mssqlserver\supersocketnetlib\tcp\ipall' -name \
  set-itemproperty -path 'HKLM:\software\microsoft\microsoft sql server\mssql14.MSSQLSERVER\mssqlserver\' -name LoginMode -value 2 ;

HEALTHCHECK CMD [ "sqlcmd", "-Q", "select 1" ]

CMD .\start -sa_password $env:sa_password -ACCEPT_EULA $env:ACCEPT_EULA -attach_dbs \"$env:attach_dbs\" -Verbose
```

`docker build -t MyCustomSQLServerImage .`

# Demo – Creating custom image

```
# pull the base image from Docker Hub if not find locally
FROM microsoft/mssql-server-linux

ENV SA_PASSWORD=saTemp0r@ryP@ssw0rd
ENV ACCEPT_EULA=Y

# copy some files and folders into the container/image
COPY entrypoint.sh entrypoint.sh
COPY sqlPostInstallStartup.sh sqlPostInstallStartup.sh
COPY ./sqlscripts ./sqlscripts

RUN chmod +x ./sqlPostInstallStartup.sh

# adding healthcheck to the container at design time
HEALTHCHECK --interval=5s CMD ["/opt/mssql-tools/bin/sqlcmd", "-UDockerHealthCheck", "-PDockerHealthCheck", "-Q", "select 1"]

# and finally run the entry point to start SQL Server
# and run the postinstall bash to run all T-SQL scripts
CMD /bin/bash ./entrypoint.sh $sa_password
```

# Demo – Creating custom image

```
# start the postinstall script then start the sqlserver
./sqlPostInstallStartup.sh "$1" & /opt/mssql/bin/sqlservr
```

```
#wait for the SQL Server to come up
sleep 20s
```

```
#run the setup script to create the DB and the schema in the DB
```

```
#!/opt/mssql-tools/bin/sqlcmd -S localhost -U sa -PsaTemp0r@ryP@ssw0rd -d master -i sqlPostInstallScript.sql
```

```
for i in `ls ./sqlscripts/* | sort -V`; do
```

```
|     echo $i && /opt/mssql-tools/bin/sqlcmd -S localhost -U sa -PsaTemp0r@ryP@ssw0rd -i $i ;
```

```
done;
```

```
# change the Temporary SA Password
```

```
/opt/mssql-tools/bin/sqlcmd -S localhost -U sa -PsaTemp0r@ryP@ssw0rd -d master -Q "sp_password NULL, '$1', 'sa'"
```



# Compose application

## Docker compose

Tool to define and run multi container Docker applications

## Yaml configuration file

List of services (i.e. containers)

Based on image or dockerfile (Build)

With configuration

Environment variables, ports and volume redirection

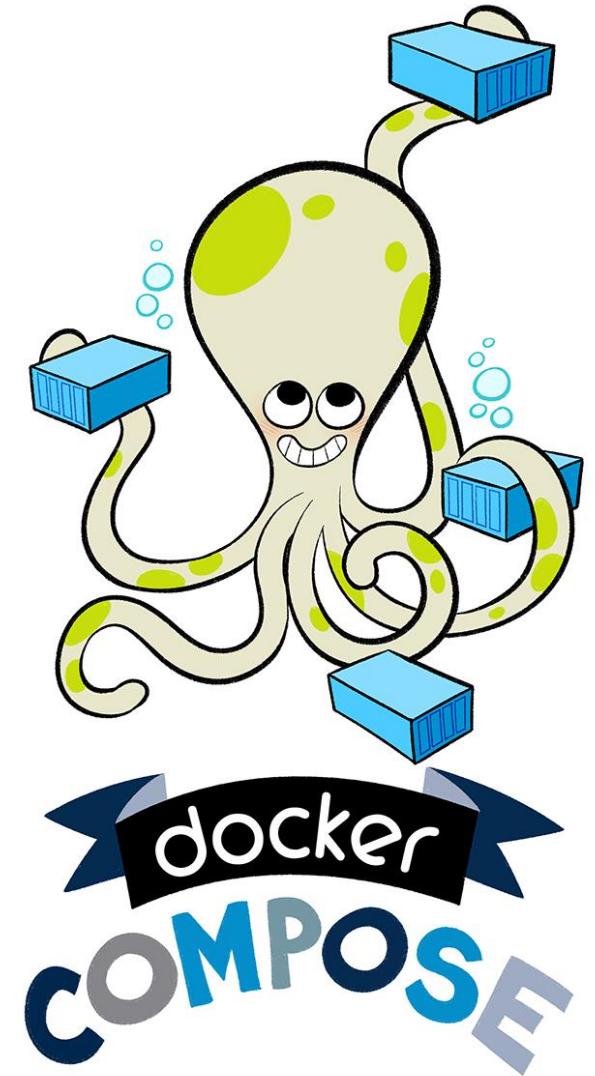
## Run

Docker-compose up

Docker-compose down

## Sample at

<https://github.com/dotnet-architecture/eShopOnContainers>

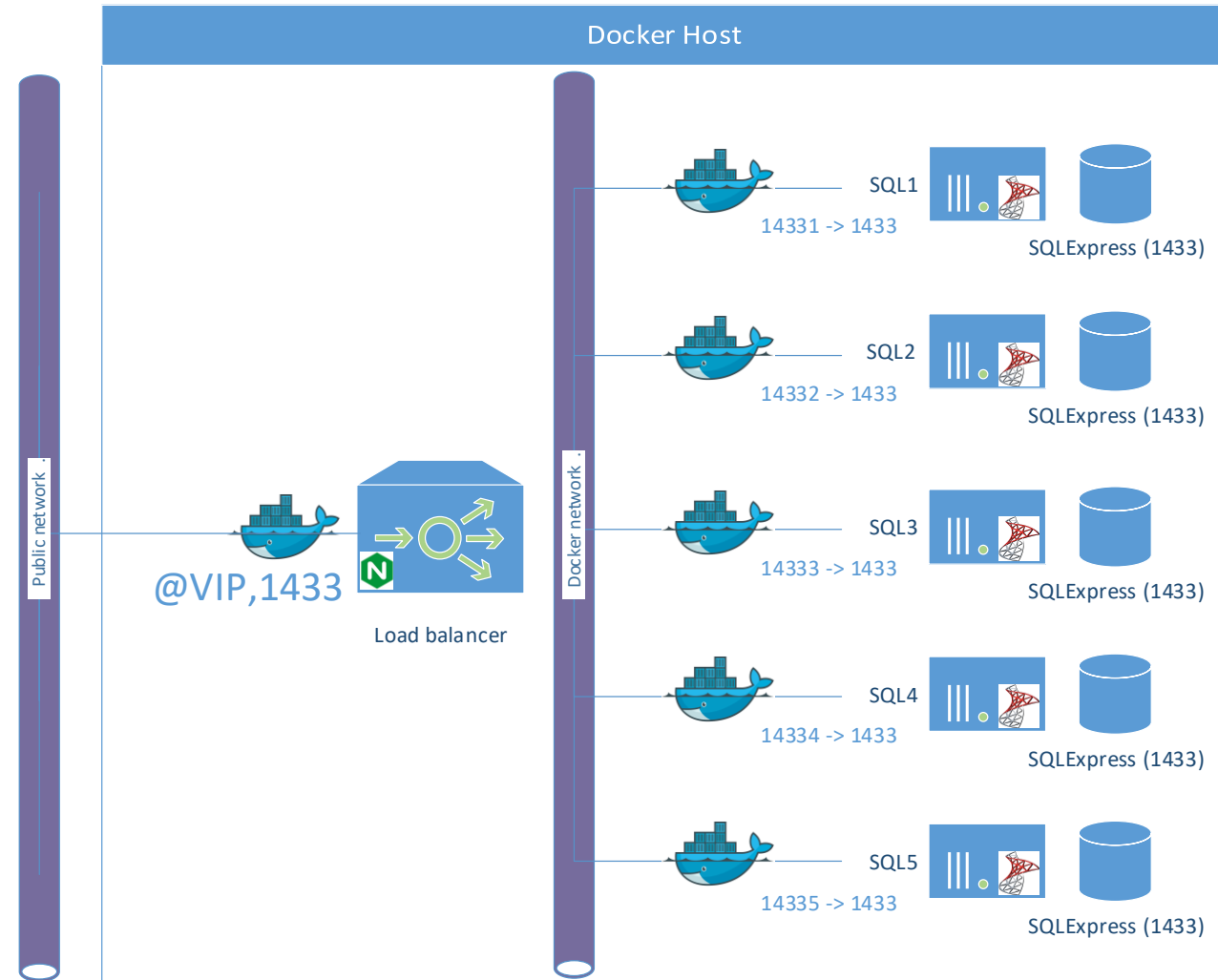


# Demo – load balance workload

```
services:

lbsqlnginx:
  image: nginx
  hostname: lbsqlnginx
  container_name: lbsqlnginx
  depends_on:
    - sql1
    - sql2
    - sql3
    - sql4
    - sql5
  ports:
    - "1433:1433"
  volumes:
    - /home/christophe/nginx.conf:/etc/nginx/nginx.conf:ro

sql1:
  image: microsoft/mssql-server-linux
  hostname: sql1
  container_name: sql1
  ports:
    - "14331:1433"
  environment:
    - MSSQL_SA_PASSWORD=Password1!
    - ACCEPT_EULA=Y
    - MSSQL_PID=express
```



```
root@LinSQLSat735:/home/christophe# docker-compose up -d
Creating network "christophe_default" with the default driver
Creating sql2 ... done
Creating sql3 ... done
Creating sql5 ... done
Creating sql1 ... done
Creating sql4 ... done
Creating lbsqlnginx ... done
```

```
root@LinSQLSat735:/home/christophe# docker ps
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
2d6d11d2797a	nginx	"nginx -g 'daemon of..."	6 seconds ago	Up 4 seconds (health: starting)	80/tcp, 0.0.0.0:1433->1433/tcp	lbsqlnginx
d7e7f3dcfecf	microsoft/mssql-server-linux	"/opt/mssql/bin/sqls..."	10 seconds ago	Up 5 seconds (health: starting)	0.0.0.0:14334->1433/tcp	sql4
4401d8bf3b18	microsoft/mssql-server-linux	"/opt/mssql/bin/sqls..."	10 seconds ago	Up 7 seconds (health: starting)	0.0.0.0:14331->1433/tcp	sql1
bb6fb83eab49	microsoft/mssql-server-linux	"/opt/mssql/bin/sqls..."	10 seconds ago	Up 7 seconds (health: starting)	0.0.0.0:14333->1433/tcp	sql3
668a0bcc3db2	microsoft/mssql-server-linux	"/opt/mssql/bin/sqls..."	10 seconds ago	Up 7 seconds (health: starting)	0.0.0.0:14335->1433/tcp	sql5
7e9f0720d4bb	microsoft/mssql-server-linux	"/opt/mssql/bin/sqls..."	10 seconds ago	Up 8 seconds (health: starting)	0.0.0.0:14332->1433/tcp	sql2

```
root@LinSQLSat735:/home/christophe# sqlcmd -S 127.0.0.1,1433 -U SA -P 'Password1!' -Q "select @@servername"
```

-----  
sql1

```
(1 rows affected)
root@LinSQLSat735:/home/christophe# sqlcmd -S 127.0.0.1,1433 -U SA -P 'Password1!' -Q "select @@servername"
```

-----  
sql2

```
(1 rows affected)
root@LinSQLSat735:/home/christophe# sqlcmd -S 127.0.0.1,1433 -U SA -P 'Password1!' -Q "select @@servername"
```

-----  
sql3

```
(1 rows affected)
root@LinSQLSat735:/home/christophe# sqlcmd -S 127.0.0.1,1433 -U SA -P 'Password1!' -Q "select @@servername"
```

-----  
sql4

```
(1 rows affected)
root@LinSQLSat735:/home/christophe# sqlcmd -S 127.0.0.1,1433 -U SA -P 'Password1!' -Q "select @@servername"
```

-----  
sql5

```
(1 rows affected)
root@LinSQLSat735:/home/christophe# docker-compose down
```

```
Stopping lbsqlnginx ... done
Stopping sql4 ... done
Stopping sql1 ... done
Stopping sql3 ... done
Stopping sql5 ... done
Stopping sql2 ... done
Removing lbsqlnginx ... done
Removing sql4 ... done
Removing sql1 ... done
Removing sql3 ... done
Removing sql5 ... done
Removing sql2 ... done
```

```
Removing network christophe_default
root@LinSQLSat735:/home/christophe#
```

# Next Step

## Orchestration

Docker swarm

Kubernetes

## Infrastructure as code

Terraform

Cloud formation

## Configuration management

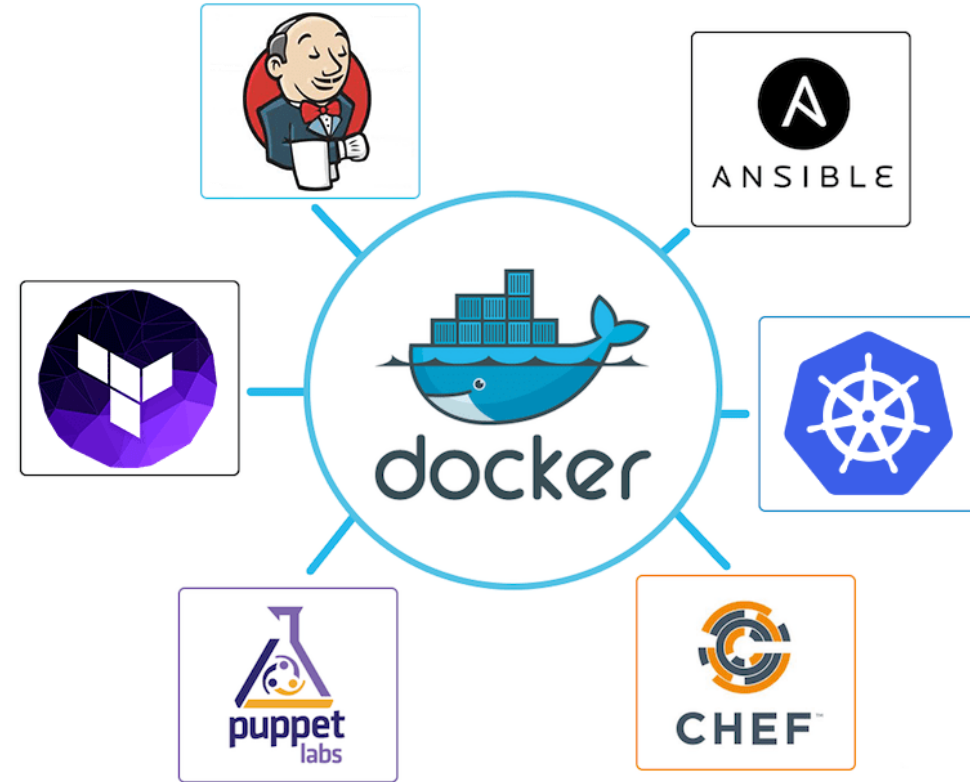
Chief

Ansible

## CI / CD

Jenkins

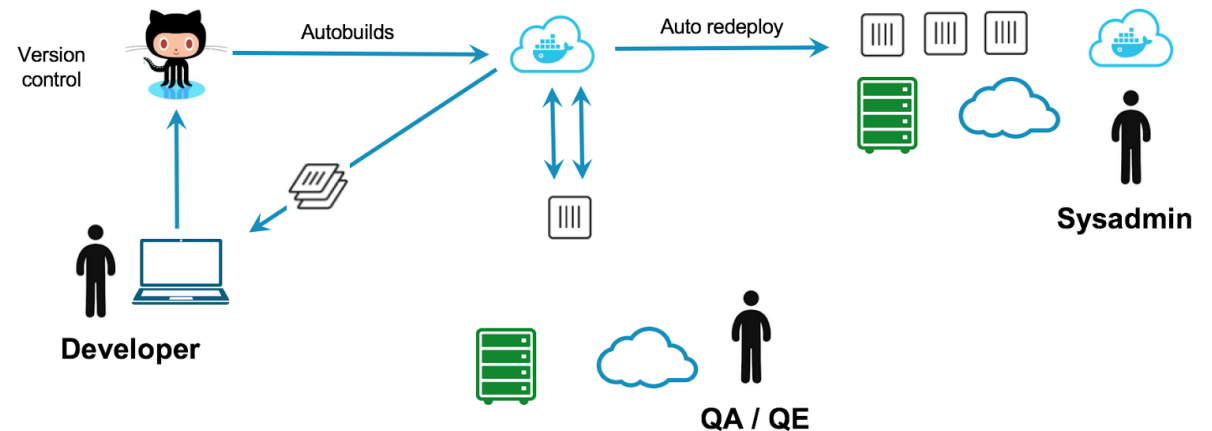
GitHub



1. Development

2. Test

3. Stage / Production



# Containers 101 – Key points

## Small system footprint

Lightweight -> better efficiency on host servers

## Single image

Multiple deployments (dev / test / prod)

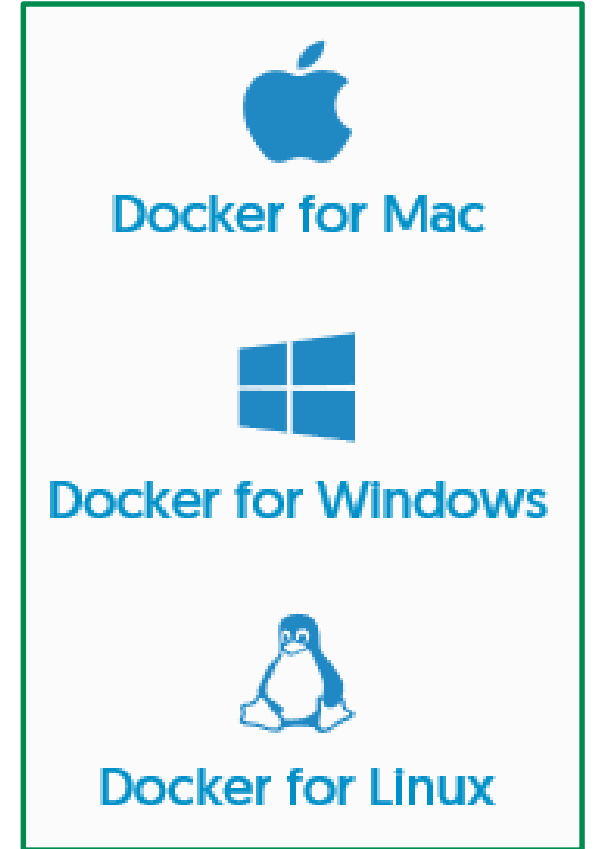
Avoid : "it works on my computer" !

## Will always run the same

Regardless of where it is deployed

WORA : Write Once Run Anywhere

PODA : Package Once Deploy Anywhere



# Containers 101 – Key points

## Virtualization 2.0 :

Step #1 : hardware virtualization (Hyper-V, VMware)

Step #2 : OS virtualization (Linux containers, Windows containers, Docker)

## Stack

Each layer can use the libraries provided by the underlying level

Each layer can evolve independently from each other

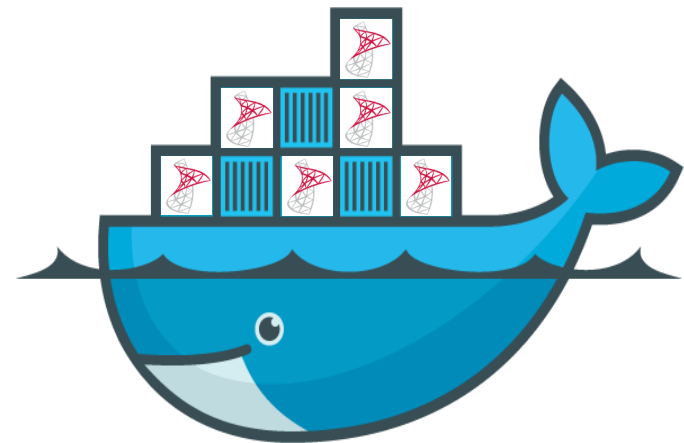
## Deployment

DevOps style

Accelerate development and application shipment

## Strong market trend

Micro services seems to become a standard



# Thank you for attending

## Q&A

