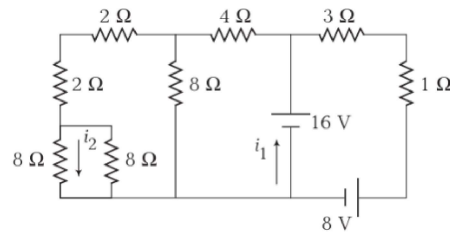


- 2) Start from infinity and terminate at the charge
- 3) Form closed loops around the charge
- 4) Are parallel to each other and uniformly spaced

**Question 178:** A proton moving with a constant velocity passes through a region of space without any change in its velocity. If  $E$  and  $B$  represent the electric and magnetic fields respectively, then this region of space may not have:

- 1)  $E = 0, B = 0$
- 2)  $E = 0, B \neq 0$
- 3)  $E \neq 0, B = 0$
- 4)  $E \neq 0, B \neq 0$

**Question 179:** In the circuit shown in figure, the ratio of currents  $i_1/i_2$  is:



- 1) 2
- 2) 8
- 3) 0.5
- 4) 4

**Question 180:** Three identical charges of magnitude  $1\text{ nC}$  are present on the vertices of an equilateral triangle of length  $1\text{ cm}$ . What is the work done in moving one of the charges from its vertex point to the midpoint of the other two charges?

- 1)  $900\text{ nJ}$
- 2)  $1800\text{ nJ}$
- 3)  $3003\text{ nJ}$
- 4)  $9003\text{ nJ}$