

# Laravel Project Practice

## 1. Project goal (what you'll build)

A small “Contacts” app where a user can:

- See a list of contacts (HTML page)
  - Create a contact (HTML form)
  - Edit & delete contacts (HTML pages)
- Everything served with Blade templates (Laravel’s HTML templating).

## 2. Prerequisites (quick)

- PHP 8.2+ (or the version supported by your chosen Laravel release)
- Composer (PHP package manager)
- A database (SQLite for simplicity, or MySQL/Postgres)
- Terminal / command line

Laravel versions and support change; the commands below match current Laravel docs.

[Laravel+1](#)

## 3. Create a new Laravel project

Open terminal and run:

```
# Using Composer (recommended)
composer create-project laravel/laravel contacts-app

cd contacts-app
```

Or (if you installed the laravel installer):

```
laravel new contacts-app
cd contacts-app
```

You can start a dev server with:

```
php artisan serve
# open http://127.0.0.1:8000
```

(Development server documented in Laravel docs). [Laravel+1](#)

## 4. Configure the database (SQLite easiest for practice)

Edit .env:

```
DB_CONNECTION=sqlite
DB_DATABASE=/absolute/path/to/contacts-app/database/database.sqlite
```

Create the sqlite file:

```
touch database/database.sqlite
```

(If you prefer MySQL, set DB\_HOST, DB\_DATABASE, DB\_USERNAME, DB\_PASSWORD in .env.)

## 5. Make a migration & model for Contact

Create model + migration:

```
php artisan make:model Contact -m
```

Open the migration file in database/migrations/\*create\_contacts\_table.php and set columns:

```
public function up()
{
    Schema::create('contacts', function (Blueprint $table) {
        $table->id();
        $table->string('name');
        $table->string('email')->unique();
        $table->string('phone')->nullable();
        $table->timestamps();
    });
}
```

Run migrations:

```
php artisan migrate
```

## 6. Create a Controller and resource routes

Make a resource controller:

```
php artisan make:controller ContactController --resource --model=Contact
```

Register routes in routes/web.php:

```
use App\Http\Controllers>ContactController;
```

```
Route::get('/', function () {  
    return redirect()->route('contacts.index');  
});
```

```
Route::resource('contacts', ContactController::class);
```

Resource routes create the standard index/create/store/show/edit/update/destroy endpoints.

## 7. Implement simple controller methods (example)

Open `app/Http/Controllers/ContactController.php` and implement:

```
namespace App\Http\Controllers;  
  
use App\Models>Contact;  
use Illuminate\Http\Request;  
  
class ContactController extends Controller  
{  
    public function index()  
    {  
        $contacts = Contact::orderBy('name')->get();  
        return view('contacts.index', compact('contacts'));  
    }  
  
    public function create()  
    {  
        return view('contacts.create');  
    }  
  
    public function store(Request $request)  
    {  
        $data = $request->validate([  
            'name' => 'required|string|max:255',  
            'email' => 'required|email|unique:contacts,email',  
            'phone' => 'nullable|string|max:50',  
        ]);  
  
        Contact::create($data);  
  
        return redirect()->route('contacts.index')->with('success', 'Contact added.');
```

```

        'name' => 'required|string|max:255',
        'email' => 'required|email|unique:contacts,email,'.$contact->id,
        'phone' => 'nullable|string|max:50',
    ]);

    $contact->update($data);

    return redirect()->route('contacts.index')->with('success', 'Contact updated.');
```

```

    }

    public function destroy(Contact $contact)
    {
        $contact->delete();
        return redirect()->route('contacts.index')->with('success', 'Contact deleted.');
```

```

    }
}
```

Also ensure your Contact model (app/Models/Contact.php) allows mass assignment:

```
protected $fillable=['name','email','phone'];
```

## 8. Create Blade HTML views (plain HTML structure)

Create folder resources/views/contacts/ and add 3 files: index.blade.php, create.blade.php, edit.blade.php.

resources/views/layouts/app.blade.php (basic layout):

```

<!doctype html>
<html>
<head>
    <meta charset="utf-8">
    <meta name="csrf-token" content="{{ csrf_token() }}">
    <title>Contacts App</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/water.css@2/out/water.css">
</head>
<body>
    <header>
        <h1>Contacts App</h1>
        <nav><a href="{{ route('contacts.index') }}">Home</a> | <a href="{{ route('contacts.create') }}">Add
Contact</a></nav>
        <hr>
    </header>

    <main>
        @if(session('success'))
            <p style="color:green">{{ session('success') }}</p>
        @endif

        @yield('content')
    </main>
```

```
</body>
</html>
```

index.blade.php:

```
@extends('layouts.app')

@section('content')
<h2>All Contacts</h2>

@if($contacts->isEmpty())
<p>No contacts found. <a href="{{ route('contacts.create') }}">Add one</a>.</p>
@else
<table>
<thead><tr><th>Name</th><th>Email</th><th>Phone</th><th>Actions</th></tr></thead>
<tbody>
@foreach($contacts as $c)
<tr>
<td>{{ $c->name }}</td>
<td>{{ $c->email }}</td>
<td>{{ $c->phone }}</td>
<td>
<a href="{{ route('contacts.edit', $c) }}">Edit</a>
<form action="{{ route('contacts.destroy', $c) }}" method="POST" style="display:inline">
@csrf
@method('DELETE')
<button type="submit" onclick="return confirm('Delete this contact?')>Delete</button>
</form>
</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
@endif
@endsection
```

create.blade.php and edit.blade.php are simple HTML forms (remember @csrf token):

create.blade.php:

```
@extends('layouts.app')

@section('content')
<h2>Add Contact</h2>

<form action="{{ route('contacts.store') }}" method="POST">
@csrf
<label>Name <input type="text" name="name" value="{{ old('name') }}"></label>
@error('name')<p style="color:red">{{ $message }}</p>@enderror

<label>Email <input type="email" name="email" value="{{ old('email') }}"></label>
```

```

    @error('email')<p style="color:red">{{ $message }}</p>@enderror

    <label>Phone <input type="text" name="phone" value="{{ old('phone') }}"></label>
    @error('phone')<p style="color:red">{{ $message }}</p>@enderror

    <button type="submit">Save</button>
</form>
@endsection

edit.blade.php is similar but prefilled and uses method="POST" with @method('PUT'):

@extends('layouts.app')

@section('content')
<h2>Edit Contact</h2>

<form action="{{ route('contacts.update', $contact) }}" method="POST">
    @csrf
    @method('PUT')

    <label>Name <input type="text" name="name" value="{{ old('name', $contact->name) }}"></label>
    @error('name')<p style="color:red">{{ $message }}</p>@enderror

    <label>Email <input type="email" name="email" value="{{ old('email', $contact->email) }}"></label>
    @error('email')<p style="color:red">{{ $message }}</p>@enderror

    <label>Phone <input type="text" name="phone" value="{{ old('phone', $contact->phone) }}"></label>
    @error('phone')<p style="color:red">{{ $message }}</p>@enderror

    <button type="submit">Update</button>
</form>
@endsection

```

Notes:

- Blade {{ }} auto-escapes output (XSS protection).
- Use @csrf in all POST forms (CSRF protection).

## 9. Test it

- Run `php artisan serve`
- Open `http://127.0.0.1:8000`
- Add / edit / delete contacts.

## 10. Optional: Add basic auth (Laravel Breeze) for practice

If you want user login/registration quickly (optional):

```
composer require laravel/breeze --dev
php artisan breeze:install blade
npm install
npm run dev
php artisan migrate
```

Breeze scaffolds login, register, password reset with minimal HTML. (Docs: Breeze starter kit).  
[Laravel+1](#)

## 11. Security & best practices (beginner checklist)

- Keep .env secret and out of VCS.
- Use {{ }} in views (auto-escaped).
- Validate inputs server-side (\$request->validate()).
- Use @csrf in forms.
- For file uploads: validate MIME, size, store using Storage facade.
- For auth tokens / APIs: use Sanctum or Passport if needed. [Laravel](#)

## 12. Next exercises for learners

1. Add search/filter on contacts (route + controller query).
2. Add pagination (->paginate(10)).
3. Upload a profile picture for a contact (validate & store).
4. Add authentication & restrict contacts to the logged-in user (associate user\_id with contacts).
5. Deploy to a free host (Fly.io, Render, or shared host) — learn environment config.

## Quick reference of useful commands

```
composer create-project laravel/laravel contacts-app
php artisan make:model Contact -m
php artisan migrate
php artisan make:controller ContactController --resource --model=Contact
php artisan serve
composer require laravel/breeze --dev
php artisan breeze:install blade
npm install
npm run dev
```