



# Assignment: Arithmetic Operators in Python

## Objective:

This assignment is designed to help you understand and practice Python's arithmetic operators: + (Addition), - (Subtraction), \* (Multiplication), / (Division), // (Floor Division), % (Modulus), \*\* (Exponentiation)

## Level 1: The Basics

### 1. Simple Addition and Subtraction:

- Assign the value 10 to a variable named `num1`.
- Assign the value 5 to a variable named `num2`.
- Create a new variable `sum_result` and assign it the sum of `num1` and `num2`.
- Create another variable `diff_result` and assign it the difference between `num1` and `num2`.
- Print the values of `sum_result` and `diff_result`.

### 2. Multiplication and Division:

- Assign the value 7 to a variable named `factor`.
- Assign the value 3 to a variable named `quantity`.
- Calculate the product of `factor` and `quantity` and store it in a new variable. Print the result.
- Assign the value 20 to a variable named `total_items`.
- Assign the value 4 to a variable named `num_groups`.
- Calculate the number of `items_per_group` using division and print the result.

### 3. Integer Division and Modulo:

- Assign the value 17 to a variable named `dividend`.
- Assign the value 5 to a variable named `divisor`.
- Calculate the `quotient` using integer division (`//`) and print it.
- Calculate the `remainder` using the modulo operator (`%`) and print it. Explain what the modulo operator does.



# Assignment: Arithmetic Operators in Python

## ✓ Task 1: Basic Arithmetic Calculator

Write a Python program that:

- Takes two numbers as input.
- Performs and prints the result of:
  - Addition
  - Subtraction
  - Multiplication
  - Division
  - Floor Division
  - Modulus
  - Exponentiation

## Level 2: Combining Operations

### 4. Order of Operations:

- Evaluate the expression `(10 + 5) * 2` and assign the result to a variable `result1`. Print `result1`.
- Evaluate the expression `10 + 5 * 2` and assign the result to a variable `result2`. Print `result2`.
- Explain why `result1` and `result2` are different. (Hint: Think about operator precedence - PEMDAS/BODMAS).

### 5. Using Parentheses:

- Write Python code to calculate the average of three numbers: 12, 18, and 21. Store the result in a variable `average` and print it. Make sure to use parentheses correctly.

### 6. More Combined Operations:

- Assign the value 100 to a variable `initial_amount`.
- Calculate 15% of `initial_amount` and store it in a variable `discount`.
- Calculate the `final_amount` after subtracting the `discount` from `initial_amount`. Print the `final_amount`.



## Assignment: Arithmetic Operators in Python

### Level 3: Applying Concepts

#### 7. Area of a Rectangle:

- Assign the length of a rectangle (e.g., 8) to a variable `length`.
- Assign the width of the same rectangle (e.g., 5) to a variable `width`.
- Calculate the area of the rectangle using the appropriate operator and store it in a variable `area`. Print the `area`.

#### 8. Calculating Change:

- Assign the amount a customer paid (e.g., 25) to a variable `amount_paid`.
- Assign the total cost of items (e.g., 18.75) to a variable `total_cost`.
- Calculate the `change` the customer should receive. Print the `change`.

#### 9. Temperature Conversion (Celsius to Fahrenheit):

- Assign a temperature in Celsius (e.g., 25) to a variable `celsius`.
- Use the formula to convert Celsius to Fahrenheit:  $\text{Fahrenheit} = (\text{Celsius} \times 59) + 32$ .
- Calculate the Fahrenheit equivalent and store it in a variable `fahrenheit`. Print the `fahrenheit` value.



### Task 1: Marks and Percentage

- Input: Marks of 5 subjects (each out of 100).
- Output:
  - Total marks
  - Percentage
  - Result: "Pass" if percentage  $\geq 40$ , else "Fail"



### Task 2: Bill Splitter

- Input: Total bill amount and number of friends.
- Output:
  - Each person's share (use `//`)
  - Remaining amount (use `%`)



## Assignment: Arithmetic Operators in Python

### Level 4: Slightly More Challenging

#### 10. Calculating Average with Integer Division:

- Assign the scores of five students in a list (e.g., [ 85 , 92 , 78 , 95 , 88 ]).
- Calculate the total score.
- Calculate the average score using integer division. Discuss if this is always the most accurate way to calculate the average.

#### 11. Understanding Modulo in Real-World Scenarios:

- Imagine you have 30 cookies and want to distribute them equally among 7 friends.
- Use the modulo operator to find out how many cookies will be left over after the distribution. Print the result.

#### 12. Combining Multiple Steps:

- A bakery sells cupcakes for ₹50 each. If a customer buys 6 cupcakes and gets a 10% discount on the total, calculate the final amount the customer has to pay. Use variables for the price, quantity, and discount.



#### Task 1: Digit Operations

- Input: A 3-digit number.
- Output:
  - Extract and display hundreds, tens, and units digits.
  - Calculate and print the **sum** and **product** of the digits.



Use // and % to extract digits.

