P: (n+100)3 = 8 n3 4n > 101

1>0 n+1>n for all n

1 > 1 for all n>0

for all n >0,

n > -1/2

2n > -1

n2+2n+1>n2 -> n2 added to both sides

 $(n+1)^2 > n^2$

 $\rightarrow \frac{1}{n^2} > \frac{1}{(n+1)^2} \forall n > 0$

For all 1120 3n >0 3n2 >0 3 n2+3n >0 3n2+3n+1>1>0. n3+3n2+3n+1>n3 -> n3 added to both Sides $(n+1)^3 > n^3$ -> = > = > = +n >0 Let 5(n) = 300 n + 30000 n2 + 1000 000 n3 for all n >0, n+1 < n, (n+1)2 < n2, (n+1)3 < n3 300 - 1 < 300 - 1 30000 - 12 < 30000 - 12 < 30000 - 12 / 300000 - 12 / 300000 - 12 / 30000 - 12 1000 000 (n+1)3 < 1000 000 1 300 \(\frac{1}{n+1} + 30000 \(\frac{1}{(n+1)^2} + (000000 \(\frac{1}{(n+1)^3} \) \(\frac{3000 \frac{1}{n} + 30000 \\ \frac{1}{n^2} + \left| 6000000 \\ \frac{1}{n^3} \) $\rightarrow f(n+1) < f(n) \forall n > 0$

(2)

f(100) = 300 \frac{1}{100} + 30000 \frac{1}{1002} + 1000000 \frac{1}{1003} = 7 f(160) = 7-9-4 For all n>100 f(n) < f(100) (Shown on Pg 2) for all n>100 f(n) < f(100) = 7 = 7 f(n) < 7300 1 + 30000 1 + 1000000 -3 L7 4n > 100 300 n2 + 30000 n + 1000000 < 7n3 4n>100 (multiplied both sides by n3) N3 +300n2 +30000n+1000000 < 8n3 4n>100 (alded 13 to both Siles) (n+100) 2 8 n3 4n > 100

(n+100)3 < 8n3 \n > 101

P: n3 = (n+100) Y n >1 n>1 170 -> 30000n >0 12>6 An >0 → 300 h2 >0 1000 000 DO 300n2 + 30000n+ 1000000 >0 4n>0 Add n3 to both Sides:

n3 + 300n2 + 30 000 n + 1000 000 > n3 4n>0

(n+100)3 > n3 4n>0

1 is greater than o, and > is a subset of 2. So this becomes (n+100)3 > n3 Vn > 1