Actividad No. (3) 2024 Cálculo Vectorial.

Nombres: Camilo Rivera, Emerson Tavera, Karen Torres

1 : De la página 963 del libro que seguimos de Cálculo de Varias Variables de Stewart, entre el ejercicio 3 y el ejercicio 12, escoja y resuelva 5 ejercicios.

a:
$$f(x,y) = 3x + y$$
; $x^2 + y^2 = 10$

$$F(x,y) = 3x + y$$

$$G(x,y) = x^{2} + y^{2} - 10$$

$$\nabla F < Fx, Fy> = <3, 1>; \nabla G < Gx, Gy> = <2x, 2y> \\ \nabla F = \lambda \nabla G$$

$$2\lambda x = 3$$
$$2\lambda y = 1$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 10$$

$$(i)x = -\frac{3}{2\lambda}$$
 $(ii)y = -\frac{1}{2\lambda}$ $(iii)\left(-\frac{3}{2\lambda}\right)^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{2\lambda}\right)^2 = 10$

$$\left(-\frac{3}{2\lambda}\right)^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{2\lambda}\right)^2 = 10$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{9}{4\lambda^2} + \frac{1}{4\lambda^2} = 10 \\ \frac{9}{4\lambda^2} \cdot 4\lambda^2 + \frac{1}{4\lambda^2} \cdot 4\lambda^2 = 10 \cdot 4\lambda^2 \\ \end{array} \quad simplificando: 10 = 40\lambda^2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{split} \lambda^2 &= \frac{1}{4} \\ \lambda &= \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}, \; \lambda = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} \\ \lambda &= \frac{1}{2}, \; \lambda = -\frac{1}{2} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} Para: \lambda = \frac{1}{2} \\ x = -\frac{3}{2\lambda} = -\frac{3}{2*(\frac{1}{2})} = -3 \qquad y = -\frac{1}{2\lambda} = -\frac{1}{2*(\frac{1}{2})} = -1 \end{array}$$

$$Para: \lambda = -\frac{1}{2}$$

 $x = -\frac{3}{2\lambda} = -\frac{3}{2*(-\frac{1}{2})} = 3$ $y = -\frac{1}{2\lambda} = -\frac{1}{2*(-\frac{1}{2})} = 1$

R// **Puntos críticos:**
$$(-3, -1) y (3, 1)$$
 $\lambda = -\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}$

b :
$$f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2; xy = 1$$

$$F(x,y) = x^2 + y^2$$
$$G(x,y) = xy - 1$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^2 + y^2) == \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^2) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (y^2) = 2x \qquad \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x^2 + y^2) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x^2) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (y^2) = 2y$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (xy - 1) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (xy) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (1) = y \qquad \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (xy - 1) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (xy) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (1) = x$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \nabla F < Fx, Fy> = <2x, 2y>; \nabla G < Gx, Gy> = < y, x> \\ \nabla F = \lambda \nabla G \end{array}$$

$$2x + \lambda y = 0$$
$$2y + \lambda x = 0$$
$$xy - 1 = 0$$

(i)
$$\lambda = -\frac{2x}{y}$$

(ii) $2y = -\frac{\left(-\frac{2x}{y}\right)^2 y}{2} - \frac{2x^2}{y}$
 $2y^2 = -2x^2$
 $y = \pm x$

(iii)
$$xy = 1$$

 $x \frac{1}{x} = 1$ se cumple sí $x \neq 0$
 $\lambda = -\frac{2(1)}{(1)} = -2$
 $\lambda = -\frac{2(-1)}{(-1)} = -2$

R// **Puntos críticos:** (1,1) y (-1,-1) $\lambda = -2$

$$c: f(x, y) = e^{xy}; x^3 + y^3 = 16$$

$$F(x,y) = e^{xy}$$

 $G(x,y) = x^3 + y^3 - 16$

$$\tfrac{\partial}{\partial\,x}\left(e^{xy}\right)=e^{xy}\tfrac{\partial}{\partial\,x}\left(xy\right)=e^{xy}y; \qquad \tfrac{\partial}{\partial\,y}\left(e^{xy}\right)=e^{xy}\tfrac{\partial}{\partial\,y}\left(xy\right)=e^{xy}x;$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(x^3+y^3-16\right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(x^3\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(y^3\right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(16\right) = 3x^2; \qquad \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(x^3+y^3-16\right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(x^3\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(y^3\right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(16\right) = 3y^2;$$

$$\nabla F < Fx, Fy > = < e^{xy}y, e^{xy}x > ; \nabla G < Gx, Gy > = < 3x^2, 3y^2 > \nabla F = \lambda \nabla G$$

$$e^{xy}y = \lambda 3x^2$$

$$e^{xy}x = \lambda 3y^2$$

$$x^3 + y^3 - 16 = 0$$

$$(i) \quad \lambda = \frac{e^{xy}y}{3x^2}; \quad x \neq \ 0 \qquad (ii) \quad \lambda = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2}; \quad y \neq \ 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}y}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y^3 = x^3; \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}y}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y^3 = x^3; \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}y}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y^3 = x^3; \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}y}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y^3 = x^3; \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}y}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}y}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}y}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{e^{xy}x}{3y^2} = \lambda \rightarrow \qquad ; \\ \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3x^2} = \frac{x}{y^2}; \rightarrow \qquad y \neq 0 \rightarrow \qquad \frac{e^{xy}x}{3$$

(iii)
$$x^3 + x^3 - 16 = 0 \rightarrow 2x^3 = 16 \rightarrow x^3 = 8 \rightarrow x = 2;$$

(ii)
$$y^3 = (2)^3 \to y^3 = 8 \to y = \sqrt[3]{8} = 2$$

(i)
$$\lambda = \frac{e^{xy}y}{3x^2} \to \lambda = \frac{e^{2(2)} \cdot 2}{3(2)^2} \to \lambda = \frac{e^4}{6} = 9,0996$$

R// Punto crítico: (2,2) $\lambda = \frac{e^4}{6} = 9,0996$

$$d: f(x, y, z) = x^2y^2z^2; x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$$

$$\begin{split} F(x,y,z) &= x^2 y^2 z^2 \\ G(x,y,z) &= x^2 \, + \, y^2 \, + z^2 - 1 \end{split}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{\partial}{\partial \, x} \left(x^2 y^2 z^2 \right) = y^2 z^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial \, x} \left(x^2 \right) = 2 x y^2 z^2; & \qquad \frac{\partial}{\partial \, y} \left(x^2 y^2 z^2 \right) = x^2 z^2 \cdot \, 2 y^{2-1} = 2 x^2 y z^2; \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \, z} \left(x^2 y^2 z^2 \right) = x^2 y^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial \, z} \left(z^2 \right) = 2 x^2 y^2 z; & \qquad \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(x^2+y^2+z^2-1\right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(x^2\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(y^2\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(z^2\right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(1\right) = 2x;$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(x^2+y^2+z^2-1\right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(x^2\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(y^2\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(z^2\right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(1\right) = 2y;$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(x^2+y^2+z^2-1\right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(x^2\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(y^2\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(z^2\right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(1\right) = 2z;$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \nabla F < Fx, Fy, Fz> = <2xy^2z^2, 2x^2yz^2, 2x^2y^2z>; \\ \nabla G < Gx, Gy, Gz> = <2x, 2y, 2z> \\ \nabla F = \lambda \nabla G \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2xy^2z^2 = \lambda 2x; \\ 2x^2yz^2 = \lambda 2y; \\ 2x^2y^2z = \lambda 2z; \\ x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} (i) & \lambda = y^2 z^2; & (ii)\lambda = x^2 z^2; & (iii)\lambda = x^2 y^2 \to & x^2 = y^2 = z^2 \\ (iiii) & 3x^2 = 1; & x^2 = \frac{1}{3}; & x = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}; & \to & y = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}; & z = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}; \\ \lambda = y^2 z^2 = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^2 * \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9} \end{array}$$

R// Puntos críticos:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{3}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{0}$$

e:
$$f(x, y, z) = xyz; x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2 = 6$$

$$F(x, y, z) = xyz$$

$$G(x, y, z) = x^{2} + 2y^{2} + 3z^{2} - 6$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(xyz\right) = yz\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(x\right) = yz; \qquad \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(xyz\right) = xz\frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(y\right) = xz; \qquad \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(xyz\right) = xy\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(z\right) = xy;$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(x^2+2y^2+3z^2-6\right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(x^2\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(2y^2\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(3z^2\right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(6\right) = 2x;$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(x^2+2y^2+3z^2-6\right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(x^2\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(2y^2\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(3z^2\right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(6\right) = 4y;$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(x^2+2y^2+3z^2-6\right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(x^2\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(2y^2\right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(3z^2\right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(6\right) = 6z;$$

$$\nabla F < Fx, Fy, Fz> = < yz, xz, xy>; \nabla G < Gx, Gy, Gz> = < 2x, 4y, 6z> \nabla F = \lambda \nabla G$$

$$yz = \lambda 2x$$

$$xz = \lambda 4y$$

$$xy = \lambda 6z$$

$$x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2 = 6$$

$$(i) \quad \lambda = \tfrac{yz}{2x} \quad (ii) \quad \lambda = \tfrac{xz}{4y} \quad (iii) \quad \lambda = \tfrac{xy}{6z}$$

(i) & (ii)
$$\frac{yz}{2x} = \frac{xz}{4y} \to 4y^2 = 2x^2 \to x^2 = 2y^2$$

$$(i) \& (iii)$$
 $\frac{yz}{2x} = \frac{xy}{6z} \rightarrow 3z^2 = y^2$

$$2y^{2} + 6z^{2} + 3z^{2} = 6$$

$$2(3z^{2}) + 9z^{2} = 6$$

$$6z^{2} + 9z^{2} = 6$$

$$15z^{2} = 6$$

$$z^{2} = \frac{6}{15}$$

$$z^{2} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$z = \pm \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}};$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{5}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}}{2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{12}{5}}} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{12}{25}}}{\sqrt{25} \cdot \sqrt{24}} = \frac{5\sqrt{12}}{5\sqrt{24}} = \frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{24}} = \frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}.$$

$$y^{2} = 3z^{2} = 3\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) = \frac{6}{5} \qquad y = \pm \sqrt{\frac{6}{5}};$$

$$x^{2} = 2y^{2} = 2\left(\frac{6}{5}\right) = \frac{12}{5}$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{12}{5}};$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{5}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}}{2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{12}{5}}} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{12}{25}}}{2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{12}{5}}} = \frac{\sqrt{12} \cdot 5}{\sqrt{25} \cdot \sqrt{24}} = \frac{5\sqrt{12}}{5\sqrt{24}} = \frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{24}} = \frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{24}} = \frac{\sqrt{12}}{2}.$$

R// Puntos críticos:

$$(x,y,z) = \left(\sqrt{\frac{12}{5}}, \sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}, \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}\right), \qquad \lambda = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2},$$

$$(x,y,z) = \left(-\sqrt{\frac{12}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}\right), \qquad \lambda = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2},$$

$$(x,y,z) = \left(\sqrt{\frac{12}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}\right), \qquad \lambda = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2},$$

$$(x,y,z) = \left(-\sqrt{\frac{12}{5}}, \sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}, \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}\right), \qquad \lambda = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2},$$

$$(x,y,z) = \left(\sqrt{\frac{12}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}\right), \qquad \lambda = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2},$$

$$(x,y,z) = \left(-\sqrt{\frac{12}{5}}, \sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}\right), \qquad \lambda = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2},$$

$$(x,y,z) = \left(\sqrt{\frac{12}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}\right), \qquad \lambda = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2},$$

$$(x,y,z) = \left(\sqrt{\frac{12}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}\right), \qquad \lambda = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2},$$

$$(x,y,z) = \left(\sqrt{\frac{12}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{6}{5}}, -\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}\right), \qquad \lambda = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2},$$

2 : Encuentre por el método de los multiplicadores de Lagrange, los puntos críticos de las funciones sujetas a las restricciones indicadas:

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{a}\,:f\left(x,y,z\right)=2x^2+xy+y^2+z & sujeto\,a & x+2y+4z=3 \\ &L(x,y,z,\lambda)=2x^2+xy+y^2+z-\lambda(x+2y+4z-3) \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial x}\left(2x^2\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(xy\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(y^2\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(z\right)-\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\left(\lambda\left(x+2y+4z-3\right)\right) \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial x}=4x+y+0+0-\lambda \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial x}=4x+y-\lambda \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial y}\left(2x^2\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(xy\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(y^2\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(z\right)-\frac{\partial}{\partial y}\left(\lambda\left(x+2y+4z-3\right)\right) \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial y}=0+x+2y+0-2\lambda \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial y}=x+2y-2\lambda \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial z}\left(2x^2\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(xy\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(y^2\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(z\right)-\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(\lambda\left(x+2y+4z-3\right)\right) \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial z}=0+0+0+1-4\lambda \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial z}=1-4\lambda \\ &\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(2x^2\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(xy\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(y^2\right)+\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\left(z\right)-\frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda}\left(\lambda\left(x+2y+4z-3\right)\right) \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial z}=0+0+0+0-(x+2y+4z-3) \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial z}=x+2y+4z-3=0 \end{aligned}$$

$$4x + y - \lambda = 0 \quad (i)$$

$$x + 2y - 2\lambda = 0 \quad (ii)$$

$$1 - 4\lambda = 0 \quad (iii)$$

$$x + 2y + 4z - 3 = 0 \quad (iv)$$

(iii),
$$1 - 4\lambda = 0$$
 \rightarrow $\lambda = \frac{1}{4}$.

(i) y (ii), resolvemos para x y y.

$$x=0,\quad y=\frac{1}{4}$$
 (iv) $x=0,\,y=\frac{1}{4},\,$ y $\lambda=\frac{1}{4}$ resolvemos z :
$$z=\frac{5}{8}$$

R// Puntos críticos:
$$x=0,\ y=\frac{1}{4},\ z=\frac{5}{8},\ y\ \lambda=\frac{1}{4}$$

b :
$$f(x,y,z)=xyz^2$$
 $sujeto~a~x-y+z=20$
$$L(x,y,z,\lambda)=xyz^2-\lambda(x-y+z-20)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x}=yz^2-\lambda=0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = xz^2 + \lambda = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z} = 2xyz - \lambda = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \lambda} = x - y + z - 20 = 0$$

$$yz^2 - \lambda = 0 \qquad (i)$$

$$xz^2 + \lambda = 0 \quad (ii)$$

$$2xyz - \lambda = 0$$
 (iii)

$$x - y + z - 20 = 0 \quad (iv)$$

para:
$$\lambda$$

(i)
$$\lambda = yz^2$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
(i) & \lambda = yz^2 \\
(ii) & \lambda = -xz^2
\end{array}$$

$$(iii)$$
 $\lambda = 2xyz$

$$yz^2 = -xz^2$$
 (i) $yz^2 = 2xyz$ (ii)

$$yz^2 = 2xyz$$
 (ii)

$$x - y + z - 20 = 0$$
 (iii)

R//: Puntos críticos:

$$(x, y, z) = (0, 0, 20)$$

$$(x, y, z) = (5, -5, 10)$$

$$(x, y, z) = (10, -10, 0)$$

(x, y, z) = (y + 20, y, 0) para cualquier valor de y