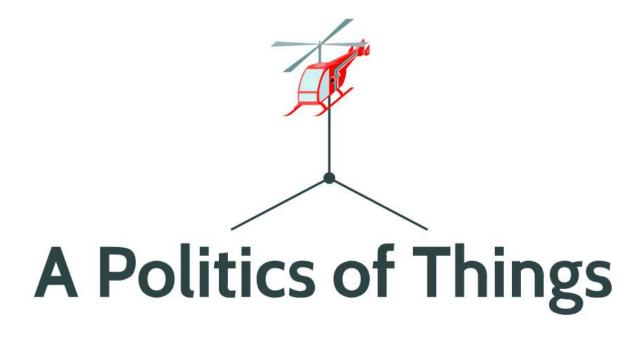
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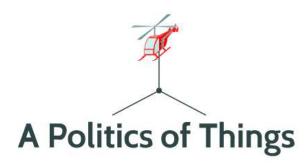


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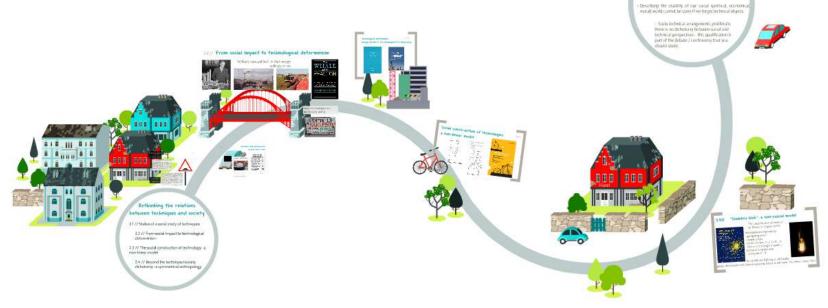


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Rethinking the relations between techniques and society

2.1 // Stakes of a social study of techniques

2.2 // From social impact to technological determinism

2.3 // The social construction of technology : a non-linear model

2.4 // Beyond the technique/society dichotomy : a symmetrical anthropology

Technical objects are black boxes

Let us first clarify what this intellectualist rationalization, created by science and by scientifically oriented technology, means practically.

Does it mean that we, today, for instance, everyone sitting in this hall, have a greater knowledge of the conditions of life under which we exist than has an American Indian or a Hottentot? Hardly. Unless he is a physicist, one who rides on the streetcar has no idea how the car happened to get into motion. And he does not need to know. He is satisfied that he may 'count' on the behavior of the streetcar, and he orients his conduct according to this expectation; but he knows nothing about what it takes to produce such a car so that it can move. The savage knows incomparably more about his tools.

Max Weber, Science as a Vocation

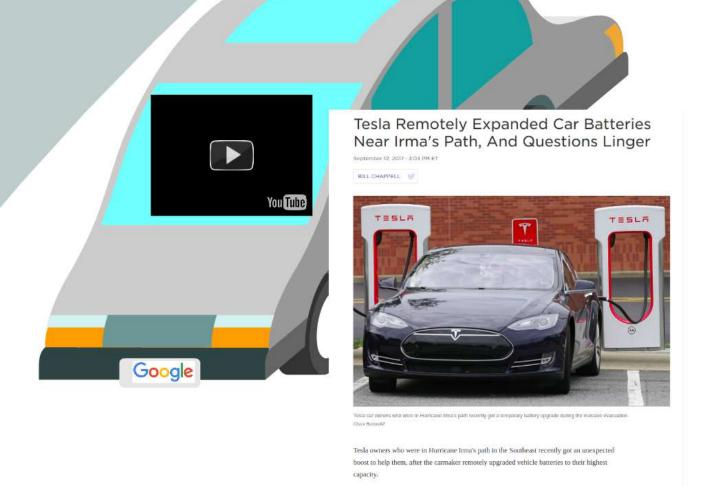


are not neutral I would probably not have embarked on such a difficult subject if I had not been compelled to do so by the whole logic of my research. I have always been astonished by what might be called the paradox of doxa - the fact that the order of the world as we find it, with its one-way streets and its no-entry signs, whether literal or figurative, its obligations and its penalties, is broadly respected; that there are not more transgressions and subversions, contraventions and 'follies' (just think of the extraordinary concordance of thousands of dispositions - or wills implied in five minutes' movement of traffic around the Place de la Bastille or Place de la Concorde ...); or, still more surprisingly, that the established order, with its relations of domination, its rights and prerogatives, privileges and injustices, ultimately perpetuates itself so easily, apart from a few historical accidents, and that the most intolerable conditions of existence can so often be perceived as acceptable and even natural.

Pierre Bourdieu, Masculine Domination

2.1 //

Incidents and controversies re-open black boxes



The boost gave customers' cars an extra 30 to 40 miles, but it's also temporary: The batteries

The move came at the request of a customer who was worried about traffic and the range between charging stations during a massive evacuation that saw millions of Americans leave

will lose their extra juice this weekend.

SIMPLE ANSWERS

TO THE QUESTIONS THAT GET ASKED ABOUT EVERY NEW TECHNOLOGY:

WILL MAKE US ALL GENIUSES?	NO
WILL MAKE US ALL MORONS?	NO
WILL DESTROY WHOLE INDUSTRIES?	YES
WILL MAKE US MORE EMPATHETIC?	NO
WILL MAKE US LESS CARING?	NO
WILL TEENS USE FOR SEX?	YES
WERE THEY GOING TO HAVE SEX ANYWAY?	YES
WILL DESTROY MUSIC?	NO
WILL DESTROY ART?	NO
BUT CAN'T WE GO BACK TO A TIME WHEN-	NO
WILL BRING ABOUT WORLD PEACE?	NO
WILL CAUSE WIDESPREAD ALIENATION BY CREATING A WORLD OF EMPTY EXPERIENCES?	WE WERE ALREADY ALIENATED

from xkcd.com

2.2// From social impact to technological determinism



"Artifacts have politics": in their *design* willingly or not





The
WHALE
and the
REACTOR

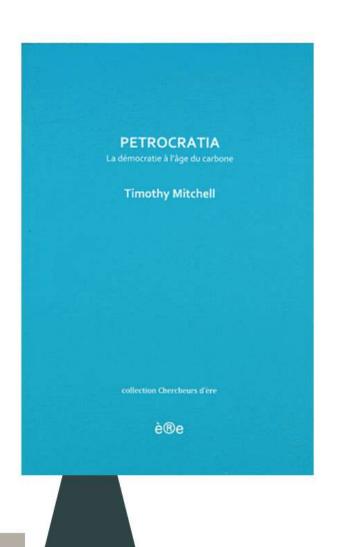
A Search for Limits in an
Age of High Technology

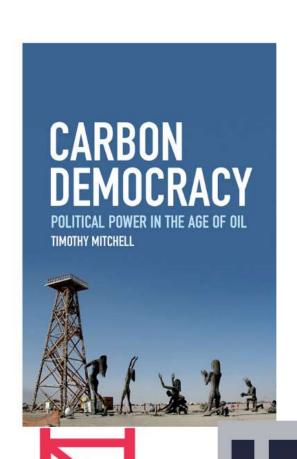
LANGDON WINNER

Some technologies are intrinsically politic



Technological determinism: energy systems & the development of democracy

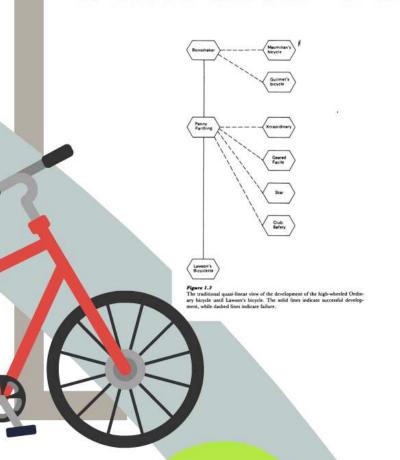




2.3 //

Social construction of technologies:

a non-linear model



A non-linear representation of

- artifacts
- · concerned social groups
- problems
- · solutions

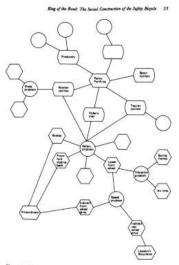
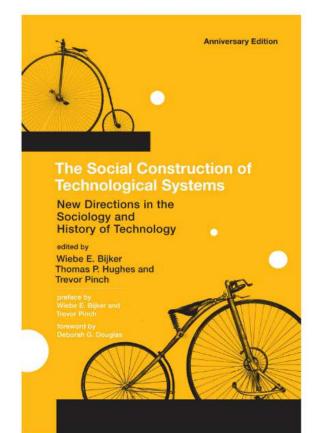


Figure 2.13
Three levels of evolutionary processes may be compiled by superposing figures such as 2.10, 2.11, and 2.12, onto figure 1.4





Path dependency



Paul David (1971)
'Clio and the Economics of Qwerty"
The American Economic Review, Vol. 75, No. 2

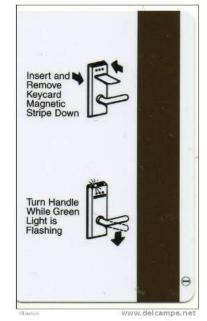


2.4 // A symmetrical anthropology of techniques









Programme and antiprogrammes

through associations and substitutions

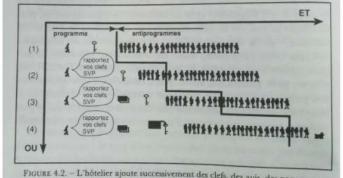
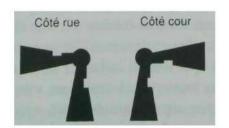


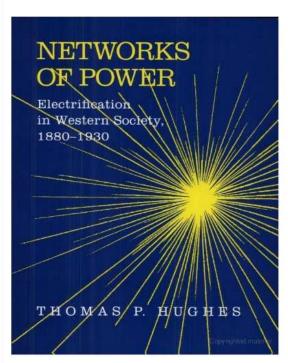
FIGURE 4.2. – L'hôtelier ajoute successivement des clefs, des avis, des panonceaux, et enfin des poids de fonte ; à chaque fois il modifie l'attitude d'une partie du groupe « clients d'hôtel ».







2.4// "Seamless Web", a non-causal model



"The Electrification of America" by Thomas P. Hughes (1979)

heterogeneous engineering

- gaslighting prices
- copper prices
- Joule's 1st law : $P = I^2 \times R = IV$
- losses = I^2 x length x quality / section of a copper wire
- Ohm's law V = RI



for an efficient lighting at affordable

prices, the incandescent lamp designed by Edison is 100 watts, 100 ohms, 1 amp, 100 V

Sociotechnical perspectives

- Studying things, not their perceptions
- Describing the stability of our social (political, economical, moral) world cannot be done if we forget technical objects
 - Socio-technical arrangements proliferate, there is no dichotomy between social and technical perspectives - this qualification is part of the debate / controversy that you should study.

