## **Job Sequencing Problem**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <vector>
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
int count = 0, maxProfit = 0;
void sortJobs(std::vector<std::pair<int, std::pair<int, int>>> &jobs) {
   // find max dealine
   int maxDeadline = jobs[0].second.first;
   for (int i = 1; i < jobs.size(); ++i) {
       maxDeadline = std::max(maxDeadline, jobs[i].second.first);
   // 根据profit降序
   std::sort(jobs.begin(), jobs.end(),
             [](const std::pair<int, std::pair<int, int>> &a, const std::pair<int, std::pair<int, int>> &b) {
                 return a.second.second > b.second.second;
    // 记录对应的deadline是否已经发生过了
    std::vector<bool> occupiedJob(maxDeadline);
    for (int i = 0; i < jobs.size(); ++i) {</pre>
        for (int j = jobs[i].second.first - 1; j >= 0; j--) {
           if (occupiedJob[j] == false) {
               maxProfit += jobs[i].second.second;
               count += 1;
               occupiedJob[j] = true;
               break;
           }
       }
int main() {
   int T;
   scanf("%d", &T);
   while (T--) {
       int N;
        scanf("%d", &N);
       std::vector<std::pair<int, std::pair<int, int>>> jobs;
       for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
           int jobId, deadline, profit;
           scanf("%d %d %d", &jobId, &deadline, &profit);
           jobs.push_back(std::make_pair(jobId, std::make_pair(deadline, profit)));
       count = 0, maxProfit = 0;
       sortJobs(jobs);
       printf("%d %d\n", count, maxProfit);
    return 0;
```

## Job sequencing problem

 $\underline{\text{https://www.includehelp.com/icp/job-sequencing-problem.aspx}}$ 

TODO

该题目还有很多解法