

Linux Kernel Compilation



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Linux Kernel Download

- **Please conduct the kernel compilation on the Linux installed in VirtualBox**
- **Install packages for kernel compilation**
 - \$ sudo apt-get update
 - \$ sudo apt-get install build-essential libncurses5-dev bison flex libssl-dev libelf-dev vim -y
- **Download kernel source (6.2.8 – latest release, Mar. 23, 2022)**
 - \$ wget https://cdn.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v6.x/linux-6.2.8.tar.xz
 - \$ sudo cp linux-6.2.8.tar.xz /usr/src
 - \$ cd /usr/src

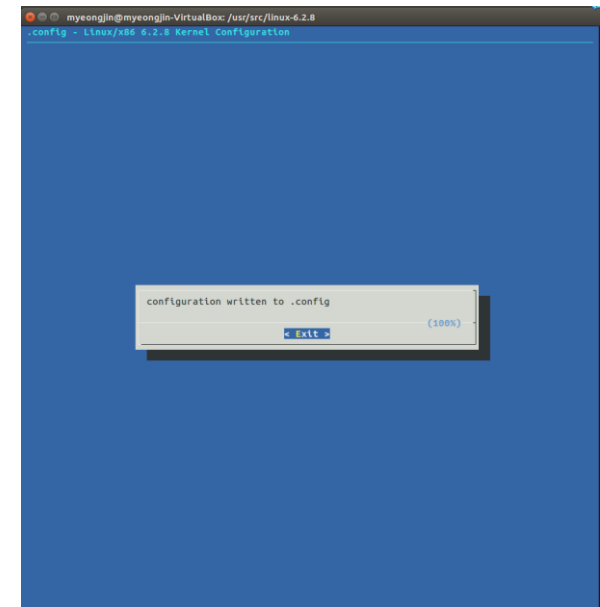
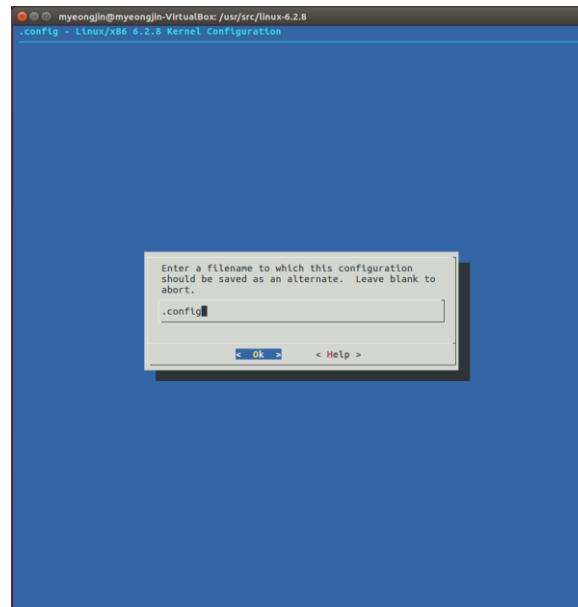
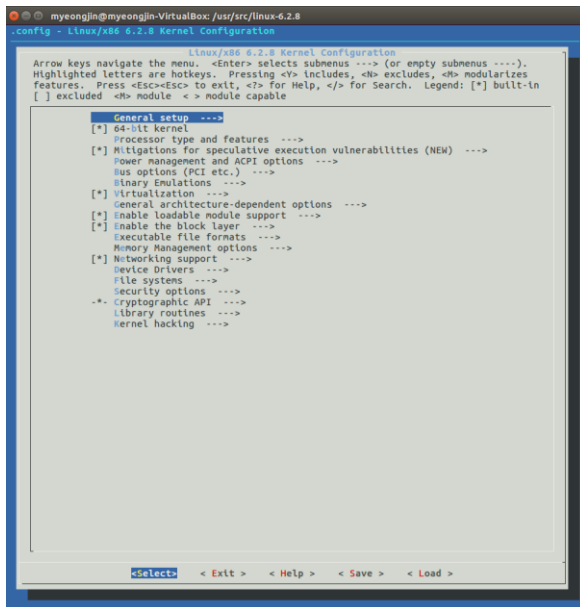
Configuration for Kernel Compilation (1)

■ Decompress the downloaded kernel source

- \$ sudo tar -xvf linux-6.2.8.tar.xz
- \$ cd linux-6.2.8

■ Configure

- \$ sudo make menuconfig
- Just press enter with “Save → Ok → Exit → Exit”



Configuration for Kernel Compilation (2)

- \$ls -al**

```

myeongjin@myeongjin-VirtualBox:/usr/src/linux-6.2.8$ ls -al
합계 1056
drwxrwxr-x 26 root root 4096 3월 22 21:38 .
drwxr-xr-x 7 root root 4096 3월 31 20:15 ..
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 20523 3월 22 21:38 .clang-format
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 59 3월 22 21:38 .cocciconfig
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 151 3월 22 21:38 .get_maintainer.ignore
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 62 3월 22 21:38 .gitattributes
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 2061 3월 22 21:38 .gitignore
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 25665 3월 22 21:38 .mailmap
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 369 3월 22 21:38 .rustfmt.toml
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 496 3월 22 21:38 COPYING
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 102088 3월 22 21:38 CREDITS
drwxrwxr-x 88 root root 4096 3월 22 21:38 Documentation

```

Before

- .config file will be created

```

myeongjin@myeongjin-VirtualBox:/usr/src/linux-6.2.8$ ls -al
합계 1316
drwxrwxr-x 26 root root 4096 3월 31 20:20 .
drwxr-xr-x 7 root root 4096 3월 31 20:15 ..
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 20523 3월 22 21:38 .clang-format
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 59 3월 22 21:38 .cocciconfig
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 265400 3월 31 20:20 .config
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 151 3월 22 21:38 .get_maintainer.ignore
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 62 3월 22 21:38 .gitattributes
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 2061 3월 22 21:38 .gitignore
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 25665 3월 22 21:38 .mailmap
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 369 3월 22 21:38 .rustfmt.toml
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 496 3월 22 21:38 COPYING
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root root 102088 3월 22 21:38 CREDITS
drwxrwxr-x 88 root root 4096 3월 22 21:38 Documentation

```

After

Compiling Linux Kernel

■ Configure

- \$ sudo scripts/config --disable SYSTEM_TRUSTED_KEYS
- \$ sudo scripts/config --disable SYSTEM_REVOCATION_KEYS

■ Compile the kernel source

- \$ sudo make -j6 # (6 = # of CPU core)

Additional X.509 keys for default system keyring (SYSTEM_TRUSTED_KEYS) [] (NEW)

- If you see this kind of message (... “NEW”), just press the enter to proceed
- This command makes you to compile the kernel and this process will take a long time (few tens of minutes to hours; it depends on your system)
- \$ sudo make modules
- \$ sudo make modules_install
- \$ sudo make install

Start Your System with Compiled Kernel

■ `$ uname -r`

- This command show you the current kernel version information

```
myeongjin@myeongjin:/usr/src/linux-6.2.8$ uname -r
5.19.0-38-generic
```

■ Grub update and environmental settings

- `$ sudo update-grub`
- `$ sudo vi /etc/default/grub`
- Comment out “GRUB_HIDDEN_TIMEOUT=0” if exists

```
GRUB_DEFAULT=0
#GRUB_TIMEOUT_STYLE=hidden
#GRUB_TIMEOUT=0
GRUB_DISTRIBUTOR=`lsb_release -i -s 2> /dev/null || echo Debian`
GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX_DEFAULT="quiet splash"
GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX=""
```

- Use # to comment the line out

■ Reboot

- You will see the new kernel version!

```
myeongjin@myeongjin:~/Desktop$ uname -r
6.2.8
```

System Call (1)

- **Make a user defined system call**

- \$ cd /usr/src/linux-6.2.8/kernel
- \$ sudo vi **proj1.c** //open a new file for system call implementation

```
#include <linux/kernel.h>
#include <linux/linkage.h>
#include <linux/syscalls.h>

SYSCALL_DEFINE0(proj1call)
{
    printk("COMP0312_OS_PROJ1_2018000001_GildongHong: Hello Kernel");
    return 0;
}
```

- Here, SYSCALL_DEFINE0 → “0” indicates # of parameters
- \$ sudo vi Makefile
- Add **proj1.o** as follows:

```
obj-y      = fork.o exec_domain.o panic.o \
            cpu.o exit.o softirq.o resource.o \
            sysctl.o capability.o ptrace.o user.o \
            signal.o sys.o umh.o workqueue.o pid.o task_work.o \
            extable.o params.o \
            kthread.o sys_ni.o nsproxy.o \
            notifier.o ksysfs.o cred.o reboot.o \
            async.o range.o smpboot.o ucount.o regset.o proj1.o
```

System Call (2)

■ Make a user defined system call (cont'd)

- \$ cd /usr/src/linux-6.2.8/arch/x86/entry/syscalls
- \$ sudo vi syscall_64.tbl
 - Add your system call
 - SysCall# common **NameOfSysCall** functionName

445	common	landlock_add_rule	sys_landlock_add_rule
446	common	landlock_restrict_self	sys_landlock_restrict_self
447	common	memfd_secret	sys_memfd_secret
448	common	process_mrelease	sys_process_mrelease
449	common	futex_waitv	sys_futex_waitv
450	common	set_mempolicy home node	sys_set_mempolicy home node
451	common	proj1call	sys_proj1call

System Call (3)

■ Make a user defined system call (cont'd)

- \$ cd /usr/src/linux-6.2.8/include/linux/
- \$ sudo vi syscalls.h
- Add system call after #endif /*CONFIG_ARCH_HAS_SYSCALL_WRAPPER */

```
#include <linux/types.h>
#include <linux/aio_abi.h>
#include <linux/capability.h>
#include <linux/signal.h>
#include <linux/list.h>
#include <linux/bug.h>
#include <linux/sem.h>
#include <asm/siginfo.h>
#include <linux/unistd.h>
#include <linux/quota.h>
#include <linux/key.h>
#include <linux/personality.h>
#include <trace/syscall.h>

#ifdef CONFIG_ARCH_HAS_SYSCALL_WRAPPER
/*
 * It may be useful for an architecture to override the definitions of the
 * SYSCALL_DEFINE0() and __SYSCALL_DEFINEx() macros, in particular to use a
 * different calling convention for syscalls. To allow for that, the prototypes
 * for the sys_*() functions below will *not* be included if
 * CONFIG_ARCH_HAS_SYSCALL_WRAPPER is enabled.
 */
#include <asm/syscall_wrapper.h>
#endif /* CONFIG_ARCH_HAS_SYSCALL_WRAPPER */

asmlinkage long projicall(void);
```

System Call (3)

- **Re-compile kernel; option #1 (slow)**

- \$ cd /usr/src/linux-6.2.8/
- \$ sudo make -j6
- \$ sudo make install

- **Re-compile kernel; option #2 (fast)**

- \$ cd /usr/src/linux-6.2.8/
- \$ sudo make bzImage -j6
- \$ sudo cp /usr/src/linux-6.2.8/arch/x86/boot/bzImage /boot/vmlinuz-6.2.8

System Call (4)

■ Reboot and write test code

- \$ vi test_proj1.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/syscall.h>

#define SYSCALL_NUM 451

int main()
{
    long int res = syscall(SYSCALL_NUM);
    printf("sys_proj1call returned: %ld\n", res);
    return 0;
}
```

- \$ gcc test_proj1.c -o test
- \$./test

```
myeongjin@myeongjin:~/Desktop$ ./test
sys_proj1call returned: 0
```

- \$ sudo dmesg (to confirm your system call works well)
- If you don't see the kernel message by dmesg, run ./test once more and check

```
[ 99.044356] COMP0312_OS_PROJ1_2018000001_GildongHong: Hello Kernel
```

OS Project 1

■ Linux Kernel Compilation

- Install Linux on VirtualBox
- Compile a new kernel
- Writing your own system call

■ Submission Due

- Due: 4/30, Sunday 23:59
- No late submission is allowed

■ What to Submit

- System call files: proj1.c, test_proj1.c, syscall_64.tbl, syscalls.h
 - Please make a [single tarball \(.tgz or .tar\)](#) to include these files in your Linux
- Screen captures: system call test and dmesg results
 - please see previous slide and make a [single PDF](#) to include both captures
 - System call's kernel message must be:
COMP0312_OS_PROJ1_yourStudentID_yourName: Hello Kernel

■ Grading

- Total: 30 pts