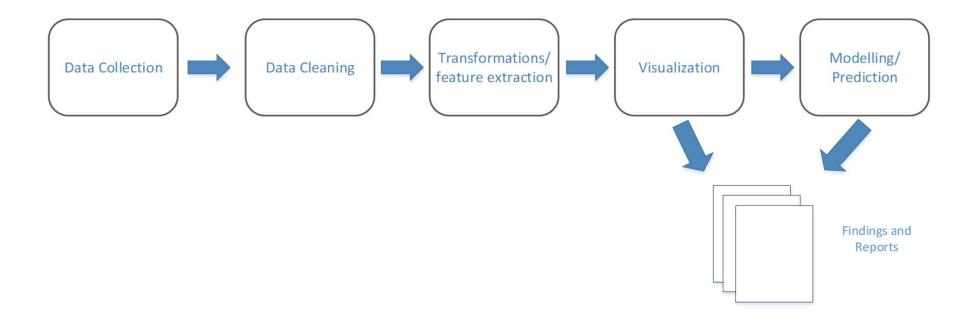
ENGINEERING ANALYTICS & MACHINE LEARNING

Data Cleaning



Data Analytic Process



What is raw data? (Recap)

- No software had been run on the data
- No manipulation ad been done any numbers in the data
- No data or number had been remove
- The data are not summarize in any way
- The strange binary file generated by the measurement machine
- ☐ The JSON data you got from scrapping the Twitter API or Facebook API
- ☐ The hand-entered numbers collected from paper survey forms
- Random like numbers generated by sensor network

Data Cleaning

Happy families are all alike; every unhappy family is unhappy in its own way ---- Leo Tolstoy

- Huge amount of effort is spent cleaning data to get it ready for analysis
- It is often said that 80% of data analysis is spent on the process of cleaning and preparing the data.
- Data preparation is not just the first step but must be repeated over the course of analysis as new problems come to light or new data is collected
- Data cleaning is sometime painfully manual



Data Cleaning

This is an important stage and is necessary because the data that is collected is often "dirty" due to:

- 1. Missing data
- 2. Unacceptable formats
- 3. Erroneous values
- 4. Data could be embedded inside text or other information and needs to be extracted
- 5. Collected data in an unacceptable format
- 6. Remove or compensate for outliers that skews the data unrealistically





Missing Data In Pandas



1. None

- Python objects
- If we perform any aggregation function such as sum() or min() across an arrary with a None value will lead to an error
- 2. NaN: Not a Number
 - It is a special floating-point value recognized by all systems that use the standard IEEE floating-point representations
 - Regardless of the operation, the result of arithmetic with NaN will be another NaN

Data Transformation / Extraction

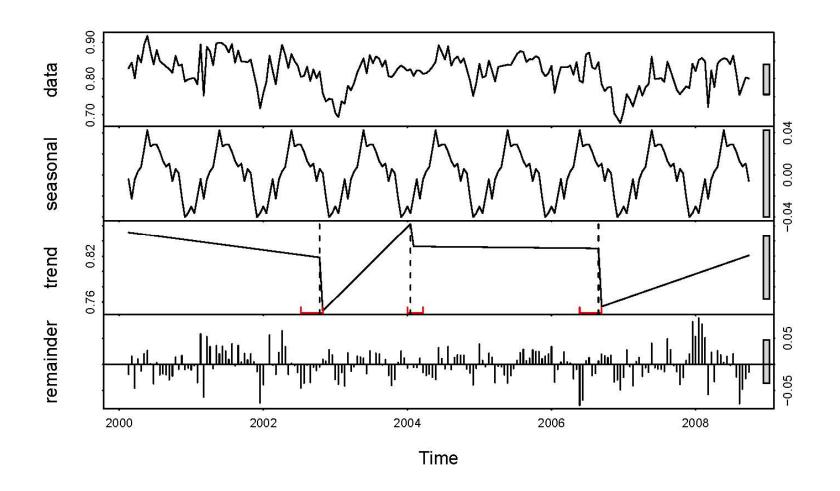
Data collected and read into analysis tools may need to be preprocessed because

- The data types may be unsuitable for processing. For example, a floating point number may be wrongly formatted as strings. If mathematical computations are required. These "floating point strings" need to be reformatted as floating point numbers.
- The additional variables need to be calculated from the existing data to facilitate meaningful analysis. For example, the data sample below contains measurements of flower sepal and petal dimensions:

Date Time

- Engineering data such as those from sensors, measurement equipment or machines usually come with date time
- We usually refer to these type of data as time series data
- The data change according to time instead of some event
- The relationship between the data point and time such as cyclic effort or time-pattern event are pretty important
- The identification of such events would assist in analysis and also building of model for prediction purposes.

Data Transformation





Unix Epoch

- The Unix epoch (or Unix time or POSIX time or Unix timestamp) is the number of seconds that have elapsed since January 1, 1970 (midnight UTC/GMT), not counting leap seconds (in ISO 8601: 1970-01-01T00:00:00Z).
- Literally speaking the epoch is Unix time 0 (midnight 1/1/1970), but 'epoch' is often used as a synonym for 'Unix time'.
- Most epoch time stamp is in seconds, milliseconds or microseconds.

Unix Epoch

Human readable time	Seconds
1 hour	3600 seconds
1 day	86400 seconds
1 week	604800 seconds
1 month (30.44 days)	2629743 seconds
1 year (365.24 days)	31556926 seconds

Online Epoch Converter

