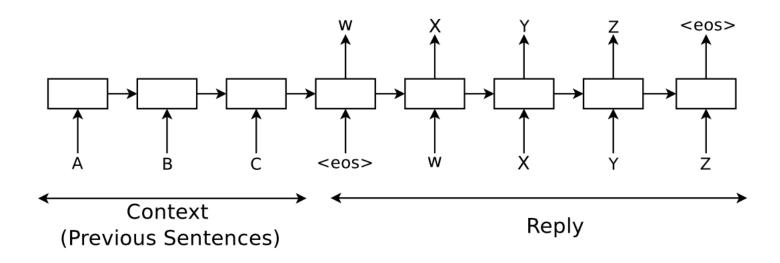
### 第6课 Deep Learning chatbots

寒小阳 2017. 04. 23

- ☐ 《A Neural Conversational Model》
  - □论文见资料
  - □代码: <a href="https://github.com/Conchylicultor/DeepQA">https://github.com/Conchylicultor/DeepQA</a>



- ☐ 《A Neural Conversational Model》
  - □作者: 来自Google Brain, 毕业于UC Berkeley的Oriol Vinyals博士
  - □工业界论文
  - □对比cleverbot(第二代基于检索的聊天机器人),部分回答更智能。
  - □如何客观地评价生成的效果? 有一些问题没有标准答案来说, 自动评价 VS 用户评价。

#### ☐ 《A Neural Conversational Model》

Conversation 4: Philosophical Q&A

Human: what is the purpose of life?

Machine: to serve the greater good.

Human: what is the purpose of living?

Machine: to live forever.

Conversation 3: General knowledge Q&A

Human: who is skywalker?

Machine: he is a hero.

Human: who is bill clinton?

Machine: he 's a billionaire.

**Human:** is sky blue or black?

Machine: blue.

**Human:** does a cat have a tail?

Machine: yes .

**Human:** does a cat have a wing !

Machine: no

**Human:** can a cat fly?

Machine: no .

Cleverbot: John Human: What is

Cleverbot: No!!

**Human:** What is the purpose of being intelligent?

**Human:** My name is david . what is my name?

**Human:** My name is john . what is my name?

Cleverbot: The purpose of life is to love God and

**Human:** Are you a follower or a leader?

Cleverbot: How old are you David?

love people.

Human: how many legs does a cat have?

Machine: four, i think.

Conversation 5: Morality

**Human:** what is moral?

Machine: what empowered humanity, what in-

tellectual the essence is . **Human:** what is immoral?

Machine: the fact that you have a child.

**Human:** what is morality? **Machine:** what is altruism?

Human: what is the definition of altruism?

Machine: if you don't believe in god, then you

don't know.

**Human:** ok ... so what is the definition of moral-

ity?

Machine: well , the truth is , you 're not a be-

liever in god almighty.

- ☐ 《A Diversity-Promoting Objective Function for Neural Conversation Models》
  - □论文见资料
  - □Jiwei Li 关于 《A Persona-Based Neural Conversation Model》 的pre-paper
  - □Seq2seq容易产出"呵呵", "都可以", "我不知道"这种safe 但无意义的回答
  - □自然语言生成问题中,经常使用MLE作为目标函数,产出的结果通畅,但diversity差,可以考虑decoder产出n-best,再rank
  - □提出Maximum Mutual Information(MMI)作为目标函数,有MMI-antiLM和MMI-bidi 2种

# ☐ 《A Diversity-Promoting Objective Function for Neural Conversation Models》

message	SEQ2SEQ	MMI $P(T S) - \lambda P(T)$
I did not get the report from an mi-6	I don't think that's a good idea.	You did the right thing, did you?
agent.		
You haven't been given an assignment	I don't know what you are talking about.	I've been looking all over for you.
in this case.		
I'm losing my grip.	I don't know what you are talking about.	I'm the only one in the world.
I am ready to help.	Come on, come on	I have something we need to talk about.
You programmed me to gather intelli-	You know that, don't you?	You do have fun, don't you?
gence. That's all I've ever done.		
I mean, we'd have to talk to him.	I mean, I don't know.	I mean, he's a good guy.
This has nothing to do with him.	You don't know anything about him, do	I know him as much.
	you?	
How come you never say it?	I don't know	Because I don't want to hurt you
He is the one behind this scheme to crash	I don't know what you are talking about	Yes, he is, isn't he?
x-net.		
How much time do you have here?	I don't know.	Not long enough. Sorry, sir.

Table 4: Responses from the SEQ2SEQ baseline and MMI-antiLM models on the OpenSubtitles dataset.

# ☐ 《A Diversity-Promoting Objective Function for Neural Conversation Models》

message	SEQ2SEQ	MMI-bidi
Ohh I've never seen that! How long does	I don't even know.	Like 2 weeks ago!!
it take you guys to learn the drill?		
You'll know when we sign Heskey in 2	I'll see what I can do	I sure hope so
weeks		
I'm waiting!! I have even got biscuits	I have no idea what you're talking about	I'll send you a pic when I get home xx
waiting for you??		
My parents actually had touch too much	I have no idea what you're talking about	How old are they??
played at their wedding.		
Say anything you want I know you	I love you so much.	I love you too, baby.
love me and I love you.		
I am off all week next week	What time you going?	What time you going?
How are you doing?	I'm good, thanks.	I'm good, you?

Table 5: Responses from the SEQ2SEQ baseline and MMI-bidi models on the Twitter dataset.

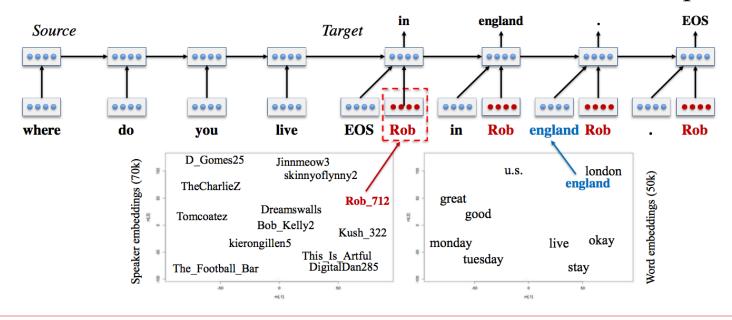
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- ☐ 《A Persona-Based Neural Conversation Model》
  - □论文见资料
  - □代码: https://github.com/jiweil/Neural-Dialogue-Generation
  - □解决多轮对话回答不一致问题

message	Where do you live now?		
response	I live in Los Angeles.		
message	In which city do you live now?	message	How old are you?
response	I live in Madrid.	response	16 and you?
message	In which country do you live now?	message	What's your age?
response	England, you?	response	18.
	Where were you born?	message	What is your major?
	I was born in Canada.		I'm majoring in psychology
message	Where are you from?		What did you study in college?
response	England, you?		
message	Where did you grow up?	response	English lit.
response	I grew up in Texas.		

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- ☐ 《A Persona-Based Neural Conversation Model》
  - □Model中融入user identity (比如背景信息、用户画像,年龄等信息),构建出个性化的seq2seq模型,为不同的user,以及同一个user对不同的对象对话生成不同风格的response



- ☐ 《A Persona-Based Neural Conversation Model》
  - □ Speaker Model → Speaker-Addressee Model

$$\left[egin{array}{c} i_t \ f_t \ o_t \ l_t \end{array}
ight] = \left[egin{array}{c} \sigma \ \sigma \ \sigma \ anh \end{array}
ight] W \cdot \left[egin{array}{c} h_{t-1} \ e_t^s \ v_i \end{array}
ight]$$

$$c_t = f_t \cdot c_{t-1} + i_t \cdot l_t$$
  
 $h_t^s = o_t \cdot \tanh(c_t)$ 

$$V_{i,j} = \tanh(W_1 \cdot v_i + W_2 \cdot v_2)$$

$$\left[egin{array}{c} i_t \ f_t \ o_t \ l_t \end{array}
ight] = \left[egin{array}{c} \sigma \ \sigma \ \sigma \ anh \end{array}
ight] W \cdot \left[egin{array}{c} h_{t-1} \ e_t^s \ V_{i,j} \end{array}
ight]$$

$$c_t = f_t \cdot c_{t-1} + i_t \cdot l_t$$
$$h_t^s = o_t \cdot \tanh(c_t)$$

- ☐ 《A Hierarchical Latent Variable Encoder-Decoder Model for Generating Dialogues》
  - □论文见资料
  - □代码: https://github.com/julianser/hed-dlg-truncated
  - □作者来自蒙特利尔大学和Maluuba公司
  - □意在解决语言模型生成部分存在的问题
  - □整个seq2seq框架中decoder生成部分的问题,不仅是bot领域对话生成的问题,都可以尝试用这个方式。

- ☐ 《A Hierarchical Latent Variable Encoder-Decoder Model for Generating Dialogues》
  - □latent topic在LSI、推荐系统中都发挥了很大的作用,矩阵分解之后得到两个降维之后的矩阵,可以产出所谓的latent topic,这些topic也许没有人可理解的物理含义,但却能将相似的东西聚到了一起。
  - □这篇paper用latent topic来描述隐藏在utterance中无法直接定义的随机noise,提升效果。

# ■ «A Hierarchical Latent Variable Encoder-Decoder Model for Generating Dialogues»

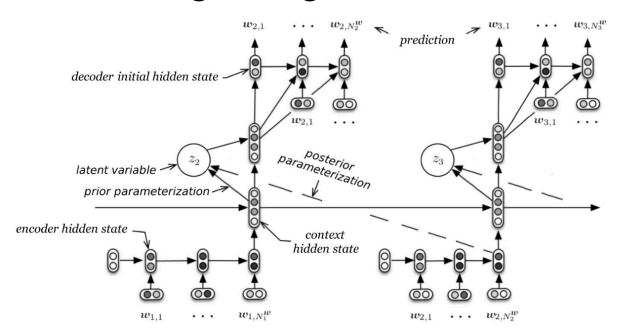


Figure 1: Computational graph for VHRED model. Rounded boxes represent (deterministic) real-valued vectors. Variables **z** represent latent stochastic variables.

- ☐ 《A Hierarchical Latent Variable Encoder-Decoder Model for Generating Dialogues》
  - □论文见资料
  - □代码: <a href="https://github.com/julianser/hed-dlg-truncated">https://github.com/julianser/hed-dlg-truncated</a>
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  - □整个seq2seq框架中decoder生成部分的问题,不仅是bot领域对话生成的问题,都可以尝试用这个方式。

# □更多论文和参考资料(感谢PaperWeekly) □ 《End-to-end LSTM-based dialog control optimized with supervised and

- reinforcement learning»

  <u>http://rsarxiv.github.io/2016/07/17/End-to-end-LSTM-based-dialog-control-optimized-with-supervised-and-reinforcement-learning-PaperWeekly/</u>
- □ «A Network-based End-to-End Trainable Task-oriented Dialogue System»
  - http://rsarxiv.github.io/2016/07/12/A-Network-based-End-to-End-Trainable-Task-oriented-Dialogue-System-PaperWeekly
- ☐ 《A Neural Network Approach to Context-Sensitive Generation of Conversational Responses》
  - http://rsarxiv.github.io/2016/07/15/A-Neural-Network-Approach-to-Context-Sensitive-Generation-of-Conversational-Responses-PaperWeekly/
- □ Sequence to Backward and Forward Sequences: A Content-Introducing Approach to Generative Short-Text Conversation
  - http://rsarxiv.github.io/2016/07/09/Sequence-to-Backward-and-Forward-Sequences-A-Content-Introducing-Approach-to-Generative-Short-Text-Conversation-PaperWeekly/

#### 感谢大家么么哒!

恳请大家批评指正!