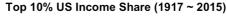
Qualifying Exam

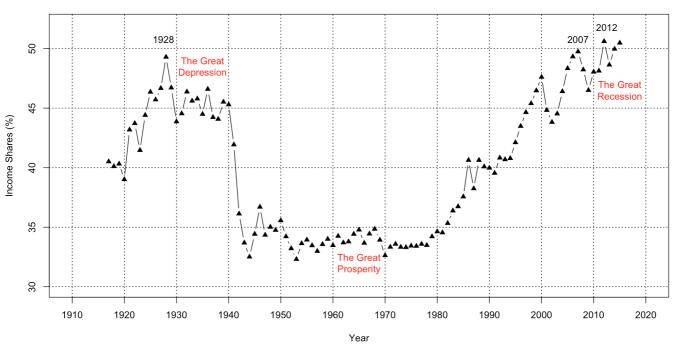
Applied Statistics

Explain the relationship between the plots and the codes as detailed as possible. What can you infer from the plots?

1. US Top Income Shares

1.1 Top 10%

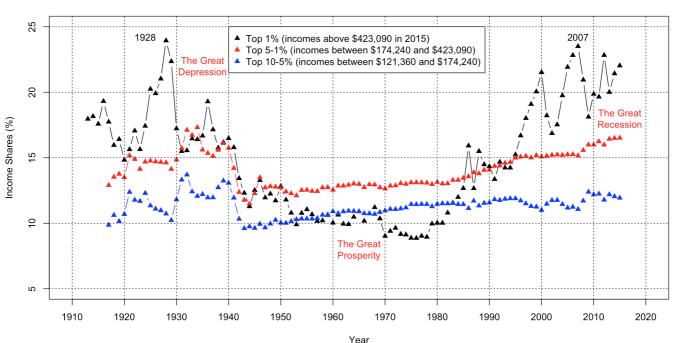




1.2 Top 10% Decomposition

```
x.lab <- "Year"
y.lab <- "Income Shares (%)"
plot(P99_100 ~ Year, data = US.top.income.shares.15, xlab = x.lab, ylab = y.lab, xlim
  = c(1910, 2020), ylim = c(5, 25), xaxt = "n", type = "b", pch = 17)
axis(side = 1, at = seq(1910, 2020, by = 10), labels = seq(1910, 2020, by = 10))
lines(P95_99 ~ Year, data = US.top.income.shares.15, type = "b", pch = 17, col = "re
d")
lines(P90_95 ~ Year, data = US.top.income.shares.15, type = "b", pch = 17, col = "blu
e")
abline(h = seq(5, 25, by = 5), lty = 3)
abline(v = seq(1910, 2020, by = 10), lty = 3)
legend.text.1 <- c("Top 1% (incomes above $423,090 in 2015)", "Top 5-1% (incomes betw
een $174,240 and $423,090)", "Top 10-5% (incomes between $121,360 and $174,240)")
legend(x = 1940, y = 25, legend = legend.text.1, pch = 17, col = c("black", "red", "b
lue"))
main.title.1 <- "Decomposing the Top 10% US Income Share (1913 \sim 2015)"
title(main = main.title.1)
text(x = c(1924, 2007), y = c(23.5, 23.5), labels = c("1928", "2007"), pos = 3)
times.label <- c("The Great\nDepression", "The Great\nProsperity", "The Great\nRecess</pre>
ion")
text(x = c(1935, 1965, 2015), y = c(22, 8, 18), label = times.label, cex = 1.0, col = 
   "red")
```

Decomposing the Top 10% US Income Share (1913 ~ 2015)

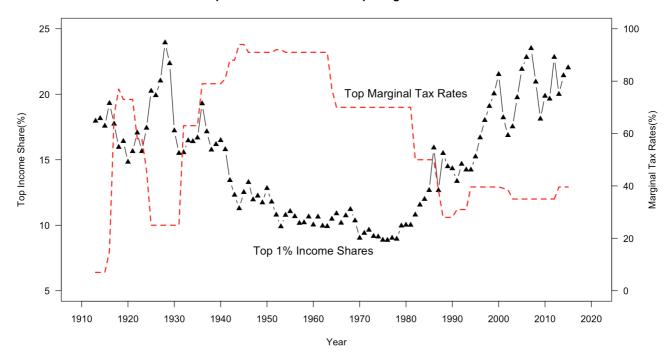


2. US Marginal Tax Rates

2.1 Top 1% Income Shares vs Marginal Tax Rates

```
par(mar = c(5, 6, 4, 6) + 0.1)
plot(P99_100 ~ Year, data = top.income_tax, type = "b", pch = 17, axes = FALSE, ann =
 FALSE, x \lim = c(1910, 2020), y \lim = c(5, 25)
box()
axis(side = 1, at = seq(1910, 2020, by = 10), labels = seq(1910, 2020, by = 10))
axis(side = 2, at = seq(5, 25, by = 5), labels = seq(5, 25, by = 5), las = 1, ylab = 1
"Top Income Share")
mtext("Top Income Share(%)", side = 2, line = 3)
par(new = TRUE)
plot(Marginal ~ Year, data = top.income tax, type ="1", lty = 2, lwd = 2, col =
"red", axes = FALSE, ann = FALSE, xlim = c(1910, 2020), ylim = c(0, 100))
axis(side = 4, at = seq(0, 100, by = 20), labels = seq(0, 100, by = 20), las = 1)
mtext("Marginal Tax Rates(%)", side = 4, line = 3)
title(main = "Top 1% Income Share and Top Marginal Tax Rate", xlab = "Year")
text(x = 1980, y = 75, labels = "Top Marginal Tax Rates", cex = 1.2)
text(x = 1960, y = 15, labels = "Top 1% Income Shares", cex = 1.2)
```

Top 1% Income Share and Top Marginal Tax Rate



2.2 Rates of Income Increases vs Marginal Tax Rates

```
par(mar = c(5, 6, 4, 6) + 0.1)
plot(Rate_99 ~ Year, data = top.income_tax, type = "b", pch = 24, col = "black", bg =
 "black", axes = FALSE, ann = FALSE, xlim = c(1910, 2020), ylim = c(0, 400))
lines(Rate_1 ~ Year, data = top.income_tax, type = "b", pch = 24, col = "black", bg =
 "white")
box()
axis(side = 1, at = seq(1910, 2020, by = 10), labels = seq(1910, 2020, by = 10))
axis(side = 2, at = seq(0, 400, by = 100), labels = seq(0, 400, by = 100), las = 1)
ylab.2 <- "Average Income (1913 = 100)"</pre>
mtext(ylab.2, side = 2, line = 3)
par(new = TRUE)
plot(Marginal ~ Year, data = top.income_tax, type ="1", lty = 2, col = "red", lwd =
2, axes = FALSE, ann = FALSE, x = c(1910, 2020), y = c(0, 100)
axis(side = 4, at = seq(0, 100, by = 20), labels = seq(0, 100, by = 20), las = 1)
ylab.4 <- "Marginal Tax Rates(%)"</pre>
mtext(ylab.4, side = 4, line = 3)
title(main = "Top 1% and Bottom 99% Income Growth\n(Excluding Capital Gains)", xlab =
 "Year")
legend("bottom", legend = c("Bottom 99%", "Top 1%"), pch = 24, col = "black", pt.bg =
 c("black", "white"), inset = 0.05)
text(x = 1925, y = 82, labels = "Top Marginal Tax Rates", cex = 1.2)
```

Top 1% and Bottom 99% Income Growth (Excluding Capital Gains)

