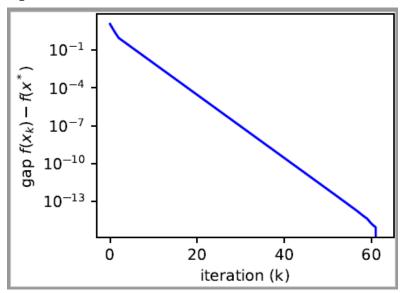
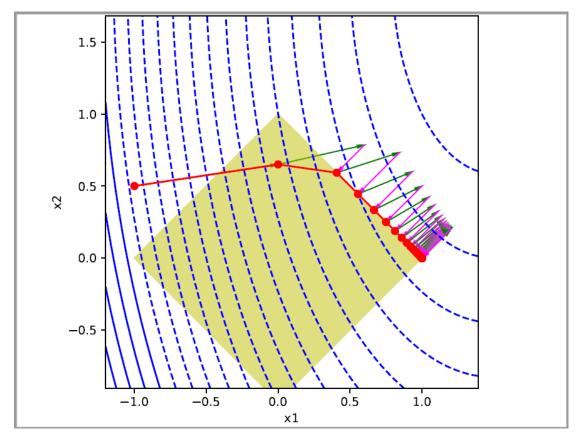
## **HW11**

**1.** Output of the python code:

Figures:





2.

(a)

Lagrangian:

$$L(x^*, \lambda^*) = e^{x_1^*} + e^{2x_2^*} + e^{2x_3^*} + \lambda^*(x_1^* + x_2^* + x_3^* - 1)$$

The Lagrange condition is9

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = \frac{e^{x_1^*} + \lambda^*}{2e^{2x_2^*} + \lambda^*} = 0 \\ 2e^{2x_3^*} + \lambda^* = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \lambda} = x_1^* + x_2^* + x_3^* - 1 = 0$$

Solve the equations. So, the optimal value is

$$x = \left(\frac{1 + ln2}{2}, \frac{1 - ln2}{4}, \frac{1 - ln2}{4}\right).$$

The Lagrange multiplier is

$$\lambda^* = -e^{\frac{1+ln2}{2}}.$$

(b)

The output of the python code:

number of iterations: 47

solution: [[0.84657357 0.07671321 0.07671321]]

value: 4.663287963194249