

C Assignment 2

Name:

Student ID:

Programming Questions

1. (10 marks) Write three functions `sum1`, `sum2`, `sum3` to sum up the integers between `from` and `to` (including `from` and `to`), using recursion, iteration and algorithm, respectively. Note that you may assume `to >= from >= 0`.

```
#include <time.h>
#include <stdio.h>

unsigned int sum1(unsigned int from, unsigned int to); /* recursion */
unsigned int sum2(unsigned int from, unsigned int to); /* iteration */
unsigned int sum3(unsigned int from, unsigned int to); /* algorithm */
/* algorithm: sum(1..n) = n*(n+1)/2, sum(m..n) = sum(1..n) - sum(1..m-1) */

int main(void)
{
    unsigned int s;
    unsigned from, to;
    double t1, t2;

    printf("Enter the first integer:");
    scanf("%d", &from);
    printf("Enter the second integer:");
    scanf("%d", &to);

    t1 = clock();
    s = sum1(from, to);
    t2 = clock();
    printf("sum1=%d, %fseconds.\n", s, (t2-t1)/CLOCKS_PER_SEC);

    t1 = clock();
    s = sum2(from, to);
    t2 = clock();
    printf("sum2=%d, %fseconds.\n", s, (t2-t1)/CLOCKS_PER_SEC);

    t1 = clock();
    s = sum3(from, to);
    t2 = clock();
    printf("sum3=%d, %fseconds.\n", s, (t2-t1)/CLOCKS_PER_SEC);

    return 0;
}
```

2. (5 marks) Write function `v_exchange` which swaps the values between `x[i]` and `x[SIZE-1-i]` (e.g., swap between `x[0]` and `x[9]`). Implement two versions of the function – one version with array notation, the other with pointer notation.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#define SIZE 10

void v_exchange(int a[]);

int main(void)
{ int i, x[SIZE];    /* x[] has 10 int elements */

  for (i=0; i<SIZE; i++)
    x[i] = i;        /* assign i to x[i] */
  v_exchange(x);     /* call for value exchange */

  for (i=0; i<SIZE; i++)
    printf("x[%d]=%d, &x[%d]=%x\n", i, x[i], i, &x[i]);

  return 0;
}

```

3. (5 marks) Write function `stringcmp` to compare two strings, element by element, for equality. It returns “1” if the two strings are the same and returns “0” if the two strings are different.

```

#include <stdio.h>

int stringcmp( const char *s1, const char *s2 ); /* prototype */

int main(void)
{ char string1[ 80 ]; /* create a string */
  char string2[ 80 ]; /* create another string */

  printf( "Enter two strings: " );
  scanf( "%s%s", string1 , string2 );
  printf( "The result is %d\n", stringcmp( string1, string2 ) );

  return 0;
}

```

4. (5 marks) Write function `stringlen` to count the length of a string (number of characters, excluding the ‘\0’ character).

```

#include <stdio.h>

int stringlen( const char *s ); /* prototype */

int main( void )
{ char string[ 80 ]; /* create char array */

  printf( "Enter a string: " );
  scanf( "%[^\n]", string );
  printf( "%d\n", stringlen( string ) );
  return 0;
}

```

Submission Guidelines

- a. Each programming question should be a .c file. For example, the program for question 1 should be named as “q1.c”. You need include the code provided with the questions so that the .c file can be compiled.
- b. You need provide appropriate comments to make your code readable. (Note that if your code is not working and there are no comments, you may loss all the marks.)
- c. We assume C89 standard. If you use C99 features, please highlight with comments.