$$a_n = \frac{2^n + 1}{3^n}.$$

1. (6 points) For the sequence  $\{a_n\}$ , determine the least upper bound (l.u.b.) and greatest lower bound (g.l.b.).

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Sand} & (g.1.6.). \\ \text{Sand} & = & 2+1 \\ 3 & ) & \frac{2^{3}+1}{3^{2}}, & \frac{2^{3}+1}{3^{3}}, & \frac{2^{4}+1}{3^{4}}, \\ = & 1, & \frac{5}{7}, & \frac{9}{81}, & \frac{17}{81}, & --- \end{array}$$

2. (6 points) Does the sequence  $\{a_n\}$  converge or diverge? Explain your answer mathematically and find the limit if it converges.

Yes: clim 
$$a_n = \text{clim} \frac{2^n+1}{3^n} \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega}\right)$$

1. How  $\frac{2^n \ln 2}{3^n \ln 3} = \text{clim} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n \cdot \text{cln}^2 = 0$ 

The sequence converges to 0.

3. (8 points) Evaluate the sum of the infinite series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ .

$$\frac{2^{5}+1}{3^{5}} = \frac{800}{13^{5}} + \frac{13}{13^{5}}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} + \frac{13}{1-3} + \frac{13}{2} = 2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} + \frac{13}{2} = 2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} + \frac{13}{2} = 2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{5}{3} + \frac{13}{2} = 2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

Quiz #6, Fall 2016 - Form 2

Let
$$a_n = \frac{3^n + 1}{4n}.$$

1. (6 points) For the sequence  $\{a_n\}$ , determine the least upper bound (l.u.b.) and greatest lower bound (g.l.b.).

lower bound (g.l.b.).
$$\begin{cases}
30+1 \\
40
\end{cases} = \frac{3^{1}+1}{4^{1}}, \frac{3^{2}+1}{4^{2}}, \frac{3^{3}+1}{4^{3}}, \frac{3^{4}+1}{4^{4}}, \dots \\
= 1, \frac{10}{16}, \frac{28}{64}, \frac{82}{256}, \dots$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
1. u.b. = 1, 9.1.b. = 0
\end{bmatrix}$$

2. (6 points) Does the sequence  $\{a_n\}$  converge or diverge? Explain your answer mathematically and find the limit if it converges.

3. (8 points) Evaluate the sum of the infinite series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ .

$$\frac{3}{14} = \frac{3}{14} + \frac{3}{14} + \frac{3}{14} = \frac{3}{14} + \frac{1}{14} = \frac{3}{14} + \frac{1}{14} = \frac{3}{14} + \frac{1}{14} = \frac{3}{14} + \frac{1}{14} = \frac{10}{3}$$