Common Lisp Selenium Webdriver

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1 Introduction

CL Selenium WebDriver is a binding library to the Selenium 2.0 This software is in development. The APIs will be likely to change.

2 Usage

```
;; see examples/*.lisp and t/*.lisp
(in-package :cl-user)
(eval-when (:compile-toplevel :load-toplevel :execute)
  (ql:quickload :cl-selenium))
(defpackage go-test
  (:use :cl :cl-selenium))
(in-package :go-test)
(defparameter *code* "
package main
import \"fmt\"
func main() {
    fmt.Print(\"Hello WebDriver!\")
}")
(with-session ()
  (setf (url) "http://play.golang.org/?simple=1")
  (let ((elem (find-element "#code" :by :css-selector)))
    (element-clear elem)
    (element-send-keys elem *code*))
  (let ((btn (find-element "#run")))
    (element-click btn))
  (loop
     with div = (find-element "#output")
     for ouput = (element-text div)
     while (equal ouput "Waiting for remote server...")
     do (sleep 0.1)
     finally (print ouput)))
```

3 Installation

```
git clone https://github.com/TatriX/cl-selenium-webdriver ~/quicklisp/local-projects/
(ql:quickload :cl-selenium)

You need a running instance of selenium-server-standalone.

[Download](http://www.seleniumhq.org/download/) it and run:

curl -LO https://goo.gl/SP94ZB -o selenium-server-standalone.jar
java -jar selenium-server-standalone.jar
```

4 Utils

```
There is a :cl-selenium-utils package which should reduce boilerplate. For example:
```

4.1 Interactive session

You can just start the session and control it from your repl:

```
(in-package :my-test)
(start-interactive-session)
(setf (url) "http://google.com")
(send-keys "cl-selenium-webdriver")
(send-keys (key :enter))
(classlist "#slim_appbar") ; prints ("ab_tnav_wrp")
(stop-interactive-session)
```

4.2 Utils API conventions

```
If utility function needs an element to work on it defaults to '(active-element)'.

(click); click on the current active element.
```

You can also pass a css selector as a last parameter.

```
(print (id "#submit")) ; print id the of matched element
  (assert (= (first (classlist "div")) "first-div-ever"))
To change default element you can:
```

(setf cl-selenium-utils:*default-element-func* (lambda () (find-element "input[type=su

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4.3 Waiting for the reaction

Often you need to wait for some action to be done. For example if you do a (click) on the button to load search results, you need to wait them to load.

```
(wait-for ".search-result" :timeout 10) ; wait 10 seconds
Timeout defaults to 30 seconds. You can globally change it:
    (setf cl-selenium-utils:*timeout* 3)
```

4.4 Running tests

REPL

```
(ql:quickload '(:cl-selenium :prove))
(setf prove:*enable-colors* nil)
(prove:run :cl-selenium-test)
```

Shell

```
sh
./test.sh
```

5 API

5.1 CL-SELENIUM package

CL-SELENIUM [PACKAGE]

This package exports functions for working with Selenium WebDriver.

For documentation see: - https://github.com/SeleniumHQ/selenium/wiki/JsonWireProtocollll-https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1.

External definitions

Functions

CLOSE-CURRENT-WINDOW (&key (session *session*)) [CL-SELENIUM]

Close the current window.

COOKIE (&key (session *session*)) [CL-SELENIUM]

Retrieve all cookies visible to the current page.

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1/#get-all-cookies.

See: https://github.com/SeleniumHQ/selenium/wiki/JsonWireProtocol#sessionsessionidcookie.

URL (&key (session *session*)) [CL-SELENIUM]

Get the current url in session.

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1/#dfn-get-current-url.

ELEMENT-SEND-KEYS (element keys & key (session *session*)) [CL-SELENIUM] The Element Send Keys command scrolls into view the form control element and then sends the provided keys to the element. In case the element is not keyboard-

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1/#element-send-keys.

interactable, an element not interactable error is returned.

ELEMENT-CLICK (element & key (session *session*)) [CL-SELENIUM]

The *Element* Click command scrolls into view the *element* if it is not already pointer-interactable, and clicks its in-view center point.

If the element's center point is obscured by another element, an element click intercepted error is returned. If the element is outside the viewport, an element not interactable error is returned.

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1/#element-click.

LOG-TYPES (&key (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

Return the types of logs supported by the WebDriver.

- browser: Javascript console logs from the browser.

- client: Logs from the client side implementation of the WebDriver protocol (e.g. the Java bindings).

- driver: Logs from the internals of the driver (e.g. FirefoxDriver internals).
- performance: Logs relating to the performance characteristics of the page under test (e.g. resource load timings).
- server: Logs from within the selenium server.

See: https://github.com/SeleniumHQ/selenium/wiki/Logging.

Find elements that match VALUE using location strategy in BY.

See See [CL-SELENIUM:FIND-ELEMENT function], page 8.

See https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1/#find-elements.

MOUSE-MOVE-TO ($x \ y \ \& key \ element \ (session *session*)$) [CL-SELENIUM]

Move the mouse by an offset of the specificed *element*. If no *element* is specified, the move is relative to the current mouse cursor. If an *element* is provided but no offset, the mouse will be moved to the center of the *element*. If the *element* is not visible, it will be scrolled into view.

See: https://github.com/SeleniumHQ/selenium/wiki/JsonWireProtocol#sessionsessionidmoveto

ELEMENT-ATTRIBUTE (element name & key (session *session*)) [CL-SELENIUM] Return the ELEMENT's attribute named NAME.

SWITCH-TO-FRAME (id & key (session *session*)) [CL-SELENIUM]

Change focus to another frame on the page. If the frame id is null, the server should switch to the page's default content.

In the context of a web browser, a frame is a part of a web page or browser window which displays content independent of its container, with the ability to load content independently.

See: https://github.com/SeleniumHQ/selenium/wiki/JsonWireProtocol#sessionsessionidframe.

See: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Frame_(World_Wide_Web).

EXECUTE-SCRIPT (script args &key (session *session*)) [CL-SELENIUM]

Inject a snippet of JavaScript into the page for execution in the context of the currently selected frame. The executed *script* is assumed to be synchronous and the result of evaluating the *script* is returned to the client.

The *script* argument defines the *script* to execute in the form of a function body. The value returned by that function will be returned to the client. The function will be invoked with the provided *args* array and the values may be accessed via the arguments object in the order specified.

Arguments may be any JSON-primitive, array, or JSON objects. JSON objects

that define a WebElement reference will be converted to the corresponding DOM element. Likewise, any WebElements in the *script* result will be returned to the client as WebElement JSON objects.

See: https://github.com/SeleniumHQ/selenium/wiki/JsonWireProtocol#sessionsessionidexecute.

START-INTERACTIVE-SESSION (&rest capabilities)

[CL-SELENIUM]

Start an interactive session. Use this to interact with Selenium driver from a REPL.

SCREENSHOT (&key (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

Screenshots are a mechanism for providing additional visual diagnostic information. They work by dumping a snapshot of the initial viewport's framebuffer as a lossless PNG image. It is returned to the local end as a Base64 encoded string.

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver2/#screen-capture.

FIND-ELEMENT (value & key (by :css-selector) (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

The Find Element command is used to find an element in the current browsing context that can be used as the web element context for future element-centric commands.

For example, consider this pseudo code which retrieves an element with the #toremove ID and uses this as the argument for a script it injects to remove it from the HTML document:

The BY parameter represents the element location strategy.

It can be one of:

- :id : Finds element by id.
- :class-name : Finds element by class name.
- :css-selector : Returns element that matches css selector.
- : link-text : Returns element that matches <a> element text.
- :partial-link-text: Returns element that matches <a> element text partially.
- :tag-name: Returns element that matches tag name.
- :xpath: Returns element that matches the XPath expression.

If result is empty, a See \langle undefined \rangle [CL-SELENIUM:HANDLE-FIND-ERROR function], page \langle undefined \rangle is signaled.

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1/#dfn-find-element.

MOUSE-CLICK (button & key (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

Click any mouse button (at the coordinates set by the last moveto command). Note that calling this command after calling buttondown and before calling button up (or

any out-of-order interactions sequence) will yield undefined behaviour).

See: https://github.com/SeleniumHQ/selenium/wiki/JsonWireProtocol#sessionsessionidclick

USE-SESSION (session)

[CL-SELENIUM]

Make SESSION the current session.

PAGE-TITLE (&key (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

This command returns the document title of the current top-level browsing context, equivalent to calling document.title.

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver2/#get-title.

LOGS (type & key (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

Return the logs of a particular TYPE.

See: See [CL-SELENIUM:LOG-TYPES function], page 6.

ELEMENT-LOCATION (element & key (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

Return the *ELEMENT*'s location.

ELEMENT-TEXT (element & key (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

The Get *Element* Text command intends to return an *element*'s text "as rendered". An *element*'s rendered text is also used for locating a elements by their link text and partial link text.

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1/#get-element-text.

ACTIVE-ELEMENT (&key (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

Return the active element of the current browsing context's document.

The active element is the Element within the DOM that currently has focus.

If there's no active element, an error is signaled.

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver2/#get-active-element.

See: https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/Document/activeElement.

MAKE-COOKIE (name value & key path domain secure expiry)

[CL-SELENIUM]

STOP-INTERACTIVE-SESSION nil

[CL-SELENIUM]

Stop an interactive session.

ELEMENT-TAGNAME (element & key (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

Return the *ELEMENT*'s tag name.

REFRESH (&key (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

Refresh the current page.

ELEMENT-DISPLAYED (element & key (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

Although WebDriver does not define a primitive to ascertain the visibility of an element in the viewport, we acknowledge that it is an important feature for many users. Here we include a recommended approach which will give a simplified approximation of an element's visibility, but please note that it relies only on tree-traversal, and only covers a subset of visibility checks.

The visibility of an *element* is guided by what is perceptually visible to the human eye. In this context, an *element*'s displayedness does not relate to the visibility or display style properties.

The approach recommended to implementors to ascertain an *element*'s visibility was originally developed by the Selenium project, and is based on crude approximations about an *element*'s nature and relationship in the tree. An *element* is in general to be considered visible if any part of it is drawn on the canvas within the boundaries of the viewport.

The element displayed algorithm is a boolean state where true signifies that the element is displayed and false signifies that the element is not displayed. To compute the state on element, invoke the Call(bot.dom.isShown, null, element). If doing so does not produce an error, return the return value from this function call. Otherwise return an error with error code unknown error.

This function is typically exposed to See (undefined) [COMMON-LISP:GET function], page (undefined) requests with a URI Template of /session/{session id}/element/{element id}/displayed.

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1/#element-displayedness.

DELETE-SESSION (session)

[CL-SELENIUM]

Delete the WebDriver SESSION.

MAKE-SESSION (&key (browser-name :chrome) browser-version [CL-SELENIUM] platform-name platform-version accept-ssl-certs additional-capabilities) Creates a new WebDriver session with the endpoint node. If the creation fails, a session not created error is returned.

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1/#new-session. See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1/#capabilities.

KEY (key) [CL-SELENIUM]

ELEMENT-CLEAR (element & key (session *session*)) [CL-SELENIUM] Clear the contents of ELEMENT (for example, a form field element).

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1/#dfn-element-clear.

BACK (&key (session *session*))

[CL-SELENIUM]

This command causes the browser to traverse one step backward in the joint session history of the current top-level browsing context. This is equivalent to pressing the back button in the browser chrome or invoking window.history.back.

See: https://www.w3.org/TR/webdriver1/#dfn-back.

Classes

COOKIE [CL-SELENIUM]

NO-SUCH-ELEMENT-ERROR [CL-SELENIUM]

Error signaled when no such element is found.

5.2 CL-SELENIUM-UTILS package

CL-SELENIUM-UTILS [PACKAGE]

Package with the purpose of reducing boilerplate.

External definitions

Variables

TIMEOUT [CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Default timeout value to use in selenium-utils functions.

DEFAULT-ELEMENT-FUNC [CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Function used to get the 'default element' by selenium-utils functions.

It is See [CL-SELENIUM:ACTIVE-ELEMENT function], page 9 function by default.

Functions

ID (&optional selector) [CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Get active element id.

GET-COOKIE (cookie name) [CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Get value of COOKIE at NAME.

FIND-ELEM (selector & key (by :css-selector)) [CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Find element by SELECTOR. Returns NIL if the element is not found.

WAIT-FOR (selector & key (timeout *timeout*)) [CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Wait for an element that matches SELECTOR to appear on the screen.

TIMEOUT indicates how much time to wait (default is *TIMEOUT*).

CLASSNAME (&optional selector) [CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Get active element classname.

TEXT (&optional selector) [CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Get active element's text.

SEND-KEY (key &optional selector) [CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Send a key to active element.

CLASSLIST (&optional selector) [CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Get active element class list.

ATTR (name &optional selector)

[CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Get acttive element attribute.

SEND-KEYS (keys &optional selector)

[CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Send keys to active element.

ELEM (&optional selector)

[CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

If SELECTOR is given, wait for an element that matches the selector to appear. Otherwise, call See [CL-SELENIUM-UTILS:*DEFAULT-ELEMENT-FUNC* variable], page 11 (the active element is returned by default).

CLICK (&optional selector)

[CL-SELENIUM-UTILS]

Click on active element.

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