

Conjecture: given a set  $S$  with  $n$  elements,  $|P(S)| = 2^n$

Proof (induction):

basis step:

$$/ \quad \text{let } S = \{a\}; \quad P(S) = \{\{\}, \{a\}\}$$

$$|P(S)| = 2$$

$$|P(S)| = 2^1 = 2$$

$$2 = 2$$

so basis step holds!

Inductive step: IIt

if Given a set  $S$  of  $n$  elements

$|P(S)| = 2^n$ , then Set  $T$  with  
 $n+1$  elements is  $|P(T)| = 2^{n+1}$

So, let  $T = S \cup \{a\}$

$K \in P(S), K \cup \{a\}$   
 $Z$

$$\begin{aligned} |P(T)| &= |P(S)| + |Z| \\ &= 2^n + 2^n \\ &= 2^{n+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$T = SU\{a\} \quad \theta(T) = \{\{\{\{\{a\}, \{b\}\}, \{ab\}\}\}$$

$$S = \{a\} \quad \theta(S) = \{\{\{\{\{a\}\}\}\}$$

$$U\{b\} = \{\{\{b\}, \{a, b\}\}\}$$

$$= 2^{n+1}$$

Because  $2^{n+1}$  was our expectation,  
the Basis Step, Inductive Step  
and Inductive Hypothesis all hold,  
our conjecture is true via

Induction  
Qed.

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 3T(\frac{n}{2}) + n & n > 1 \\ 2 & n = 1 \end{cases}$$

FTP

$$\frac{n}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{n}{4}$$

$$T(n) = 3T(\frac{n}{2}) + n$$

$$T(\frac{n}{2}) = 3T(\frac{n}{4}) + \frac{n}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= 3\left(3T(\frac{n}{4}) + \frac{n}{2}\right) + n \\ &= 9T(\frac{n}{4}) + \frac{3n}{2} + n \end{aligned}$$

$$T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) = 3T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right) + \frac{n}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= 9\left(3T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right) + \frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{5n}{2} \\ &= 27T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right) + \frac{19n}{4} \end{aligned}$$

We need  
Master  
Theorem! ;

$$T(n) = 3T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + n$$

$$T(n) = a \cdot T\left(\frac{n}{b}\right) + Cn^d$$

$$a = 3$$

$$b = 2$$

$$C = 1$$

$$d = 1$$

$$a \stackrel{?}{>} b^d$$

$$3 > 2^1$$

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} O(n^d) & a < b^d \\ O(n^d \log_2 n) & a = b^d \\ O(n^{\log_b a}) & a > b^d \end{cases}$$

$$\underline{O(n^{\log_b a})}$$

$$O(n^{\log_2 3})$$