SSE3052: Embedded Systems Practice

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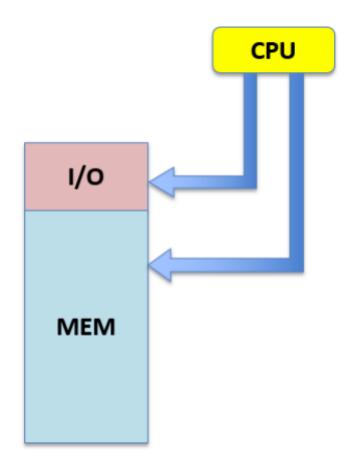
Overview

- Last week, we attached new virtual devices and write the data to the "memory-mapped area" via new system call
- For this week, we will read and write the data via "mmap" and "ioctl"

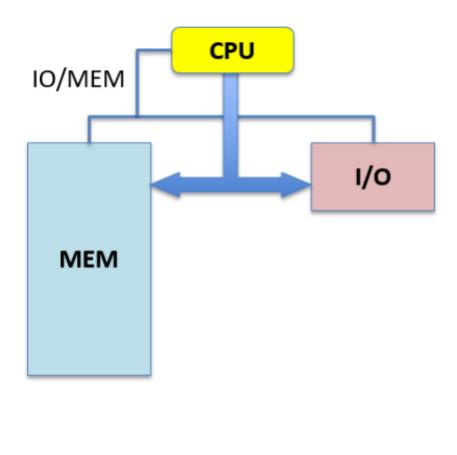
- Keywords: memory-mapped area, mmap, ioctl

Memory & Port Mapped I/O

Memory mapped I/O



Port mapped I/O



Memory & Port Mapped I/O

Memory mapped I/O

- Device & memory share same address space
- I/O looks just like memory load/store
- No special command for I/O

Port mapped I/O

- Separated address space
- Need I/O or memory select lines
- Special command for I/O
 - IN / OUT

Two Importants

- Base address of the device's mapped area
 - What is the 7 segment's base(physical) address?
 - What is the LED's base(physical) address?
- Size of the device's mapped area
 - What is the 7 segment's I/O device size?
 - What is the LED I/O devices size?

I/O Memory Region Allocation API

- struct resource *request_mem_region(unsigned long start, unsigned long len, char *name)
- void release_mem_region(unsigned long start, unsigned long len)
- int check_mem_region(unsigned long start, unsigned long len)

Register Memory Region

- Add these codes in the device driver
 - drivers/misc/goldfish_segment.c
 - drivers/misc/goldfish_led.c

```
r = platform_get_resource(pdev, IORESOURCE_MEM, 0);
if (r == NULL) {
         dev_err(&pdev->dev, "platform_get_resource failed\n");
         return -ENODEV;
}
if(request_mem_region(r->start, resource_size(r), "7segment")==NULL){
         printk(KERN_INFO "register 7segment fail\n");
         return -EBUSY;
}
```

Check Device's Information

- \$adb shell
- \$su
- \$cat /proc/iomem
 - We can figure out base address & size

```
ff001000-ff7ffffff : goldfish_pdev_bus
  ff001000-ff001fff : goldfish_audio.0
  ff010000-ff010fff : goldfish_battery.0
  ff011000-ff011fff : goldfish_segment.0
  ff012000-ff012fff : goldfish_led.0
  ff013000-ff013fff : goldfish_nand.0
  ff014000-ff015fff : goldfish_pipe
  ff016000-ff016fff : goldfish_tty.0
  ff017000-ff017fff : goldfish_tty.1
  ff018000-ff018fff : goldfish_fb.0
  ff019000-ff019fff : goldfish_events.0
```

Check the Device File

- \$adb shell
- \$ls /dev/
 - there are no segment & led device file's
 - we should register those devices

Register misc_device

- I. Make a misc device
- 2. Make a file operations for your device
- 3. Include miscdevice.h in device code

```
#include <linux/module.h>
#include <linux/err.h>
#include <linux/platform_device.h>
#include <linux/power_supply.h>
#include <linux/types.h>
#include <linux/pci.h>
#include <linux/interrupt.h>
#include <linux/io.h>
#include <linux/acpi.h>
#include <linux/miscdevice.h>
#include <linux/kernel.h>
```

Make a misc_device (I)

Declare a misc device

```
static struct miscdevice segment_dev = {
          .minor = MISC_DYNAMIC_MINOR,
          .name = "segment",
          .fops = &segment_fops
};
```

Make a misc_device (2)

Register a misc device (goldfish_segment.c)

```
r = platform_get_resource(pdev, IORESOURCE_MEM, 0);
if (r == NULL) {
          dev_err(&pdev->dev, "platform_get_resource failed\n");
          return -ENODEV;
}
if(request_mem_region(r->start, resource_size(r), "7segment")==NULL){
          printk(KERN_INFO "register 7segment fail\n");
          return -EBUSY;
}
misc_register(&segment_dev);
```

Make File Operations (I)

Make a structure of file operations for misc device

```
static const struct file_operations segment_fops = {
    .owner = THIS_MODULE,
    .read = segment_read,
    .write = segment_write,
    .unlocked_ioctl = segment_ioctl,
    .compat_ioctl = segment_ioctl,
    .open = segment_open,
    .release = segment_release,
    .mmap = segment_mmap,
};
```

Make File Operations (2)

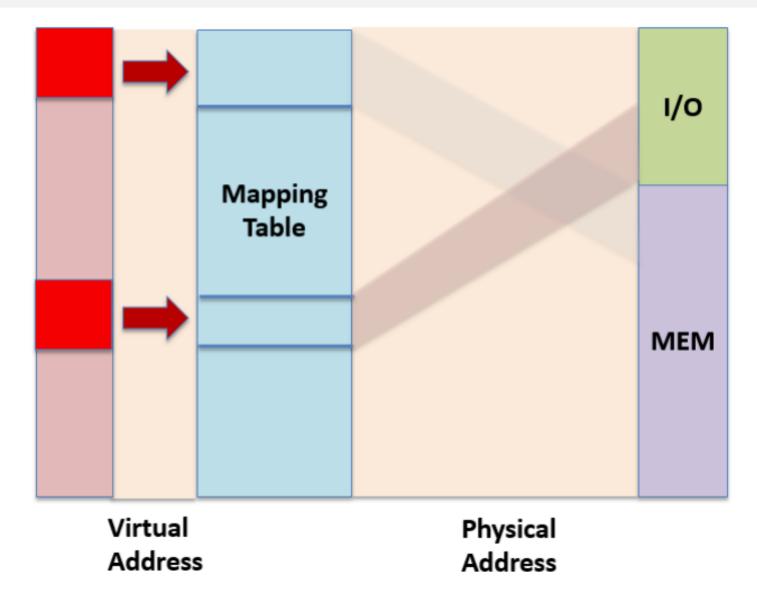
Define each operations

```
static int segment_open(struct inode *inode, struct file *file){
    printk(KERN_INFO "segment file is open\n");
    return 0;
}
static int segment_release(struct inode *inode, struct file *file){
    printk(KERN_INFO "segment file is close\n");
    return 0;
}
```

Make File Operations (3)

Read & write operation (for your own)

I/O via mmap

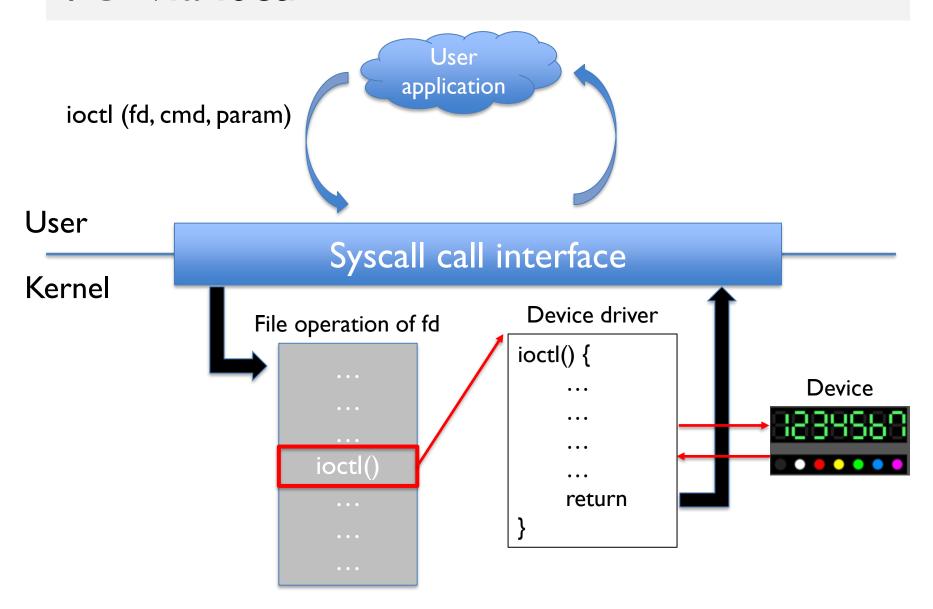


Memory Mapping API

 int remap_pfn_range(struct vm_area_struct *vma, unsigned long addr, unsigned long pfn, unsigned long size, pgprot_t prot)

```
static int segment_mmap(struct file *file, struct vm_area_struct *vma){
        if(remap_pfn_range(vma, vma->vm_start, vma->vm_pgoff, vma->vm_end - vma->vm_start, vma->vm_pa
ge_prot)){
            printk(KERN_INFO "segment MMAP fa\n");
            return -EAGAIN;
        }
        return 0;
}
```

I/O via ioctl



Make File Operations - ioctl

 static long segment_ioctl(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd, unsigned long para)

 static long led_ioctl(struct file *file, unsigned int cmd, unsigned long para)

Make File Operations - ioctl

User code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define CMDI 0x04
                        //print input
#define CMD2 0x05
                        //print (input + I)
#define CMD3 0x06
                        //print (input + 2)
int main(int argc, char *argv∏){
    int fd:
    fd = open("/dev/segment", O_RDWR);
    ioctl(fd, CMD3, 3);
    close(fd);
    return 0;
```

Device driver

```
#define CMDI 0x04
#define CMD2 0x05
#define CMD3 0x06
static long segment ioctl(struct file *file,
unsigned int cmd, unsigned long para) {
    swtich(cmd) {
         case CMD1: ...;break;
         case CMD2: ...;break;
         case CMD3:
              printk("%d\n", (int)para + 1);
              break;
    };
```

Questions?

- If you have questions,
 - please use i-Campus (토론>수업 Q&A 토론) or email
 - minwoo.ahn@csi.skku.edu
 - bumsuk.kim@csi.skku.edu