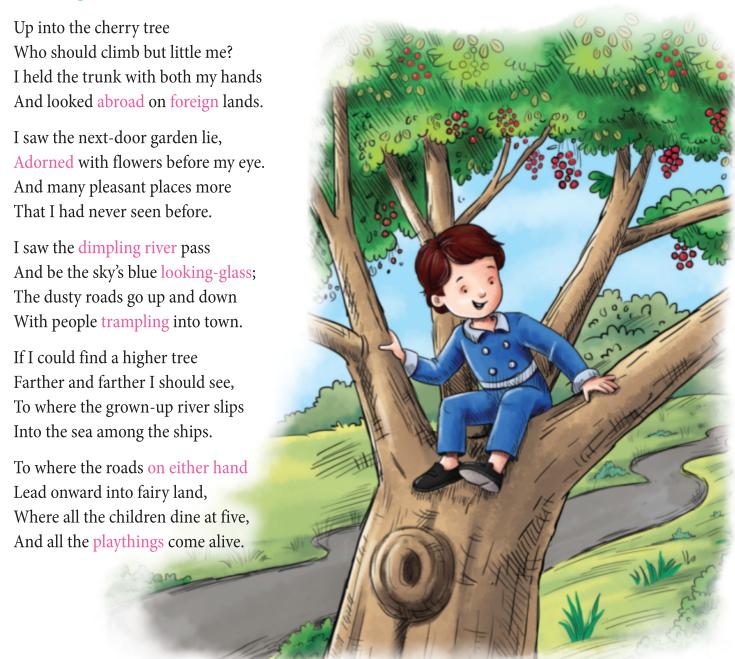
Foreign Lands

This is a poem that describes what a child sees as he climbs to the top of a tree. To a grown-up the things he sees may seem ordinary, but the child finds them exciting. The child wishes to climb higher still. Let us read the poem to find out what he sees.





Robert Louis Stevenson (1850–1894) was born in Scotland on 13 November 1850. Like the child in the poem, Stevenson loved to travel. He wrote many novels and poems. A Child's Garden of Verses is one of his best-known collections of poetry for children. Treasure Island and Kidnapped are two popular novels written by him. They are full of adventure and daring.



Make connections

Answer the following questions based on the poem.

- 1. Fill in the blanks with words from the poem.
 - a. The river is compared to a ______ for the sky.
 - b. We know the speaker is a child because he uses the word ______ to describe himself.
 - c. ______ is a word meaning 'at a great distance' which is often confused with 'further' which means 'more'.
 - d. Because the river seems to crease, fold and unfold; the adjective ______has been used to describe it.
 - e. Rivers start in mountains and end in seas. So if we call a river 'young' when it is in the mountains we would call it ______ by the time it reaches the sea.
- 2. Read these lines and answer the questions that follow.
 - a. I held the trunk with both my hands And looked abroad on foreign lands.
 - i. Who has climbed the tree? What tree is it?
 - ii. What are the foreign lands that can be seen from the top of the tree?
 - iii. Are these really foreign lands? Why does the speaker say they are?
 - b. If I could find a higher tree Farther and farther I should see.
 - i. Why does the speaker wish to find a higher tree?
 - ii. What does the speaker wish to see from the top of the higher tree?
 - iii. Why do you think the word 'farther' is repeated?
- 3. Would you like to travel and see foreign lands? What would you like to see?

In this section, we will:

- understand the details of the poem.
- learn how to analyse a poem.
 (C-2.1, 2.2)

- read an imaginative poem.
- express our imagination and write a verse. (C-2.1, 2.2, 3.3)

Appreciation

Expressing imagination

1. Robert Louis Stevenson's poems often tell us about the imagination of young people. Given below is a poem that describes what a young person, who had to stay in bed, imagines. Let us read it aloud. As you read, underline all the rhyming words in the poem.

Where Go the Boats	
Dark brown is the river.	On goes the river
Golden is the sand.	And out past the mill,
It flows along for ever,	Away down the valley,
With trees on either hand.	Away down the hill.
Green leaves a-floating,	Away down the river,
Castles of the foam,	A hundred miles or more,
Boats of mine a-boating—	Other little children
Where will all come home?	Shall bring my boats ashore.

2. In the last stanza of the poem the child imagines a land where playthings come alive. Imagine that you are a toy that has come alive. Write a short verse about yourself as a toy. Here is a sample for you to read.

I am a bright red and blue train
I wonder how fast I can go on my track
I hear the thunder, I hear the rain
I want to travel to the moon and back
I am a bright red and blue train.

a.	I am a
	I wonder what
	I hear
	I want to
e.	I am a