Private Consecration of a Portable Altar

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Preparation

Overview

- A portable altar may be consecrated on any day, during the morning hours. The ceremony is performed in the church, sacristy or any other suitable place¹.
- 2. For a private consecration, the crozier is not used at any time².
- 3. After the consecration, Mass is celebrated over the consecrated altar. This Mass may be said by the consecrating bishop or by a priest delegated by him.³

Setup

- 1. At the main altar:
 - (a) Stone is placed in the middle of the altar, if possible.
 - (b) Faldstool covered in white to the Epistle side, before the step.
- 2. On the altar to be consecrated⁴:

- (a) A silver tray with the relic and three grains of incense; the tray should be covered with a silk, red veil⁵
- 3. On the same table, or on another table, which is covered by a white cloth:
 - (a) One small vessel of holy water with aspergillum, the aspergil being entwined with hyssop, or some other herbs⁶.
 - (b) One small vessel with water to be consecrated.
 - (c) One small vessel with the Oil of the Catechumens.
 - (d) One small vessel with Chrism.
 - (e) Small quantity of ash in a metal dish.
 - (f) Small quantity of salt in a metal dish.
 - (g) Small quantity of wine in an ampulla.
 - (h) One finger towel.
 - (i) Aspergillum.
 - (j) Small trowel.
 - (k) Dry⁷ cement for sealing the *sepulchrum*.
- 4. On the credence:
 - (a) White stole.
 - (b) Cloth-of-gold miter.

¹Schulte, p. 232, n. 1.

²Moretti, p. 477, n. 3053.

³Menghini, p. 315, n. 4. Therefore it is not necessary that the Bishop himself fulfill the rubric *jejuno tamen stomacho*, as is in the Pontificale.

⁴If the stone to be consecrated is small, then it is placed on a table which is covered by a white cloth. The sole purpose of this cloth is to absorb any oil that may flow from the stone.

⁵Moretti, p. 477 n. 3053.

⁶Schulte, p. 235 n. 6.

⁷Martinucci, Lib. VII, cap. XVI, n. 88, footnote. The Pontifical prescribes tempering the cement with water before it is blessed. This is not feasible, and consequently it is better to keep a sufficient amount of Gregorian water in a seperate vessel to be poured over the dry cement shortly before it is to be used for closing the sepulchre.

- 5. The servers:
 - (a) Master of Ceremonies (MC)
 - (b) Thurifer (TH) who is a priest.
 - (c) Miter Bearer (MB)
 - (d) Two Chaplains (Chs)

Preparation of the Bishop

B vested in a white stole over his rochet and the simple miter; for the private consecration, B does not use crozier at any time.

The Bishop washes his hands⁸ before vesting.

Before the altar

- 1. B before the altar says: Deus omnipoténtem...
- 2. Without miter, which is removed by MC or Ch, B genuflects before the altar to be consecrated, saying: *Deus, in adjutórium meum inténde*. Chs respond: *Dómine, ad adjuvándum me festína*. then B rises. Without miter, B says: *Glória Patri...*, choir responding.
- 3. This responsory is said three times, each time in a higher voice.

Blessing the Water

Exorcism of the Salt and the Water

- 1. B receives miter from MC or Ch.
- 2. B says *Exorcízo te, creatúra salis...*⁹. If the church is not being consecrated, then in the place of *hujus ecclésiæ et altáris* B reads only *hujus altáris*¹⁰.
- 3. B then without miter reads the versicles and the oration.
- 4. B receives the miter for the exorcism of the water, then removes it for the versicles and the oration, as before.

Blessing of the Ashes

- 1. Without miter, B, standing in the same place, blesses the ashes.
- 2. B takes the salt and mixes it with the ashes in the form of a cross saying: *Commíxtio salis, et cíneris páriter fiat. Pa* ♥ *tris, et Fí* ♥ *lii, et Spíritus* ♥ *Sancti. R. Amen.*
- 3. Taking a handful of the salt and ashes, B sprinkles the mixture three times into the water saying: Commíxtio salis, cíneris, et aquae páriter fiat. Pa * tris, et Fí * lii, et Spíritus * Sancti. R. Amen.

Blessing of the Wine

- 1. Without miter, B, standing in the same place, blesses the wine; at this time, TH should prepare his coals.
- 2. B takes the wine and pours it into the water in the form of a cross saying: *Commíxtio vini, salis, cíneris et aquae páriter fiat. Pa* ★ *tris, et Fí* ★ *lii, et Spíritus* ★ *Sancti. R. Amen.*
- 3. Without miter B reads the oration: *Omnípotens sempitérne Deus...* If the church is not being consecrated, then in the place of *hujus ecclésiæ et altáris* B reads only *hujus altáris*.

Signing the Stone

Signing with the water

- 1. With miter, B takes the Gregorian water with the thumb of his right hand and makes a cross in the middle of the stone saying: Sancti ♣ ficétur, et conse ♣ crétur haec tábula, blessing with his right hand in the usual manner at In nómine Pa ♣ tris, et Fí ♣ lii, et Spíritus ♣ Sancti. Pax tibi. Note that one cross is traced at the word Sanctificétur and a second cross is traced at the word Consecrétur.¹¹
- 2. This signing is repeated in each corner of the altar, first on the Gospel side, back, then on

⁸Menghini, p. 317, n. 9

⁹Note that this exorcism is particular to this ceremony.

¹⁰ibid. n. 10

¹¹Schulte, p. 244, n. 19.

the Epistle side, front, then on the Gospel side, front, then the Epistle side, back.

₩2		5 ₩
	₩1	
₩4		3 ₺

- 3. B wipes his thumb in a towel provided by MC, and is then handed the aspergillum.
- 4. B intones the antiphon *Aspérges me* which he recites with Chs. Psalm 50 is then recited, followed by the antiphon; *Glória Patri* is omitted.
- 5. "During the recitation of the *Aspérges* and *Miserére* B sprinkles the stone around the edge, beginning at the middle, in front, then at his right, at the back and at his left, and finally, in front, to the middle. In this manner he sprinkles the stone three times." ¹²

Blessing of the Cement¹³

- 1. The stone is wiped clean with a linen cloth by one of the chaplains; TH should be at hand at this point.
- 2. B, without miter says the versicles and then the oration *Deus*, *qui es visibilium*.
- 3. MC or a Ch presents to B the dry cement which B blesses, saying: *Summe Deus...*

Incensation

- 1. B imposes incense and blesses it with the usual formula.
- 2. B receives miter, censor

- 3. B incenses the stone while reciting *Dirigatur oratio mea sicut incensum in conspectu tuo, Domine* with the chaplains. The stone is incensed three times in the manner in which he sprinkled it before
- 4. TH continuously¹⁴ incenses the stone during the following ceremonies¹⁵.

Anointing with Holy Oil

First anointing

- 1. After the incesation, B intones the antiphon *Erexit Jacob*. The ministers continue the antiphon with B and recite Psalm 83 alternately with him, the *Glória Patri* begin omitted; the antiphon is repeated.
- 2. After the recitation of the antiphon and the psalm, B stands with miter, takes some Oil of the Catechumens on his right thumb, and signs the stone five times with clear crosses, in the same manner as before with the Gregorian water.
- 3. The same formula is pronounced for each cross as before: *Sancti* ★ *ficétur, et conse* ★ *crétur haec tábula, In nómine Pa* ★ *tris, et Fí* ★ *lii, et Spíritus* ★ *Sancti. Pax tibi.*

First incensation

- 1. B cleanses his finger.
- 2. TH receives incense from B, which is blessed in the usual manner.
- 3. B and CHs recite antiphon *Dirigatur...* while B incenses altar as before, but this time only once.
- 4. B returns censor to TH, who continues incensing.

¹²Schulte, p. 246 n. 20.

¹³This cement is blessed by the rite prescribed for the consecratio of a fixed altar, even though there is no mention of this in the Pontifical, S.R.C., May 10, 1890, n. 3726 ad I: textit...Dubium I. An caementum prò firmando in Altari portatili sepulcri lapide benedicendum sit ritu prò Altaris fixi consecratione praescripto? Affirmative.

 $^{^{14}}$ Martinucci, Lib. VI., Cap. XX, n. 14, foot-note.

¹⁵Schulte, p. 248, footnote: "If only one stone is being consecrated, the incensing priest remains standing near the stone. If several stones are being consecrated, he may either remain standing in one place, or he may move around the table on which the stones are placed."

5. After the conclusion of the antiphon, B, without miter, says *Orémus*, the ministers answering *Flectámus génua*, *Leváte*. B recites the oration *Adsit*, *Dómine*.

Second anointing

- 1. B intones the antiphon *Mane surgens Jacob;* Chs recite the antiphon and Psalm 91 as before, the *Glória Patri* begin omitted.
- 2. After the recitation of the antiphon and the psalm, B stands with miter, takes some Oil of the Catechumens on his right thumb and again anoints the stone, as before.

Second incensation

- 1. B cleanses his finger.
- TH receives incense from B, which is blessed in the usual manner.
- 3. B and CHs recite antiphon *Dirigatur...* while B incenses altar as before, but this time only once.
- 4. B returns censor to TH, who continues incensing.
- 5. After the conclusion of the antiphon, B, without miter, says *Orémus*, the ministers answering *Flectámus génua*, *Leváte*. B recites the oration *Adésto*, *Dómine*.

Third anointing

- 1. B intones the antiphon *Unxit te, Deus;* Chs recite the antiphon and Psalm 45 as before, the *Glória Patri* begin omitted.
- 2. After the recitation of the antiphon and the psalm, B stands with miter, takes some Chrism on his right thumb and again anoints the stone, as before.

Third incensation

- 1. B cleanses his finger.
- 2. TH receives incense from B, which is blessed in the usual manner.
- 3. B and CHs recite antiphon *Dirigatur...* while B incenses altar as before, but this time only once.
- 4. B returns censor to TH, who continues incensing.
- 5. After the conclusion of the antiphon, B, without miter, says *Orémus*, the ministers answering *Flectámus génua*, *Leváte*. B recites the oration *Exáudi nos*, *Deus noster*.
- 6. During this prayer¹⁶, one of the attendants adds some of the Gregorian water to the cement and mixes it¹⁷.

Anointing the Confession

- 1. Having concluded the oration, B with miter takes Chrism with his right thumb and anoints the confession in the inside saying Conse ♣ crétur, et sancti ♣ ficétur hoc sepélcrum. In nómine Pa ♣ tris, et Fí ♣ lii, et Spíritus ♣ Sancti. Pax huic domui. As with the previous unction, B traces crosses at the words Consecrétur and Sanctificétur.
- 2. B, without miter, places the relics and three grains of incense¹⁸ in the sepulcher. The dish with the prepared cement is brought to the B.
- 3. B uses a small trowel to spread the cement over the ledge on the inside of the sepulcher and then covers the sepulcher with the small slab. Someone may assist the B with the cement.
- 4. The Chs immediately remove any cement that may remain on the top of the stone.

¹⁶Schulte, p. 256, n. 31

 $^{^{17}\}mbox{The}$ cement should be about the same consistency as tooth-paste.

¹⁸These grains shoul be very small. Note that the Pontifical seems to iterchangeably use the terms *franckincense* and *incense*, but the authors only mention the use of incense.

5. B stands without miter and says: *Orémus*. *Deus*, qui ex ómnium cohabitatióne...

Pouring of the Oils Over the Stone

- 1. B intones the antiphon *Ecce odor*;
- 2. B resumes the miter¹⁹.
- 3. B and Chs continue the antiphon, recite Psalm 86 alternately, the Glória Patri begin omitted, and repeat the antiphon.
- 4. After the psalm B takes cruets containing Chrism and Oil of Catechumens (either both in his right hand or one in each hand) and coinjointly pours these oils on the stone.
- 5. B passes the cruets to Ch1, draws back the sleeves of his right arm, and with the palm of his right hand rubs the holy oils over the entire surface of the stone.
- 6. B then purifies his hand.
- 7. B retaining miter says: *Lápidem hunc...*
- 8. B intones the *Aedificavit Moyses* which he contin- **Preface** ues with Chs.
- 9. Afterwards, B with miter says: Dei Patris omnipoténtis...

Burning of Incense on the Altar

- 1. Ch2 holds²⁰ salver with grains of incense to be burned.
- 2. B stands without miter says the versicles and the oration Dómine, Deus omnípotens...
- 3. B sprinkles the incense (middle, left, right) with holy water and resumes the miter.

4. With his own hand B makes²¹ five crosses of five grains; each cross is placed over the one of the five spots previously anointed. Over each cross of incense, as soon as it is made, he places a cross of thin candle (taper) over the incense²².

5.

- 6. MC lights the four ends of each cross once the fifth one is made 23 .
- 7. The duty of the incensing priest not ceases and the thruible is returned to the TH.
- 8. All of the crosses having been lit, B kneels with bared head before the altar and recites with the ministers the verse: Allelúia²⁴. V. Veni, Sancte Spíritus,...
- 9. After the versicle is concluded, B stands before the altar, receives zuchetto, not miter, and recites with Chs the antiphons Ascéndit fumus and Stetit Angelus.
- 10. After the conclusion of the antiphons, B says *Orémus*, the Chs answering *Flectámus génua*, *Lev*áte. B recites the oration Hujus altáris.

- 1. After the grains are consumed, Ch removes the burt incense and wax from the stone with a spatula. These remains are later depoited in the secrarium.
- 2. B recites the oration *Súpplices tibi*.
- 3. After the oration, B, in the same place and with hands extended, reads the preface in the middle voice.

¹⁹Schulte, p. 259, n. 35

²⁰This is not placed on the altar because of the oils.

 $^{^{21}\}mbox{S.R.C.}$, Jan 14, 1910, n. 4244 ad IV: textit Episcopum consecrantem in praedictis actionibus posse adiuvari a Sacerdotibus.

²²The five grains of incense may be attached to the taper-crosses beforehand, and then the bishop needs only to place the tapercrosses at their places with the grains of incense turned downwards.— Martinucci, Lib. VII, cap. XVI, n. 112, foot-note.

²³Schulte, p. 261, n. 39

²⁴The *Allelúia* being omitted if the ceremony take place between Septuagesima and Easter.

4. He reads the conclusion *Per Dominum nostrum...* in a lower voice, so it can be heard only by the bystanders.

Post Preface

- 1. B intones and then recites with the Chs the antiphon *Confírma hoc*, which is repeated.
- 2. B reads the oration: *Quaesumus omnípotens Deus*.
- 3. TH presents the thurible; B imposes incense and blesses it in the usual manner. B receives the miter and the thurible.
- 4. B intones and then recites with the Chs the antiphon *Omnis terra adoret*.
- 5. B incenses the altar in the form of a cross while he recites the antiphon²⁵.
- 6. B without miter says oration *Descéndat, quae*sumus.

Conclusion

- 1. After the oration, B proceeds to the faldstool, where he first purifies his hands and washes them, then removes the miter, stole and pectoral cross and resumes the mantelletta with the pectoral cross.
- 2. Meanwhile, the altar is cleansed and prepared for Mass.
- 3. If the B is to say the Mass, then he prepares himself; otherwise another priest may prepare for Mass.
- 4. The Mass is of the day of the dedication of an altar.

References

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²⁵Moretti, p. 479