Software Test Document

Testing has been carried out using Postman to send HTTP requests to the API's endpoints.

Before testing, ensure that the latest version of the Docker container is being used (`docker pull coreyrichardson1/trails-api`, `docker run -p 8000:8000 coreyrichardson1/trails-api`) and that you are connected to the University of Plymouth network, either directly or through the FortiClient VPN.

Testing was carried out on a fresh, empty instance of the schema using files Schema\DROP.sql, Schema\init.sql and Schema\VIEW.sql.

Test	Request Body	Expected Response	Actual Response		
Check that frontend displays content as expected.					
http://localhost:8000/	N/A	Ensure http://localhost:8000/	As expected.		
		displays a box with a summary of			
		the application and a navigation			
		link to the Swagger UI page.			
http://localhost:8000/api/ui/	N/A	Ensure	As expected.		
		http://localhost:8000/api/ui/			
		displays the API documentation,			
		with section tags for			
		Authentication, Features, Points,			
		Trails, Trail-Feature Links and			
		Users.			
	Test that GET/READ endpoint	s don't require authentication.			
A GET request to /feature returns	N/A	200 OK	200 OK		
OK.					
A GET request to /feature/1	N/A	404 NOT FOUND	404 NOT FOUND		
returns NOT FOUND.		{	{		
		"detail":,	"detail":,		
		"status": 404,	"status": 404,		
		"title": "Not Found",	"title": "Not Found",		
		"type":	"type":		
		}	}		

A GET request to /point returns OK.	N/A	200 OK	200 OK
A GET request to /point/1 returns NOT FOUND.	N/A	404 NOT FOUND	404 NOT FOUND
A GET request to /trail returns OK.	N/A	200 OK	200 OK
A GET request to /trail/1 returns NOT FOUND.	N/A	404 NOT FOUND	404 NOT FOUND
A GET request to /trail-feature returns OK.	N/A	200 OK	200 OK
A GET request to /trail- feature/1/features returns NOT FOUND.	N/A	404 NOT FOUND	404 NOT FOUND
A GET request to /trail-feature/1/1 returns NOT FOUND.	N/A	404 NOT FOUND	404 NOT FOUND
Test that GET	Γendpoints associated with User ol	pjects ARE protected and require at	thentication.
A GET request to /user is blocked.	N/A	401 UNAUTHORIZED	401 UNAUTHORIZED
A GET request to /user/1 returns UNAUTHORIZED.	N/A	401 UNAUTHORIZED	401 UNAUTHORIZED
Tes	t that the <i>/login</i> endpoint returns a .	JWT token on POST of valid credent	ials.
Authentication highlights missing credentials.	{ "email" : "john.doe@example.com }	400 BAD REQUEST	400 BAD REQUEST
Authentication rejects invalid credentials.	{ "email" : "john.doe@example.com", "password" : "Password123!" }	401 UNAUTHORIZED	401 UNAUTHORIZED
Authentication returns JWT token on post of valid credentials.	{ "email" : "grace@plymouth.ac.uk", "password" : "ISAD123!" }	200 OK	"AttributeError: module 'jwt' has no attribute 'encode'" Caused by a naming conflict between PIP modules 'jwt' and 'PyJWT'.

Authentication returns JWT token on post of valid credentials.	{ "email" : "grace@plymouth.ac.uk", "password" : "ISAD123!" }	200 OK { "token": "x.y.z" }	200 OK {"token": "x.y.z" }
	}		

The authentication endpoint returns a JSON Web Token (JWT) which can be passed into the *Authorization* header of a request to allow access to Create, Update and Delete operations via POST, PUT and DELETE HTTP requests. Using Postman, this header can either be manually set as a Custom Header or it can be provided in the *Authorization* tab as a *Bearer Token*. With the Authorization header set, protected endpoints will now be accessible.

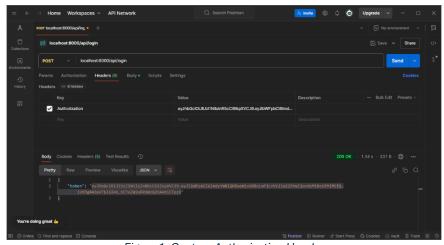


Figure 1: Custom Authorization Header

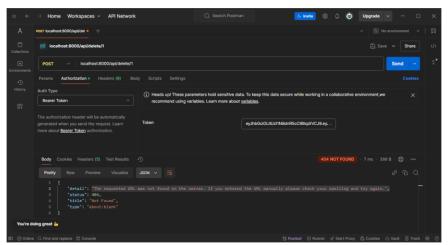


Figure 2: Authorization > Auth Type > Bearer Token

Test	Request Body	Expected Response	Actual Response		
Check user was added to the User table during authentication.					
A GET request to /user shows that "grace@plymouth.ac.uk" is present in the table with the role "ADMIN".	N/A	200 OK JSON List containing User	200 OK [
A GET request to /user/1 returns "grace@plymouth.ac.uk"	N/A	200 OK JSON Object containing User	200 OK { "email": "grace@plymouth.ac.uk", "id": 1, "role": "ADMIN" }		
	Test Fea	ture Endpoints			
A POST request to /feature creates a new Feature and adds it to the database.	{ "feature" : "Aeroport" }	201 CREATED	201 CREATED		
A PUT request to /feature/1 will update a Feature's attributes.	{ "feature" : "Airport" }	200 OK	200 OK		
A GET request to /feature returns a single Feature from the database.	N/A	200 OK	200 OK		
A DELETE request to /feature/1 deletes a Feature from the database.	N/A	204 NO CONTENT	204 NO CONTENT		
A GET request to <i>/feature</i> returns an empty JSON list.	N/A	200 OK	200 OK		

	Test Point Endpoints				
A POST request to /point creates a new Point and adds it to the database.	{ "latitude": 50.423698, "longitude": -4.110593, "description": "Point 1" }	201 CREATED	201 CREATED		
A POST request to /point rejects a new Point if the next or previous linked Points don't exist.	{ "latitude": 50.420222, "longitude": -4.099503, "description": "Point 2", "next_point_id": 100, "previous_point_id": 98 }	404 NOT FOUND	404 NOT FOUND		
A PUT request to /point/1 will update a Point's attributes.	{ "latitude": 50.424958, "longitude": -4.108179 }	200 OK	200 OK		
A GET request to /point returns a single Point from the database.	N/A	200 OK	200 OK		
A DELETE request to /point/1 deletes a Point from the database.	N/A	204 NO CONTENT	204 NO CONTENT		
A GET request to /point returns an empty JSON List.	N/A	200 OK	200 OK		

Test Trail Endpoints				
A POST request to /trail creates a new Trail and adds it to the database.	{ "author_id": 1, "description": "Trail description", "difficulty": "Easy", "elevation_gain": 10, "length": 100.5, "location": "Plymouth, UK", "name": "Trail name", "route_type": "Loop", "summary": "string" }	201 CREATED	201 CREATED	
A POST request to /trail rejects a new Trail if the Starting Point doesn't exist.	{ "author_id": 1, "description": "Trail description", "difficulty": "Easy", "elevation_gain": 10, "length": 100.5, "location": "Plymouth, UK", "name": "Trail name", "route_type": "Loop", "summary": "string", "starting_point_id": 100 }	404 NOT FOUND	404 NOT FOUND	

A POST request to /trail rejects a new Trail if the Difficulty isn't in the enumerated type.	<pre>{ "author_id": 1, "description": "Trail description", "difficulty": "Super Duper Tricky", "elevation_gain": 10, "length": 100.5, "location": "Plymouth, UK", "name": "Trail name", "route_type": "Loop", "summary": "string" }</pre>	400 BAD REQUEST	'Super Duper Tricky' is not one of ['Easy', 'Moderate', 'Hard'] - 'difficulty'
A POST request to /trail rejects a new Trail if the Route Type isn't in the enumerated type.	{ "author_id": 1, "description": "Trail description", "difficulty": "Easy", "elevation_gain": 10, "length": 100.5, "location": "Plymouth, UK", "name": "Trail name", "route_type": "Circular", "summary": "string" }	400 BAD REQUEST	'Circular' is not one of ['Loop', 'Out & back', 'Point to point'] - 'route_type'
A PUT request to /trail/1 will update a Trail's attributes.	{ "summary": "Updated Trail Summary" }	200 OK	200 OK
A GET request to /trail returns a single Trail from the database.	N/A	200 OK	200 OK
A DELETE request to /trail/1 deletes a Trail from the database.	N/A	204 NO CONTENT	204 NO CONTENT
A GET request to /trail returns an empty JSON List.	N/A	200 OK	200 OK

	Test Trail-Featu	re Link Endpoints	
Create a temporary Trail using a POST request to /trail to use to test the Trail-Feature link.	{ "author_id": 1, "description": "There and Back Again", "difficulty": "Hard", "elevation_gain": 3500, "length": 950, "location": "Middle Earth", "name": "A Quest to Slay a Dragon", "route_type": "Out & back", "summary": "Trail Summary" }	201 CREATED	401 UNAUTHORIZED (Token expired!) 201 CREATED Returned ID: 2
Create a temporary Feature using a POST request to /feature to use to test the Trail-Feature link. #1	{ "feature": "Trolls" }	201 CREATED	201 CREATED Returned ID: 3
Create a temporary Feature using a POST request to /feature to use to test the Trail-Feature link. #2	{ "feature": "Dragons" }	201 CREATED	201 CREATED Returned ID: 4
A POST request to /trail-feature creates a link between a Trail and a Feature. #1	{ "trail_id": 2, "feature_id": 3 }	201 CREATED	201 CREATED
A PUT request to /trail-feature/2/3 updates a link between a Trail and a Feature	{ "feature_id": 4 }	200 OK	200 OK
A POST request to /trail-feature creates a link between a Trail and a Feature. #2	{ "trail_id": 2, "feature_id": 3 }	201 CREATED	201 CREATED
A GET request to /trail- feature/2/features returns a JSON list with two <u>Features</u> .	N/A	200 OK	200 OK

A DELETE request to /trail- feature/2/3 removes a link between a Trail and a Feature.	N/A	204 NO CONTENT	204 NO CONTENT
A GET request to /trail-feature returns a JSON list with a single Trail-Feature Link.	N/A	200 OK	200 OK
A DELETE request to /trail- feature/2/4 removes a link between a Trail and a Feature.	N/A	204 NO CONTENT	204 NO CONTENT
Delete the temporary Trail using a DELETE request to /trail/2.	N/A	204 NO CONTENT	204 NO CONTENT
Delete a temporary Feature using a DELETE request to /feature/3.	N/A	204 NO CONTENT	204 NO CONTENT
Delete a temporary Feature using a DELETE request to /feature/4.	N/A	204 NO CONTENT	204 NO CONTENT

	Test User Endpoints				
A POST request to /user creates a new User and adds them to the database.	{ "email": "john.doe@example.com", "role": "USER" }	201 CREATED	201 CREATED		
A PUT request to /user/3 will reject an update on a User's attributes if the role isn't in the enumerated type.	{ "role": "ADMINISTRATOR" }	400 BAD REQUEST	400 BAD REQUEST		
A PUT request to /user/3 will update a User's attributes.	{ "role": "ADMIN" }	200 OK	200 OK		
A GET request to /user/3 returns a single User from the database.	N/A	200 OK	200 OK		
A DELETE request to /user/3 deletes a User from the database.	N/A	204 NO CONTENT	204 NO CONTENT		
A GET request to /user returns a single User: "grace@plymouth.ac.uk".	N/A	200 OK	200 OK		

	Test the Tra	il Creation Workflow	
Create a series of Points using POST requests to /point.	{ "latitude": 50.423698, "longitude": -4.110593, "description": "Point 1"	200 OK	200 OK Returned ID: 3
	{ "latitude": 50.424958, "longitude": -4.108179, "description": "Point 2" }	200 OK	200 OK Returned ID: 4
	{ "latitude": 50.420222, "longitude": -4.099503, "description": "Point 3" }	200 OK	200 OK Returned ID: 5
	{ "latitude": 50.422134, "longitude": -4.113191, "description": "Point 4" }	200 OK	200 OK Returned ID: 6
	{ "latitude": 50.424262, "longitude": -4.109453, "description": "Point 5" }	200 OK	200 OK Returned ID: 7

Link a series of Points using PUT requests to /point/{point_id}.	/point/3	200 OK	200 OK
requests to /points (point_ray.	{ "next_point_id": 4,		
	"previous_point_id": 7 }		
	/point/4	200 OK	200 OK
	{ "next_point_id": 5,		
	"previous_point_id": 3		
	/point/5	200 OK	200 OK
	{ "next_point_id": 6, "previous_point_id": 4		
	} /point/6	200 OK	200 OK
	{ "next_point_id": 7, "previous_point_id": 5 }		
	/point/7	200 OK	200 OK
	{ "next_point_id": 3, "previous_point_id": 6 }		

	Τ,	004 0054750	004 0054750
Create a Trail using a POST	{	201 CREATED	201 CREATED
request to /trail using Point 3 as	"author_id": 1,		
the <i>starting_point_id</i> . This trail is a	"starting_point_id": 3,		Returned ID: 3
Loop.	"name": "Plymouth Airport		
·	Runway",		
	"summary": "A walk that follows		
	Plymouth Airports runway",		
	"description": "This trail follows		
	the Plymouth airport runway. Not		
	technically legal to walk this one.",		
	"difficulty": "Easy",		
	"location": "Plymouth, UK",		
	"length": 5.0,		
	"elevation_gain": 1,		
	"route_type": "Loop"		
	}		
Create a Feature using a POST	{	201 CREATED	201 CREATED
request to /feature.	"feature": "Runway Walk"		
	}		Returned ID: 5
Link the created Trail and Feature	{	201 CREATED	201 CREATED
using a POST request to	"trail_id": 3,		
/trail-feature.	"feature_id": 5		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3		
Send a GET request to /trail-	N/A	200 OK	200 OK
feature/3/features to confirm the		200 OK	200 OK
link has been created.			r
unk has been created.			
			"feature": "Runway Walk",
			"id": 5
			}
]

I also utilised Postman's *Collection* feature to create a Test Sequence which will run through a predefined series of HTTP requests and compare the results against a set response status code. This allows for faster testing improving the efficiency at which new features could be added. This test Collection can be seen in my GitHub repository at /Testing/TestSequence.postman_collection.json and the exported results can be viewed at /Testing/TestSequence.postman_test_run.json.

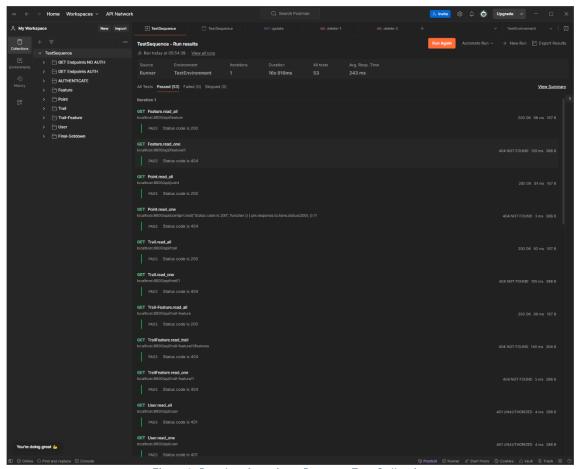


Figure 3: Results of running a Postman Test Collection