

## User Extract usa\_00074.dat

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## § 1. Document Description

### Citation

| Title Statement          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Title:                   | Codebook for an IPUMS-USA Data Extract  |
| Subtitle:                | DDI 2.5 metadata describing the extract file 'usa_00074.dat'                                |
| Identification Number:   | ddi2-22606_usa_00074.dat-usa.ipums.org  |
| Responsibility Statement |   |
| Authoring Entity:        | Minnesota Population Center   |
| Affiliation:             | University of Minnesota   |
| Production Statement     |   |
| Producer:                | Minnesota Population Center   |
| Affiliation:             | University of Minnesota   |
| Role:                    | Documentation   |
| Date of Production:      | March 6, 2019   |
| Place of Production:     | Minnesota Population Center, 50 Willey Hall, 225 - 19th Avenue South, Minneapolis, MN 55455 |
| Distribution Statement   |   |
| Contact Persons:         | Minnesota Population Center   |

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Affiliation: | University of Minnesota                             |
| URI:         | <a href="http://pop.umn.edu">http://pop.umn.edu</a> |

## § 2. Study Description

### Citation

|                                 |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <b>Title Statement</b>          |   |
| Title:                          | User Extract usa_00074.dat  |
| <b>Responsibility Statement</b> |   |
| Authoring Entity:               | Minnesota Population Center   |
| Affiliation:                    | University of Minnesota   |
| <b>Production Statement</b>     |   |
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| <b>Distribution Statement</b>   |   |
| Contact Persons:                | Minnesota Population Center   |
| Affiliation:                    | University of Minnesota   |
| URI:                            | <a href="http://pop.umn.edu">http://pop.umn.edu</a>   |
| <b>Version Statement</b>        |   |
| Date:                           | 2019-03-06  |

### Study Scope

|                            |
|----------------------------|
| <b>Subject Information</b> |
|----------------------------|

|                                 |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Topic Classification:           | Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD   |
|                                 | Geographic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD  |
|                                 | Group Quarters Variables -- HOUSEHOLD  |
|                                 | Technical Variables -- PERSON  |
|                                 | Demographic Variables -- PERSON  |
|                                 | Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON  |
|                                 | Education Variables -- PERSON  |
|                                 | Work Variables -- PERSON   |
|                                 | Income Variables -- PERSON   |
|                                 | Migration Variables -- PERSON  |
|                                 | Place of Work and Travel Time Variables -- PERSON  |
| <b>Summary Data Description</b> |  |
| Time Period:                    | 2016   |
| Country:                        | United States  |
| <b>Notes</b>                    |  |
| Note:                           | Additional notes on a sample that is part of this study: 2016 ACS\<br>Density of the full data file: 1.0%<br>Density of this extract: 1.0% |

## Data Access - Use Statement

|                                    |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Confidentiality Declaration</b> |   |
| None                               |   |
| Contact Persons:                   | IPUMS-USA   |
| Affiliation:                       | Minnesota Population Center                             |
| URI:                               | <a href="http://usa.ipums.org">http://usa.ipums.org</a> |
| <b>Citation Requirement</b>        |   |

Publications and research reports based on the IPUMS-USA database must cite it appropriately. The citation should include the following:

Steven Ruggles, Sarah Flood, Ronald Goeken, Josiah Grover, Erin Meyer, Jose Pacas, and Matthew Sobek. IPUMS USA: Version 8.0 [dataset]. Minneapolis, MN: IPUMS, 2018. <https://doi.org/10.18128/D010.V8.0>

The licensing agreement for use of IPUMS-USA data requires that users supply us with the title and full citation for any publications, research reports, or educational materials making use of the data or documentation. Please add your citation to the IPUMS bibliography at <http://bibliography.ipums.org/>.

### Conditions

Users of IPUMS-USA data must agree to abide by the conditions of use. A user's license is valid for one year and may be renewed. Users must agree to the following conditions:

- (1) No fees may be charged for use or distribution of the data.
- (2) Cite IPUMS appropriately. For information on proper citation, refer to the citation requirement section of this DDI document.
- (3) Tell us about any work you do using the IPUMS. Publications, research reports, or presentations making use of IPUMS-USA should be added to our Bibliography. Continued funding for the IPUMS depends on our ability to show our sponsor agencies that researchers are using the data for productive purposes.
- (4) The IPUMS cannot be used for genealogical research
- (5) It is difficult to use the IPUMS to study small geographic areas. In the IPUMS census samples for years 1940-present, no places having a population of fewer than 100,000 persons can be identified.
- (6) Use it for GOOD -- never for EVIL.
- (7) Please notify [ipums@umn.edu](mailto:ipums@umn.edu) regarding errors in the data or documentation.

### Disclaimer

The user of the data acknowledges that the original collector of the data, the authorized distributor of the data, and the relevant funding agency bear no responsibility for use of the data or for interpretations or inferences based upon such uses.

## Study Notes

### Notes

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| Note: | User-provided description: IPUMS USA 2016 ACS 5 for PSU |
|-------|---|

## § 3. File Description

### File

|                    |                   |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| File Name:         | usa_00074.dat     |
| Contents of Files: | Microdata records |
| Type:              | rectangular       |

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| File Type:                | ISO-8859-1 data file  |
| Data Format:              | fixed length fields   |
| Place of File Production: | Minnesota Population Center, 50 Willey Hall, 225 - 19th Avenue South, Minneapolis, MN 55455 |

## § 4. Variable Description

### Jump to Variable

1. [YEAR](#) (Census year)
2. [DATANUM](#) (Data set number)
3. [SERIAL](#) (Household serial number)
4. [CBSERIAL](#) (Original Census Bureau household serial number)
5. [HHWT](#) (Household weight)
6. [REGION](#) (Census region and division)
7. [STATEICP](#) (State (ICPSR code))
8. [STATEFIP](#) (State (FIPS code))
9. [METRO](#) (Metropolitan status)
10. [MET2013](#) (Metropolitan area (2013 OMB delineations))
11. [PUMA](#) (Public Use Microdata Area)
12. [GQ](#) (Group quarters status)
13. [PERNUM](#) (Person number in sample unit)
14. [PERWT](#) (Person weight)
15. [RELATE](#) (Relationship to household head [general version])
16. [RELATED](#) (Relationship to household head [detailed version])
17. [SEX](#) (Sex)
18. [AGE](#) (Age)
19. [BIRTHYR](#) (Year of birth)
20. [RACE](#) (Race [general version])
21. [RACED](#) (Race [detailed version])
22. [HISPAN](#) (Hispanic origin [general version])
23. [HISPAND](#) (Hispanic origin [detailed version])
24. [CITIZEN](#) (Citizenship status)
25. [YRNATUR](#) (Year naturalized)
26. [YRIMMIG](#) (Year of immigration)
27. [YRSUSA1](#) (Years in the United States)
28. [SPEAKENG](#) (Speaks English)
29. [SCHOOL](#) (School attendance)
30. [EDUC](#) (Educational attainment [general version])
31. [EDUCD](#) (Educational attainment [detailed version])
32. [EMPSTAT](#) (Employment status [general version])
33. [EMPSTATD](#) (Employment status [detailed version])
34. [LABFORCE](#) (Labor force status)
35. [INCTOT](#) (Total personal income)

- 36. [FTOTINC](#) (Total family income)
- 37. [INCWAGE](#) (Wage and salary income)
- 38. [POVERTY](#) (Poverty status)
- 39. [MIGRATE1](#) (Migration status, 1 year [general version])
- 40. [MIGRATE1D](#) (Migration status, 1 year [detailed version])
- 41. [TRANWORK](#) (Means of transportation to work)
- 42. [CARPOOL](#) (Carpooling)
- 43. [RIDERS](#) (Vehicle occupancy)
- 44. [TRANTIME](#) (Travel time to work)

## Variable: "YEAR"

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name:                   | YEAR   |
| Label:                  | Census year  |
| Variable Text:          | <p>YEAR reports the four-digit year when the household was enumerated or included in the census, the ACS, and the PRCS.</p> <p>For the multi-year ACS/PRCS samples, YEAR indicates the last year of data included (e.g., 2007 for the 2005-2007 3-year ACS/PRCS; 2008 for the 2006-2008 3-year ACS/PRCS; and so on). For the actual year of survey in these multi-year data, see MULTYEAR.</p> |
| Concept:                | Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD   |
| Start Position:         | 1  |
| End Position:           | 4  |
| Width:                  | 4  |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0  |

### Categories

| Value | Label |
|-------|-------|
| 1850  | 1850  |
| 1860  | 1860  |
| 1870  | 1870  |
|       |       |

|      |      |
|------|------|
| 1880 | 1880 |
| 1900 | 1900 |
| 1910 | 1910 |
| 1920 | 1920 |
| 1930 | 1930 |
| 1940 | 1940 |
| 1950 | 1950 |
| 1960 | 1960 |
| 1970 | 1970 |
| 1980 | 1980 |
| 1990 | 1990 |
| 2000 | 2000 |
| 2001 | 2001 |
| 2002 | 2002 |
| 2003 | 2003 |
| 2004 | 2004 |
| 2005 | 2005 |
| 2006 | 2006 |
| 2007 | 2007 |
| 2008 | 2008 |
| 2009 | 2009 |
| 2010 | 2010 |
| 2011 | 2011 |
| 2012 | 2012 |
| 2013 | 2013 |
| 2014 | 2014 |
| 2015 | 2015 |

2016

2016

**Variable: "DATANUM"**

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Name:                   | DATANUM   |
| Label:                  | Data set number   |
| Variable Text:          | <p>DATANUM identifies the particular sample from which the case is drawn in a given year. For most censuses, the IPUMS has multiple datasets available which were constructed using different sampling techniques (i.e. size/demographic of the sample population, geographic coverage level or location, or duration of the sampling period for the ACS/PRCS samples).</p> <p>The 1970 samples present a special case; in addition to geographic coding differences, the samples were drawn from two distinct questionnaires ("long forms"), referred to in the IPUMS as Form 1 and Form 2. Different questions were asked of the persons in the Form 1 and Form 2 samples, necessitating separate treatment in the record layout. For other census years, DATANUM has a value of 1 because only one sample is available for that year.</p> <p>The availability table for each variable indicates whether that variable is available in only certain samples for a given year. For further discussion of sample differences, see "Sample Designs." [URL omitted from DDI.]</p> |
| Concept:                | Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD  |
| Start Position:         | 5   |
| End Position:           | 6   |
| Width:                  | 2   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |
| Coder Instructions:     | <p>The following years have multiple samples in the IPUMS. Some samples from recent years have been renamed in the IPUMS. The original sample names appear in parentheses.</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 90px; }</pre>   |



## DATANUM

## Census Year

## 1850:

1 = 1850 1% unweighted sample

2 = 1850 100% dataset

## 1860 and 1870:

1 = 1860 and 1870 1% samples

2 = 1860 and 1870 1% samples combined with Black oversamples

## 1880:

1 = 1880 1% sample

2 = 1880 10% sample with oversample

3 = 1880 100% dataset

## 1900:

1 = 1900 1% sample with oversample (2%)

2 = 1900 1% unweighted sample

3 = 1900 5% sample

## 1910:

1 = 1910 1.4% sample with oversample

2 = 1910 1% unweighted sample

3 = 1910 1% Puerto Rico sample with oversample

4 = 1910 100% dataset

## 1920:

1 = 1920 1% sample

2 = 1920 Puerto Rico sample with oversample

3 = 1920 100% dataset

1930:

1 = 1930 1% sample

2 = 1930 5% sample

3 = 1930 5% Puerto Rico sample

4 = 1930 100% dataset

1940:

1 = 1940 1% sample

2 = 1940 100% sample

1950:

1 = 1950 1% sample

1960:

1 = 1960 1% sample

2 = 1960 5% sample (Internal Census)

1970:

1 = 1970 1% Form 1 State sample (5% State)

2 = 1970 1% Form 2 State sample (15% State)

3 = 1970 1% Form 1 Metro sample (5% County group)

4 = 1970 1% Form 2 Metro sample (15% County group)

5 = 1970 1% Form 1 Neighborhood sample (5% Neighborhood characteristics)

6 = 1970 1% Form 2 Neighborhood sample (15% Neighborhood characteristics)

8 = 1970 1% Puerto Rico State sample

9 = 1970 1% Puerto Rico Municipio sample

0 = 1970 1% Puerto Rico Neighborhood sample

## 1980:

- 1 = 1980 5% State sample ("A," 5% State)
- 2 = 1980 1% Metro sample ("B," 1% County group)
- 3 = 1980 1% Urban/Rural sample ("C," 1% Urban/rural)
- 4 = 1980 1% Labor Market Areas sample ("D," 1% State)
- 5 = 1980 1% Detailed Metro/Nonmetro sample ("E," 1% Urban/rural)
- 6 = 1980 5% Puerto Rico sample
- 7 = 1980 1% Puerto Rico sample
- 8 = 1980 Puerto Rico Urban/Rural sample
- 9 = 1980 Internal Census sample

## 1990:

- 1 = 1990 5% State (5% State)
- 2 = 1990 1% Metro (1% Metropolitan)
- 3 = 1990 3%Elderly (3% Elderly)
- 4 = 1990 1% Flat (1%, derived from State sample)
- 5 = 1990 1% Labor Market Areas ("L," 1% State)
- 8 = 1990 Internal Census sample

## 2000:

- 1 = 2000 5% Census sample
- 2 = 2000 1% Census sample (old)
- 3 = 2000 ACS
- 4 = 2000 1% Flat (1%, derived from 5% Census sample)
- 5 = 2000 5% Puerto Rico sample
- 6 = 2000 1% Puerto Rico sample (old)
- 7 = 2000 1% Census sample
- 8 = 2000 1% Puerto Rico sample

## 2010:

1 = 2010 10% Census sample

2 = 2010 Puerto Rico 10% sample

ACS/PRCS 2001-Present

1 = ACS sample (except 2000 - see above)

2 = PRCS sample (available starting in 2005)

3 = ACS 3-Year sample (available starting with the 2005-2007 period)

4 = PRCS 3-Year sample (available starting with the 2005-2007 period)

5 = ACS 5-Year sample (available starting with the 2005-2009 period)

6 = PRCS 5-Year sample (available starting with the 2005-2009 period)

## Variable: "SERIAL"

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| Name:            | SERIAL   |
| Label:           | Household serial number  |
| Variable Text:   | <p>SERIAL is an identifying number unique to each household record in a given sample. All person records are assigned the same serial number as the household record that they follow. (Person records also have their own unique identifiers - see PERNUM.) A combination of YEAR, DATANUM, and SERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS; the combination of YEAR, DATANUM, SERIAL, and PERNUM uniquely identifies every person in the database.</p> <p>For 1850-1930, households that are part of a multi-household dwelling can be identified by using the DWELLING and DWSEQ variables. See "Sample Designs" [URL omitted from DDI.] for further discussion of sampling from within multi-household dwellings.</p> |
| Concept:         | Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD   |
| Start Position:  | 7  |
| End Position:    | 14   |
| Width:           | 8  |
| Variable Format: | numeric  |
|                  |  |

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |
| Coder Instructions:     | <p>SERIAL is an 8-digit numeric variable which assigns a unique identification number to each household record in a given sample (See PERNUM for the analogous person record identifier). A combination of YEAR, DATANUM, and SERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS; the combination of YEAR, DATANUM, SERIAL, and PERNUM uniquely identifies every person in the database. SERIAL specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>SERIAL Specific Variable Codes</p> |

## Variable: "CBSERIAL"

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Name:                   | CBSERIAL  |
| Label:                  | Original Census Bureau household serial number  |
| Variable Text:          | <p>CBSERIAL is the unique, original identification number assigned to each household record in a given sample by the Census Bureau. All person records are assigned the same serial number as the household record that they follow. (The original person record unique identification numbers assigned by the Census Bureau are provided by CBPERNUM.)</p> <p>A combination of YEAR, DATANUM, and CBSERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS; the combination of YEAR, DATANUM, CBSERIAL, and CBPERNUM uniquely identifies every person in the database.</p> |
| Concept:                | Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD  |
| Start Position:         | 15  |
| End Position:           | 27  |
| Width:                  | 13  |
| Variable Format:        | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |
| Coder Instructions:     | <p>CBSERIAL is an 8-digit numeric variable which assigns a unique identification number to each household record in a given sample (See CBPERNUM for the analogous person record identifier). CBSERIAL specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>CBSERIAL Specific Variable Codes</p>  |

**Variable: "HHWT"**

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name:                   | HHWT   |
| Label:                  | Household weight   |
| Variable Text:          | <p>HHWT indicates how many households in the U.S. population are represented by a given household in an IPUMS sample.</p> <p>It is generally a good idea to use HHWT when conducting a household-level analysis of any IPUMS sample. The use of HHWT is optional when analyzing one of the "flat" or unweighted IPUMS samples. Flat IPUMS samples include the 1% samples from 1850-1930, all samples from 1960, 1970, and 1980, the 1% unweighted samples from 1990 and 2000, the 10% 2010 sample, and any of the full count 100% census datasets. HHWT must be used to obtain nationally representative statistics for household-level analyses of any sample other than those.</p> <p>Users should also be sure to select one person (e.g., PERNUM = 1) to represent the entire household.</p> <p>For further explanation of the sample weights, see "Sample Designs" [URL omitted from DDI.] and "Sample Weights" [URL omitted from DDI.]. See also PERWT for a corresponding variable at the person level, and SLWT for a weight variable used with sample-line records in 1940 1% and 1950.</p> |
| Concept:                | Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD   |
| Start Position:         | 28   |
| End Position:           | 37   |
| Width:                  | 10   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 2  |
| Coder Instructions:     | <p>HHWT is a 6-digit numeric variable which indicates how many households in the U.S. population are represented by a given household in an IPUMS sample and has two implied decimals. For example, a HHWT value of 010461 should be interpreted as 104.61. HHWT specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Users should also be sure to select one person (e.g., PERNUM = 1) to represent the entire household when using HHWT.</p> <p>HHWT Specific Variable Codes</p>  |

**Variable: "REGION"**

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Name:                   | REGION  |
| Label:                  | Census region and division  |
| Variable Text:          | <p>REGION identifies the region and division where the housing unit was located. Unless otherwise noted in the comparability discussion, states, or territories that later became states, are recoded into the following 1990 regional and divisional classification system:</p> <p>1. Northeast Region<br/>New England Division: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont<br/>Middle Atlantic Division: New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania</p> <p>2. Midwest (formerly North Central) Region<br/>East North Central Division: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin<br/>West North Central Division: Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota</p> <p>3. South Region<br/>South Atlantic Division: Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia<br/>East South Central Division: Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee<br/>West South Central Division: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma/Indian Territory, Texas</p> <p>4. West Region<br/>Mountain Division: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming<br/>Pacific Division: Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, Washington</p> <p>9. State Unknown<br/>1900-1910: overseas military reservations are not identified by state.<br/>1980-1990: to protect confidentiality, state cannot be identified for PUMAs or county groups that cross state boundaries.</p> |
| Concept:                | Geographic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD   |
| Start Position:         | 38  |
| End Position:           | 39  |
| Width:                  | 2   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |

### Categories

| Value | Label                                  |
|-------|--|
| 11    | New England Division                   |
| 12    | Middle Atlantic Division               |
| 13    | Mixed Northeast Divisions (1970 Metro) |

|    |   |
|----|---|
| 21 | East North Central Div.                     |
| 22 | West North Central Div.                     |
| 23 | Mixed Midwest Divisions (1970 Metro)        |
| 31 | South Atlantic Division                     |
| 32 | East South Central Div.                     |
| 33 | West South Central Div.                     |
| 34 | Mixed Southern Divisions (1970 Metro)       |
| 41 | Mountain Division                           |
| 42 | Pacific Division                            |
| 43 | Mixed Western Divisions (1970 Metro)        |
| 91 | Military/Military reservations              |
| 92 | PUMA boundaries cross state lines-1% sample |
| 97 | State not identified                        |
| 99 | Not identified                              |

## Variable: "STATEICP"

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| Name:           | STATEICP   |
| Label:          | State (ICPSR code)   |
| Variable Text:  | <p>STATEICP identifies the state in which the housing unit was located, using the coding scheme developed by the Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR). The ICPSR scheme orders states first by geographic division and then alphabetically within each division. Note that the ICPSR geographic divisions do not correspond exactly with the census regions used in the IPUMS variable REGION.</p> <p>State or territory names represent that state or territory's contemporary political boundaries for a given year. Users should familiarize themselves with any historical changes in these boundaries that might affect their research. (Go here [URL omitted from DDI.] for year-by-year maps of states and territories in the U.S.) IPUMS assigns current state codes to territories that later became states; for example, Arizona Territory in 1880 and 1900 is given the Arizona state code (61). In 1880, Dakota Territory counties are split between areas that ultimately became North and South Dakota.</p> |
| Concept:        | Geographic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD  |
| Start Position: | 40   |



|                         |         |
|-------------------------|---------|
| End Position:           | 41      |
| Width:                  | 2       |
| Variable Format:        | numeric |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0       |

**Categories**

| Value | Label         |
|-------|---------------|
| 01    | Connecticut   |
| 02    | Maine         |
| 03    | Massachusetts |
| 04    | New Hampshire |
| 05    | Rhode Island  |
| 06    | Vermont       |
| 11    | Delaware      |
| 12    | New Jersey    |
| 13    | New York      |
| 14    | Pennsylvania  |
| 21    | Illinois      |
| 22    | Indiana       |
| 23    | Michigan      |
| 24    | Ohio          |
| 25    | Wisconsin     |
| 31    | Iowa          |
| 32    | Kansas        |
|       |               |

|    |                |
|----|----------------|
| 33 | Minnesota      |
| 34 | Missouri       |
| 35 | Nebraska       |
| 36 | North Dakota   |
| 37 | South Dakota   |
| 40 | Virginia       |
| 41 | Alabama        |
| 42 | Arkansas       |
| 43 | Florida        |
| 44 | Georgia        |
| 45 | Louisiana      |
| 46 | Mississippi    |
| 47 | North Carolina |
| 48 | South Carolina |
| 49 | Texas          |
| 51 | Kentucky       |
| 52 | Maryland       |
| 53 | Oklahoma       |
| 54 | Tennessee      |
| 56 | West Virginia  |
| 61 | Arizona        |
| 62 | Colorado       |
| 63 | Idaho          |
| 64 | Montana        |
| 65 | Nevada         |
| 66 | New Mexico     |
| 67 | Utah           |

|    |   |
|----|---|
| 68 | Wyoming                                   |
| 71 | California                                |
| 72 | Oregon                                    |
| 73 | Washington                                |
| 81 | Alaska                                    |
| 82 | Hawaii                                    |
| 83 | Puerto Rico                               |
| 96 | State groupings (1980 Urban/rural sample) |
| 97 | Military/Mil. Reservations                |
| 98 | District of Columbia                      |
| 99 | State not identified                      |

### Variable: "STATEFIP"

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| Name:            | STATEFIP   |
| Label:           | State (FIPS code)  |
| Variable Text:   | <p>STATEFIP reports the state in which the household was located, using the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) coding scheme, which orders the states alphabetically.</p> <p>In the 1980 Urban/Rural sample, STATEFIP identifies state groups that are not available in STATEICP; these state groups (codes 61-68) are only available for that particular sample.</p> <p>See "Geographic Coding and Comparability" [URL omitted from DDI.] for more information on the geographic detail available in particular samples.</p> |
| Concept:         | Geographic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD  |
| Start Position:  | 42   |
| End Position:    | 43   |
| Width:           | 2  |
| Variable Format: | numeric  |

| Implied<br>Decimal<br>Places:  | 0                    |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
|--|----------------------|-------|-------|----|---------|----|--------|----|---------|----|----------|----|------------|----|----------|----|-------------|----|----------|----|----------------------|----|---------|----|---------|----|--------|----|-------|----|----------|----|---------|----|------|----|--------|----|----------|----|-----------|----|-------|----|----------|----|---------------|
| Categories   |                      |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| <table><tr><th>Value</th><th>Label</th></tr><tr><td>01</td><td>Alabama</td></tr><tr><td>02</td><td>Alaska</td></tr><tr><td>04</td><td>Arizona</td></tr><tr><td>05</td><td>Arkansas</td></tr><tr><td>06</td><td>California</td></tr><tr><td>08</td><td>Colorado</td></tr><tr><td>09</td><td>Connecticut</td></tr><tr><td>10</td><td>Delaware</td></tr><tr><td>11</td><td>District of Columbia</td></tr><tr><td>12</td><td>Florida</td></tr><tr><td>13</td><td>Georgia</td></tr><tr><td>15</td><td>Hawaii</td></tr><tr><td>16</td><td>Idaho</td></tr><tr><td>17</td><td>Illinois</td></tr><tr><td>18</td><td>Indiana</td></tr><tr><td>19</td><td>Iowa</td></tr><tr><td>20</td><td>Kansas</td></tr><tr><td>21</td><td>Kentucky</td></tr><tr><td>22</td><td>Louisiana</td></tr><tr><td>23</td><td>Maine</td></tr><tr><td>24</td><td>Maryland</td></tr><tr><td>25</td><td>Massachusetts</td></tr></table> |                      | Value | Label | 01 | Alabama | 02 | Alaska | 04 | Arizona | 05 | Arkansas | 06 | California | 08 | Colorado | 09 | Connecticut | 10 | Delaware | 11 | District of Columbia | 12 | Florida | 13 | Georgia | 15 | Hawaii | 16 | Idaho | 17 | Illinois | 18 | Indiana | 19 | Iowa | 20 | Kansas | 21 | Kentucky | 22 | Louisiana | 23 | Maine | 24 | Maryland | 25 | Massachusetts |
| Value  | Label                |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 01   | Alabama              |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 02   | Alaska               |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 04   | Arizona              |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 05   | Arkansas             |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 06   | California           |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 08   | Colorado             |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 09   | Connecticut          |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 10   | Delaware             |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 11   | District of Columbia |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 12   | Florida              |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 13   | Georgia              |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 15   | Hawaii               |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 16   | Idaho                |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 17   | Illinois             |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 18   | Indiana              |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 19   | Iowa                 |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 20   | Kansas               |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 21   | Kentucky             |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 22   | Louisiana            |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 23   | Maine                |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 24   | Maryland             |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |
| 25   | Massachusetts        |       |       |    |         |    |        |    |         |    |          |    |            |    |          |    |             |    |          |    |                      |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |          |    |         |    |      |    |        |    |          |    |           |    |       |    |          |    |               |

|    |                |
|----|----------------|
| 26 | Michigan       |
| 27 | Minnesota      |
| 28 | Mississippi    |
| 29 | Missouri       |
| 30 | Montana        |
| 31 | Nebraska       |
| 32 | Nevada         |
| 33 | New Hampshire  |
| 34 | New Jersey     |
| 35 | New Mexico     |
| 36 | New York       |
| 37 | North Carolina |
| 38 | North Dakota   |
| 39 | Ohio           |
| 40 | Oklahoma       |
| 41 | Oregon         |
| 42 | Pennsylvania   |
| 44 | Rhode Island   |
| 45 | South Carolina |
| 46 | South Dakota   |
| 47 | Tennessee      |
| 48 | Texas          |
| 49 | Utah           |
| 50 | Vermont        |
| 51 | Virginia       |
| 53 | Washington     |
| 54 | West Virginia  |

|    |   |
|----|---|
| 55 | Wisconsin   |
| 56 | Wyoming   |
| 61 | Maine-New Hampshire-Vermont                               |
| 62 | Massachusetts-Rhode Island                                |
| 63 | Minnesota-Iowa-Missouri-Kansas-Nebraska-S.Dakota-N.Dakota |
| 64 | Maryland-Delaware   |
| 65 | Montana-Idaho-Wyoming                                     |
| 66 | Utah-Nevada   |
| 67 | Arizona-New Mexico  |
| 68 | Alaska-Hawaii   |
| 72 | Puerto Rico   |
| 97 | Military/Mil. Reservation                                 |
| 99 | State not identified                                      |

### Notes

Note: Case selections: 06 California, 36 New York, 48 Texas

## Variable: "METRO"

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| Name:           | METRO  |
| Label:          | Metropolitan status  |
| Variable Text:  | <p>METRO indicates whether the household resided within a metropolitan area and, for households in metropolitan areas, whether the household resided within or outside of a central/principal city.</p> <p>In many public-use microdata samples, metropolitan and central/principal-city status are not directly identified. In such cases, IPUMS derives METRO codes based on other available geographic information, e.g., county groups (CNTYGP97 and CNTYGP98) or Public Use Microdata Areas (PUMA). If a county group or PUMA lies only partially within a metropolitan area or central/principal city, then METRO indicates that the status is "indeterminable (mixed)."</p> |
| Concept:        | Geographic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD  |
| Start Position: | 44   |

| End Position:  | 44   |       |       |   |  |   |                          |   |   |   |   |   |  |
|--|--|-------|-------|---|--|---|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Width:   | 1  |       |       |   |  |   |                          |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| Variable Format:   | numeric  |       |       |   |  |   |                          |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| Implied Decimal Places:  | 0  |       |       |   |  |   |                          |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| <b>Categories</b>  |  |       |       |   |  |   |                          |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Label</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>Metropolitan status indeterminable (mixed)</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Not in metropolitan area</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>In metropolitan area: In central/principal city</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>In metropolitan area: Not in central/principal city</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>In metropolitan area: Central/principal city status indeterminable (mixed)</td></tr> </tbody> </table> |  | Value | Label | 0 | Metropolitan status indeterminable (mixed) | 1 | Not in metropolitan area | 2 | In metropolitan area: In central/principal city | 3 | In metropolitan area: Not in central/principal city | 4 | In metropolitan area: Central/principal city status indeterminable (mixed) |
| Value  | Label  |       |       |   |  |   |                          |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| 0  | Metropolitan status indeterminable (mixed)                                 |       |       |   |  |   |                          |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| 1  | Not in metropolitan area   |       |       |   |  |   |                          |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| 2  | In metropolitan area: In central/principal city                            |       |       |   |  |   |                          |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| 3  | In metropolitan area: Not in central/principal city                        |       |       |   |  |   |                          |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| 4  | In metropolitan area: Central/principal city status indeterminable (mixed) |       |       |   |  |   |                          |   |   |   |   |   |  |

## Variable: "MET2013"

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Name:          | MET2013   |
| Label:         | Metropolitan area (2013 OMB delineations)   |
| Variable Text: | <p>A metropolitan area, or metro area, is a region consisting of a large urban core together with surrounding communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with the urban core.</p> <p>MET2013 identifies metro areas of residence using the 2013 definitions for metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) from the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB). The 2013 MSAs are the first to be based on 2010 standards and 2010 census data.</p> <p>MET2013 is available only for 2000 and later samples. Another variable, METAREA, identifies metro areas for earlier samples. Both variables are available for samples from 2000 through 2011. The Comparability section [URL omitted from DDI.] summarizes differences between the two variables.</p> <p><b>Inexact Correspondence with Official Delineations</b><br/> Since 1990, the only sub-state-level geographic information available in census PUMS data is for PUMAs, areas which occasionally straddle official metro area boundaries. Given this limitation, MET2013 cannot identify the exact set of households residing in each metro area.</p> <p>The protocol used by MET2013 is to identify the metro area in which the majority of each PUMA's population resided. If MET2013 identifies a metro area for a given household, it indicates that, for the PUMA in which the household resided, a majority of the PUMA's 2010</p> |

population resided in the identified metro area.

#### Match Errors and Code Suppression

MET2013's code assignment protocol yields errors of omission (residents of a MSA who are not identified as residents) and errors of commission (non-residents who are identified as residents). PUMAs often nest well within metro area boundaries, resulting in small match errors, if any. For many metro areas, however, especially smaller metro areas, the intersecting PUMAs are a poor match.

As an index of mismatch, IPUMS uses the sum of percent omission error (the portion of an MSA's population residing in excluded PUMAs) and percent commission error (the portion of the population in associated PUMAs that did not reside in the MSA).

MET2013 reports no code for MSAs where the sum of match errors is 15% or more.

For each reported MET2013 code, the MET2013ERR variable identifies the level of the sum of errors. Researchers may use MET2013ERR to impose a more restrictive error limit if desired.

To compute match errors, IPUMS uses 2010 populations for ACS and PRCS samples and 2000 populations for 2000 samples. For samples that use 2000 PUMA definitions (which includes the 2000 samples and ACS and PRCS samples through 2011), IPUMS estimates the populations of the areas of intersection between 2000 PUMAs and 2013 MSAs by summing the populations of census blocks that had their geographic center in each area.

For more detailed information about PUMA-MSA relationships and MET2013 match errors, IPUMS provides these tables (in Excel spreadsheets):

#### 2000 5% sample:

Crosswalk Between 2013 MSAs and 2000 PUMAs with 2000 Populations [URL omitted from DDI.]

MET2013 Omission and Commission Errors by MSA [URL omitted from DDI.]

#### 2005-2011 ACS and PRCS samples:

Crosswalk Between 2013 MSAs and 2000 PUMAs with 2010 Populations [URL omitted from DDI.]

MET2013 Omission and Commission Errors by MSA [URL omitted from DDI.]

#### 2012 and later ACS and PRCS samples:

Crosswalk Between 2013 MSAs and 2010 PUMAs [URL omitted from DDI.]

MET2013 Omission and Commission Errors by MSA [URL omitted from DDI.]

|                         |                                   |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Concept:                | Geographic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD |
| Start Position:         | 45                                |
| End Position:           | 49                                |
| Width:                  | 5                                 |
| Variable Format:        | numeric                           |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0                                 |
| <b>Categories</b>       |                                   |



| Value | Label                            |
|-------|----------------------------------|
| 21060 | Elizabethtown-Fort Knox, KY      |
| 20500 | Durham-Chapel Hill, NC           |
| 21780 | Evansville, IN-KY                |
| 22140 | Farmington, NM                   |
| 22420 | Flint, MI                        |
| 22520 | Florence-Muscle Shoals, AL       |
| 25220 | Hammond, LA                      |
| 25620 | Hattiesburg, MS                  |
| 27340 | Jacksonville, NC                 |
| 28420 | Kennewick-Richland, WA           |
| 28660 | Killeen-Temple, TX               |
| 28700 | Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA |
| 29340 | Lake Charles, LA                 |
| 37460 | Panama City, FL                  |
| 48700 | Williamsport, PA                 |
| 47220 | Vineland-Bridgeton, NJ           |
| 46660 | Valdosta, GA                     |
| 45460 | Terre Haute, IN                  |
| 45220 | Tallahassee, FL                  |
| 44940 | Sumter, SC                       |
| 41060 | St. Cloud, MN                    |
| 38660 | Ponce, PR                        |
| 37900 | Peoria, IL                       |
| 00000 | Not in identifiable area         |
| 10420 | Akron, OH                        |
|       |                                  |

|       |                                       |
|-------|---------------------------------------|
| 10580 | Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY           |
| 10740 | Albuquerque, NM                       |
| 10900 | Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ     |
| 11100 | Amarillo, TX                          |
| 11260 | Anchorage, AK                         |
| 11460 | Ann Arbor, MI                         |
| 11500 | Anniston-Oxford-Jacksonville, AL      |
| 11700 | Asheville, NC                         |
| 12060 | Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA     |
| 12100 | Atlantic City-Hammonton, NJ           |
| 12220 | Auburn-Opelika, AL                    |
| 12260 | Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC        |
| 12420 | Austin-Round Rock, TX                 |
| 12540 | Bakersfield, CA                       |
| 12580 | Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, MD         |
| 12620 | Bangor, ME                            |
| 12700 | Barnstable Town, MA                   |
| 12940 | Baton Rouge, LA                       |
| 13140 | Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX              |
| 13380 | Bellingham, WA                        |
| 13460 | Bend-Redmond, OR                      |
| 13780 | Binghamton, NY                        |
| 13820 | Birmingham-Hoover, AL                 |
| 13900 | Bismarck, ND                          |
| 13980 | Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA |
| 14010 | Bloomington, IL                       |
| 14020 | Bloomington, IN                       |

|       |                                       |
|-------|---------------------------------------|
| 14260 | Boise City, ID                        |
| 14460 | Boston-Cambridge-Newton, MA-NH        |
| 14740 | Bremerton-Silverdale, WA              |
| 14860 | Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT       |
| 15180 | Brownsville-Harlingen, TX             |
| 15380 | Buffalo-Cheektowaga-Niagara Falls, NY |
| 15500 | Burlington, NC                        |
| 15540 | Burlington-South Burlington, VT       |
| 15940 | Canton-Massillon, OH                  |
| 15980 | Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL             |
| 16580 | Champaign-Urbana, IL                  |
| 16620 | Charleston, WV                        |
| 16700 | Charleston-North Charleston, SC       |
| 16740 | Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, NC-SC     |
| 16860 | Chattanooga, TN-GA                    |
| 16980 | Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI    |
| 17020 | Chico, CA                             |
| 17140 | Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN                  |
| 17300 | Clarksville, TN-KY                    |
| 17460 | Cleveland-Elyria, OH                  |
| 17660 | Coeur d'Alene, ID                     |
| 17780 | College Station-Bryan, TX             |
| 17820 | Colorado Springs, CO                  |
| 17860 | Columbia, MO                          |
| 17900 | Columbia, SC                          |
| 18140 | Columbus, OH                          |

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| 18580 | Corpus Christi, TX                     |
| 19100 | Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX        |
| 19300 | Daphne-Fairhope-Foley, AL              |
| 19380 | Dayton, OH                             |
| 19460 | Decatur, AL                            |
| 19500 | Decatur, IL                            |
| 19660 | Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL |
| 19740 | Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, CO             |
| 19780 | Des Moines-West Des Moines, IA         |
| 19820 | Detroit-Warren-Dearborn, MI            |
| 20100 | Dover, DE                              |
| 20700 | East Stroudsburg, PA                   |
| 20740 | Eau Claire, WI                         |
| 20940 | El Centro, CA                          |
| 21140 | Elkhart-Goshen, IN                     |
| 21340 | El Paso, TX                            |
| 21500 | Erie, PA                               |
| 21660 | Eugene, OR                             |
| 22180 | Fayetteville, NC                       |
| 22220 | Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO  |
| 22380 | Flagstaff, AZ                          |
| 22500 | Florence, SC                           |
| 22660 | Fort Collins, CO                       |
| 23060 | Fort Wayne, IN                         |
| 23420 | Fresno, CA                             |
| 23460 | Gadsden, AL                            |
| 23540 | Gainesville, FL                        |

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| 23580 | Gainesville, GA                          |
| 24020 | Glens Falls, NY                          |
| 24140 | Goldsboro, NC                            |
| 24300 | Grand Junction, CO                       |
| 24340 | Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI                 |
| 24660 | Greensboro-High Point, NC                |
| 24780 | Greenville, NC                           |
| 24860 | Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, SC          |
| 25060 | Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, MS           |
| 25260 | Hanford-Corcoran, CA                     |
| 25420 | Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA                  |
| 25500 | Harrisonburg, VA                         |
| 25540 | Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT |
| 25860 | Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC             |
| 25940 | Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, SC |
| 26140 | Homosassa Springs, FL                    |
| 26380 | Houma-Thibodaux, LA                      |
| 26420 | Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, TX     |
| 26620 | Huntsville, AL                           |
| 26900 | Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, IN         |
| 26980 | Iowa City, IA                            |
| 27060 | Ithaca, NY                               |
| 27100 | Jackson, MI                              |
| 27140 | Jackson, MS                              |
| 27180 | Jackson, TN                              |
| 27260 | Jacksonville, FL                         |
|       |  |

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| 27500 | Janesville-Beloit, WI                    |
| 27620 | Jefferson City, MO                       |
| 27780 | Johnstown, PA                            |
| 27900 | Joplin, MO                               |
| 28020 | Kalamazoo-Portage, MI                    |
| 28100 | Kankakee, IL                             |
| 28140 | Kansas City, MO-KS                       |
| 28940 | Knoxville, TN                            |
| 29100 | La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN                |
| 29180 | Lafayette, LA                            |
| 29200 | Lafayette-West Lafayette, IN             |
| 29420 | Lake Havasu City-Kingman, AZ             |
| 29460 | Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL                |
| 29540 | Lancaster, PA                            |
| 29620 | Lansing-East Lansing, MI                 |
| 29700 | Laredo, TX                               |
| 29740 | Las Cruces, NM                           |
| 29820 | Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV         |
| 29940 | Lawrence, KS                             |
| 30140 | Lebanon, PA                              |
| 30340 | Lewiston-Auburn, ME                      |
| 30620 | Lima, OH                                 |
| 30700 | Lincoln, NE                              |
| 30780 | Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, AR |
| 31080 | Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA       |
| 31140 | Louisville/Jefferson County, KY-IN       |
| 31180 | Lubbock, TX                              |

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| 31340 | Lynchburg, VA                                  |
| 31460 | Madera, CA                                     |
| 31700 | Manchester-Nashua, NH                          |
| 31900 | Mansfield, OH                                  |
| 32420 | Mayagüez, PR                                   |
| 32580 | McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX                   |
| 32780 | Medford, OR                                    |
| 32820 | Memphis, TN-MS-AR                              |
| 32900 | Merced, CA                                     |
| 33100 | Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL      |
| 33140 | Michigan City-La Porte, IN                     |
| 33260 | Midland, TX                                    |
| 33340 | Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI              |
| 33460 | Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI        |
| 33660 | Mobile, AL                                     |
| 33700 | Modesto, CA                                    |
| 33740 | Monroe, LA                                     |
| 33780 | Monroe, MI                                     |
| 33860 | Montgomery, AL                                 |
| 34060 | Morgantown, WV                                 |
| 34620 | Muncie, IN                                     |
| 34740 | Muskegon, MI                                   |
| 34820 | Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, SC-NC  |
| 34900 | Napa, CA                                       |
| 34940 | Naples-Immokalee-Marco Island, FL              |
| 34980 | Nashville-Davidson--Murfreesboro--Franklin, TN |

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| 35300 | New Haven-Milford, CT                       |
| 35380 | New Orleans-Metairie, LA                    |
| 35620 | New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA       |
| 35660 | Niles-Benton Harbor, MI                     |
| 35840 | North Port-Sarasota-Bradenton, FL           |
| 35980 | Norwich-New London, CT                      |
| 36100 | Ocala, FL                                   |
| 36140 | Ocean City, NJ                              |
| 36220 | Odessa, TX                                  |
| 36260 | Ogden-Clearfield, UT                        |
| 36420 | Oklahoma City, OK                           |
| 36500 | Olympia-Tumwater, WA                        |
| 36540 | Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA                 |
| 36740 | Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL               |
| 36780 | Oshkosh-Neenah, WI                          |
| 36980 | Owensboro, KY                               |
| 37100 | Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA            |
| 37340 | Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL           |
| 37620 | Parkersburg-Vienna, WV                      |
| 37860 | Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent, FL              |
| 37980 | Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD |
| 38060 | Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ                 |
| 38300 | Pittsburgh, PA                              |
| 38340 | Pittsfield, MA                              |
| 38860 | Portland-South Portland, ME                 |
| 38900 | Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, OR-WA         |
| 38940 | Port St. Lucie, FL                          |



|       |   |
|-------|---|
|       |   |
| 39140 | Prescott, AZ                            |
| 39300 | Providence-Warwick, RI-MA               |
| 39340 | Provo-Orem, UT                          |
| 39380 | Pueblo, CO                              |
| 39460 | Punta Gorda, FL                         |
| 39540 | Racine, WI                              |
| 39580 | Raleigh, NC                             |
| 39740 | Reading, PA                             |
| 39820 | Redding, CA                             |
| 39900 | Reno, NV                                |
| 40060 | Richmond, VA                            |
| 40140 | Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA    |
| 40220 | Roanoke, VA                             |
| 40380 | Rochester, NY                           |
| 40420 | Rockford, IL                            |
| 40580 | Rocky Mount, NC                         |
| 40900 | Sacramento--Roseville--Arden-Arcade, CA |
| 40980 | Saginaw, MI                             |
| 41100 | St. George, UT                          |
| 41140 | St. Joseph, MO-KS                       |
| 41180 | St. Louis, MO-IL                        |
| 41500 | Salinas, CA                             |
| 41540 | Salisbury, MD-DE                        |
| 41620 | Salt Lake City, UT                      |
| 41660 | San Angelo, TX                          |
| 41700 | San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX           |
|       |   |

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| 41740 | San Diego-Carlsbad, CA                        |
| 41860 | San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, CA             |
| 41900 | San Germán, PR                                |
| 41940 | San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA            |
| 41980 | San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, PR                  |
| 42020 | San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande, CA |
| 42100 | Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA                    |
| 42140 | Santa Fe, NM                                  |
| 42200 | Santa Maria-Santa Barbara, CA                 |
| 42220 | Santa Rosa, CA                                |
| 42540 | Scranton--Wilkes-Barre--Hazleton, PA          |
| 42660 | Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA                   |
| 42680 | Sebastian-Vero Beach, FL                      |
| 43100 | Sheboygan, WI                                 |
| 43340 | Shreveport-Bossier City, LA                   |
| 43900 | Spartanburg, SC                               |
| 44060 | Spokane-Spokane Valley, WA                    |
| 44100 | Springfield, IL                               |
| 44140 | Springfield, MA                               |
| 44180 | Springfield, MO                               |
| 44220 | Springfield, OH                               |
| 44300 | State College, PA                             |
| 44700 | Stockton-Lodi, CA                             |
| 45060 | Syracuse, NY                                  |
| 45300 | Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL           |
| 45780 | Toledo, OH                                    |
| 45820 | Topeka, KS                                    |

|       |  |
|-------|--|
|       |  |
| 45940 | Trenton, NJ                                  |
| 46060 | Tucson, AZ                                   |
| 46220 | Tuscaloosa, AL                               |
| 46340 | Tyler, TX                                    |
| 46520 | Urban Honolulu, HI                           |
| 46540 | Utica-Rome, NY                               |
| 46700 | Vallejo-Fairfield, CA                        |
| 47260 | Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC   |
| 47300 | Visalia-Porterville, CA                      |
| 47380 | Waco, TX                                     |
| 47900 | Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV |
| 48140 | Wausau, WI                                   |
| 48300 | Wenatchee, WA                                |
| 48620 | Wichita, KS                                  |
| 48660 | Wichita Falls, TX                            |
| 48900 | Wilmington, NC                               |
| 49180 | Winston-Salem, NC                            |
| 49340 | Worcester, MA-CT                             |
| 49420 | Yakima, WA                                   |
| 49620 | York-Hanover, PA                             |
| 49660 | Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA            |
| 49700 | Yuba City, CA                                |
| 49740 | Yuma, AZ                                     |
| 19340 | Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL          |
| 16820 | Charlottesville, VA                          |
| 13740 | Billings, MT                                 |

|       |                          |
|-------|--------------------------|
| 12980 | Battle Creek, MI         |
| 12020 | Athens-Clarke County, GA |
| 11020 | Altoona, PA              |
| 10780 | Alexandria, LA           |
| 24540 | Greeley, CO              |

## Variable: "PUMA"

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| Name:           | PUMA   |
| Label:          | Public Use Microdata Area  |
| Variable Text:  | <p>PUMA identifies the Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA) where the housing unit was located. In the 1990 State sample, PUMAs generally follow the boundaries of county groups, single counties, or census-defined "places". If these areas exceed 200,000 residents, they are divided into as many PUMAs of 100,000+ residents as possible. None of the 1990 State sample PUMAs cross state lines. For the 1990 Metro sample, PUMAs generally follow the boundaries of whole central cities, Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas, or non-metropolitan places (See METAREA for definitions of these terms). If these areas exceed 200,000 residents, they are divided into as many PUMAs of 100,000+ residents as possible. 1990 Metro sample PUMAs sometimes cross state lines; when they do, STATEFIP and STATEICP codes are not available for households in those PUMAs. PUMAs in the 2000 census, 2010 census, and the 2005-onward ACS/PRCS also consist of 100,000+ residents, and they do not cross state lines.</p> <p>Note that PUMA is state-dependent. The codes must be read in combination with one of the STATE variables (STATEFIP or STATEICP). PUMAs are categorized by type (e.g., metropolitan, mixed metro/nonmetro, non-metropolitan) in the variable PUMATYPE. PUMA is similar to the county group variables, CNTYGP97 (1970) and CNTYGP98 (1980), and the State Economic Area variable (SEA) for 1940 and 1950.</p> <p>Note Regarding Multi-Year Samples: The Census Bureau redraws PUMA boundaries every 10 years based on population information gathered from the most recent decennial census. ACS samples incorporate the new PUMAs within a few years of the Decennial Census. See the comparability statement to see which PUMAs are used in each sample. In Multi-Year ACS files, PUMA boundaries depend on the original year the respondent was interviewed (see MULTYEAR). For example in the 2010-2012 3-year ACS sample, respondents from 2010 and 2011 correspond to the Census 2000 based PUMAs, while respondents from 2012 correspond to the Census 2010 based PUMAs.</p> |
| Concept:        | Geographic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD  |
| Start Position: | 50   |
| End Position:   | 54   |
| Width:          | 5  |
| Variable        | numeric  |

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Format:                 |   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |
| Coder Instructions:     | <p>PUMA is a 5-digit numeric variable identifying the Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA) where the housing unit was located. PUMAs are categorized by type (e.g., metropolitan, mixed metro/nonmetro, non-metropolitan) in the variable PUMATYPE. PUMA is similar to the county group variables, CNTYGP97 (1970) and CNTYGP98 (1980), and the State Economic Area variable (SEA) for 1940 and 1950. PUMA specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: PUMAs are drawn and coded differently for the 1990 State and Metro samples. In the 1990 State sample, PUMAs generally follow the boundaries of groups of counties, single counties, or census-defined "places". If such areas exceed 200,000 residents, they are divided into as many PUMAs of 100,000+ residents as possible. None of the 1990 State sample PUMAs cross state lines. In the 1990 Metro sample, PUMAs generally follow the boundaries of whole central cities, Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas, or non-metropolitan places (See METAREA for definitions of these terms). If these areas exceed 200,000 residents, they are divided into as many PUMAs of 100,000+ residents as possible. 1990 Metro sample PUMAs sometimes cross state lines; when they do, STATEFIP and STATEICP codes are not available for households in those PUMAs. PUMAs in the 2000 census, 2010 census, and the 2005-onward ACS/PRCS also consist of 100,000+ residents, and they do not cross state lines.</p> <p>User Note: PUMA is state-dependent, therefore the codes must be read in combination with one of the STATE variables: STATEFIP or STATEICP.</p> <p>PUMA Specific Variable Codes<br/>See links for details regarding PUMA codes:<br/>Census 2010 based PUMA map and Boundary files [URL omitted from DDI.]<br/>Census 2000 based PUMA and Super-PUMA Maps, Boundary files and Detailed Composition [URL omitted from DDI.]<br/>1990 PUMA Maps, Boundary files and Detailed Composition [URL omitted from DDI.]<br/>1990 PUMAs crossing state lines, 1 percent Metro sample [URL omitted from DDI.]</p> <p>User Note: In the 2006-2011 ACS, persons living in Louisiana PUMAs 01801, 01802, and 01905 were all coded as living in Louisiana PUMA 77777. This is because these three PUMAs no longer had sufficient population to be included as separate entities due the effects of hurricane Katrina.</p> |

## Variable: "GQ"

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Name:          | GQ  |
| Label:         | Group quarters status   |
| Variable Text: | <p>GQ classifies all housing units as falling into one of three main categories: households, group quarters, or vacant units. It also identifies fragmentary sample units for 1850-1930 (see below). In all years, the data available about a person and their co-residents depend on whether the person lives in a household or in group quarters. Households are sampled as units, meaning that everyone in the household is included in the sample, and most household-level variables are available. People living in group quarters are generally sampled as individuals; other people in their unit may or may not be included in the sample, and there is no way of linking co-residents' records to one another. If, however, a sampled person in group quarters was living with relatives, the related group was sampled for 1850-1930. Most household-level variables are not available for group quarters or for vacant units.</p> |

|   | Group quarters are largely institutions and other group living arrangements, such as rooming houses and military barracks. The definitions vary from year to year, but the pre-1940 samples have generally used a definition of group quarters that includes units with 10 or more individuals unrelated to the householder. See the comparability discussion below and "Sample Designs" [URL omitted from DDI.] for more details about changing definitions of group quarters. Group-quarters types are identified in further detail by GQTYPE and GQFUNDS. |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
|---|--|-------|-------|---|-------------|---|----------------------------------|---|---|---|------------------------------|---|----------------------|---|---|---|----------|
| Concept:  | Group Quarters Variables -- HOUSEHOLD  |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| Start Position:   | 55   |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| End Position:   | 55   |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| Width:  | 1  |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| Variable Format:  | numeric  |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| Implied Decimal Places:   | 0  |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| <b>Categories</b>   |  |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Label</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>Vacant unit</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Households under 1970 definition</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Additional households under 1990 definition</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>Group quarters--Institutions</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>Other group quarters</td></tr> <tr> <td>5</td><td>Additional households under 2000 definition</td></tr> <tr> <td>6</td><td>Fragment</td></tr> </tbody> </table> |  | Value | Label | 0 | Vacant unit | 1 | Households under 1970 definition | 2 | Additional households under 1990 definition | 3 | Group quarters--Institutions | 4 | Other group quarters | 5 | Additional households under 2000 definition | 6 | Fragment |
| Value   | Label  |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| 0   | Vacant unit  |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| 1   | Households under 1970 definition   |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| 2   | Additional households under 1990 definition  |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| 3   | Group quarters--Institutions   |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| 4   | Other group quarters   |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| 5   | Additional households under 2000 definition  |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| 6   | Fragment   |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| <b>Notes</b>  |  |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |
| Note:   | Case selections: 1 Households under 1970 definition, 2 Additional households under 1990 definition, 5 Additional households under 2000 definition  |       |       |   |             |   |                                  |   |   |   |                              |   |                      |   |   |   |          |

**Variable: "PERNUM"**

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name:                   | PERNUM   |
| Label:                  | Person number in sample unit   |
| Variable Text:          | PERNUM numbers all persons within each household consecutively in the order in which they appear on the original census or survey form. When combined with YEAR, DATANUM, and SERIAL, PERNUM uniquely identifies each person within the IPUMS.   |
| Concept:                | Technical Variables -- PERSON  |
| Start Position:         | 56   |
| End Position:           | 59   |
| Width:                  | 4  |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0  |
| Coder Instructions:     | PERNUM is a 4-digit numeric variable which numbers all persons within each household consecutively in the order in which they appear on the original census or survey form. PERNUM specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified). |

## Variable: "PERWT"

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Name:          | PERWT   |
| Label:         | Person weight   |
| Variable Text: | <p>PERWT indicates how many persons in the U.S. population are represented by a given person in an IPUMS sample.</p> <p>It is generally a good idea to use PERWT when conducting a person-level analysis of any IPUMS sample. The use of PERWT is optional when analyzing one of the "flat" or unweighted IPUMS samples. Flat IPUMS samples include the 1% samples from 1850-1930, all samples from 1960, 1970, and 1980, the 1% unweighted samples from 1990 and 2000, the 10% 2010 sample, and any of the full count 100% census datasets. PERWT must be used to obtain nationally representative statistics for person-level analyses of any sample other than those.</p> <p>For further explanation of the sample weights, see "Sample Designs" [URL omitted from DDI.] and "Sample Weights" [URL omitted from DDI.]. See also HHWT for a corresponding variable at the household level, and SLWT for a weight variable used with sample-line records in 1940 and 1950.</p> |

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Concept:                | Technical Variables -- PERSON  |
| Start Position:         | 60   |
| End Position:           | 69   |
| Width:                  | 10   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 2  |
| Coder Instructions:     | <p>PERWT is a 6-digit numeric variable which indicates how many persons in the U.S. population are represented by a given person in an IPUMS sample and has two implied decimals. For example, a PERWT value of 010461 should be interpreted as 104.61. PERWT specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>PERWT Specific Variable Codes</p> |

## Variable: "RELATE"

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| Name:           | RELATE   |
| Label:          | Relationship to household head [general version]   |
| Variable Text:  | <p>RELATE describes an individual's relationship to the head of household or householder. Beginning in 1880, data on household relationship was asked of every person. The general relationship code is reasonably comparable across years. The detailed code makes distinctions that cannot be made in all years.</p> <p>The relationship codes are divided into two categories: relatives (codes 1-10) and non-relatives (codes 11-13). In general, the codes for relatives are self-explanatory. The non-relative codes are divided into three groups: "Partner, Friend, Visitor," roughly described as persons who do not pay or work for their accommodations (unless they share ownership); "Other Non-Relatives," including those persons paying or working for accommodations; and "Institutional Inmates." See the comparability discussion for further information about the coding scheme.</p> <p>RELATE is not available for 1850-1870, but the IPUMS variable IMPREL produces similar results. As a convenience, the extract system is set up so that users may include RELATE in extracts of the 1850-1870 samples. In those years, RELATE contains the information that is documented in the IMPREL variable description.</p> |
| Concept:        | Demographic Variables -- PERSON  |
| Start Position: | 70   |



|                         |         |
|-------------------------|---------|
| End Position:           | 71      |
| Width:                  | 2       |
| Variable Format:        | numeric |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0       |

**Categories**

| Value | Label                    |
|-------|--------------------------|
| 01    | Head/Householder         |
| 02    | Spouse                   |
| 03    | Child                    |
| 04    | Child-in-law             |
| 05    | Parent                   |
| 06    | Parent-in-Law            |
| 07    | Sibling                  |
| 08    | Sibling-in-Law           |
| 09    | Grandchild               |
| 10    | Other relatives          |
| 11    | Partner, friend, visitor |
| 12    | Other non-relatives      |
| 13    | Institutional inmates    |

**Variable: "RELATED"**

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Name:          | RELATED   |
| Label:         | Relationship to household head [detailed version]   |
| Variable Text: | RELATE describes an individual's relationship to the head of household or householder. Beginning in 1880, data on household relationship was asked of every person. The general |

relationship code is reasonably comparable across years. The detailed code makes distinctions that cannot be made in all years.

The relationship codes are divided into two categories: relatives (codes 1-10) and non-relatives (codes 11-13). In general, the codes for relatives are self-explanatory. The non-relative codes are divided into three groups: "Partner, Friend, Visitor," roughly described as persons who do not pay or work for their accommodations (unless they share ownership); "Other Non-Relatives," including those persons paying or working for accommodations; and "Institutional Inmates." See the comparability discussion for further information about the coding scheme.

RELATE is not available for 1850-1870, but the IPUMS variable IMPREL produces similar results. As a convenience, the extract system is set up so that users may include RELATE in extracts of the 1850-1870 samples. In those years, RELATE contains the information that is documented in the IMPREL variable description.

Concept: Demographic Variables -- PERSON

Start Position: 72

End Position: 75

Width: 4

Variable Format: numeric

Implied Decimal Places: 0

### Categories

| Value | Label                     |
|-------|---------------------------|
| 0101  | Head/Householder          |
| 0201  | Spouse                    |
| 0202  | 2nd/3rd Wife (Polygamous) |
| 0301  | Child                     |
| 0302  | Adopted Child             |
| 0303  | Stepchild                 |
| 0304  | Adopted, n.s.             |
| 0401  | Child-in-law              |
| 0402  | Step Child-in-law         |

|      |                           |
|------|---------------------------|
| 0501 | Parent                    |
| 0502 | Stepparent                |
| 0601 | Parent-in-Law             |
| 0602 | Stepparent-in-law         |
| 0701 | Sibling                   |
| 0702 | Step/Half/Adopted Sibling |
| 0801 | Sibling-in-Law            |
| 0802 | Step/Half Sibling-in-law  |
| 0901 | Grandchild                |
| 0902 | Adopted Grandchild        |
| 0903 | Step Grandchild           |
| 0904 | Grandchild-in-law         |
| 1000 | Other Relatives:          |
| 1001 | Other Relatives           |
| 1011 | Grandparent               |
| 1012 | Step Grandparent          |
| 1013 | Grandparent-in-law        |
| 1021 | Aunt or Uncle             |
| 1022 | Aunt,Uncle-in-law         |
| 1031 | Nephew, Niece             |
| 1032 | Neph/Niece-in-law         |
| 1033 | Step/Adopted Nephew/Niece |
| 1034 | Grand Niece/Nephew        |
| 1041 | Cousin                    |
| 1042 | Cousin-in-law             |
| 1051 | Great Grandchild          |
|      |                           |

|      |                                   |
|------|-----------------------------------|
| 1061 | Other relatives, nec              |
| 1100 | Partner, Friend, Visitor          |
| 1110 | Partner/friend                    |
| 1111 | Friend                            |
| 1112 | Partner                           |
| 1113 | Partner/roommate                  |
| 1114 | Unmarried Partner                 |
| 1115 | Housemate/Roommate                |
| 1120 | Relative of partner               |
| 1130 | Concubine/Mistress                |
| 1131 | Visitor                           |
| 1132 | Companion and family of companion |
| 1139 | Allocated partner/friend/visitor  |
| 1200 | Other non-relatives               |
| 1201 | Roomers/boarders/lodgers          |
| 1202 | Boarders                          |
| 1203 | Lodgers                           |
| 1204 | Roomer                            |
| 1205 | Tenant                            |
| 1206 | Foster child                      |
| 1210 | Employees:                        |
| 1211 | Servant                           |
| 1212 | Housekeeper                       |
| 1213 | Maid                              |
| 1214 | Cook                              |
| 1215 | Nurse                             |
| 1216 | Other probable domestic employee  |

|      |  |
|------|--|
| 1217 | Other employee   |
| 1219 | Relative of employee   |
| 1221 | Military   |
| 1222 | Students   |
| 1223 | Members of religious orders                                  |
| 1230 | Other non-relatives  |
| 1239 | Allocated other non-relative                                 |
| 1240 | Roomers/boarders/lodgers and foster children                 |
| 1241 | Roomers/boarders/lodgers                                     |
| 1242 | Foster children  |
| 1250 | Employees  |
| 1251 | Domestic employees   |
| 1252 | Non-domestic employees                                       |
| 1253 | Relative of employee   |
| 1260 | Other non-relatives (1990 includes employees)                |
| 1270 | Non-inmate 1990  |
| 1281 | Head of group quarters                                       |
| 1282 | Employees of group quarters                                  |
| 1283 | Relative of head, staff, or employee group quarters          |
| 1284 | Other non-inmate 1940-1959                                   |
| 1291 | Military   |
| 1292 | College dormitories  |
| 1293 | Residents of rooming houses                                  |
| 1294 | Other non-inmate 1980 (includes employees and non-inmates in |
| 1295 | Other non-inmates 1960-1970 (includes employees)             |
| 1296 | Non-inmates in institutions                                  |

|      |                       |
|------|-----------------------|
| 1301 | Institutional inmates |
| 9996 | Unclassifiable        |
| 9997 | Unknown               |
| 9998 | Illegible             |
| 9999 | Missing               |

**Variable: "SEX"**

| Name:  | SEX  |       |       |   |      |   |        |
|--|--|-------|-------|---|------|---|--------|
| Label:   | Sex  |       |       |   |      |   |        |
| Variable Text:   | SEX reports whether the person was male or female. |       |       |   |      |   |        |
| Concept:   | Demographic Variables -- PERSON                    |       |       |   |      |   |        |
| Start Position:  | 76   |       |       |   |      |   |        |
| End Position:  | 76   |       |       |   |      |   |        |
| Width:   | 1  |       |       |   |      |   |        |
| Variable Format:   | numeric  |       |       |   |      |   |        |
| Implied Decimal Places:  | 0  |       |       |   |      |   |        |
| <b>Categories</b>  |  |       |       |   |      |   |        |
| <table><tr><th>Value</th><th>Label</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Male</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Female</td></tr></table> |  | Value | Label | 1 | Male | 2 | Female |
| Value  | Label  |       |       |   |      |   |        |
| 1  | Male   |       |       |   |      |   |        |
| 2  | Female   |       |       |   |      |   |        |

**Variable: "AGE"**

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| Name:          | AGE  |
| Label:         | Age  |
| Variable Text: | AGE reports the person's age in years as of the last birthday. |

|                         |                                 |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Concept:                | Demographic Variables -- PERSON |
| Start Position:         | 77                              |
| End Position:           | 79                              |
| Width:                  | 3                               |
| Variable Format:        | numeric                         |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0                               |

Categories

| Value | Label                |
|-------|----------------------|
| 000   | Less than 1 year old |
| 001   | 1                    |
| 002   | 2                    |
| 003   | 3                    |
| 004   | 4                    |
| 005   | 5                    |
| 006   | 6                    |
| 007   | 7                    |
| 008   | 8                    |
| 009   | 9                    |
| 010   | 10                   |
| 011   | 11                   |
| 012   | 12                   |
| 013   | 13                   |
| 014   | 14                   |
|       |                      |

|     |    |
|-----|----|
| 015 | 15 |
| 016 | 16 |
| 017 | 17 |
| 018 | 18 |
| 019 | 19 |
| 020 | 20 |
| 021 | 21 |
| 022 | 22 |
| 023 | 23 |
| 024 | 24 |
| 025 | 25 |
| 026 | 26 |
| 027 | 27 |
| 028 | 28 |
| 029 | 29 |
| 030 | 30 |
| 031 | 31 |
| 032 | 32 |
| 033 | 33 |
| 034 | 34 |
| 035 | 35 |
| 036 | 36 |
| 037 | 37 |
| 038 | 38 |
| 039 | 39 |
| 040 | 40 |
| 041 | 41 |



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|-----|----|
| 042 | 42 |
| 043 | 43 |
| 044 | 44 |
| 045 | 45 |
| 046 | 46 |
| 047 | 47 |
| 048 | 48 |
| 049 | 49 |
| 050 | 50 |
| 051 | 51 |
| 052 | 52 |
| 053 | 53 |
| 054 | 54 |
| 055 | 55 |
| 056 | 56 |
| 057 | 57 |
| 058 | 58 |
| 059 | 59 |
| 060 | 60 |
| 061 | 61 |
| 062 | 62 |
| 063 | 63 |
| 064 | 64 |
| 065 | 65 |
| 066 | 66 |
| 067 | 67 |
|     |    |

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| 068 | 68                        |
| 069 | 69                        |
| 070 | 70                        |
| 071 | 71                        |
| 072 | 72                        |
| 073 | 73                        |
| 074 | 74                        |
| 075 | 75                        |
| 076 | 76                        |
| 077 | 77                        |
| 078 | 78                        |
| 079 | 79                        |
| 080 | 80                        |
| 081 | 81                        |
| 082 | 82                        |
| 083 | 83                        |
| 084 | 84                        |
| 085 | 85                        |
| 086 | 86                        |
| 087 | 87                        |
| 088 | 88                        |
| 089 | 89                        |
| 090 | 90 (90+ in 1980 and 1990) |
| 091 | 91                        |
| 092 | 92                        |
| 093 | 93                        |
| 094 | 94                        |

|     |                                      |
|-----|--------------------------------------|
| 095 | 95                                   |
| 096 | 96                                   |
| 097 | 97                                   |
| 098 | 98                                   |
| 099 | 99                                   |
| 100 | 100 (100+ in 1960-1970)              |
| 101 | 101                                  |
| 102 | 102                                  |
| 103 | 103                                  |
| 104 | 104                                  |
| 105 | 105                                  |
| 106 | 106                                  |
| 107 | 107                                  |
| 108 | 108                                  |
| 109 | 109                                  |
| 110 | 110                                  |
| 111 | 111                                  |
| 112 | 112 (112+ in the 1980 internal data) |
| 113 | 113                                  |
| 114 | 114                                  |
| 115 | 115 (115+ in the 1990 internal data) |
| 116 | 116                                  |
| 117 | 117                                  |
| 118 | 118                                  |
| 119 | 119                                  |
| 120 | 120                                  |
|     |                                      |

|     |     |
|-----|-----|
| 121 | 121 |
| 122 | 122 |
| 123 | 123 |
| 124 | 124 |
| 125 | 125 |
| 126 | 126 |
| 129 | 129 |
| 130 | 130 |
| 135 | 135 |

**Notes**

Note:

Case selections: 018 18, 019 19, 020 20, 021 21, 022 22, 023 23, 024 24, 025 25, 026 26, 027 27, 028 28, 029 29, 030 30, 031 31, 032 32, 033 33, 034 34, 035 35, 036 36, 037 37, 038 38, 039 39, 040 40, 041 41, 042 42, 043 43, 044 44, 045 45, 046 46, 047 47, 048 48, 049 49, 050 50, 051 51, 052 52, 053 53, 054 54, 055 55, 056 56, 057 57, 058 58, 059 59, 060 60, 061 61, 062 62, 063 63, 064 64, 065 65, 066 66, 067 67, 068 68, 069 69, 070 70, 071 71, 072 72, 073 73, 074 74, 075 75, 076 76, 077 77, 078 78, 079 79, 080 80, 081 81, 082 82, 083 83, 084 84, 085 85, 086 86, 087 87, 088 88, 089 89, 090 90 (90+ in 1980 and 1990), 091 91, 092 92, 093 93, 094 94, 095 95, 096 96, 097 97, 098 98, 099 99, 100 100 (100+ in 1960-1970), 101 101, 102 102, 103 103, 104 104, 105 105, 106 106, 107 107, 108 108, 109 109, 110 110, 111 111, 112 112 (112+ in the 1980 internal data), 113 113, 114 114, 115 115 (115+ in the 1990 internal data), 116 116, 117 117, 118 118, 119 119, 120 120, 121 121, 122 122, 123 123, 124 124, 125 125, 126 126, 129 129, 130 130, 135 135

**Variable: "BIRTHYR"**

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Name:           | BIRTHYR   |
| Label:          | Year of birth   |
| Variable Text:  | BIRTHYR reports the person's year of birth. Researchers should use this variable with caution; see the comparability section for details. |
| Concept:        | Demographic Variables -- PERSON   |
| Start Position: | 80  |
| End Position:   | 83  |
| Width:          | 4   |
|                 |   |

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0  |
| Coder Instructions:     | <p>BIRTHYR is a 4-digit numeric code reporting the respondent's year of birth. BIRTHYR specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Researchers should use this variable with caution (See Comparability)</p> <p>BIRTHYR Specific Variable Codes</p> <p>9996 = not classified</p> <p>9997 = illegible</p> <p>9998 = unknown</p> <p>9999 = missing/blank</p> |

## Variable: "RACE"

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Name:          | RACE  |
| Label:         | Race [general version]  |
| Variable Text: | <p>With the exception of the 1970-1990 Puerto Rican censuses, RACE was asked of every person in all years. The concept of race has changed over the more than 150 years represented in the IPUMS. Currently, the Census Bureau and others consider race to be a sociopolitical construct, not a scientific or anthropological one. Many detailed RACE categories consist of national origin groups. Beginning in 2000, the race question changed substantially to allow respondents to report as many races as they felt necessary to describe themselves. In earlier years, only one race response was coded.</p> <p>IPUMS offers several variables describing the answer(s) to the race question. RACE provides the full detail given by the respondent and/or released by the Census Bureau; it is not always historically compatible (see comparability discussion below). Users primarily interested in historical compatibility should consider using RACESING, and should consult the race code relationship page, Relationship between RACE and RACESING codes [URL omitted from DDI.], for detail about how the RACE and RACESING codes are related.</p> <p>In addition, specific combinations of major races can be discerned using the following bivariate indicators of whether a particular race group was reported: RACAMIND, RACASIAN, RACBLK, RACOTHER, RACPACIS, and RACWHT. RACNUM indicates the total number of major race groups reported for an individual. The information contained in the bivariate indicators and in RACNUM is integrated into the detailed version of RACE. Users primarily interested in historical comparability should consider using RACESING and/or the accompanying variables PROBAP, PROBAP, PROBBLK, PROBOH, and PROBWHT. Note that Hispanic origin is assessed through separate questioning (see HISPAN).</p> <p>Prior to 1960, the census enumerator was responsible for categorizing persons and was not specifically instructed to ask the individual his or her race. In 1970 and later years, an individual's race was reported by someone in the household or group quarters. In the 1990 U.S. census, the 2000 U.S. and Puerto Rican censuses, the ACS, and the PRCS respondents were specifically asked what race the person "considers himself/herself" to be, although such self-description was more or less operative since 1960.</p> <p>User Note: Race questions were not asked in the Puerto Rican censuses of 1970, 1980, and 1990. They were asked in the 1910 and 1920 Puerto Rican censuses, the 2000-2010 Puerto Rican censuses, and the PRCS.</p> |

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Concept:                | Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON |
| Start Position:         | 84  |
| End Position:           | 84  |
| Width:                  | 1   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |

**Categories**

| Value | Label                            |
|-------|----------------------------------|
| 1     | White                            |
| 2     | Black/African American/Negro     |
| 3     | American Indian or Alaska Native |
| 4     | Chinese                          |
| 5     | Japanese                         |
| 6     | Other Asian or Pacific Islander  |
| 7     | Other race, nec                  |
| 8     | Two major races                  |
| 9     | Three or more major races        |

**Variable: "RACED"**

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| Name:          | RACED  |
| Label:         | Race [detailed version]  |
| Variable Text: | With the exception of the 1970-1990 Puerto Rican censuses, RACE was asked of every person in all years. The concept of race has changed over the more than 150 years represented in the IPUMS. Currently, the Census Bureau and others consider race to be a sociopolitical construct, not a scientific or anthropological one. Many detailed RACE categories consist of |

national origin groups. Beginning in 2000, the race question changed substantially to allow respondents to report as many races as they felt necessary to describe themselves. In earlier years, only one race response was coded.

IPUMS offers several variables describing the answer(s) to the race question. RACE provides the full detail given by the respondent and/or released by the Census Bureau; it is not always historically compatible (see comparability discussion below). Users primarily interested in historical compatibility should consider using RACESING, and should consult the race code relationship page, Relationship between RACE and RACESING codes [URL omitted from DDI.], for detail about how the RACE and RACESING codes are related.

In addition, specific combinations of major races can be discerned using the following bivariate indicators of whether a particular race group was reported: RACAMIND, RACASIAN, RACBLK, RACOTHER, RACPACIS, and RACWHT. RACNUM indicates the total number of major race groups reported for an individual. The information contained in the bivariate indicators and in RACNUM is integrated into the detailed version of RACE. Users primarily interested in historical comparability should consider using RACESING and/or the accompanying variables PROBAI, PROBAPI, PROBBLK, PROBOTH, and PROBWHT. Note that Hispanic origin is assessed through separate questioning (see HISPAN).

Prior to 1960, the census enumerator was responsible for categorizing persons and was not specifically instructed to ask the individual his or her race. In 1970 and later years, an individual's race was reported by someone in the household or group quarters. In the 1990 U.S. census, the 2000 U.S. and Puerto Rican censuses, the ACS, and the PRCS respondents were specifically asked what race the person "considers himself/herself" to be, although such self-description was more or less operative since 1960.

User Note: Race questions were not asked in the Puerto Rican censuses of 1970, 1980, and 1990. They were asked in the 1910 and 1920 Puerto Rican censuses, the 2000-2010 Puerto Rican censuses, and the PRCS.

Concept: Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON

Start Position: 85

End Position: 87

Width: 3

Variable Format: numeric

Implied Decimal Places: 0

### Categories

| Value | Label                |
|-------|----------------------|
| 100   | White                |
| 110   | Spanish write_in     |
| 120   | Blank (white) (1850) |

|     |                               |
|-----|-------------------------------|
| 130 | Portuguese                    |
| 140 | Mexican (1930)                |
| 150 | Puerto Rican (1910 Hawaii)    |
| 200 | Black/African American/Negro  |
| 210 | Mulatto                       |
| 300 | American Indian/Alaska Native |
| 302 | Apache                        |
| 303 | Blackfoot                     |
| 304 | Cherokee                      |
| 305 | Cheyenne                      |
| 306 | Chickasaw                     |
| 307 | Chippewa                      |
| 308 | Choctaw                       |
| 309 | Comanche                      |
| 310 | Creek                         |
| 311 | Crow                          |
| 312 | Iroquois                      |
| 313 | Kiowa                         |
| 314 | Lumbee                        |
| 315 | Navajo                        |
| 316 | Osage                         |
| 317 | Paiute                        |
| 318 | Pima                          |
| 319 | Potawatomi                    |
| 320 | Pueblo                        |
| 321 | Seminole                      |
|     |                               |



|     |                                     |
|-----|-------------------------------------|
| 322 | Shoshone                            |
| 323 | Sioux                               |
| 324 | Tlingit (Tlingit_Haida, 2000/ACS)   |
| 325 | Tohono O Odham                      |
| 326 | All other tribes (1990)             |
| 328 | Hopi                                |
| 329 | Central American Indian             |
| 330 | Spanish American Indian             |
| 350 | Delaware                            |
| 351 | Latin American Indian               |
| 352 | Puget Sound Salish                  |
| 353 | Yakama                              |
| 354 | Yaqui                               |
| 355 | Colville                            |
| 356 | Houma                               |
| 357 | Menominee                           |
| 358 | Yuman                               |
| 359 | South American Indian               |
| 360 | Mexican American Indian             |
| 361 | Other Amer. Indian tribe (2000,ACS) |
| 362 | 2+ Amer. Indian tribes (2000,ACS)   |
| 370 | Alaskan Athabaskan                  |
| 371 | Aleut                               |
| 372 | Eskimo                              |
| 373 | Alaskan mixed                       |
| 374 | Inupiat                             |
| 375 | Yup'ik                              |

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| 379 | Other Alaska Native tribe(s) (2000,ACS)                      |
| 398 | Both Am. Ind. and Alaska Native (2000,ACS)                   |
| 399 | Tribe not specified  |
| 400 | Chinese  |
| 410 | Taiwanese  |
| 420 | Chinese and Taiwanese  |
| 500 | Japanese   |
| 600 | Filipino   |
| 610 | Asian Indian (Hindu 1920_1940)                               |
| 620 | Korean   |
| 630 | Hawaiian   |
| 631 | Hawaiian and Asian (1900,1920)                               |
| 632 | Hawaiian and European (1900,1920)                            |
| 634 | Hawaiian mixed   |
| 640 | Vietnamese   |
| 641 | Bhutanese  |
| 642 | Mongolian  |
| 643 | Nepalese   |
| 650 | Other Asian or Pacific Islander (1920,1980)                  |
| 651 | Asian only (CPS)   |
| 652 | Pacific Islander only (CPS)                                  |
| 653 | Asian or Pacific Islander, n.s. (1990 Internal Census files) |
| 660 | Cambodian  |
| 661 | Hmong  |
| 662 | Laotian  |
| 663 | Thai   |

|     |                                       |
|-----|---------------------------------------|
| 664 | Bangladeshi                           |
| 665 | Burmese                               |
| 666 | Indonesian                            |
| 667 | Malaysian                             |
| 668 | Okinawan                              |
| 669 | Pakistani                             |
| 670 | Sri Lankan                            |
| 671 | Other Asian, n.e.c.                   |
| 672 | Asian, not specified                  |
| 673 | Chinese and Japanese                  |
| 674 | Chinese and Filipino                  |
| 675 | Chinese and Vietnamese                |
| 676 | Chinese and Asian write_in            |
| 677 | Japanese and Filipino                 |
| 678 | Asian Indian and Asian write_in       |
| 679 | Other Asian race combinations         |
| 680 | Samoan                                |
| 681 | Tahitian                              |
| 682 | Tongan                                |
| 683 | Other Polynesian (1990)               |
| 684 | 1+ other Polynesian races (2000,ACS)  |
| 685 | Guamanian/Chamorro                    |
| 686 | Northern Mariana Islander             |
| 687 | Palauan                               |
| 688 | Other Micronesian (1990)              |
| 689 | 1+ other Micronesian races (2000,ACS) |
| 690 | Fijian                                |

|     |                                      |
|-----|--------------------------------------|
| 691 | Other Melanesian (1990)              |
| 692 | 1+ other Melanesian races (2000,ACS) |
| 698 | 2+ PI races from 2+ PI regions       |
| 699 | Pacific Islander, n.s.               |
| 700 | Other race, n.e.c.                   |
| 801 | White and Black                      |
| 802 | White and AIAN                       |
| 810 | White and Asian                      |
| 811 | White and Chinese                    |
| 812 | White and Japanese                   |
| 813 | White and Filipino                   |
| 814 | White and Asian Indian               |
| 815 | White and Korean                     |
| 816 | White and Vietnamese                 |
| 817 | White and Asian write_in             |
| 818 | White and other Asian race(s)        |
| 819 | White and two or more Asian groups   |
| 820 | White and PI                         |
| 821 | White and Native Hawaiian            |
| 822 | White and Samoan                     |
| 823 | White and Guamanian                  |
| 824 | White and PI write_in                |
| 825 | White and other PI race(s)           |
| 826 | White and other race write_in        |
| 827 | White and other race, n.e.c.         |
| 830 | Black and AIAN                       |

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| 831 | Black and Asian                        |
| 832 | Black and Chinese                      |
| 833 | Black and Japanese                     |
| 834 | Black and Filipino                     |
| 835 | Black and Asian Indian                 |
| 836 | Black and Korean                       |
| 837 | Black and Asian write_in               |
| 838 | Black and other Asian race(s)          |
| 840 | Black and PI                           |
| 841 | Black and PI write_in                  |
| 842 | Black and other PI race(s)             |
| 845 | Black and other race write_in          |
| 850 | AIAN and Asian                         |
| 851 | AIAN and Filipino (2000 1%)            |
| 852 | AIAN and Asian Indian                  |
| 853 | AIAN and Asian write_in (2000 1%)      |
| 854 | AIAN and other Asian race(s)           |
| 855 | AIAN and PI                            |
| 856 | AIAN and other race write_in           |
| 860 | Asian and PI                           |
| 861 | Chinese and Hawaiian                   |
| 862 | Chinese, Filipino, Hawaiian (2000 1%)  |
| 863 | Japanese and Hawaiian (2000 1%)        |
| 864 | Filipino and Hawaiian                  |
| 865 | Filipino and PI write_in               |
| 866 | Asian Indian and PI write_in (2000 1%) |
| 867 | Asian write_in and PI write_in         |

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| 868 | Other Asian race(s) and PI race(s)           |
| 869 | Japanese and Korean (ACS)                    |
| 880 | Asian and other race write_in                |
| 881 | Chinese and other race write_in              |
| 882 | Japanese and other race write_in             |
| 883 | Filipino and other race write_in             |
| 884 | Asian Indian and other race write_in         |
| 885 | Asian write_in and other race write_in       |
| 886 | Other Asian race(s) and other race write_in  |
| 887 | Chinese and Korean                           |
| 890 | PI and other race write_in:                  |
| 891 | PI write_in and other race write_in          |
| 892 | Other PI race(s) and other race write_in     |
| 893 | Native Hawaiian or PI other race(s)          |
| 899 | API and other race write_in                  |
| 901 | White, Black, AIAN                           |
| 902 | White, Black, Asian                          |
| 903 | White, Black, PI                             |
| 904 | White, Black, other race write_in            |
| 905 | White, AIAN, Asian                           |
| 906 | White, AIAN, PI                              |
| 907 | White, AIAN, other race write_in             |
| 910 | White, Asian, PI                             |
| 911 | White, Chinese, Hawaiian                     |
| 912 | White, Chinese, Filipino, Hawaiian (2000 1%) |
| 913 | White, Japanese, Hawaiian (2000 1%)          |

|     |   |
|-----|---|
| 914 | White, Filipino, Hawaiian   |
| 915 | Other White, Asian race(s), PI race(s)  |
| 916 | White, AIAN and Filipino  |
| 917 | White, Black, and Filipino  |
| 920 | White, Asian, other race write_in   |
| 921 | White, Filipino, other race write_in (2000 1%)                                      |
| 922 | White, Asian write_in, other race write_in (2000 1%)                                |
| 923 | Other White, Asian race(s), other race write_in (2000 1%)                           |
| 925 | White, PI, other race write_in  |
| 930 | Black, AIAN, Asian  |
| 931 | Black, AIAN, PI   |
| 932 | Black, AIAN, other race write_in  |
| 933 | Black, Asian, PI  |
| 934 | Black, Asian, other race write_in   |
| 935 | Black, PI, other race write_in  |
| 940 | AIAN, Asian, PI   |
| 941 | AIAN, Asian, other race write_in  |
| 942 | AIAN, PI, other race write_in   |
| 943 | Asian, PI, other race write_in  |
| 944 | Asian (Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese); and Native Hawaiian or PI; and Other |
| 949 | 2 or 3 races (CPS)  |
| 950 | White, Black, AIAN, Asian   |
| 951 | White, Black, AIAN, PI  |
| 952 | White, Black, AIAN, other race write_in   |
| 953 | White, Black, Asian, PI   |
| 954 | White, Black, Asian, other race write_in  |
|     |   |

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| 955 | White, Black, PI, other race write_in  |
| 960 | White, AIAN, Asian, PI   |
| 961 | White, AIAN, Asian, other race write_in  |
| 962 | White, AIAN, PI, other race write_in   |
| 963 | White, Asian, PI, other race write_in  |
| 964 | White, Chinese, Japanese, Native Hawaiian  |
| 970 | Black, AIAN, Asian, PI   |
| 971 | Black, AIAN, Asian, other race write_in  |
| 972 | Black, AIAN, PI, other race write_in   |
| 973 | Black, Asian, PI, other race write_in  |
| 974 | AIAN, Asian, PI, other race write_in   |
| 975 | AIAN, Asian, PI, Hawaiian other race write_in  |
| 976 | Two specified Asian (Chinese and other Asian, Chinese and Japanese, Japanese and other Asian, Korean and other Asian); Native Hawaiian/PI; and Other Race                              |
| 980 | White, Black, AIAN, Asian, PI  |
| 981 | White, Black, AIAN, Asian, other race write_in   |
| 982 | White, Black, AIAN, PI, other race write_in  |
| 983 | White, Black, Asian, PI, other race write_in   |
| 984 | White, AIAN, Asian, PI, other race write_in  |
| 985 | Black, AIAN, Asian, PI, other race write_in  |
| 986 | Black, AIAN, Asian, PI, Hawaiian, other race write_in  |
| 989 | 4 or 5 races (CPS)   |
| 990 | White, Black, AIAN, Asian, PI, other race write_in   |
| 991 | White race; Some other race; Black or African American race and/or American Indian and Alaska Native race and/or Asian groups and/or Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander groups |
| 996 | 2+ races, n.e.c. (CPS)   |

**Variable: "HISPAN"**



| Name:   | HISPAN  |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
|---|---|-------|-------|---|--------------|---|---------|---|--------------|---|-------|---|-------|---|--------------|
| Label:  | Hispanic origin [general version]   |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| Variable Text:  | <p>HISPAN identifies persons of Hispanic/Spanish/Latino origin and classifies them according to their country of origin when possible. Origin is defined by the Census Bureau as ancestry, lineage, heritage, nationality group, or country of birth. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race; see RACE for a discussion of coding issues involved. Users should note that race questions were not asked in the Puerto Rican censuses of 1970, 1980 and 1990. They were asked in the 1910 and 1920 Puerto Rican censuses, and in the 2000 and 2010 Puerto Rican census and the PRCS. However, questions assessing Spanish/Hispanic origin were not asked in the Puerto Rican censuses prior to 2000.</p> <p>The HISPAN general code covers country-of-origin classifications common to all years; the detailed code distinguishes additional groups and subgroups. See HISPRULE for details on how country of origin information was assigned prior to 1980.</p> |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| Concept:  | Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON   |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| Start Position:   | 88  |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| End Position:   | 88  |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| Width:  | 1   |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| Variable Format:  | numeric   |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| Implied Decimal Places:   | 0   |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| <b>Categories</b>   |   |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Label</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>Not Hispanic</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Mexican</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Puerto Rican</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>Cuban</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>Other</td></tr> <tr> <td>9</td><td>Not Reported</td></tr> </tbody> </table> |   | Value | Label | 0 | Not Hispanic | 1 | Mexican | 2 | Puerto Rican | 3 | Cuban | 4 | Other | 9 | Not Reported |
| Value   | Label   |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| 0   | Not Hispanic  |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| 1   | Mexican   |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| 2   | Puerto Rican  |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| 3   | Cuban   |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| 4   | Other   |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |
| 9   | Not Reported  |       |       |   |              |   |         |   |              |   |       |   |       |   |              |

**Variable: "HISPAND"**

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Name:                   | HISPAND   |
| Label:                  | Hispanic origin [detailed version]  |
| Variable Text:          | <p>HISPAN identifies persons of Hispanic/Spanish/Latino origin and classifies them according to their country of origin when possible. Origin is defined by the Census Bureau as ancestry, lineage, heritage, nationality group, or country of birth. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race; see RACE for a discussion of coding issues involved. Users should note that race questions were not asked in the Puerto Rican censuses of 1970, 1980 and 1990. They were asked in the 1910 and 1920 Puerto Rican censuses, and in the 2000 and 2010 Puerto Rican census and the PRCS. However, questions assessing Spanish/Hispanic origin were not asked in the Puerto Rican censuses prior to 2000.</p> <p>The HISPAN general code covers country-of-origin classifications common to all years; the detailed code distinguishes additional groups and subgroups. See HISPRULE for details on how country of origin information was assigned prior to 1980.</p> |
| Concept:                | Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON   |
| Start Position:         | 89  |
| End Position:           | 91  |
| Width:                  | 3   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |

### Categories

| Value | Label                   |
|-------|-------------------------|
| 000   | Not Hispanic            |
| 100   | Mexican                 |
| 102   | Mexican American        |
| 103   | Mexicano/Mexicana       |
| 104   | Chicano/Chicana         |
| 105   | La Raza                 |
| 106   | Mexican American Indian |
|       |                         |

|     |                          |
|-----|--------------------------|
| 107 | Mexico                   |
| 200 | Puerto Rican             |
| 300 | Cuban                    |
| 401 | Central American Indian  |
| 402 | Canal Zone               |
| 411 | Costa Rican              |
| 412 | Guatemalan               |
| 413 | Honduran                 |
| 414 | Nicaraguan               |
| 415 | Panamanian               |
| 416 | Salvadoran               |
| 417 | Central American, n.e.c. |
| 420 | Argentinean              |
| 421 | Bolivian                 |
| 422 | Chilean                  |
| 423 | Colombian                |
| 424 | Ecuadorian               |
| 425 | Paraguayan               |
| 426 | Peruvian                 |
| 427 | Uruguayan                |
| 428 | Venezuelan               |
| 429 | South American Indian    |
| 430 | Criollo                  |
| 431 | South American, n.e.c.   |
| 450 | Spaniard                 |
| 451 | Andalusian               |
| 452 | Asturian                 |

|     |                         |
|-----|-------------------------|
| 453 | Castillian              |
| 454 | Catalonian              |
| 455 | Balearic Islander       |
| 456 | Gallego                 |
| 457 | Valencian               |
| 458 | Canarian                |
| 459 | Spanish Basque          |
| 460 | Dominican               |
| 465 | Latin American          |
| 470 | Hispanic                |
| 480 | Spanish                 |
| 490 | Californio              |
| 491 | Tejano                  |
| 492 | Nuevo Mexicano          |
| 493 | Spanish American        |
| 494 | Spanish American Indian |
| 495 | Meso American Indian    |
| 496 | Mestizo                 |
| 498 | Other, n.s.             |
| 499 | Other, n.e.c.           |
| 900 | Not Reported            |

**Variable: "CITIZEN"**

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Name:          | CITIZEN   |
| Label:         | Citizenship status  |
| Variable Text: | CITIZEN reports the citizenship status of respondents, distinguishing between naturalized citizens and non-citizens. For 1900-1940, respondents who were not yet citizens but who had |

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
|                         | begun the naturalization process ("received first papers") are identified. |
| Concept:                | Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON                          |
| Start Position:         | 92   |
| End Position:           | 92   |
| Width:                  | 1  |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0  |

### Categories

| Value | Label   |
|-------|---|
| 0     | N/A   |
| 1     | Born abroad of American parents               |
| 2     | Naturalized citizen                           |
| 3     | Not a citizen                                 |
| 4     | Not a citizen, but has received first papers  |
| 5     | Foreign born, citizenship status not reported |

### Variable: "YRNATUR"

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Name:          | YRNATUR   |
| Label:         | Year naturalized  |
| Variable Text: | YRNATUR reports the 4-digit year in which a foreign-born United States citizen became naturalized. In 1920 (see the instructions to enumerators, below), foreign-born men age 21 and older and unmarried foreign-born women age 21 and older became naturalized citizens through their own efforts. Married foreign-born women achieved their naturalization when they married a native-born man or when their foreign-born husband was naturalized. Foreign-born children (under age 21) of foreign-born parents became naturalized when one of their parents was naturalized. |
| Concept:       | Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON   |

|                         |         |
|-------------------------|---------|
| Start Position:         | 93      |
| End Position:           | 96      |
| Width:                  | 4       |
| Variable Format:        | numeric |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0       |

Categories

| Value | Label |
|-------|-------|
| 2013  | 2013  |
| 1806  | 1806  |
| 1807  | 1807  |
| 1808  | 1808  |
| 1809  | 1809  |
| 1810  | 1810  |
| 1811  | 1811  |
| 1812  | 1812  |
| 1813  | 1813  |
| 1814  | 1814  |
| 1815  | 1815  |
| 1816  | 1816  |
| 1817  | 1817  |
| 1818  | 1818  |
| 1819  | 1819  |
| 1820  | 1820  |
|       |       |

|      |      |
|------|------|
| 1821 | 1821 |
| 1822 | 1822 |
| 1823 | 1823 |
| 1824 | 1824 |
| 1825 | 1825 |
| 1826 | 1826 |
| 1827 | 1827 |
| 1828 | 1828 |
| 1829 | 1829 |
| 1830 | 1830 |
| 1831 | 1831 |
| 1832 | 1832 |
| 1833 | 1833 |
| 1834 | 1834 |
| 1835 | 1835 |
| 1836 | 1836 |
| 1837 | 1837 |
| 1838 | 1838 |
| 1839 | 1839 |
| 1840 | 1840 |
| 1841 | 1841 |
| 1842 | 1842 |
| 1843 | 1843 |
| 1844 | 1844 |
| 1845 | 1845 |
| 1846 | 1846 |
| 1847 | 1847 |

|      |      |
|------|------|
| 1848 | 1848 |
| 1849 | 1849 |
| 1850 | 1850 |
| 1851 | 1851 |
| 1852 | 1852 |
| 1853 | 1853 |
| 1854 | 1854 |
| 1855 | 1855 |
| 1856 | 1856 |
| 1857 | 1857 |
| 1858 | 1858 |
| 1859 | 1859 |
| 1860 | 1860 |
| 1861 | 1861 |
| 1862 | 1862 |
| 1863 | 1863 |
| 1864 | 1864 |
| 1865 | 1865 |
| 1866 | 1866 |
| 1867 | 1867 |
| 1868 | 1868 |
| 1869 | 1869 |
| 1870 | 1870 |
| 1871 | 1871 |
| 1872 | 1872 |
| 1873 | 1873 |



|      |      |
|------|------|
| 1874 | 1874 |
| 1875 | 1875 |
| 1876 | 1876 |
| 1877 | 1877 |
| 1878 | 1878 |
| 1879 | 1879 |
| 1880 | 1880 |
| 1881 | 1881 |
| 1882 | 1882 |
| 1883 | 1883 |
| 1884 | 1884 |
| 1885 | 1885 |
| 1886 | 1886 |
| 1887 | 1887 |
| 1888 | 1888 |
| 1889 | 1889 |
| 1890 | 1890 |
| 1891 | 1891 |
| 1892 | 1892 |
| 1893 | 1893 |
| 1894 | 1894 |
| 1895 | 1895 |
| 1896 | 1896 |
| 1897 | 1897 |
| 1898 | 1898 |
| 1899 | 1899 |
| 1900 | 1900 |

|      |   |
|------|---|
| 1901 | 1901                                      |
| 1902 | 1902                                      |
| 1903 | 1903                                      |
| 1904 | 1904                                      |
| 1905 | 1905                                      |
| 1906 | 1906                                      |
| 1907 | 1907                                      |
| 1908 | 1908                                      |
| 1909 | 1909                                      |
| 1910 | 1910                                      |
| 1911 | 1911                                      |
| 1912 | 1912                                      |
| 1913 | 1913                                      |
| 1914 | 1914                                      |
| 1915 | 1915                                      |
| 1916 | 1916                                      |
| 1917 | 1917                                      |
| 1918 | 1918                                      |
| 1919 | 1919                                      |
| 1920 | 1920                                      |
| 1921 | 1921                                      |
| 1922 | 1922                                      |
| 1923 | 1923                                      |
| 1924 | 1924                                      |
| 1925 | 1925 (1925 or earlier, ACS/PRCS pre 2012) |
| 1926 | 1925 (1925 or earlier, ACS/PRCS pre 2012) |

|      |                                       |
|------|---------------------------------------|
| 1927 | 1927                                  |
| 1928 | 1928 (1928 or earlier, 2012 ACS/PRCS) |
| 1929 | 1929 (1929-1933, 2012 ACS/PRCS)       |
| 1930 | 1930                                  |
| 1931 | 1931 (1931-1935, ACS/PRCS pre 2012)   |
| 1932 | 1932                                  |
| 1933 | 1933                                  |
| 1934 | 1934 (1934-1939, 2012 ACS/PRCS)       |
| 1935 | 1935                                  |
| 1936 | 1936 (1936-1940, ACS/PRCS pre 2012)   |
| 1937 | 1937                                  |
| 1938 | 1938                                  |
| 1939 | 1939                                  |
| 1940 | 1940 (1940-1942, 2012 ACS/PRCS)       |
| 1941 | 1941 (1941-1942, ACS/PRCS pre 2012)   |
| 1942 | 1942                                  |
| 1943 | 1943 (1943-44, 2012 ACS/PRCS)         |
| 1944 | 1944                                  |
| 1945 | 1945                                  |
| 1946 | 1946 (1946-1947, 2012 ACS/PRCS)       |
| 1947 | 1947                                  |
| 1948 | 1948                                  |
| 1949 | 1949                                  |
| 1950 | 1950                                  |
| 1951 | 1951                                  |
| 1952 | 1952                                  |
| 1953 | 1953                                  |

|      |      |
|------|------|
|      |      |
| 1954 | 1954 |
| 1955 | 1955 |
| 1956 | 1956 |
| 1957 | 1957 |
| 1958 | 1958 |
| 1959 | 1959 |
| 1960 | 1960 |
| 1961 | 1961 |
| 1962 | 1962 |
| 1963 | 1963 |
| 1964 | 1964 |
| 1965 | 1965 |
| 1966 | 1966 |
| 1967 | 1967 |
| 1968 | 1968 |
| 1969 | 1969 |
| 1970 | 1970 |
| 1971 | 1971 |
| 1972 | 1972 |
| 1973 | 1973 |
| 1974 | 1974 |
| 1975 | 1975 |
| 1976 | 1976 |
| 1977 | 1977 |
| 1978 | 1978 |
| 1979 | 1979 |
|      |      |

|      |      |
|------|------|
| 1980 | 1980 |
| 1981 | 1981 |
| 1982 | 1982 |
| 1983 | 1983 |
| 1984 | 1984 |
| 1985 | 1985 |
| 1986 | 1986 |
| 1987 | 1987 |
| 1988 | 1988 |
| 1989 | 1989 |
| 1990 | 1990 |
| 1991 | 1991 |
| 1992 | 1992 |
| 1993 | 1993 |
| 1994 | 1994 |
| 1995 | 1995 |
| 1996 | 1996 |
| 1997 | 1997 |
| 1998 | 1998 |
| 1999 | 1999 |
| 2000 | 2000 |
| 2001 | 2001 |
| 2002 | 2002 |
| 2003 | 2003 |
| 2004 | 2004 |
| 2005 | 2005 |
| 2006 | 2006 |

|      |           |
|------|-----------|
|      |           |
| 2007 | 2007      |
| 2008 | 2008      |
| 2009 | 2009      |
| 2010 | 2010      |
| 2011 | 2011      |
| 2012 | 2012      |
| 9997 | Unknown   |
| 9998 | Illegible |
| 9999 | N/A       |
| 2014 | 2014      |
| 2015 | 2015      |
| 2016 | 2016      |

**Variable: "YRIMMIG"**

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Name:           | YRIMMIG   |
| Label:          | Year of immigration   |
| Variable Text:  | <p>YRIMMIG reports the year in which a foreign-born person entered the United States (or Puerto Rico, for the 1910 and 1920 Puerto Rico samples).</p> <p>For the 1900-1930 samples and the 2000-2004 ACS, YRIMMIG reports the exact year of immigration. For 1970-1990, the respondent was asked to report the range of years that included their year of arrival. For the 2000 census and the ACS from 2005 onward, exact years are reported back to 1935; some years prior to 1935 are collapsed into categories (see the codes page for details). The codes for all such categories represent the latest possible year in which a respondent could have immigrated.</p> <p>Other immigration variables are available; see the following table:<br/> HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN"<br/> "http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd"&gt;</p> <p>table_208.html</p> |
| Concept:        | Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON   |
| Start Position: | 97  |

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| End Position:           | 100  |
| Width:                  | 4  |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0  |
| Coder Instructions:     | <p>YRIMMIG is a 4-digit numeric variable reporting the year in which a foreign-born person entered the United States (or Puerto Rico for the 1910 and 1920 Puerto Rico samples. YRIMMIG specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>YRIMMIG Specific Variable Codes<br/>0000 = N/A</p> <p>See table below for Census Year specific codes</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 20px; }</pre> <p>YRIMMIG</p> <p>Code<br/>1970<br/>1980<br/>1990<br/>2000 PUMS<br/>ACS</p> <p>1910<br/>-<br/>-<br/>-<br/>1910 or earlier<br/>-</p> <p>1914<br/>1911-1914<br/>-<br/>-<br/>1911-1914<br/>-</p> <p>1919<br/>-</p> |

-  
-  
1915-1919  
1919 or earlier  
  
1924  
1915-1924  
-  
-  
-  
-  
  
1932  
-  
-  
-  
-  
1931-1932\*  
  
1934  
1925-1934  
-  
-  
-  
1933-1934\*  
  
1944  
1935-1944  
-  
-  
-  
-  
  
1949  
1945-1949  
1949 or earlier  
1949 or earlier  
-  
-  
  
1954  
1950-1954  
-  
-  
-  
-  
  
1959  
1955-1959  
1950-1959  
1950-1959  
-  
-  
  
1964  
1960-1964  
1960-1964  
1960-1964  
-  
-  
  
1969  
-  
1965-1969  
1965-1969



|                     |
|---------------------|
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1970                |
| 1965-1970           |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1974                |
| -                   |
| 1970-1974           |
| 1970-1974           |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1979                |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1975-1979           |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1980                |
| -                   |
| 1975-1980           |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1981                |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1980-1981           |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1984                |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1982-1984           |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1986                |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1985-1986           |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1990                |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| 1987-1990           |
| -                   |
| -                   |
| *(2005-onward only) |

**Variable: "YRSUSA1"**

|       |         |
|-------|---------|
| Name: | YRSUSA1 |
|-------|---------|

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Label:                  | Years in the United States  |
| Variable Text:          | <p>YRSUSA1 reports how long a person who was born in a foreign country or U.S. outlying area had been living in the United States.</p> <p>Other immigration variables are available; see the following table:<br/> HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN"<br/> "http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd"&gt;</p> <p>table_208.html</p>   |
| Concept:                | Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON   |
| Start Position:         | 101   |
| End Position:           | 102   |
| Width:                  | 2   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |
| Coder Instructions:     | <p>YRSUSA1 is a 2-digit numeric code reporting how long a person who was born in a foreign country or U.S. outlying area had been living in the United States. YRSUSA1 specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>YRSUSA1 Specific Variable Codes<br/> 00 = N/A or less than one year.</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 90px; }</pre> <p>YRSUSA1</p> <p>Census<br/>Top Code</p> |

1900-1930

99+ years

2000

90+ years

ACS

90+ years

User Caution: Since the YRSUSA1 code 00 encompasses two meanings (N/A or less than one year), users who want to distinguish between the two need to interpret this code in conjunction with BPL as follows. For those with BPL less than 100 (born in the U.S.), YRSUSA1 = 00 means "N/A." For those with BPL code 100 or greater (born outside the U.S.), YRSUSA1 = 00 means "less than 1 year."

## Variable: "SPEAKENG"

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name:                   | SPEAKENG   |
| Label:                  | Speaks English   |
| Variable Text:          | SPEAKENG indicates whether the respondent was able to speak English in 1900-1930 and 1970. Beginning in 1980, SPEAKENG indicates whether the respondent speaks only English at home, and also reports how well the respondent, who speaks a language other than English at home, speaks English. |
| Concept:                | Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON  |
| Start Position:         | 103  |
| End Position:           | 103  |
| Width:                  | 1  |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0  |

### Categories

| Value | Label                  |
|-------|------------------------|
| 0     | N/A (Blank)            |
| 1     | Does not speak English |
| 2     | Yes, speaks English... |

|   |                          |
|---|--------------------------|
| 3 | Yes, speaks only English |
| 4 | Yes, speaks very well    |
| 5 | Yes, speaks well         |
| 6 | Yes, but not well        |
| 7 | Unknown                  |
| 8 | Illegible                |

**Variable: "SCHOOL"**

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name:                   | SCHOOL   |
| Label:                  | School attendance  |
| Variable Text:          | SCHOOL indicates whether the respondent attended school during a specified period. |
| Concept:                | Education Variables -- PERSON  |
| Start Position:         | 104  |
| End Position:           | 104  |
| Width:                  | 1  |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0  |

**Categories**

| Value | Label             |
|-------|-------------------|
| 0     | N/A               |
| 1     | No, not in school |
| 2     | Yes, in school    |
| 9     | Missing           |

**Variable: "EDUC"**

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name:                   | EDUC   |
| Label:                  | Educational attainment [general version]   |
| Variable Text:          | EDUC indicates respondents' educational attainment, as measured by the highest year of school or degree completed. Note that completion differs from the highest year of school attendance; for example, respondents who attended 10th grade but did not finish were classified in EDUC as having completed 9th grade. For additional detail on grade attendance, see GRADEATT as well as the detailed version of HIGRADE. |
| Concept:                | Education Variables -- PERSON  |
| Start Position:         | 105  |
| End Position:           | 106  |
| Width:                  | 2  |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0  |

### Categories

| Value | Label                     |
|-------|---------------------------|
| 01    | Nursery school to grade 4 |
| 02    | Grade 5, 6, 7, or 8       |
| 03    | Grade 9                   |
| 04    | Grade 10                  |
| 05    | Grade 11                  |
| 06    | Grade 12                  |
| 07    | 1 year of college         |
| 08    | 2 years of college        |
| 09    | 3 years of college        |
| 10    | 4 years of college        |
|       |                           |

|    |                     |
|----|---------------------|
| 11 | 5+ years of college |
| 00 | N/A or no schooling |

**Variable: "EDUCD"**

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name:                   | EDUCD  |
| Label:                  | Educational attainment [detailed version]  |
| Variable Text:          | EDUC indicates respondents' educational attainment, as measured by the highest year of school or degree completed. Note that completion differs from the highest year of school attendance; for example, respondents who attended 10th grade but did not finish were classified in EDUC as having completed 9th grade. For additional detail on grade attendance, see GRADEATT as well as the detailed version of HIGRADE. |
| Concept:                | Education Variables -- PERSON  |
| Start Position:         | 107  |
| End Position:           | 109  |
| Width:                  | 3  |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0  |

**Categories**

| Value | Label                     |
|-------|---------------------------|
| 999   | Missing                   |
| 010   | Nursery school to grade 4 |
| 011   | Nursery school, preschool |
| 012   | Kindergarten              |
| 013   | Grade 1, 2, 3, or 4       |
| 014   | Grade 1                   |
| 015   | Grade 2                   |

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| 016 | Grade 3                                      |
| 017 | Grade 4                                      |
| 020 | Grade 5, 6, 7, or 8                          |
| 021 | Grade 5 or 6                                 |
| 022 | Grade 5                                      |
| 023 | Grade 6                                      |
| 024 | Grade 7 or 8                                 |
| 025 | Grade 7                                      |
| 026 | Grade 8                                      |
| 030 | Grade 9                                      |
| 040 | Grade 10                                     |
| 050 | Grade 11                                     |
| 060 | Grade 12                                     |
| 061 | 12th grade, no diploma                       |
| 062 | High school graduate or GED                  |
| 063 | Regular high school diploma                  |
| 064 | GED or alternative credential                |
| 065 | Some college, but less than 1 year           |
| 070 | 1 year of college                            |
| 071 | 1 or more years of college credit, no degree |
| 080 | 2 years of college                           |
| 081 | Associate's degree, type not specified       |
| 082 | Associate's degree, occupational program     |
| 083 | Associate's degree, academic program         |
| 090 | 3 years of college                           |
| 100 | 4 years of college                           |
|     |  |

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| 101 | Bachelor's degree                              |
| 110 | 5+ years of college                            |
| 111 | 6 years of college (6+ in 1960-1970)           |
| 112 | 7 years of college                             |
| 113 | 8+ years of college                            |
| 114 | Master's degree                                |
| 115 | Professional degree beyond a bachelor's degree |
| 116 | Doctoral degree                                |
| 001 | N/A  |
| 002 | No schooling completed                         |
| 000 | N/A or no schooling                            |

### Variable: "EMPSTAT"

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Name:                   | EMPSTAT   |
| Label:                  | Employment status [general version]   |
| Variable Text:          | EMPSTAT indicates whether the respondent was a part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- and, if so, whether the person was currently unemployed. The second digit preserves additional related information available for some years but not others. See LABFORCE for a dichotomous variable that identifies whether a person participated in the labor force or not and is available for all years in the IPUMS. |
| Concept:                | Work Variables -- PERSON  |
| Start Position:         | 110   |
| End Position:           | 110   |
| Width:                  | 1   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |

### Categories



| Value | Label              |
|-------|--------------------|
| 0     | N/A                |
| 1     | Employed           |
| 2     | Unemployed         |
| 3     | Not in labor force |

**Variable: "EMPSTATD"**

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Name:                   | EMPSTATD  |
| Label:                  | Employment status [detailed version]  |
| Variable Text:          | EMPSTAT indicates whether the respondent was a part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- and, if so, whether the person was currently unemployed. The second digit preserves additional related information available for some years but not others. See LABFORCE for a dichotomous variable that identifies whether a person participated in the labor force or not and is available for all years in the IPUMS. |
| Concept:                | Work Variables -- PERSON  |
| Start Position:         | 111   |
| End Position:           | 112   |
| Width:                  | 2   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |

**Categories**

| Value | Label                 |
|-------|-----------------------|
| 00    | N/A                   |
| 10    | At work               |
| 11    | At work, public emerg |

|    |  |
|----|--|
| 12 | Has job, not working                   |
| 13 | Armed forces                           |
| 14 | Armed forces--at work                  |
| 15 | Armed forces--not at work but with job |
| 20 | Unemployed                             |
| 21 | Unemp, exper worker                    |
| 22 | Unemp, new worker                      |
| 30 | Not in Labor Force                     |
| 31 | NILF, housework                        |
| 32 | NILF, unable to work                   |
| 33 | NILF, school                           |
| 34 | NILF, other                            |

### Variable: "LABFORCE"

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| Name:            | LABFORCE  |
| Label:           | Labor force status  |
| Variable Text:   | LABFORCE is a dichotomous variable indicating whether a person participated in the labor force. See EMPSTAT for a non-dichotomous variable that indicates whether the respondent was part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- and, if so, whether the person was currently unemployed. |
| Concept:         | Work Variables -- PERSON  |
| Start Position:  | 113   |
| End Position:    | 113   |
| Width:           | 1   |
| Variable Format: | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal  | 0   |

Places:

**Categories**

| Value | Label                      |
|-------|----------------------------|
| 0     | N/A                        |
| 1     | No, not in the labor force |
| 2     | Yes, in the labor force    |

**Variable: "INCTOT"**

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| Name:            | INCTOT   |
| Label:           | Total personal income  |
| Variable Text:   | <p>INCTOT reports each respondent's total pre-tax personal income or losses from all sources for the previous year. The censuses collected information on income received from these sources during the previous calendar year; for the ACS and the PRCS, the reference period was the past 12 months. Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation:</p> <p>Users studying change over time must adjust for inflation. Consumer Price Index adjustment factors for the appropriate years can be found in the CPI99 variable.</p> <p>The exception is the ACS/PRCS multi-year files, where all dollar amounts have been standardized to dollars as valued in the final year of data included in the file (e.g., 2007 dollars for the 2005-2007 3-year file). Additionally, more detail may be available than exists in the original ACS samples.</p> <p>User Note: ACS respondents are surveyed throughout the year, and amounts do not reflect calendar year dollars. While the Census Bureau provides an adjustment factor (available in ADJUST), this is an imperfect solution. See the ACS income variables note [URL omitted from DDI.] for further details.</p> <p>For a more complete discussion of the use of these factors to adjust for inflation, users may wish to see the IPUMS-CPS note on adjusting dollar amount variables for inflation. [URL omitted from DDI.]</p> |
| Concept:         | Income Variables -- PERSON   |
| Start Position:  | 114  |
| End Position:    | 120  |
| Width:           | 7  |
| Variable Format: | numeric  |

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Implied<br>Decimal<br>Places: | 0  |
| Coder<br>Instructions:        | <p>INCTOT is a 7-digit numeric code reporting each respondent's total pre-tax personal income or losses from all sources for the previous year. INCTOT specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See Description).</p> <p>INCTOT Specific Variable Codes</p> <p>-009995 = -\$9,900 (1980)<br/> -000001 = Net loss (1950)<br/> 0000000 = None<br/> 0000001 = \$1 or break even (2000, 2005-onward ACS and PRCS)<br/> 9999999 = N/A</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 90px; }</pre> <p>INCTOT</p> <p>Census<br/>Bottom Code<br/>Top Code</p> <p>1950<br/>Net loss<br/>\$10,000</p> <p>1960<br/>-\$9,900<br/>\$25,000</p> <p>1970<br/>-\$9,900<br/>\$50,000</p> <p>1980<br/>-\$9,990<br/>\$75,000</p> <p>1990<br/>-\$19,998<br/>\$400,000*</p> <p>2000<br/>-\$20,000<br/>\$999,998</p> <p>ACS<br/>-\$19,998<br/>-</p> |

PRCS  
-\$19,998  
-

\*Higher amounts are expressed as the state medians of values above \$400,000.  
Values Exceeding Top codes, by State: 1990 [URL omitted from DDI.]

## Variable: "FTOTINC"

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Name:          | FTOTINC   |
| Label:         | Total family income   |
| Variable Text: | <p>FTOTINC reports the total pre-tax money income earned by one's family (as defined by FAMUNIT) from all sources for the previous year. For the census samples, the reference period is the previous calendar year; for the ACS/PRCS, it is the previous 12 months.</p> <p>For 1950-1980, the amounts represent the midpoints of \$10, \$100, or other intervals used by each year's sample, not exact dollar amounts. 1990 gives exact dollar amounts. For the 2000 census, the ACS and the PRCS, FTOTINC is the sum of several income variables, each of which is rounded as follows:</p> <p>No income<br/>\$0</p> <p>\$1 - \$7<br/>\$4</p> <p>\$8 - \$999<br/>rounded to nearest \$10</p> <p>\$1,000 - \$49,999<br/>rounded to nearest \$100</p> <p>\$50,000 or more<br/>rounded to nearest \$1000</p> <p>Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See INCTOT for Consumer Price Index adjustment factors). The exception is the ACS/PRCS multi-year files, where all dollar amounts have been standardized to dollars as valued in the final year of data included in the file (e.g., 2007 dollars for the 2005-2007 3-year file). Additionally, more detail may be available than exists in the original ACS samples.</p> <p>User Note: ACS respondents are surveyed throughout the year, and amounts do not reflect calendar year dollars. While the Census Bureau provides an adjustment factor (available in ADJUST), this is an imperfect solution. See the ACS income variables note [URL omitted from DDI.] for further details.</p> |
| Concept:       | Income Variables -- PERSON  |

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Start Position:         | 121  |
| End Position:           | 127  |
| Width:                  | 7  |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0  |
| Coder Instructions:     | <p>FTOTINC is a 7-digit numeric code reporting the total pre-tax money income earned by one's family (as defined by FAMUNIT) from all sources for the previous year. FTOTINC specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See Description).</p> <p>FTOTINC Specific Variable Codes<br/> -000001 = Net loss (1950)<br/> 0000000 = No income (1950-2000, ACS/PRCS)<br/> 9999998 = Not ascertained (1950)<br/> 9999999 = N/A</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 90px; }</pre> <p>FTOTINC</p> <p>Census<br/>Bottom Code<br/>Top Code</p> <p>1950<br/>Net loss<br/>\$10,000</p> <p>1960<br/>-\$9,990<br/>\$25,000</p> <p>1970<br/>-\$9,990<br/>\$50,000</p> <p>1980<br/>-\$9,995</p> |

\$75,000

1990

By State\*

By State\*

2000

-\$59,999

-

ACS

-

-

PRCS

-

-

\*Income Bottom and Top Coding, by State: 1990 [URL omitted from DDI.]

**Variable: "INCWAGE"**

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Name:           | INCWAGE   |
| Label:          | Wage and salary income  |
| Variable Text:  | <p>INCWAGE reports each respondent's total pre-tax wage and salary income - that is, money received as an employee - for the previous year. The censuses collected information on income received from these sources during the previous calendar year; for the ACS and the PRCS, the reference period was the past 12 months. Sources of income in INCWAGE include wages, salaries, commissions, cash bonuses, tips, and other money income received from an employer. Payments-in-kind or reimbursements for business expenses are not included. See the comparability discussion below for further information.</p> <p>Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See INCTOT for Consumer Price Index adjustment factors). The exception is the ACS/PRCS multi-year files, where all dollar amounts have been standardized to dollars as valued in the final year of data included in the file (e.g., 2007 dollars for the 2005-2007 3-year file). Additionally, more detail may be available than exists in the original ACS samples.</p> <p>User Note: ACS respondents are surveyed throughout the year, and amounts do not reflect calendar year dollars. While the Census Bureau provides an adjustment factor (available in ADJUST), this is an imperfect solution. See the ACS income variables note [URL omitted from DDI.] for further details.</p> |
| Concept:        | Income Variables -- PERSON  |
| Start Position: | 128   |
| End Position:   | 133   |
| Width:          | 6   |
| Variable        | numeric   |

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Format:                       |  |
| Implied<br>Decimal<br>Places: | 0  |
| Coder<br>Instructions:        | <p>INCWAGE is a 7-digit numeric code reporting each respondent's total pre-tax wage and salary income - that is, money received as an employee - for the previous year. INCWAGE specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See Description).</p> <p>INCWAGE Specific Variable Codes<br/> 999999 = N/A<br/> 999998 = Missing</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 85px; }</pre> <p>INCWAGE</p> <p>Census<br/>Top Code</p> <p>1940<br/>\$5,001</p> <p>1950<br/>\$10,000</p> <p>1960<br/>\$25,000</p> <p>1970<br/>\$50,000</p> <p>1980<br/>\$75,000</p> <p>1990<br/>\$140,000*</p> <p>2000<br/>\$175,000**</p> <p>ACS (2000-2002)<br/>\$200,000**</p> <p>ACS (2003-onward)<br/>99.5th Percentile in State**</p> <p>PRCS (2005-onward)<br/>99.5th Percentile in State**</p> |



\* Higher amounts are expressed as the state medians of values above the listed Top Code value for that specific Census year (i.e. For Census Year 1990, any observed value greater than the Top Code value of \$140,000 was coded as the median value greater than \$140,000 within that observation's state.).

\*\* Higher amounts are coded as the state means of values above the listed Top Code value for that specific Census year.

Values Exceeding Top codes, by State: 1990 - present [URL omitted from DDI.]

## Variable: "POVERTY"

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Name:          | POVERTY   |
| Label:         | Poverty status  |
| Variable Text: | <p>POVERTY treats respondents who live in families collectively. It expresses each family's total income for the previous year as a percentage of the poverty thresholds established by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently revised in 1980, adjusted for inflation (see the poverty definition page [URL omitted from DDI.] for more information). POVERTY assigns all members of each family - not each household - the same code. POVERTY is also calculated for most adults living as unrelated individuals. For the 1950-2000 censuses, the reference period for income is the previous calendar year; for the ACS and the PRCS, the reference period is the preceding 12 months from the date of interview.</p> <p>Whether an individual falls below the official "poverty line" depends not only on total family income, but also on the size of the family, the number of people in the family who are children, and the age of the householder (under/over age 65). POVERTY was created using detailed income and family structure information about each individual and calculating the family income as a percentage of the appropriate official poverty threshold. For example, if a person's family income is \$20,000 and the poverty threshold for such a person is \$13,861, then the value of POVERTY for that individual is <math>\\$20,000 / \\$13,861 \times 100</math> percent, or 144. Individuals whose family income is more than five times the appropriate poverty threshold receive a POVERTY value of 501. For more detail on the precise poverty thresholds used for the POVERTY variable, see the poverty definition page [URL omitted from DDI.].</p> <p>In POVERTY, the IPUMS evaluates poverty status individually for each distinct family unit in the household, as defined in FAMUNIT. For example, all persons related to the household head receive the same poverty value as the head, while an unrelated person and her child would share their own value distinct from that of the primary family. As mentioned in the FAMUNIT variable description, it is possible for individuals identified as being non-relatives of the head (RELATE) to be included in the primary family (FAMUNIT 1), based on family pointer information [URL omitted from DDI.]. However, because the POVERTY values for primary families in the 2000 Decennial and ACS/PRCS samples are published in the PUMS by the Census Bureau (see User Caution below) and the Census Bureau strictly excludes "non-relatives" (RELATED &gt; 1100) from primary families, some individuals identified as FAMUNIT 1 by IPUMS USA will not have the same POVERTY value as the head of household. These individuals will instead have the single-person poverty calculation assigned to them by the Census Bureau.</p> <p>The original PUMS samples for years prior to 1990 did not include a poverty variable. Original PUMS samples from 1990 onward included poverty values, but IPUMS poverty values differ from the original PUMS values in a key way. The original PUMS samples treated all households members unrelated to the head as one-person families when assigning poverty values, even if such persons were part of a secondary family (i.e., persons living with their own relatives but not related to the household head). Thus, the original PUMS poverty measures do not account for the presence of children (or any other aspect of family size and composition) in secondary families. For example, in the original</p> |

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
|                         | <p>1990 PUMS sample, a woman unrelated to the householder who has a child would receive a poverty value appropriate for a single person with a given income, rather than for a two-person family with a child. Consequently, the original PUMS samples from 1990 onwards tend to underestimate poverty. In the IPUMS, by contrast, the POVERTY value would be based on the threshold fitting the secondary family consisting of both the mother and the child. The IPUMS samples also round to the nearest poverty value, while the original census PUMS samples always round up.</p> <p>User Caution: The incomes of the highest-earning individuals are "top-coded" in the 2000 census data, the ACS and the PRCS samples (see 2000 income Top codes [URL omitted from DDI.]). In the 2000-present period, for individuals in the first family unit of every household (cases where FAMUNIT=1), POVERTY uses the poverty values in the original PUMS samples, which are based on respondents' pre-top-coded income information. The POVERTY value for some of these cases will differ from calculations one could make by hand using the available information in the top-coded income variables. As noted above, the IPUMS calculates POVERTY values for members of secondary families, and these values are based on top-coded income information. (Like the ACS, the IPUMS also uses the income adjustment factor before calculating poverty, although use of this factor is not recommended with IPUMS data. See the ACS income standardization note [URL omitted from DDI.] for more information.) This variable also includes some valid values for group quarters (GQ) residents, even though the stated universe does not include such cases. Users who want to maintain a consistent universe should manually exclude group quarters residents.</p> |
| Concept:                | Income Variables -- PERSON   |
| Start Position:         | 134  |
| End Position:           | 136  |
| Width:                  | 3  |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0  |
| Coder Instructions:     | <p>POVERTY is a 3-digit numeric code expressing each family's total income for the previous year as a percentage of the poverty thresholds established by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently revised in 1980, adjusted for inflation (See Poverty Definition Page [URL omitted from DDI.]). POVERTY specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>POVERTY Specific Variable Codes<br/> 000 = N/A<br/> 001 = 1 percent or less of poverty threshold<br/> 501 = 501 percent or more of poverty threshold</p>   |

### Variable: "MIGRATE1"

|       |          |
|-------|----------|
| Name: | MIGRATE1 |
|-------|----------|

| Label:   | Migration status, 1 year [general version]  |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
|--|---|-------|-------|---|-----|---|------------|---|--------------------|---|----------------------|---|---------------------|
| Variable Text:   | <p>MIGRATE1 reports whether the person had changed residence since a reference point 1 year ago. Specifically, individuals age 1+ were asked if they had lived in the "same house" (non-movers) or a "different house" (movers) one year earlier. Persons who had moved were to indicate the foreign country or the state, county, and place of their normal residence during the reference year. Migration data were collected only for sample-line persons in 1950.</p> <p>The category "Same house" includes all eligible persons who did not move since the reference year, as well as those who had moved but by the enumeration or survey date had returned to their earlier residence. The category "Different house" includes persons who lived in a different house in the reference year. For 1950, movers (those who reported living in a different house in the reference year) are further subdivided according to type of move (e.g., within the county or across state lines). The ACS and the PRCS report only same/different residence and identifies those previously living abroad.</p> <p>Therefore, for the ACS/PRCS samples, MIGRATE1 uses information contained in the IPUMS variable MIGPLAC1 and compatible PUMAs of migration and PUMAs of residence to indicate whether movers migrated between states or within the same state (the same levels of detail in the 1950 classification.). For movers who migrated between states, a detailed version of MIGRATE1 indicates whether they moved between contiguous or non-contiguous states. For movers who migrated within the same state, detailed MIGRATE1 indicates whether they moved within or between PUMAs.</p> |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| Concept:   | Migration Variables -- PERSON   |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| Start Position:  | 137   |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| End Position:  | 137   |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| Width:   | 1   |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| Variable Format:   | numeric   |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| Implied Decimal Places:  | 0   |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| <b>Categories</b>  |   |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Label</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>N/A</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Same house</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Moved within state</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>Moved between states</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>Abroad one year ago</td></tr> </tbody> </table> |   | Value | Label | 0 | N/A | 1 | Same house | 2 | Moved within state | 3 | Moved between states | 4 | Abroad one year ago |
| Value  | Label   |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| 0  | N/A   |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| 1  | Same house  |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| 2  | Moved within state  |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| 3  | Moved between states  |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |
| 4  | Abroad one year ago   |       |       |   |     |   |            |   |                    |   |                      |   |                     |

9

Unknown

**Variable: "MIGRATE1D"**

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Name:                   | MIGRATE1D   |
| Label:                  | Migration status, 1 year [detailed version]   |
| Variable Text:          | <p>MIGRATE1 reports whether the person had changed residence since a reference point 1 year ago. Specifically, individuals age 1+ were asked if they had lived in the "same house" (non-movers) or a "different house" (movers) one year earlier. Persons who had moved were to indicate the foreign country or the state, county, and place of their normal residence during the reference year. Migration data were collected only for sample-line persons in 1950.</p> <p>The category "Same house" includes all eligible persons who did not move since the reference year, as well as those who had moved but by the enumeration or survey date had returned to their earlier residence. The category "Different house" includes persons who lived in a different house in the reference year. For 1950, movers (those who reported living in a different house in the reference year) are further subdivided according to type of move (e.g., within the county or across state lines). The ACS and the PRCS report only same/different residence and identifies those previously living abroad.</p> <p>Therefore, for the ACS/PRCS samples, MIGRATE1 uses information contained in the IPUMS variable MIGPLAC1 and compatible PUMAs of migration and PUMAs of residence to indicate whether movers migrated between states or within the same state (the same levels of detail in the 1950 classification.). For movers who migrated between states, a detailed version of MIGRATE1 indicates whether they moved between contiguous or non-contiguous states. For movers who migrated within the same state, detailed MIGRATE1 indicates whether they moved within or between PUMAs.</p> |
| Concept:                | Migration Variables -- PERSON   |
| Start Position:         | 138   |
| End Position:           | 139   |
| Width:                  | 2   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |

**Categories**

| Value | Label |
|-------|-------|
| 00    | N/A   |
|       |       |

|    |   |
|----|---|
| 10 | Same house  |
| 20 | Same state (migration status within state unknown)    |
| 21 | Different house, moved within county                  |
| 22 | Different house, moved within state, between counties |
| 23 | Different house, moved within state, within PUMA      |
| 24 | Different house, moved within state, between PUMAs    |
| 25 | Different house, unknown within state                 |
| 30 | Different state (general)                             |
| 31 | Moved between contiguous states                       |
| 32 | Moved between non-contiguous states                   |
| 40 | Abroad one year ago                                   |
| 90 | Unknown   |

### Variable: "TRANWORK"

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Name:                   | TRANWORK  |
| Label:                  | Means of transportation to work   |
| Variable Text:          | TRANWORK reports the respondent's primary means of transportation to work on the most recent day worked (1970), or over the course of the previous week (the 1960 and 1980-2000 censuses, the ACS, and the PRCS). The primary means of transportation was that used on the most days or to cover the greatest distance. |
| Concept:                | Place of Work and Travel Time Variables -- PERSON   |
| Start Position:         | 140   |
| End Position:           | 141   |
| Width:                  | 2   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |

**Categories**

| <b>Value</b> | <b>Label</b>             |
|--------------|--------------------------|
| 00           | N/A                      |
| 10           | Auto, truck, or van      |
| 11           | Auto                     |
| 12           | Driver                   |
| 13           | Passenger                |
| 14           | Truck                    |
| 15           | Van                      |
| 20           | Motorcycle               |
| 30           | Bus or streetcar         |
| 31           | Bus or trolley bus       |
| 32           | Streetcar or trolley car |
| 33           | Subway or elevated       |
| 34           | Railroad                 |
| 35           | Taxicab                  |
| 36           | Ferryboat                |
| 40           | Bicycle                  |
| 50           | Walked only              |
| 60           | Other                    |
| 70           | Worked at home           |

**Variable: "CARPOOL"**

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| Name:    | CARPOOL   |
| Label:   | Carpooling  |
| Variable | CARPOOL indicates whether the respondent usually rode to work in a carpool (with at least |

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Text:                   | one other worker) during the previous week. Persons are considered car-poolers only if they rode with other workers (see RIDERS). |
| Concept:                | Place of Work and Travel Time Variables -- PERSON   |
| Start Position:         | 142   |
| End Position:           | 142   |
| Width:                  | 1   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |

### Categories

| Value | Label              |
|-------|--------------------|
| 0     | N/A                |
| 1     | Drives alone       |
| 2     | Carpools           |
| 3     | Shares driving     |
| 4     | Drives others only |
| 5     | Passenger only     |

### Variable: "RIDERS"

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Name:          | RIDERS  |
| Label:         | Vehicle occupancy   |
| Variable Text: | <p>RIDERS reports how many people (including the respondent) usually rode to work in the vehicle that the respondent took to work during the previous week. This excludes persons who drove or rode in the same vehicle to school, or who returned home after dropping off workers, or who rode to any other non-work location. A worker who rode to work with one or more other people, but who was the only worker in the vehicle, was counted as driving alone.</p> <p>Users should see TRANWORK for clarification of the universe statement (persons age 16+ who worked last week and used a private auto, truck, or van as their primary means of transportation to work).</p> |

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Concept:                | Place of Work and Travel Time Variables -- PERSON |
| Start Position:         | 143   |
| End Position:           | 143   |
| Width:                  | 1   |
| Variable Format:        | numeric   |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0   |

**Categories**

| Value | Label                      |
|-------|----------------------------|
| 0     | N/A                        |
| 1     | Drives alone               |
| 2     | 2 people                   |
| 3     | 3                          |
| 4     | 4                          |
| 5     | 5                          |
| 6     | 6                          |
| 7     | 7+ (1980,2000)             |
| 8     | 7-9 (1990,ACS,PRCS)        |
| 9     | 10 or more (1990,ACS,PRCS) |

**Variable: "TRANTIME"**

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| Name:          | TRANTIME   |
| Label:         | Travel time to work  |
| Variable Text: | TRANTIME reports the total amount of time, in minutes, that it usually took the respondent to get from home to work last week. |



|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
|                         | In 1980, responses to questions about travel time to work were coded for only half the persons included in the IPUMS. These cases provide accurate proportional distributions but not correct absolute numbers for the general population. For correct absolute numbers, users should select cases coded as 2 in MIGSAMP and multiply by 2 as well as by PERWT.  |
| Concept:                | Place of Work and Travel Time Variables -- PERSON  |
| Start Position:         | 144  |
| End Position:           | 146  |
| Width:                  | 3  |
| Variable Format:        | numeric  |
| Implied Decimal Places: | 0  |
| Coder Instructions:     | <p>TRANTIME is a 3-digit numeric variable reporting the total amount of time, in minutes, that it usually took the respondent to get from home to work last week. TRANTIME specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>TRANTIME Specific Variable Codes<br/>000 = N/A</p> <p>Values Exceeding Top codes, by State: 2003 - present [URL omitted from DDI.]</p> |