

Appendix 8. Model results for species-area relationships in cities, species-area relationships in random polygon patches, and for the comparison between the two.

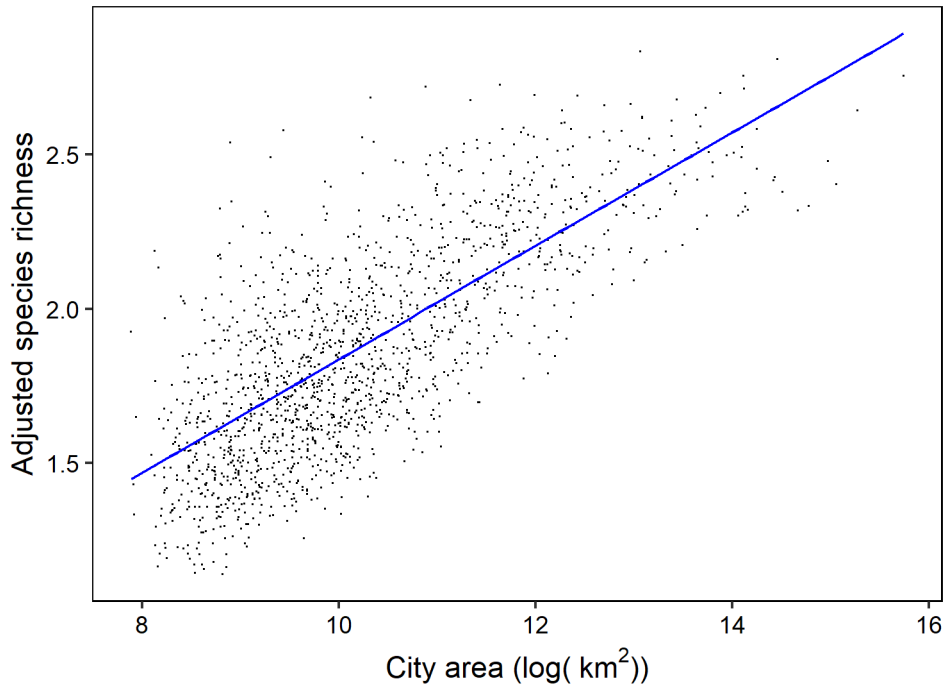


Figure A1. Adjusted species richness after accounting for the total number of eBird lists in a city using weights, and a smoothed 2-dimensional spline for latitude and longitude, to account for gradients in species richness, as a result of a Generalized Additive Model. The plot was made using the mgcViz package in R.

Table A1. Model results from a Generalized Additive Model for the species-area relationship for cities (i.e., area).

Family: poisson

Link function: log

Formula:

total_richness ~ log(area) + s(lat, lng, bs = "sos", m = 2, k = 100)

Parametric coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)
(Intercept)	3.2529728	0.0056347	577.3	<2e-16 ***
log(area)	0.1836739	0.0005172	355.1	<2e-16 ***

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Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Approximate significance of smooth terms:

	edf	Ref.df	Chi.sq	p-value
s(lat,lng)	98.45	99	29255	<2e-16 ***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

R-sq.(adj) = 0.664 Deviance explained = 65.1%

UBRE = 55.205 Scale est. = 1 n = 1581

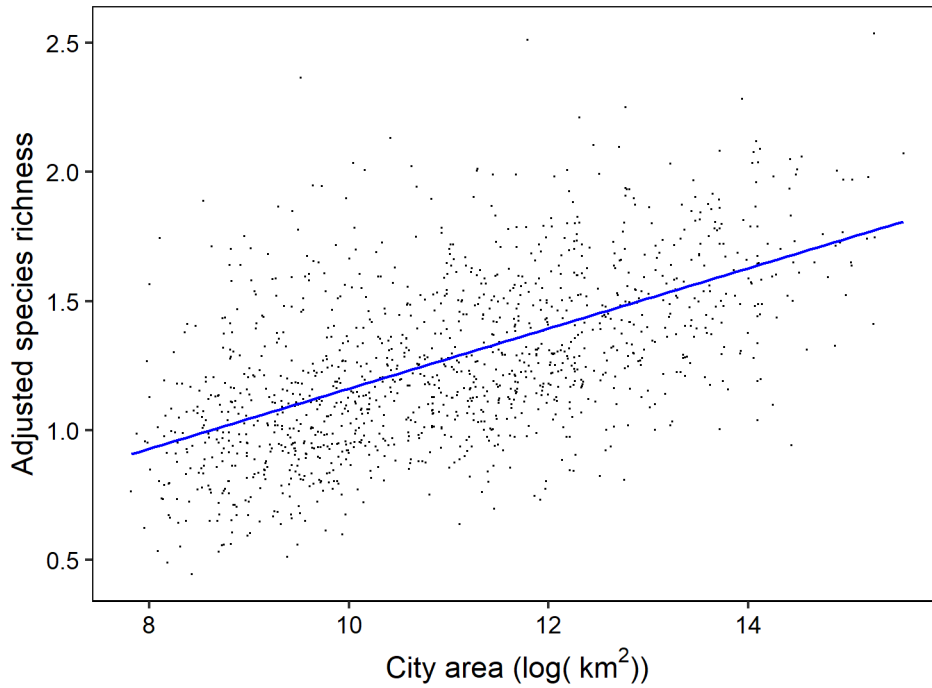


Figure A2. Adjusted species richness after accounting for the total number of eBird lists in a random polygon patch using weights, and a smoothed 2-dimensional spline for latitude and longitude, to account for gradients in species richness, as a result of a Generalized Additive Model. The plot was made using the mgcViz package in R.

Table A2. Model results from a Generalized Additive Model for the species-area relationship among random polygon patches.

Family: poisson

Link function: log

Formula:

total_richness ~ log(area) + s(lat, lng, bs = "sos", m = 2, k = 100)

Parametric coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)
(Intercept)	3.7487292	0.0068680	545.8	<2e-16 ***
log(area)	0.1162127	0.0005945	195.5	<2e-16 ***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Approximate significance of smooth terms:

	edf	Ref.df	Chi.sq	p-value
s(lat,lng)	98.45	99	21582	<2e-16 ***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

R-sq.(adj) = 0.362 Deviance explained = 39.2%

UBRE = 65.205 Scale est. = 1 n = 1284

Table A3. Model results from a Generalized Additive Model which assessed the interaction between log-transformed patch area and ‘analysis’, explicitly testing the difference in slope between cities and random polygon patches.

Family: poisson

Link function: log

Formula:

total_richness ~ log(area) * Analysis + s(lat, lng, bs = "sos", m = 2, k = 100)

Parametric coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)
(Intercept)	3.3346667	0.0054065	616.79	<2e-16 ***
log(area)	0.1762309	0.0004931	357.42	<2e-16 ***
AnalysisRandom	0.4830444	0.0085692	56.37	<2e-16 ***
log(area):AnalysisRandom	-0.0656888	0.0007570	-86.78	<2e-16 ***

Signif. codes: 0 ‘***’ 0.001 ‘**’ 0.01 ‘*’ 0.05 ‘.’ 0.1 ‘ ’ 1

Approximate significance of smooth terms:

	edf	Ref.df	Chi.sq	p-value
s(lat,lng)	98.41	99	36394	<2e-16 ***

Signif. codes: 0 ‘***’ 0.001 ‘**’ 0.01 ‘*’ 0.05 ‘.’ 0.1 ‘ ’ 1

R-sq.(adj) = 0.562 Deviance explained = 54%

UBRE = 64.908 Scale est. = 1 n = 2865