

Cloud Computing

Introduction to virtualization

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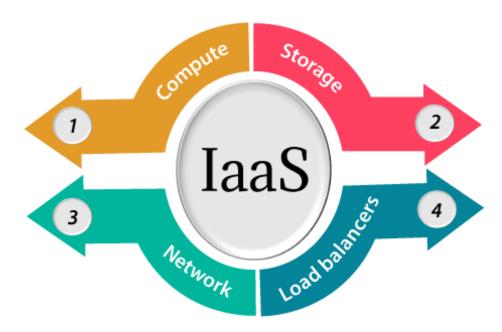
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Introduction (cont.)

- > Virtualization is often synonymous with hardware virtualization.
- ➤ Plays a fundamental role in efficiently delivering *Infrastructure-*as-a-Service (IaaS) solutions for cloud computing.



https://www.javatpoint.com/infrastructure-as-a-service



Introduction (cont.)

Virtualization techs have a long trail in the history of computer science.

- ➤ In many flavors by providing Virtual Environments (VE) at the:
 - Operating system level
 - Programming language level
 - Application level

➤ Virtualization technologies provide a VE for not only **executing applications** but also for **storage**, **memory**, and **networking**.

Major components of a virtualized environment

≻ Guest

 The system component that interacts with the virtualization layer rather than with the host, as would normally happen.

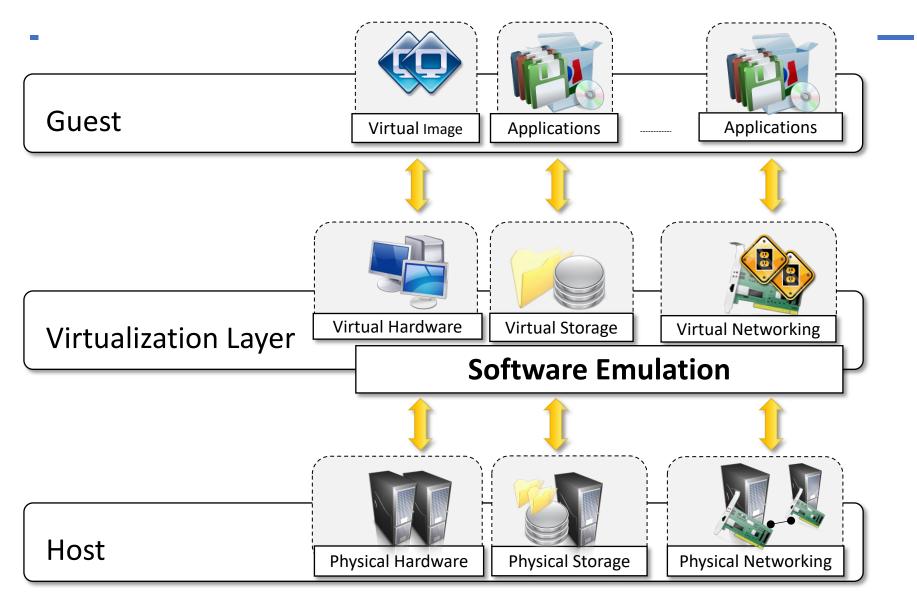
Host

The original env. where the guest is supposed to be managed.

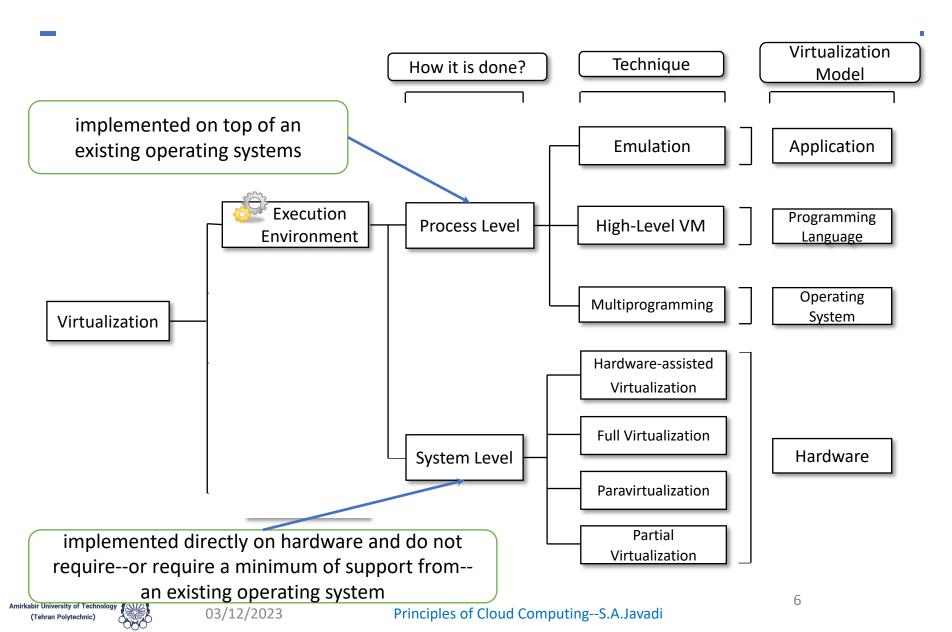
➤ Virtualization layer

Recreate the same or a different env. where the guest will operate.

Major components of a virtualized environment (cont.)



Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques



Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques

- Execution Virtualization
 - Hardware Level
 - Operating System Level
 - Programming Language Level
- Network Virtualization
- ➤ Storage Virtualization
- Desktop Virtualization
- **>**...



> Emulation of an execution environment (env.)

> The env. is separate from the one hosting the virtualization layer.

- Providing support for the execution of programs, such as:
 - An operating system
 - A binary specification of a program compiled against an abstract machine model
 - An application.



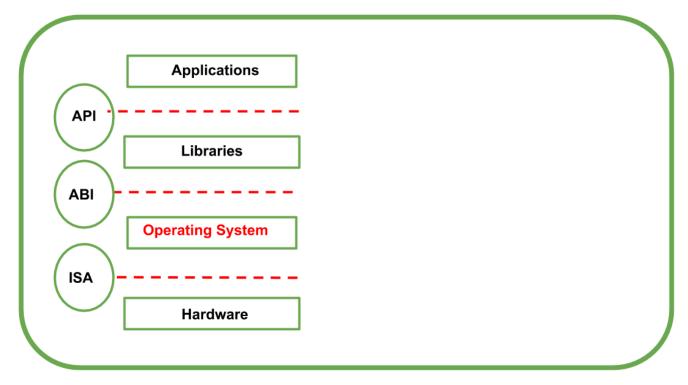
Machine Reference Model

Consider different levels of the computing stack

➤ We need A reference model that defines the interfaces between the levels of abstractions, which hide implementation details.

➤ Virtualization techniques *replace* one of the layers *and intercept*the calls that are directed toward it.

Machine Reference Model (cont.)



ISA: Instruction Set Architecture

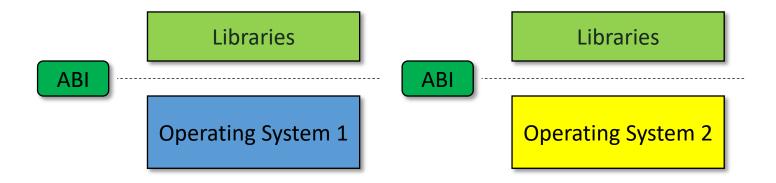
ABI: Application Binary Interface

API: Application Programming Interface

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/virtualization-a-machine-reference-model/

Machine Reference Model (cont.)

- ➤ Hardware is expressed in terms of ISA
 - ISA for processor, registers, memory and the interrupt management.
- > ABI separates the OS layer from the application and libraries
 - System Calls defined
 - Allows portabilities of applications and libraries across OS.





Instruction Set

➤ Non-privileged instructions

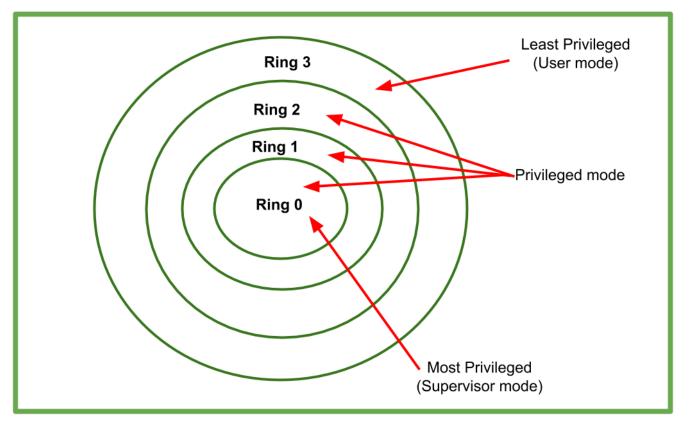
- Can be used without interfering with other tasks.
- They do not access shared resources.
- All the floating, fixed-point, and arithmetic instructions.

> Privileged instructions

- Executed under specific restrictions
- Behavior-sensitive instructions that operate on the I/O.
- Control-sensitive instructions that alter the state of the CPU registers.

Multi-class of privileged instructions

- >A hierarchy of privileges in the form of ring-based security:
 - Ring 0, Ring 1, Ring 2, and Ring 3.





Least execution modes

- >Supervisor mode (master mode or kernel mode)
 - To perform sensitive operations on hardware-level resources.
- >User mode

There are restrictions to control the machine-level resources.



Least execution modes (cont.)

Invoking the privileged instructions is user mode

hardware interrupts occur and trap the potentially harmful execution of the instruction



What is hypervisor?

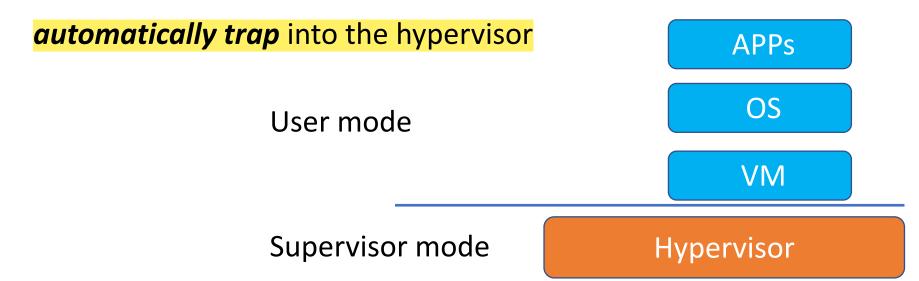
- Conceptually, the hypervisor runs above the supervisor mode.
 - From here the prefix hyper- is used.

➤ In reality, hypervisors are run in supervisor mode.

The division between privileged and non-privileged instructions has posed *challenges* in designing virtual machine managers.

Historical approach for efficient virtualization

- > Virtual machine & guest Operating System are run in user mode
 - Direct execution of non-privileged instructions on the hardware
- > Hypervisor is run in supervisor mode.
- ➤ Running sensitive instructions in user mode →





A big challenge

Sensitive instructions should only be executed in privileged mode.

- Original ISA lets 17 sensitive instructions to be called in user mode.
- > Not able to isolate multiple operating systems from each other
 - They can access the privileged state of the processor and change it.

- ➤ Recent ISA redesign such instructions as privileged ones.
 - Intel VT and AMD Pacifica



What is Intel Virtualization Technology (VT)?

➤ Intel VT is the company's hardware assistance for processors running virtualization platforms.

➤On November 13, 2005, Intel released two models of Pentium 4 as the first Intel processors to support VT-x.

https://searchservervirtualization.techtarget.com/definition/Intel-VT https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hardware-assisted virtualization



Int VT extensions

➤ Intel VT-x adds migration, priority and memory handling capabilities.

➤ Intel VT-d adds virtualization support to Intel chipsets that can assign specific I/O devices to specific virtual machines.

➤ Intel VT-c brings better virtualization support to I/O devices such as network switches

https://searchservervirtualization.techtarget.com/definition/Intel-VT

