Supervised learning aggregated

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1 Summary

We obtain the highest accuracy of 77.1% using the pretrained Transformers model GBERT fine-tuned with our labeled dataset. It requires ~8 minutes of computing time using 4 training epochs (remote, Colab Pro).

The Superlearner ensemble of single supervised classifiers obtains 71.2% accuracy (w/o cross-validation!), using the tfidf-transformed dfm. It requires ~18 minutes (w/o cross-validation!) of computing time (remote, Colab Pro).

The best performing single classifier (after five-fold cross-validation) is Ridge (L2) with an accuracy of 68.1%, using the tfidf-transformed dfm. It requires ~9 seconds of computing time (locally).

Our supervised text classification works better for some issue areas and worse for others.

The size of the training dataset affects the accuracy of our model. Our analysis suggests that an enlargement of our training dataset would only lead to marginal performance improvements. On the contrary, the Transformers model already yields an accuracy of over 70% with only about 750 coded press releases.

2 Setting up

This script requires the files which are not included on GitHub.

2.1 Loading packages

This script is based mainly on the functions of the quanteda package. For the cross-validation of the textmodels, quanteda.classifiers has to be loaded from GitHub.

```
start_time <- Sys.time()

packages <- c("quanteda", "quanteda.textmodels", "dplyr", "caret", "randomForest",
        "tm", "rmarkdown", "plyr", "readr", "ggplot2", "stringr", "formatR", "readstata13",
        "lubridate", "reticulate", "doMC", "glmnet", "kableExtra", "stargazer", "extrafont",
        "tidyr", "ggrepel")

lapply(packages[!(packages %in% rownames(installed.packages()))], install.packages)

if (!("quanteda.classifiers" %in% rownames(installed.packages()))) {
        remotes::install_github("quanteda/quanteda.classifiers")
}

invisible(lapply(c(packages, "quanteda.classifiers"), require, character.only = T))

loadfonts()
loadfonts(device = "pdf")
theme_update(text = element_text(family = "LM Roman 10")) # Set font family for ggplot

if (!dir.exists("supervised-files")) dir.create("supervised-files")
source("scripts/functions.R")</pre>
```

2.2 Loading document frequency matrix (dfm)

See other script for the generation of the dfm.

```
load("supervised-files/data/dfmat.RData")
load("supervised-files/data/dfmat_alt.RData")

issue_categories <- data.frame(issue_r1 = c(1:7, 9:10, 12, 15:17, 20, 99, 191:192),
    issue_r1_descr = c("Macroeconomics", "Civil Rights", "Health", "Agriculture",
        "Labor", "Education", "Environment and Energy", "Immigration", "Welfare",
        "Law and Crime", "Commerce", "Defense", "Technology", "Government Operations",
        "Other", "International Affairs", "EU"))

# Distribution with merged categories
table(dfmat$issue_r1) %>%
    as.data.frame() %>%
    dplyr::rename(issue = Var1, n = Freq) %>%
    t() %>%
    kbl(booktabs = T) %>%
    kable_styling(latex_options = "scale_down")
```

issue	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10	12	15	16	17	20	99	191	192
\mathbf{n}	169	175	119	99	166	134	185	123	201	188	191	121	65	88	108	342	138

3 Textmodels

Following Barberá et al. (2021) we estimated the following models:

- 1. Naive Bayes (multinomial)
- 2. Ridge regression (L2)
- 3. Lasso regression (L1)
- 4. Elastic Net
- 5. SVM
- 6. Random Forest

(Barberá, P., Boydstun, A., Linn, S., McMahon, R., & Nagler, J. (2021). Automated Text Classification of News Articles: A Practical Guide. Political Analysis, 29(1), 19-42. doi:10.1017/pan.2020.8)

Additionally, we run the following models:

- 7. Superlearner (ensemble of single classifiers)
- 8. Semi-supervised (Elastic net)
- 9. Transformers model (BERT)

Finally, we also test the performance of Readme2 for the estimation of proportions. (An evaluation of the classification of individual documents is not possible for this method.)

The individual models are run in previous scripts.

An overview of the results for each classifier can be found in this script.

4 Aggregating the results of the classifiers

```
# Create a dataframe for all textmodels and save first row
tm_eval <- data.frame()

# 1 Naive bayes
load("supervised-files/textmodels/naivebayes_eval.RData")
(naivebayes_eval_aggr <- aggregate(cbind(accuracy, precision, recall, f1_score, time,
    seed) ~ weight + distribution + smooth + model, naivebayes_eval[, -c(1)], mean) %>%
    arrange(desc(accuracy)))[1:5, ] %>%
    mutate_at(vars(accuracy, precision, recall, f1_score), function(x) round(x, 3)) %>%
    kbl(booktabs = T)
```

weight	distribution	smooth	model	accuracy	precision	recall	f1_score	time	seed
tfidf	$\operatorname{multinomial}$	1	Naive bayes	0.670	0.661	0.640	0.639	0.230	1621447882
tfidf	$\operatorname{multinomial}$	2	Naive bayes	0.668	0.681	0.624	0.628	0.248	1621447882
tfidf	$\operatorname{multinomial}$	3	Naive bayes	0.660	0.681	0.613	0.618	0.352	1621447882
uniform	$\operatorname{multinomial}$	1	Naive bayes	0.641	0.627	0.625	0.618	0.658	1621447882
termfreq	$\operatorname{multinomial}$	1	Naive bayes	0.638	0.624	0.618	0.612	0.238	1621447882

```
naivebayes_eval_aggr$time <- naivebayes_eval_aggr$time/60
tm_eval <- naivebayes_eval_aggr %>%
    rbind.fill(tm_eval)
# 2 Ridge regression (L2)
```

```
load("supervised-files/textmodels/ridge_eval.RData")
(ridge_eval_aggr <- aggregate(cbind(accuracy, precision, recall, f1_score, time,
    seed) ~ weight + type + model, ridge_eval[, -c(1)], mean) %>%
    arrange(desc(accuracy)))[1:5, ] %>%
    mutate_at(vars(accuracy, precision, recall, f1_score), function(x) round(x, 3)) %>%
    kbl(booktabs = T)
```

weight	type	model	accuracy	precision	recall	f1_score	time	seed
tfidf	7	Ridge (L2)	0.681	0.684	0.655	0.661	8.9500	1621447882
tfidf	0	Ridge (L2)	0.680	0.682	0.654	0.659	10.7580	1621447882
uniform	0	Ridge (L2)	0.608	0.606	0.584	0.588	5.0660	1621447882
uniform	7	Ridge (L2)	0.606	0.606	0.582	0.586	3.4040	1621447882
termfreq	0	Ridge (L2)	0.587	0.634	0.542	0.550	1.7725	1621447882

```
ridge_eval_aggr$time <- ridge_eval_aggr$time/60

tm_eval <- ridge_eval_aggr %>%
    rbind.fill(tm_eval)

# 3 Lasso regression (L1)
load("supervised-files/textmodels/lasso_eval.RData")
(lasso_eval_aggr <- aggregate(cbind(accuracy, precision, recall, f1_score, time, seed) ~ weight + model, lasso_eval[, -c(1)], mean) %>%
    arrange(desc(accuracy)))[1:2, ] %>%
    mutate_at(vars(accuracy, precision, recall, f1_score), function(x) round(x, 3)) %>%
    kbl(booktabs = T)
```

```
model
weight
                      accuracy
                                 precision
                                            recall f1 score
                                                                time
                                                                              seed
tfidf
         Lasso (L1)
                         0.626
                                            0.600
                                                       0.604
                                                              12.728
                                                                       1621447882
                                    0.624
uniform
        Lasso (L1)
                         0.583
                                    0.572
                                            0.555
                                                       0.557
                                                               3.278
                                                                       1621447882
```

```
lasso_eval_aggr$time <- lasso_eval_aggr$time/60</pre>
tm_eval <- lasso_eval_aggr %>%
    rbind.fill(tm_eval)
# 4 Elastic net
load("supervised-files/textmodels/elasticnet_opt_alt.RData")
load("supervised-files/textmodels/elasticnet_mod.RData")
load("supervised-files/textmodels/elasticnet pred.RData")
elastic_net_test <- dfm_subset(dfmat, dfmat$cv_sample == 1)</pre>
# If alternative model is better:
if (elasticnet_opt_alt) {
    load("supervised-files/textmodels/elasticnet mod alt.RData")
    elasticnet_mod <- elasticnet_mod_alt</pre>
    load("supervised-files/textmodels/elasticnet_pred_alt.RData")
    elasticnet_pred <- elasticnet_pred_alt</pre>
    elastic_net_test <- dfm_subset(dfmat_alt, dfmat_alt$cv_sample == 1)</pre>
}
tm_eval <- data.frame(accuracy = accuracy(elasticnet_pred, elastic_net_test$issue_r1),</pre>
   precision = precision(elasticnet_pred, elastic_net_test$issue_r1) %>%
```

```
unlist() %>%
  mean(), recall = recall(elasticnet_pred, elastic_net_test$issue_r1) %>%
  unlist() %>%
  mean(), f1_score = f1_score(elasticnet_pred, elastic_net_test$issue_r1) %>%
  unlist() %>%
  mean(), time = elasticnet_mod$time, seed = elasticnet_mod$seed, weight = elasticnet_mod$weight,
  model = elasticnet_mod$model, alpha = 0.5, distribution = "multinomial") %>%
  rbind.fill(tm_eval)

# 5 SVM
load("supervised-files/textmodels/svm_eval.RData")
(svm_eval_aggr <- aggregate(cbind(accuracy, precision, recall, f1_score, time, seed) ~
  weight + model, svm_eval[, -c(1)], mean) %>%
  arrange(desc(accuracy)))[1:3, ] %>%
  mutate_at(vars(accuracy, precision, recall, f1_score), function(x) round(x, 3)) %>%
  kbl(booktabs = T)
```

```
weight
          model
                  accuracy
                              precision
                                         recall
                                                f1 score
                                                            time
                                                                          seed
tfidf
          SVM
                      0.663
                                 0.656
                                         0.641
                                                    0.642
                                                           8.808
                                                                   1621447882
termfreq
          SVM
                      0.576
                                 0.569
                                         0.553
                                                    0.555
                                                           1.016
                                                                   1621447882
                                                    0.554
                                                           1.888
docfreq
          SVM
                      0.575
                                 0.569
                                         0.552
                                                                   1621447882
```

```
svm_eval_aggr$time <- svm_eval_aggr$time/60</pre>
tm_eval <- svm_eval_aggr %>%
    rbind.fill(tm_eval)
# 6 Random Forest
load("supervised-files/textmodels/randomforest_opt_alt.RData")
load("supervised-files/textmodels/randomforest_eval.RData")
load("supervised-files/textmodels/randomforest_pred.RData")
randomforest_test <- dfm_subset(dfmat, dfmat$cv_sample == 1)</pre>
# If alternative model is better:
if (randomforest opt alt) {
    load("supervised-files/textmodels/randomforest eval alt.RData")
    randomforest mod <- randomforest eval alt</pre>
    load("supervised-files/textmodels/randomforest_pred_alt.RData")
    randomforest_pred <- randomforest_pred_alt</pre>
    randomforest_test <- dfm_subset(dfmat_alt, dfmat_alt$cv_sample == 1)</pre>
}
tm_eval <- data.frame(accuracy = accuracy(randomforest_pred, randomforest_test$issue_r1),</pre>
    precision = precision(randomforest_pred, randomforest_test$issue_r1) %>%
        unlist() %>%
        mean(na.rm = T), recall = recall(randomforest_pred, randomforest_test$issue_r1) %>%
        unlist() %>%
        mean(na.rm = T), f1_score = f1_score(randomforest_pred, randomforest_test$issue_r1) %>%
        unlist() %>%
        mean(na.rm = T), time = randomforest_eval$time, seed = randomforest_eval$seed,
    model = randomforest_eval$model, weight = randomforest_eval$weight, alpha = 0.5,
    distribution = "multinomial") %>%
    rbind.fill(tm_eval)
```

```
# 7 SuperLearner Load superlearner prediction and add row to evaluation table
# super_pred <- read_csv('superlearner-files/super-pred.csv', col_names = F)[[1]]
# %>% as.numeric() names(super_pred) <- c('prediction', 'issue_r1', 'cv_sample')
# supertime <- read_csv('superlearner-files/cv-time.txt', col_names = F,
# col types = 'n')[1,1] %>% as.numeric() superlearner test <-
# dfm_subset(dfmat_alt, dfmat$cv_sample == 1)$issue_r1 tm_eval <-
# data.frame(accuracy = accuracy(super_pred$prediction, super_pred$issue_r1),
# precision = precision(super_pred$prediction, super_pred$issue_r1) %>% unlist()
# %>% mean(), recall = recall(super_pred$prediction, super_pred$issue_r1) %>%
# unlist() %>% mean(), f1_score = f1_score(super_pred$prediction,
# super_pred$issue_r1) %>% unlist() %>% mean(), time = supertime, weight =
# 'tfidf', seed = 1621447882, model = 'SuperLearner ensemble') %>%
# rbind.fill(tm_eval)
tm_eval <- data.frame(accuracy = 0.712, time = 18, weight = "tfidf", seed = 1621447882,
   model = "SuperLearner ensemble") %>%
   rbind.fill(tm_eval)
# 8 Semi-supervised Load Semi-supervised prediction and add row to evaluation
semi pred <- read csv("semi-files/semi-pred.csv", col names = F)</pre>
##
## -- Column specification ------
## cols(
   X1 = col_double(),
   X2 = col_double(),
##
    X3 = col_double()
##
## )
names(semi_pred) <- c("prediction", "issue_r1", "cv_sample")</pre>
semitime <- read_csv("semi-files/cv-time.txt", col_names = F, col_types = "n") %>%
   as.numeric()/60
tm_eval <- data.frame(accuracy = accuracy(semi_pred$prediction, semi_pred$issue_r1),</pre>
   precision = precision(semi_pred$prediction, semi_pred$issue_r1) %>%
       unlist() %>%
       mean(), recall = recall(semi_pred$prediction, semi_pred$issue_r1) %>%
       unlist() %>%
       mean(), f1_score = f1_score(semi_pred$prediction, semi_pred$issue_r1) %>%
       unlist() %>%
       mean(), time = semitime, weight = "tfidf", seed = 1621447882, model = "Semi-supervised") %>%
   rbind.fill(tm eval)
# 9 Transformers Load transfer models prediction and add row to evaluation table
transfer pred <- read csv("transfer-files/bert-pred.csv", col names = F)</pre>
## -- Column specification ------
## cols(
##
   X1 = col_double(),
## X2 = col_double(),
## X3 = col_double(),
```

```
X4 = col double()
## )
names(transfer_pred) <- c("prediction", "issue_r1", "label", "cv_sample")</pre>
transfertime <- read_csv("transfer-files/cv-time.txt", col_names = F, col_types = "n") %>%
    as.numeric()/60
tm_eval <- data.frame(accuracy = accuracy(transfer_pred$prediction, transfer_pred$label),</pre>
    precision = precision(transfer pred$prediction, transfer pred$label) %%
        unlist() %>%
        mean(), recall = recall(transfer pred$prediction, transfer pred$label) %>%
        unlist() %>%
        mean(), f1_score = f1_score(transfer_pred$prediction, transfer_pred$label) %>%
        unlist() %>%
        mean(), time = transfertime, seed = 1621447882, model = "GBERT (Transformers)") %>%
   rbind.fill(tm_eval)
# Add var for instance type
tm_eval <- mutate(tm_eval, instance = ifelse(str_detect(model, "(GBER)|(Super)|(Semi)"),</pre>
    "remote", "local"))
aggregate(accuracy ~ weight, tm_eval, mean)
##
       weight accuracy
## 1 docfreg 0.5977859
## 2 termfreq 0.5980868
        tfidf 0.6697921
## 4 uniform 0.6066034
```

The tfidf-transformed dfm yields a higher performance for most classifiers and parameter settings.

5 Evaluation of textmodels

In this section, we present a table for comparison of our textmodels. We compare the model with the highest accuracy for each classifier.

```
# Only keep best model for each classifier

tm_eval <- tm_eval %>%
    dplyr::group_by(model) %>%
    dplyr::mutate(acc_rank = order(order(accuracy, decreasing = TRUE))) %>%
    filter(acc_rank == 1) %>%
    select(-c(acc_rank))

# Comparison of textmodels

tm_eval[, c("accuracy", "precision", "recall", "f1_score", "time")] <- apply(tm_eval[, c("accuracy", "precision", "recall", "f1_score", "time")], MARGIN = 2, function(x) round(x, 3))

tm_eval[order(tm_eval$accuracy, decreasing = T), c("model", "weight", "accuracy", "precision", "recall", "f1_score", "time")] %>%
    kbl(booktabs = T, row.names = F)
```

model	weight	accuracy	precision	recall	f1_score	time
GBERT (Transformers)	NA	0.775	0.771	0.763	0.766	8.589
SuperLearner ensemble	tfidf	0.712	NA	NA	NA	18.000
Ridge (L2)	tfidf	0.681	0.684	0.655	0.661	0.149
Naive bayes	tfidf	0.670	0.661	0.640	0.639	0.004
Semi-supervised	tfidf	0.668	0.704	0.623	0.644	0.711
SVM	tfidf	0.663	0.656	0.641	0.642	0.147
Elastic net	uniform	0.634	0.650	0.590	0.596	21.772
Lasso (L1)	tfidf	0.626	0.624	0.600	0.604	0.212
Random forest	uniform	0.621	0.662	0.560	0.608	23.682

```
latex_out <- capture.output(tm_eval[order(tm_eval$accuracy, decreasing = T), c("model",
    "weight", "accuracy", "precision", "recall", "f1_score", "time")] %>%
    dplyr::rename(Model = model, DFM = weight, Accuracy = accuracy, Precision = precision,
        Recall = recall, `F1 score` = f1_score, `Time (min)` = time) %>%
    stargazer(out = "tables/tm-eval.tex", summary = F, rownames = F, title = "Summary of classifier perlabel = "tab:tm-eval"))
```

We obtain the highest accuracy of 77.5% using the pretrained Transformers model GBERT fine-tuned with our labeled dataset. It requires ~8 minutes of computing time (remote, Colab Pro).

The Superlearner ensemble of single supervised classifiers obtains 71.2% accuracy, using the tfidf-transformed dfm. It requires ~18 minutes of computing time (remote, Colab Pro).

The best performing single classifier (after five-fold cross-validation) is Ridge (L2) with an accuracy of 68.1%, using the tfidf-transformed dfm. It requires ~9 seconds of computing time (locally).

The Naive bayes classifier obtains 67.0% accuracy in only 0.23 seconds (locally).

In the following, we therefore use this model to evaluate the performance of the supervised text classification.

6 Confusion matrix

Since some issue areas might be more suitable for an supervised classification than others, we analyze the accuracy for individual issues and present a confusion matrix.

To do so, we rely on the top-performing single classifier, Ridge (L2), as well as the fine-tuned Transformers model.

6.1 Ridge (L2)

```
# Baseline model (highest cross-validated accuracy)
ridge_pred <- data.frame()
for (i in 1:5) {
    print(i)
    ridge_pred <- data.frame(prediction = textmodel_svm(dfm_subset(dfmat_alt, dfmat_alt$cv_sample !=
        i), dfm_subset(dfmat_alt, dfmat_alt$cv_sample != i)$issue_r1, type = 7) %>%
        predict(., newdata = dfm_subset(dfmat_alt, dfmat_alt$cv_sample == i)), issue_r1 = dfm_subset(dfmat_alt$cv_sample == i)$issue_r1) %>%
        rbind.fill(ridge_pred)
}
```

[1] 1

Warning: 3 features in newdata not used in prediction.

```
## [1] 2
## Warning: 2 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## [1] 3
## [1] 4
## Warning: 1 feature in newdata not used in prediction.
## [1] 5
## Warning: 2 features in newdata not used in prediction.
# Confusion matrix and overall statistics
ridge_pred$issue_r1 %>%
    table
## .
##
                      5
                          6
                               7
                                   9 10 12 15 16 17
                                                           20 99 191 192
             3
## 169 175 119 99 166 134 185 123 201 188 191 121 65 88 108 342 138
truth <- ridge_pred$issue_r1</pre>
truth[truth == 191] <- 19.1
truth[truth == 192] <- 19.2
truth \leftarrow factor(truth, levels = c(1:7, 9:10, 12, 15:17, 19.1, 19.2, 20, 99))
prediction <- ridge_pred$prediction</pre>
prediction[prediction == 191] <- 19.1</pre>
prediction[prediction == 192] <- 19.2</pre>
prediction \leftarrow factor(prediction, levels = c(1:7, 9:10, 12, 15:17, 19.1, 19.2, 20,
    99))
ridge_pred <- data.frame(truth, prediction, model = "Ridge (L2)")</pre>
(table(prediction, truth) %>%
    confusionMatrix(mode = "sens_spec", dnn = c("predicted", "truth")))$table
##
              truth
  prediction
                 1
                     2
                         3
                              4
                                  5
                                      6
                                          7
                                               9
                                                  10
                                                      12
                                                           15
                                                               16
                                                                   17 19.1 19.2
                                                                                  20
##
         1
               111
                     0
                         0
                              0
                                 11
                                      2
                                          2
                                               1
                                                   4
                                                       3
                                                            8
                                                                0
                                                                    1
                                                                          2
                                                                               4
                                                                                  10
         2
                                      2
                                          2
                                                   5
##
                 0
                    94
                        11
                             1
                                  4
                                               5
                                                      15
                                                            5
                                                                1
                                                                    4
                                                                                   9
##
         3
                 0
                     5
                        89
                                  3
                                      0
                                          0
                                               0
                                                   2
                                                       4
                                                                0
                                                                    0
                                                                                   0
                             1
                                                           1
                                                                          0
                                                                               0
                            77
                                      0
                                          7
                                                           7
##
         4
                 0
                     0
                         5
                                  0
                                               0
                                                   1
                                                       0
                                                                0
                                                                    0
                                                                               0
                                                                                   0
##
         5
                20
                     0
                              0 123
                                      1
                                          0
                                               3
                                                  12
                                                                0
                                                                                   1
                         1
                                                       1
                                                            1
                                                                    1
                                                                          0
                                                                               0
##
         6
                 1
                     4
                         1
                              0
                                  1 109
                                          0
                                               4
                                                   4
                                                       1
                                                            3
                                                                0
                                                                    4
                                                                          0
                                                                               0
                                                                                   2
##
         7
                 5
                     2
                         1
                              4
                                  0
                                      1 136
                                               0
                                                  14
                                                       1
                                                            7
                                                                0
                                                                    5
                                                                          9
                                                                               0
                                                                                   0
##
         9
                 1
                     3
                         0
                              0
                                  4
                                      0
                                          0
                                              92
                                                   2
                                                                0
                                                                    0
##
         10
                 4
                    10
                             2
                                      9
                                         12
                                               1 136
                                                                    4
                                                                               2
                                                                                  10
                         3
                                  8
                                                       5 11
                                                                1
                                                                          1
         12
                 2
                    27
                              0
                                  2
                                      1
                                               4
                                                   4 125
                                                            8
                                                                6
                                                                    2
##
                         5
                                          1
                                                                          4
                                                                               3
                                                                                  11
##
         15
                10
                     3
                         1 12
                                  4
                                      1 11
                                               2
                                                   6
                                                       8 102
                                                                2
                                                                   14
                                                                          8
                                                                              14
##
         16
                 0
                     3
                         0
                             0
                                  0
                                      0
                                          0
                                               0
                                                   0
                                                       6
                                                           1
                                                               69
                                                                    1
                                                                         14
                                                                               0
                                                           2
##
         17
                 2
                         0
                             1
                                  0
                                      1
                                          0
                                               0
                                                                0
                                                                   25
                                                                          0
                                                                               0
                                                                                   1
                     1
                                                   1
                                                       3
         19.1
                    16
                         2
                                  3
                                      1 11
                                               7
                                                   4
                                                       5 13
                                                               35
                                                                        279
                                                                              28
                                                                                   4
##
                 4
                             1
                                                                    1
                                  2
                                                   1
                                                       2 15
                                                                                  2
##
         19.2
                 3
                     0
                         0
                            0
                                      0
                                         1
                                               1
                                                                3
                                                                    0
                                                                              79
                                                                          8
##
         20
                 3
                     5
                         0
                             0
                                  0
                                      1
                                          2
                                               1
                                                   4
                                                       2
                                                           1
                                                                3
                                                                    0
                                                                          1
                                                                               1
                                                                                  27
##
         99
                 3
                     2
                         0
                             0
                                  1
                                      5
                                          0
                                               2
                                                   1
                                                       1
                                                            5
                                                                1
                                                                    3
                                                                          5
                                                                               3
                                                                                   2
##
             truth
## prediction 99
```

```
##
         2
                4
##
         3
         4
                0
##
##
         5
                5
         6
##
                1
         7
                0
##
         9
##
                1
##
         10
                1
         12
##
                6
##
         15
                4
                2
##
         16
##
         17
                5
##
         19.1
                9
##
         19.2
                2
##
         20
                5
##
         99
               57
latex_out <- capture.output(as.data.frame(unclass((table(prediction, truth) %%
    confusionMatrix(mode = "sens_spec", dnn = c("predicted", "truth")))$table)) %%
    stargazer(summary = F, title = "Confusion matrix for the test data (Ridge L2)",
        label = "tab:confusion-mat-ridge"))
latex_out <- capture.output(latex_out %>%
    str_replace_all("tabular", "tabularx") %>%
    str_replace_all("\\@\\{\\\\extracolsep\\{5pt\\}\\} ccccccccccccccc", "\\\\textwidth\\}\\{XXXXXXX
    cat(sep = "\n"), file = "tables/confusion-mat-ridge.tex")
issue_eval_ridge <- data.frame(truth = truth, prediction = prediction) %>%
    group_by(truth) %>%
   dplyr::mutate(accuracy = accuracy(truth, prediction)) %>%
   select(-c("prediction")) %>%
   unique() %>%
   merge(., data.frame(truth = levels(truth), precision = precision(truth, prediction),
        recall = recall(truth, prediction), f1_score = f1_score(truth, prediction)),
        by = "truth") %>%
    dplyr::rename(Accuracy = accuracy, Precision = precision, Recall = recall, `F1 score` = f1,
        Issue = truth)
issue_eval_ridge[, c("Accuracy", "Precision", "Recall", "F1 score")] <- issue_eval_ridge[,
    c("Accuracy", "Precision", "Recall", "F1 score")] %>%
    apply(., MARGIN = 2, FUN = function(x) round(as.numeric(x), 3))
# Change and order labels
issue_eval_ridge <- issue_eval_ridge[order(issue_eval_ridge$Issue), ]</pre>
issue_eval_ridge$Issue <- str_c(as.character(issue_eval_ridge$Issue), " - ", issue_categories[c(1:13,
    16:17, 14:15), 2])
# Accuracy
accuracy(truth, prediction)
## $accuracy
## [1] 0.6623277
```

##

5

6.2 Transformers (GBERT)

```
# Import results
transfer_pred <- read_csv("transfer-files/bert-pred.csv", col_names = F)</pre>
## -- Column specification ------
## cols(
    X1 = col_double(),
##
    X2 = col_double(),
    X3 = col_double(),
    X4 = col_double()
##
## )
names(transfer_pred) <- c("prediction_label", "issue_r1", "label", "cv_sample")</pre>
labels <- select(transfer_pred, c(label, issue_r1)) %>%
   unique %>%
   dplyr::rename(prediction = issue r1)
transfer_pred <- merge(transfer_pred, labels, by.x = "prediction_label", by.y = "label") %%
   select(-c(prediction_label))
# Confusion matrix and overall statistics
transfer_pred$issue_r1 %>%
   table
## .
                       6 7 9 10 12 15 16 17 20 99 191 192
    1
        2
           3 4 5
## 169 175 119 99 166 134 185 123 201 188 191 121 65 88 108 342 138
truth <- transfer_pred$issue_r1</pre>
truth[truth == 191] <- 19.1
truth[truth == 192] <- 19.2
truth <- factor(truth, levels = c(1:7, 9:10, 12, 15:17, 19.1, 19.2, 20, 99))
prediction <- transfer_pred$prediction</pre>
prediction[prediction == 191] <- 19.1</pre>
prediction[prediction == 192] <- 19.2</pre>
prediction <- factor(prediction, levels = c(1:7, 9:10, 12, 15:17, 19.1, 19.2, 20,
   99))
transfer_pred <- data.frame(truth, prediction, model = "Transformers")</pre>
(table(prediction, truth) %>%
   confusionMatrix(mode = "sens_spec", dnn = c("predicted", "truth")))$table
##
            truth
                  2
                                     7
## prediction 1
                      3
                         4
                              5
                                 6
                                         9
                                            10 12 15 16 17 19.1 19.2
                                                                        20
##
        1
             131
                  0
                      1
                          0 10
                                 1
                                     1
                                         0
                                             2
                                                2
                                                   11
                                                        0
                                                            1
                                                                 1
                                                                     3
                                                                         8
##
        2
               0 112
                      2 0
                                 3
                                         2
                                            5 14
                                                   4
                                                        2
                                                                      0
                                                                         4
                             1
                                     1
                                                            1
##
        3
               2
                  6 98
                        3 1
                                     0
                                            2
        4
                  0
                      5 90 0
                                 0
                                        0
                                                        0
                                                            0
                                                                     0 0
##
               0
                                     4
                                            1
                                                 0
                                                   3
                                                                 1
        5
               8
                         0 137
                                 4
                                     0
                                             9
                                                            0
##
                 1
                      4
                                         1
                                                 0
                                                   1
                                                        0
                                                                     1
                                                                        1
              0 2 0 0
                             1 110
                                     0
                                             6
##
        6
                                         0
                                                0 1
##
        7
               3 0 1 2
                              0
                                 0 164
                                         0
                                             8
                                                0 1
                                                        0 1
                                                                10
                                                                     0 0
               0 6 0 0
                                    0 114
                                                 3 1 1 0
                                                                        1
##
        9
                              0
                                 0
                                             1
                                                                     3
                                                               1
##
        10
              2 4 2 0 10
                                 7
                                        0 159
                                     8
```

```
##
         15
                6
                    5
                         0
                             2
                                 0
                                     0
                                         2
                                              0
                                                  3
                                                      4 135
                                                              0
                                                                  8
                                                                        7
                                                                                 4
                                                                             9
##
         16
                    1
                         0
                             0
                                 0
                                     1
                                         0
                                                  0
                                                          1
                                                             93
                                                                  1
                                                                       16
                                                                             0
                                                                                 5
                    2
                        0
                             0
                                 0
                                         0
                                                          4
                                                                                 0
##
         17
                3
                                     3
                                             0
                                                  0
                                                      0
                                                              0
                                                                  46
                                                                        0
                                                                             0
##
         19.1
                2
                    9
                         2
                             2
                                 2
                                     0
                                         5
                                              2
                                                  0
                                                      3
                                                          9
                                                             14
                                                                  2
                                                                      282
                                                                            18
                                                                                 1
         19.2
                6
                    1
                         0
                             0
                                 1
                                     0
                                         0
                                             1
                                                  0
                                                      2
                                                          9
                                                                  0
                                                                        7
                                                                            99
                                                                                 2
##
                                                              1
         20
                2
                    4
                         0
                             0
                                 0
                                     0
                                         0
                                              0
                                                  3
                                                      3
                                                                  0
                                                                        0
                                                                                37
##
                                                                             1
                    4
                             0
                                 2
                                     5
                                         0
                                              1
                                                  0
                                                      0
                                                          2
                                                              0
                                                                   3
##
         99
                4
                         0
                                                                        4
                                                                             1
                                                                                 8
##
             truth
               99
## prediction
##
         1
         2
##
                1
         3
##
                1
##
         4
                0
##
         5
                2
##
         6
##
         7
                0
##
         9
##
         10
                1
##
         12
                3
##
         15
                3
##
         16
##
         17
                2
         19.1
                9
##
##
         19.2
                5
##
         20
                7
##
         99
               70
latex_out <- capture.output(as.data.frame(unclass((table(prediction, truth) %>%
    confusionMatrix(mode = "sens_spec", dnn = c("predicted", "truth")))$table)) %>%
    stargazer(summary = F, title = "Confusion matrix for the test data (Transformers)",
        label = "tab:confusion-mat-transfer"))
latex_out <- capture.output(latex_out %>%
    str_replace_all("tabular", "tabularx") %>%
    str_replace_all("\\@\\{\\\\extracolsep\\{5pt\\}\\} ccccccccccccccc", "\\\\textwidth\\}\\{XXXXXXX
    cat(sep = "\n"), file = "tables/confusion-mat-transfer")
issue_eval_transfer <- data.frame(truth = truth, prediction = prediction) %%
    group_by(truth) %>%
    dplyr::mutate(accuracy = accuracy(truth, prediction)) %>%
    select(-c("prediction")) %>%
    unique() %>%
    merge(., data.frame(truth = levels(truth), precision = precision(truth, prediction),
        recall = recall(truth, prediction), f1_score = f1_score(truth, prediction)),
        by = "truth") %>%
    dplyr::rename(Accuracy = accuracy, Precision = precision, Recall = recall, `F1 score` = f1,
        Issue = truth)
issue_eval_transfer[, c("Accuracy", "Precision", "Recall", "F1 score")] <- issue_eval_transfer[,</pre>
    c("Accuracy", "Precision", "Recall", "F1 score")] %>%
    apply(., MARGIN = 2, FUN = function(x) round(as.numeric(x), 3))
# Order and add names
```

##

0 18

2 146

1 10

```
issue_eval_transfer <- issue_eval_transfer[order(issue_eval_transfer$Issue), ]</pre>
issue_eval_transfer$Issue <- str_c(as.character(issue_eval_transfer$Issue), " - ",
    issue_categories[c(1:13, 16:17, 14:15), 2])
# Write latex table
if (!dir.exists("tables")) dir.create("tables")
# Accuracy
accuracy(truth, prediction)
## $accuracy
## [1] 0.7745023
# Merge with issue_eval_ridge
issue_eval_ridge_transfer <- merge(select(issue_eval_ridge, c(Issue, Accuracy)) %>%
    dplyr::rename(Ridge = Accuracy), select(issue_eval_transfer, c(Issue, Accuracy)) %>%
    dplyr::rename(Transformers = Accuracy), by = "Issue")
issue_eval_ridge_transfer <- issue_eval_ridge_transfer[order(issue_eval_ridge_transfer$Issue %>%
    str_extract("^[:digit:]\\.?[:digit:]?") %>%
    as.numeric()), ]
latex_out <- capture.output(issue_eval_ridge_transfer %>%
    stargazer(out = "tables/issue-eval-ridge-transfer.tex", summary = F, rownames = F,
        title = "Performance statistics by issue for different models", label = "tab:issue eval transfe
accuracy(truth[!(truth %in% c(2, 20, 99))], prediction[!(truth %in% c(2, 20, 99))])
```

Regarding the issues, the classifiers works better for specific issue categories.

While some have a higher than average sensitivity (e.g. 4 - Agriculture, 7 - Env. & Energy, 9 - Immigration, 191 - Int. Affairs), others fare worse than average (e.g. 2- Civil Rights, 20 - Gov. Ops., 99 - Other). Unsurprisingly, these rather unspecific categories are difficult to predict. Without them, the accuracy of the Transformers model rises to above 80%.

The better sensitivity for other categories is likely the result of a more specific use of words. Category 17 - Technology may feature a worse accuracy (especially for Ridge) because it is underrepresented in the labeled data. Category 15 - Commerce is often misclassified as 191 - Int. Affairs and 192 - EU: Categories where a press release may contain similar words.

16 - Defense is often misclassified as 191 - International Affairs.

7 Accuracy of predicted proportions

Since we are most interested in the prediction of proportions (i.e. how many press releases were dedicated to issue X in a given time frame), we analyze the accuracy of predicted proportions.

To do so, we rely on the top-performing single classifier, Ridge (L2), and perform a five-fold cross-validation.

We find the greatest average difference in predicted and actual proportions for 19.1 - International Affairs with 4.8%. And the lowest for 6 - Education wit 0.4%.

The MSE is 1.33%.

\$accuracy ## [1] 0.8049978

```
# Load
load("readme-files/agg_eval.RData")
```

```
readme_agg <- agg_eval</pre>
# Aggregate Accuracy of predicted proportions (five-fold cross-validation)
# Ridge
ridge_agg <- merge(table(ridge_pred$truth)/nrow(ridge_pred), table(ridge_pred$prediction)/nrow(ridge_pr
   by = "Var1") %>%
    dplyr::rename(Issue = Var1, truth = Freq.x, prediction = Freq.y) %%
   dplyr::mutate(model = "Ridge (L2)")
ridge_agg <- ridge_agg[order(ridge_agg$Issue), ]</pre>
ridge_agg$Issue <- str_c(as.character(ridge_agg$Issue), " - ", issue_categories[c(1:13,
    16:17, 14:15), 2]) %>%
   factor()
# Transformers
transfer_agg <- merge(table(transfer_pred$truth)/nrow(transfer_pred), table(transfer_pred$prediction)/n
    by = "Var1") %>%
    dplyr::rename(Issue = Var1, truth = Freq.x, prediction = Freq.y) %>%
    dplyr::mutate(model = "Transformers")
transfer_agg <- transfer_agg[order(transfer_agg$Issue), ]</pre>
transfer_agg$Issue <- str_c(as.character(transfer_agg$Issue), " - ", issue_categories[c(1:13,</pre>
    16:17, 14:15), 2]) %>%
   factor()
# Readme (update!)
readme_agg <- readme_agg %>%
    dplyr::rename(Issue = issue_r1, prediction = predicted) %>%
    select(-c(cv_sample, difference)) %>%
   dplyr::group_by(Issue) %>%
   dplyr::mutate(prediction = mean(prediction), truth = mean(truth), model = "Readme") %>%
   unique()
three_agg <- rbind.fill(readme_agg, transfer_agg, ridge_agg)</pre>
# Difference in percentage points (positive values indicate an inflated
# prediction, i.e. we estimate a higher share for the category compared to the
# truth)
three_agg$difference <- three_agg$prediction - three_agg$truth</pre>
three_agg[, c("truth", "prediction", "difference")] <- apply(three_agg[, c("truth",
    "prediction", "difference")], MARGIN = 2, function(x) round(x, 3)) # Round
# MSE
print(sum((three_agg$difference * 100)^2)/nrow(three_agg)) # 0.899
## [1] 1.014118
# Plot Plotting aggregate evaluation in one plot
ggplot(three_agg, aes(x = truth, y = prediction)) + geom_abline(slope = 1, color = "light grey") +
    geom_text_repel(label = three_agg$Issue %>%
        str_extract("[:digit:]{1,2}(\\.[:digit:])?"), box.padding = 0.4, color = "dark grey",
        size = 2, family = "LM Roman 10", segment.size = 0.25, min.segment.length = 0.1,
        point.padding = 0.15, max.overlaps = 100) + geom_point(shape = "o", aes(color = Issue),
   alpha = 0.75) + ylim(c(0, 0.15)) + xlim(c(0, 0.15)) + guides(color = guide_legend(ncol = 3)) +
   labs(color = "Issue category") + # caption = 'The plot shows predicted proportions from five folds.
```

```
theme(legend.position = "bottom", legend.title = element_blank(), aspect.ratio = 1,
    text = element_text(size = 7), legend.key.size = unit(0.5, "line"), legend.text = element_text(size
    facet_wrap(~model) + ggsave("plots/agg_eval_compare_facet.pdf", device = cairo_pdf,
    width = 3 * 2^0.5, height = 3) + ggsave("plots/agg_eval_compare_facet.png", width = 3 *
    2^0.5, height = 3)
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_text_repel).
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom point).
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_text_repel).
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_text_repel).
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
                   Readme
                                                   Ridge (L2)
                                                                                    Transformers
  0.15
  0.10 -
prediction
  0.05
  0.00 -
     0.00
                                  0.15 0.00
                                                                    0.15 0.00
                                                    truth
                               0 1 - Macroeconomics 0 7 - Environment and Energy
                                                                17 - Technology

    2 - Civil Rights

                                              9 - Immigration
                                                                19.1 - International Affairs
                                 3 - Health
                                              10 - Welfare
                                                                19.2 - EU
                                 4 - Agriculture
                                              12 - Law and Crime
                                                                20 - Government Operations
                                 5 - Labor

    15 - Commerce

                                                                99 - Other
                                 6 - Education
# Write table
three_agg <- three_agg %>%
    select(c(Issue, difference, model)) %>%
    pivot_wider(id_cols = "Issue", names_from = "model", values_from = "difference")
three_agg %>%
    kbl(booktabs = T, row.names = F)
```

Issue	Readme	Transformers	Ridge (L2)
1 - Macroeconomics	-0.005	0.002	-0.002
2 - Civil Rights	0.006	-0.006	-0.001
3 - Health	0.004	-0.002	-0.005
4 - Agriculture	0.006	0.002	0.000
5 - Labor	0.000	0.001	0.001
6 - Education	0.006	-0.004	0.000
7 - Environment and Energy	0.003	0.002	0.000
9 - Immigration	0.003	0.003	-0.003
10 - Welfare	-0.015	0.003	0.007
12 - Law and Crime	-0.008	0.005	0.009
15 - Commerce	-0.013	-0.001	0.006
16 - Defense	0.021	0.002	-0.008
17 - Technology	0.009	-0.002	-0.009
20 - Government Operations	0.007	-0.010	-0.012
99 - Other	0.007	-0.002	-0.007
19.1 - International Affairs	-0.044	0.008	0.031
19.2 - EU	0.012	-0.002	-0.007

```
latex_out <- capture.output(three_agg %>%
    stargazer(out = "tables/aggregated-eval.tex", summary = F, rownames = F, title = "Difference between label = "tab:aggregated-eval"))
```

8 Key features for the categories

```
# Ridge (L2) with full labeled data
tm_ridge <- textmodel_svm(dfmat_alt, dfmat_alt$issue_r1, type = 7)</pre>
# Key words/features for classified topics
key_feats <- data.frame()</pre>
for (i in rownames(tm_ridge$weights)) key_feats <- data.frame(issue_r1 = i) %>%
    cbind(sort(tm_ridge$weights[which(rownames(tm_ridge$weights) == i), ], decreasing = T)[1:5] %>%
        attr("names") %>%
        str_replace_all("\\_", " ") %>%
        t) %>%
    rbind.fill(key_feats)
key_feats <- key_feats[order(key_feats$issue_r1 %>%
    str_replace_all(c(`191` = "19.1", `192` = "19.2")) %>%
    as.numeric), ]
key_feats$issue_r1 <- levels(readme_agg$issue_r1)</pre>
## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `issue_r1`.
key_feats %>%
    kbl(booktabs = T, row.names = F)
```

1	2	3	4	5
investitionen	haushalt	steuern	einnahmen	vermögen
frauen	pegida	menschen mit	datenschutz	gleichstellung
pflege	patienten	prävention	versicherten	rösler
landwirtschaft	tierschutz	aigner	glyphosat	agrarpolitik
mindestlohn	rent	beschäftigten	beschäftigt	beschäftigung
hochschulen	bildung	schulen	bafö	studierenden
energiewend	klimaschutz	energien	gorleben	umweltausschuss
flüchtling	integr	zuwanderung	migranten	nach deutschland
betreuungsgeld	hartz	verkehrspolitisch	familien	elterngeld
verfassungsschutz	straftaten	vorratsdatenspeicherung	kriminalität	täter
bank	tourismus waffen digitalisierung iran griechenland	ttip	banken	finanztransaktionssteu
bundeswehr		nato	soldaten	rüstungsexport
digital		internet	sender	rundfunk
russland		israel	wahlen	menschenrecht
ezb		ungarn	mitgliedstaaten	zypern
wowereit	kommunen	steinbach	öffentlichkeit	berlin
kultur	tod	bundesvorstand	wahl	trauern

```
latex_out <- capture.output(stargazer(key_feats, summary = F, title = "Key features for each issue (Rid
label = "tab:key_feats", out = "tables/key_feats.tex"))
```

9 Training data size and accuracy

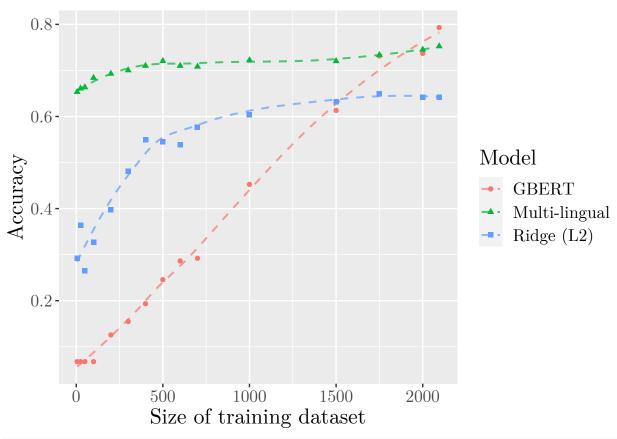
To test the influence of the size of the training dataset on the accuracy, we estimate models with smaller sizes.

To do so, we rely on the top-performing single classifier, Ridge (L2), as well as the fine-tuned Transformers model.

The size of the training dataset affects the accuracy of our model. Our analysis suggests that an enlargement of our training dataset would only lead to marginal performance improvements. On the contrary, the Transformers model already yields an accuracy of over 70% with only about 750 coded press releases.

```
## Warning: 23642 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 21452 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 19128 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 15019 features in newdata not used in prediction.
```

```
## Warning: 10462 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 7431 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 5356 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 4115 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 2876 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 2160 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 767 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 89 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 25 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 7 features in newdata not used in prediction.
## Warning: 2 features in newdata not used in prediction.
# Load the results from GBERT transformer models
trainsize_transfer <- read_csv("transfer-files/results-training-size.csv", col_names = F)</pre>
## -- Column specification --------
## cols(
   X1 = col_double(),
   X2 = col double()
## )
names(trainsize_transfer) <- c("accuracy", "train_size")</pre>
trainsize_transfer$Model <- "GBERT"</pre>
train_size <- rbind(trainsize_transfer, trainsize_ridge)</pre>
# Load the results from multilingual transformer models
trainsize_multi <- read_csv("other-countries/results-training-size.csv", col_names = F)</pre>
##
## -- Column specification -----
## cols(
##
   X1 = col_double(),
   X2 = col_double()
## )
names(trainsize_multi) <- c("accuracy", "train_size")</pre>
trainsize_multi$Model <- "Multi-lingual"</pre>
train_size <- rbind(train_size, trainsize_multi)</pre>
ggplot(train\_size, aes(x = train\_size, y = accuracy)) + theme(text = element\_text(size = 16)) +
    \# geom_smooth(aes(color = Model, lty = Model), method = 'loess', formula = 'y \sim
# x', se = F) +
geom_line(aes(group = Model, color = Model, lty = Model), stat = "smooth", method = "loess",
   formula = "y ~ x", size = 0.7, linetype = 2, alpha = 0.7, se = F) + geom_point(aes(color = Model,
   shape = Model)) + xlab("Size of training dataset") + ylab("Accuracy") + ggsave(str_c("plots/training")
   device = cairo_pdf, width = 5 * 2^0.5, height = 5) + ggsave(str_c("plots/training-size-simulation.p"
   width = 5 * 2^0.5, height = 5)
```



```
# Time needed to run script (much shorter when textmodels are just loaded from a # file) The estimation time for the single textmodels can found in the table # above.
```

print(Sys.time() - start_time)

Time difference of 2.136268 mins

In total, the script needs about 2-3h to run.