```
% THIS SCRIPT IS USED TO READ DATA FROM THE RRC3 CSV TO SOME VECTORS
clc
clear
close all
data = readtable('Flight Data.csv');
time = table2array(data(:,1));
altitude = table2array(data(:,2));
velocity = table2array(data(:,4));
flight = table2cell(data(:,9));
L = length(time);
time1 = [];
time2 = [];
time3 = [];
time4 = [];
w = 1;
x = 1;
y = 1;
z = 1;
for i = 1:L
    launch = flight(i);
    if char(launch) == 'TL 22'
        timel(w) = time(i);
        altitude1(w) = altitude(i);
        rrc3 v1(w) = velocity(i);
        w = w + 1;
    elseif char(launch) == 'CL 22'
        time2(x) = time(i);
        altitude2(x) = altitude(i);
        rrc3_v2(x) = velocity(i);
        x = x + 1;
    elseif char(launch) == 'TL 23'
        time3(y) = time(i);
        altitude3(y) = altitude(i);
        rrc3_v3(y) = velocity(i);
        y = y + 1;
    else
        time4(z) = time(i);
        altitude4(z) = altitude(i);
        rrc3 \ v4(z) = velocity(i);
        z = z + 1;
    end
```

1

end

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mtime1 = linspace(8,28,(28-8)*100);
mtime2 = linspace(8,28,(28-8)*100);
mtime3 = linspace(8,28,(28-8)*100);
mtime4 = linspace(8,28,(28-8)*100);
% create simulated number of data points equivalent to 100 Hz readings
model1 = polyfit(time1,altitude1,3);
model2 = polyfit(time2,altitude2,3);
model3 = polyfit(time3,altitude3,3);
model4 = polyfit(time4,altitude4,3);
m altitude1 = model1(1)*mtime1.^3 + model1(2)*mtime1.^2 + model1(3)*mtime1 +
 model1(4);
m altitude2 = model2(1)*mtime2.^3 + model2(2)*mtime2.^2 + model2(3)*mtime2 +
 model2(4);
m = 1 + model3(1) + mtime3.^3 + model3(2) + mtime3.^2 + model3(3) + mtime3 + model3(3) + mtime3 + model3(3) + mtime3 + model3(3) + mtime3 + mtime
  model3(4);
model4(4);
m_velocity1 = 3*model1(1)*mtime1.^2 + 2*model1(2)*mtime1 + model1(3);
m velocity2 = 3*model2(1)*mtime2.^2 + 2*model2(2)*mtime2 + model2(3);
m_velocity3 = 3*model3(1)*mtime3.^2 + 2*model3(2)*mtime3 + model3(3);
m \text{ velocity4} = 3 \text{ model4(1)} \text{ mtime4.}^2 + 2 \text{ model4(2)} \text{ mtime4} + \text{ model4(3)};
% simulate noisy data
noise factor = 15; % higher the number, the noisier the data
for i = 1:length(m altitude1)
         if rand() > 0.5
                  noisy flight11(i) = m altitude1(i) + noise factor*rand();
         else
                 noisy flight11(i) = m altitude1(i) - noise factor*rand();
         end
end
for i = 1:length(m altitude2)
         if rand() > 0.5
                  noisy flight2(i) = m altitude2(i) + noise factor*rand();
                 noisy flight2(i) = m altitude2(i) - noise factor*rand();
        end
end
for i = 1:length(m_altitude3)
         if rand() > 0.5
                 noisy flight3(i) = m altitude3(i) + noise factor*rand();
                 noisy flight3(i) = m altitude3(i) - noise factor*rand();
         end
end
for i = 1:length(m altitude4)
         if rand() > 0.5
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noisy_flight4(i) = m_altitude4(i) + noise_factor*rand();
    else
        noisy flight4(i) = m altitude4(i) - noise factor*rand();
    end
end
noisy flight1 = nosify(m altitude1);
noisy flight2 = nosify(m altitude2);
noisy flight3 = nosify(m altitude3);
noisy flight4 = nosify(m altitude4);
plot(mtime1, noisy_flight11, 'r')
hold on
plot(mtime1, noisy flight1, 'b')
legend('Bad Model', 'Better Model')
xlabel('Time into Flight (s)')
ylabel('Altitude')
hold off
%bad residual = noisy flight11 - m altitude1;
%good_residual = noisy_flight1 - m_altitude1;
%figure
%histogram(bad residual)
%title('Histogram of Residuals with Random Noise', 'FontSize', 20)
%xlabel('Noisy Altitude - Real Altitude (ft)')
%ylabel('Quantity of Residuals')
%figure
%histogram(good residual)
%title('Histogram of Residuals with Random Gaussian Noise', 'FontSize', 20)
%xlabel('Noisy Altitude - Real Altitude')
%ylabel('Quantity of Residuals (ft)')
function noisy flight = nosify(m altitude)
% m altitude is the modeled altitude
% sigma is the standard deviation of measurements
% std dev is 6.448 if 99% of values fall within +/- 15 ft of actual
sigma = 0; % standard deviation of measurements
noisy flight = zeros(1,length(m altitude));
for i = 1:length(m altitude)
   mean = m altitude(i);
    r = rand(); % generate random point
    z = -sqrt(2) * erfcinv(r*2); % generate z-score based on random value
    noisy flight(i) = mean + z*sigma;
end
end
Warning: Column headers from the file were
modified to make them valid MATLAB identifiers
before creating variable names for the table.
```