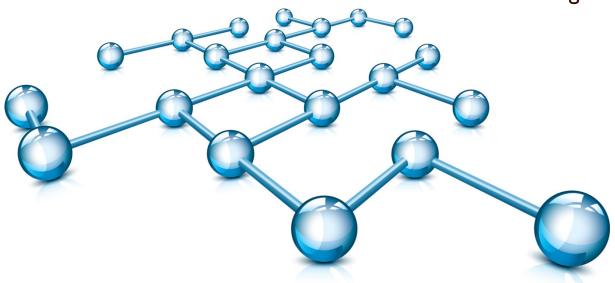


Breve tutorial de Hilos en Java

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Maneras de definir un Hilo

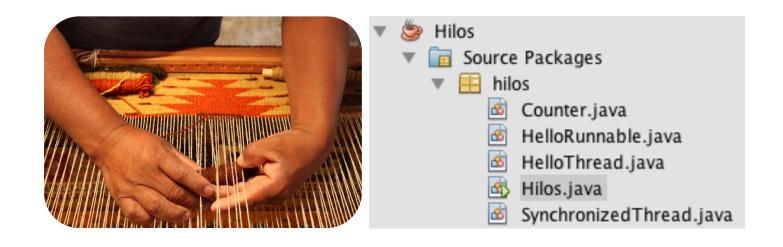
implements Runnable



extends Thread



Tejiendo con mis primeros hilos





Implementando Runnable

public class HelloRunnable implements Runnable {

```
public void run() {
     System.out.println("Hola");
```

Se ejecuta con método **Start()**

Extendiendo Thread



```
public class HelloThread extends Thread {
    public void run() {
        System.out.println("Hola");
    }
```

También se ejecuta con método **Start()**

Un poco de manejo de hilos

Detener hilos Thread.sleep(milisegundos)

Esperar hilos join() o join(milisegundos)

Nombre Thread.currentThread().getName()

Sincronizar synchronized

Creando los hilos



```
HelloThread hilo I = new HelloThread();
Thread hilo2 = new Thread(new HelloRunnable());
hilo I.start();
hilo2.start();
//
       hilo I.join();
//
       hilo2.join();
```

Creando hilos con "regiones críticas"



```
Counter aCounter;

aCounter = new Counter(0);

SynchronizedThread hilo3 = new SynchronizedThread(aCounter);

SynchronizedThread hilo4 = new SynchronizedThread(aCounter);

hilo3.start();

hilo4.start();
```

Código ejemplo de concurrencia sincronizada

```
public class SynchronizedThread extends Thread {
    private Counter aCounter;
    public SynchronizedThread (Counter aCounter){
        this.aCounter=aCounter;
    public void run(){
        aCounter.aMethod();
                                          public class Counter {
                                              private int n = 0;
                                              public Counter(int n){
                                                   this.n=n;
                          synchronized
                                              public void aMethod(){
                                                   for (int i = 0; i<10; i++){
                                                       n++;
                                                       System.out.println(n + " ");
```