CS 251

Lab Exercise 03

Main topics: Writing Classes

Declaring / Using Instance Variables

Writing Instance Methods Accessors and Mutators

public vs private Constructors

static vs non-static

Exercise

This week we will be practicing writing a "complete" class, starting from where you left off last week, which includes all of the standard mutators as well as an instance count. In addition careful attention to the public, private and static specifiers will be made.

Getting Started To start this exercise, you should:

- 1. Open eclipse and start a new Java project named Lab03
- 2. Add a Class (named Circle) to this project, and copy the contents of the Circle file provided into it.
- 3. Add a Class (named CircleDriver) to this project, and copy the contents of the CircleDriver file provided into it

Requirements

<u>Circle.java</u> A simple class which models a circle by its one defining characteristic, which is its radius.

This class is not complete and must be modified as such:

- 1. All class variables must be private
- 2. The initial instance count must be 0
- 3. Include a public accessor for the instance count
- 4. Include a public mutator for the instance count
- 5. By default all instances have a radius of 1.0
- 6. Include the standard default constructor
 All access of instance data by this constructor must be made via the specifying constructor.
- 7. Include the standard specifying constructor
 All access of class and instance data by this constructor must be made via the accessors and
 mutators.
- 8. Include the standard copy constructor All access of instance data by this constructor must be made via the specifying constructor.
- 9. Modify the Circle clone() method so that it makes use of the copy constructor, instead of using the default constructor, followed by the resize() method.

<u>CircleDriver.java</u> A simple *driver* class to test the Circle class. This class is not complete and must be modified as such:

- 1. Add / modify lines of code and "test" that each of your constructors are functioning properly.
- 2. Add / modify lines of code and "test" that your instance count is being maintained properly.

Once you have completed the requirements:

- 1. Make sure that your program runs without errors or warnings.
- 2. Run your program enough times to verify its correctness.
- 3. If it runs correctly, then see your TA for a check-off.