# Compiler-aided type tracking for correctness checking of MPI applications



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#### **MUST**



# MUST [1] is a scalable, dynamic MPI correctness checker developed at RWTH Aachen.

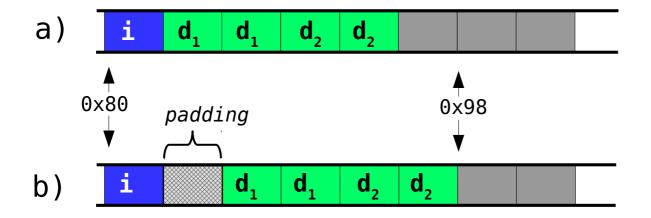
- Capabilities include, e.g.:
  - Deadlocks resulting from MPI calls
  - MPI datatype correctness checks, but only at phase two of the MPI message transfer phases
- https://doc.itc.rwth-aachen.de/display/CCP/Project+MUST
- [1] T. Hilbrich, J. Protze, M. Schulz, B. R. de Supinski, and M. S. Müller, "MPI runtime error detection with MUST: Advances in deadlock detection", Scientific Programming, vol. 21, no. 3-4, pp. 109–121, 2013.



#### Pitfalls of user-defined types



```
struct S {int a; double d[2];};
struct S s;
```



Two potential memory layouts on some architectures for struct S



# Scenario 1/2: MPI Send & Receive

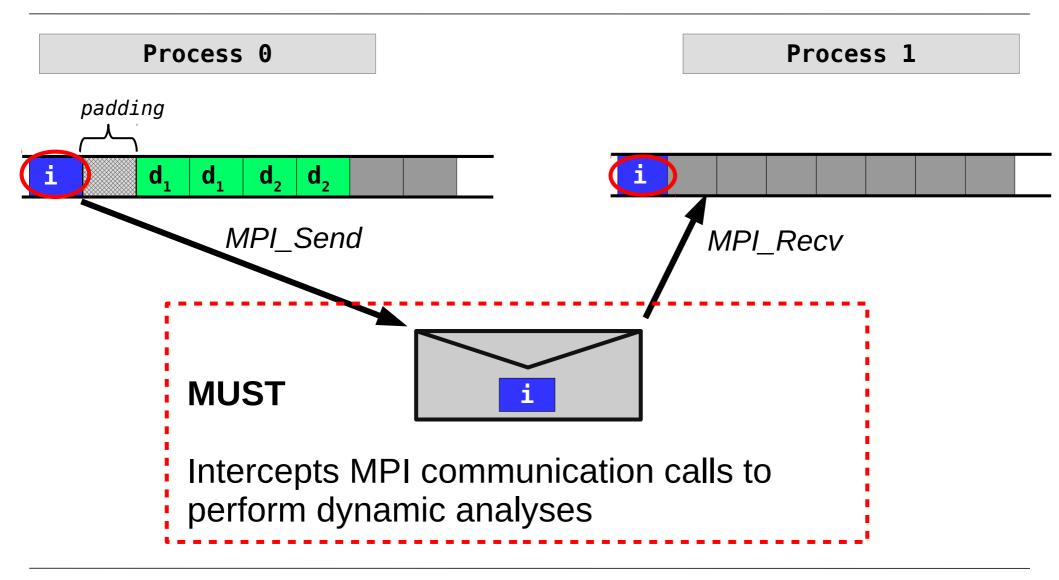


```
struct S {int a; double d[2];};
struct S s;
struct S *pS = &s;

MPI_Send(pS, 1, MPI_INT, 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
MPI Recv(pS, 1, MPI_INT, 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

#### **MPI Communication & MUST**



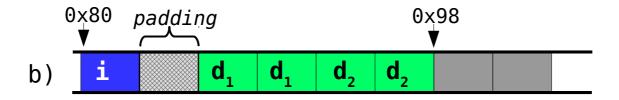




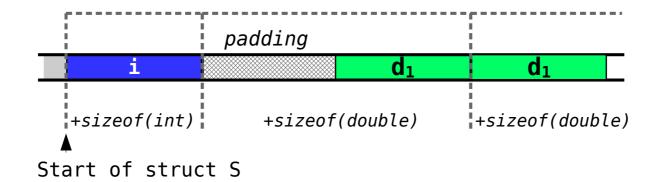
# Scenario 2/2: MPI Send & Receive



struct S {int a; double d[2];};



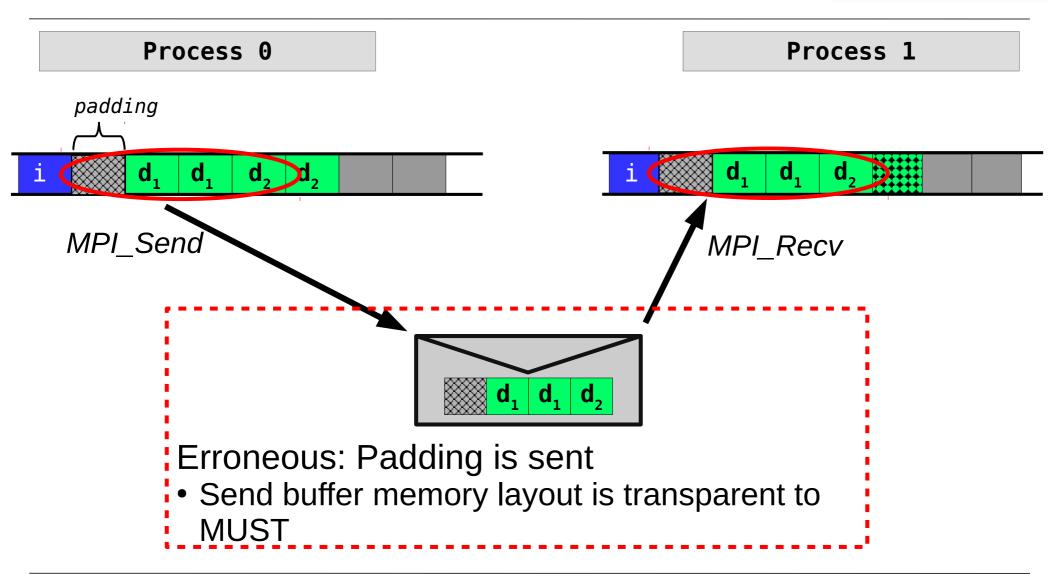
```
MPI_Send(pS+sizeof(int),2,MPI_DOUBLE,1,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
MPI_Recv(pS+sizeof(int),2,MPI_DOUBLE,1,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```





#### **MPI Communication & MUST**







## Requirements & Approach



#### Requirements

- Ability to provide type information for arbitrary memory address at runtime
  - Solution: Store the type (built-in and user-defined) and the extent for every memory allocation relevant to MPI

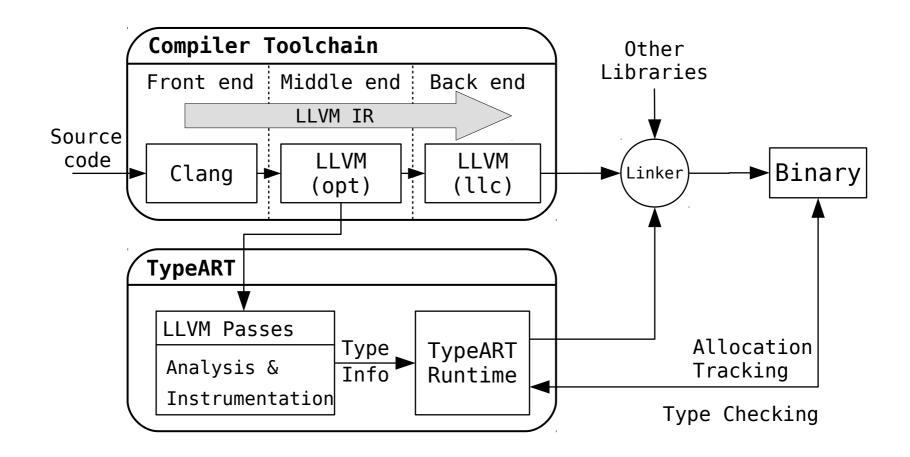
#### **Approach**

Instrument relevant allocations at compile time with calls to our runtime library to track and provide necessary type information to MUST



## **TypeART - Workflow**







## **TypeART - Instrumentation**



#### C code

```
float *pd = (float*) malloc(n * sizeof(float));
MPI_Send(pd, n, MPI_FLOAT, 0, 1, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

#### **LLVM IR code of malloc**

```
%1 = call i8 * @malloc(i64 %0) ; %0 = n*sizeof(float)
%2 = bitcast i8 * %1 to float *
```



## **TypeART - Instrumentation**



#### C code

```
float *pd = (float*) malloc(n * sizeof(float));
MPI_Send(pd, n, MPI_FLOAT, 0, 1, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

#### **LLVM IR code of malloc**

```
%1 = call i8 * @malloc(i64 %0) ; %0 = n*sizeof(float)
```

```
%2 = udiv i64 %0, 4 ; %2 = %0/sizeof(float) = n call void @__typeart_alloc(i8 * %1,i32 5,i64 %2,i32 0)
```

```
%3 = bitcast i8 * %1 to float *
```



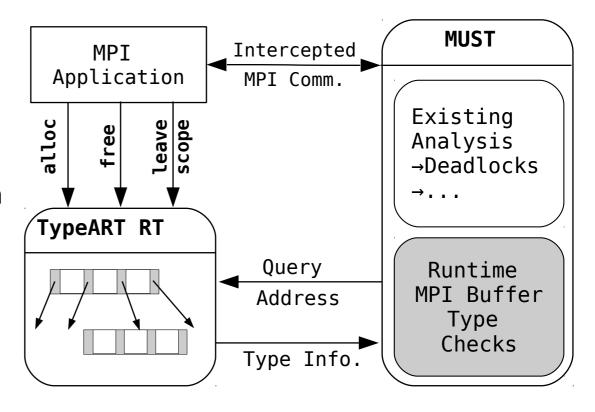
## **TypeART - MUST interplay**



TypeART provides C interface for type information query at runtime

#### Inserted function calls to RT

- alloc: memory allocations
- **free**: heap memory de-allocation
- leave scope: Stack memory deallocation

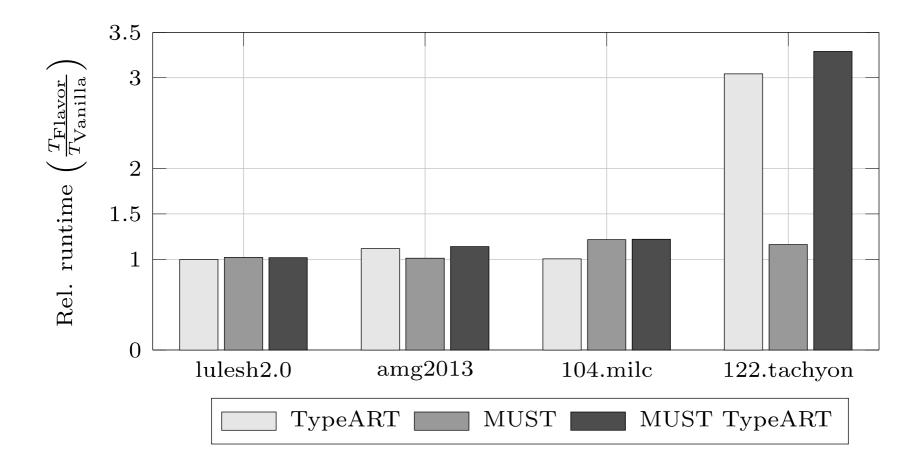




# TypeART - Evaluation (1/5)



Induced runtime overhead

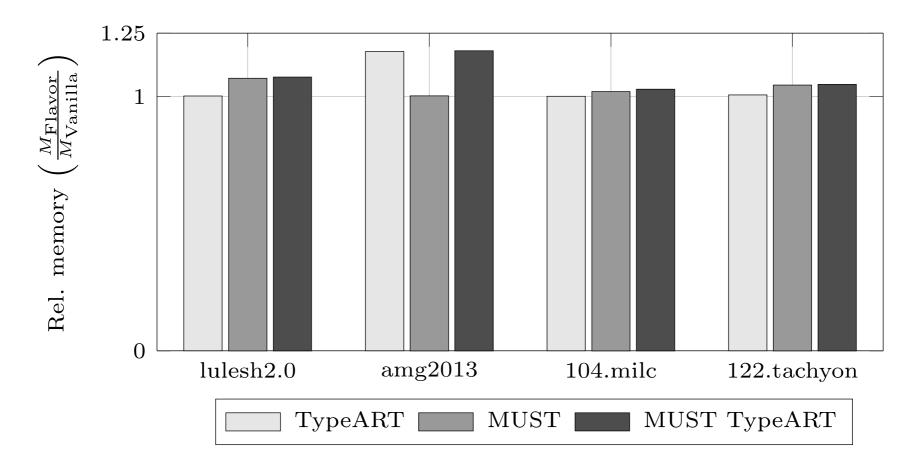




## TypeART - Evaluation (2/5)



Induced memory overhead





# TypeART - Evaluation (3/5)



 Overall memory allocation sites found statically during compilation with TypeART LLVM passes

|                     | Memory Operations |           |            |               | User-def |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----------|------------|---------------|----------|
|                     | Heap              | Free      | Stack (%)  | Global $(\%)$ | Types    |
| lulesh2.0           | 14                | 6         | 54 (21.0)  | 80 (100)      | 10       |
| amg2013             | 1,491             | $1,\!152$ | 958 (40.7) | 653 (99.4)    | 61       |
| $104.\mathrm{milc}$ | 91                | 64        | 207 (21.3) | 736 (95.4)    | 25       |
| 122.tachyon         | 80                | 51        | 579 (2.0)  | 372 (97.3)    | 50       |

## TypeART - Evaluation (4/5)



Dynamically tracked memory allocation statistics at runtime

|                     | Traced Memory Operations |            |             |             |            |  |
|---------------------|--------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|--|
|                     | Total                    | Total Heap | Total Stack | Max. Stored | Max. Stack |  |
|                     | Global                   |            |             | Heap        | Depth      |  |
| lulesh2.0           | 0                        | 525,060    | 34,149      | 76          | 21         |  |
| amg2013             | 1                        | 27,587,586 | 2,943       | 20,736,474  | 80         |  |
| $104.\mathrm{milc}$ | 34                       | $41,\!638$ | 5,876       | 79          | 26         |  |
| 122.tachyon         | 10                       | 13,759     | 78,307,707  | 13,677      | 277        |  |

# TypeART - Evaluation (5/5)



MPI type related checks performed by MUST

|                     | MPI Type Checks |        |        |  |  |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--|--|
|                     | Total           | Unique | Missed |  |  |
|                     | Checked         |        |        |  |  |
| lulesh2.0           | 40,694          | 16     | 0      |  |  |
| amg2013             | 1,906           | 542    | 0      |  |  |
| $104.\mathrm{milc}$ | 9,206           | 84     | 0      |  |  |
| 122.tachyon         | 482             | 482    | 0      |  |  |



#### Conclusion



We implemented a type tracking system for MPI-relevant data allocations and extended MUST to use the available information to detect type mismatches.

- The approach uses LLVM to determine the respective memory allocation location and inserts instrumentation for tracking the dynamic type information
- No harmful MPI problems were found in the evaluation
- The runtime overhead is generally reasonable
  - Three test cases: Runtime overhead less than 1.5x
  - Factor 3.3 due to more than 78 million tracked stack allocations



#### **TypeART - Future Work**



- MPI + OpenMP
  - Thread safety of TypeART RT
    - Introduce thread-local stack allocation tracking in addition to global heap tracking



# **Acknowledgements**



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