Mathematical Analysis Homework 1: Solutions

Cory Nezin

September 12, 2017

Let

$$S = \{ \gamma \in \mathbb{Q} : \gamma \le 0 \text{ or } \gamma > 0 \text{ and } \gamma^2 < 2 \}$$
$$T = \{ \gamma \in \mathbb{Q} : \gamma > 0 \text{ and } \gamma^2 > 2 \}$$

1. Prove that s < t for $s \in S$ and $t \in T$

If $s \le 0$ then since t > 0, t > s

If $s \ge 0$ then since $t^2 > 2$ and $s^2 < 2$, $t^2 > 2 > s^2 \to t^2 \to t$

Since $s \ge 0$ and t > 0, t + s > 0, and therefore t - s > 0 or, t > s

2. Prove that if $t \in T$ then $\exists s \in T$ such that s < t

Proof: Suppose

$$s = t - \frac{t^2 - 2}{t + 2} = \frac{2(t+1)}{t+2}$$

Let

$$t = \frac{p}{q}; p, q \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Then

$$s = \frac{2(p/q+1)}{p/q+2} = \frac{2p+2q}{p+2q}$$

which is rational.

We have

$$\left(\frac{2(t+1)}{t+2}\right)^2 = 4\left(\frac{t^2+2t+1}{t^2+4t+4}\right)$$

We wish to evaluate whether this is greater than 2 to see if the result is in T. Suppose

$$4\left(\frac{t^2+2t+1}{t^2+4t+4}\right) > 2$$

iff

$$\left(\frac{t^2 + 2t + 1}{t^2 + 4t + 4}\right) > 1/2$$

The numerator and denominator are both squares and therefore positive, so

$$t^{2} + 2t + 1 > t^{2}/2 + 2t + 2$$
$$t^{2} > 2$$

This is guaranteed by definition of T so s is in T. $t^2 > 2$, so $t^2 - 2 > 0$, and

$$\frac{(t^2-2)}{t+2} > 0 \to -\frac{(t^2-2)}{t+2} < 0$$

Therefore

$$t - \frac{t^2 - 2}{t + 2} < t \rightarrow s > t \; \forall t \in T$$

3. Prove that if $t \in S$ then $\exists s \in S$ such that s > t The proof follows similarly: Suppose

$$s = t - \frac{t^2 - 2}{t + 2} = \frac{2(t+1)}{t+2}$$

Let

$$t=\frac{p}{q}; p,q\in\mathbb{Z}$$

Then

$$s = \frac{2(p/q+1)}{p/q+2} = \frac{2p+2q}{p+2q}$$

which is rational.

We also have that

$$\left(\frac{2(t+1)}{t+2}\right)^2 = 4\left(\frac{t^2+2t+1}{t^2+4t+4}\right)$$

We wish to evaluate whether this is less than 2 to see if the result is in S. Suppose

$$4\left(\frac{t^2 + 2t + 1}{t^2 + 4t + 4}\right) \le 2$$

iff

$$\left(\frac{t^2 + 2t + 1}{t^2 + 4t + 4}\right) \le 1/2$$
$$t^2 + 2t + 1 \le t^2/2 + 2t + 2$$
$$t^2 < 2$$

Since this condition is guaranteed, s is in S. Since t > 0, then t + 2 > 0, so

$$\frac{(t^2 - 2)}{t + 2} \le 0 \to -\frac{(t^2 - 2)}{t + 2} \ge 0$$

for $t^2 < 2$ and $t > 0 \rightarrow t + 2 > 0$

$$t - \frac{t^2 - 2}{t + 2} > t \rightarrow s > t \ \forall t \in S$$