Homework II: Vectors, Matrices and Complex Numbers

Cory Schillaci

July 13, 2011

There were a lot of definitions to learn today, and we covered them fairly quickly in class. The best way to internalize it all is to practice, practice, practice with everything. That's the goal of this homework: to get familiar with all the operations now so that you can understand the physics later. Good luck!

Read the article "The Unreasonable Effectiveness of Mathematics in the Natural Sciences." You should also read chapter 6 of Weinberg up to page 144, stopping at the paragraph which begins "The symmetry underlying the electroweak theory..."

Problem 1 Linear Operations on Vectors

Let $\vec{U} = (1,1)$ and $\vec{V} = \hat{x} + 2\hat{y}$. Write each of the following vectors in both the column vector and basis vector notations:

a) $\vec{A} = \vec{U} - \vec{V}$

b) $\vec{B} = \vec{U} + 3\vec{V}$

c) $\vec{C} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\vec{V}$

d) $\vec{D} = 2(\vec{A} + \frac{1}{2}\vec{U})$

Problem 2 Visualizing Vectors

Sketch each of the vectors from Problem 1 on a two dimensional coordinate system.

Problem 3   Multiplying Vectors (The Dot or Inner Product)

Rewrite each of the following in row times column format, then find the dot product.

1. $\vec{U} \cdot \vec{U} = U^2 = |\vec{U}|^2$

2. $\vec{U} \cdot \vec{V}$

3. $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}$

For the following problems, use these definitions:

$$I = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$N = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Problem 4   Operations on Matrices

Write out the results of the following matrix operations:

a) M^T (Transpose of M)

b) SM (S times M)

c) MS (M times S)

d) $detS = |S|$

Problem 5   Properties of Matrices

Define each of the following properties and find which of the matrices S, M or N satisfies the property.

a) Diagonal

---

b) Symmetric

c) Unitary

Problem 6   Combined Matrix and Vector Operations

Give the following quantities. Before computing anything, write down whether the answer will be a matrix, a vector or a scalar.

a) IM

b) $S\vec{V}$

c) $\vec{U}M\vec{V}$

d) $M^T M \vec{V}$

Problem 7   Working with Complex Numbers

Define three complex numbers: $a = 1$, $b = 1 + i$ and $c = 2 - 3i$. Give the results of the following operations:

a) $a + b$

b) ab

c) $bc - a$

d) $\text{Re}(b)$

e) $\text{Im}(c)$

f) $|c|$

Optional: Give a/b as a fraction with a real denominator.

Problem 8   Matrix Representation of Complex Numbers

There is a way to represent complex numbers as 2x2 matrices. Can you figure out what it is? Explain the proper way to add, multiple, and find the norm of the matrices which exactly reproduces the normal behavior of complex numbers.