# PQS Project

Meeting 2022-01-28 1:00pm

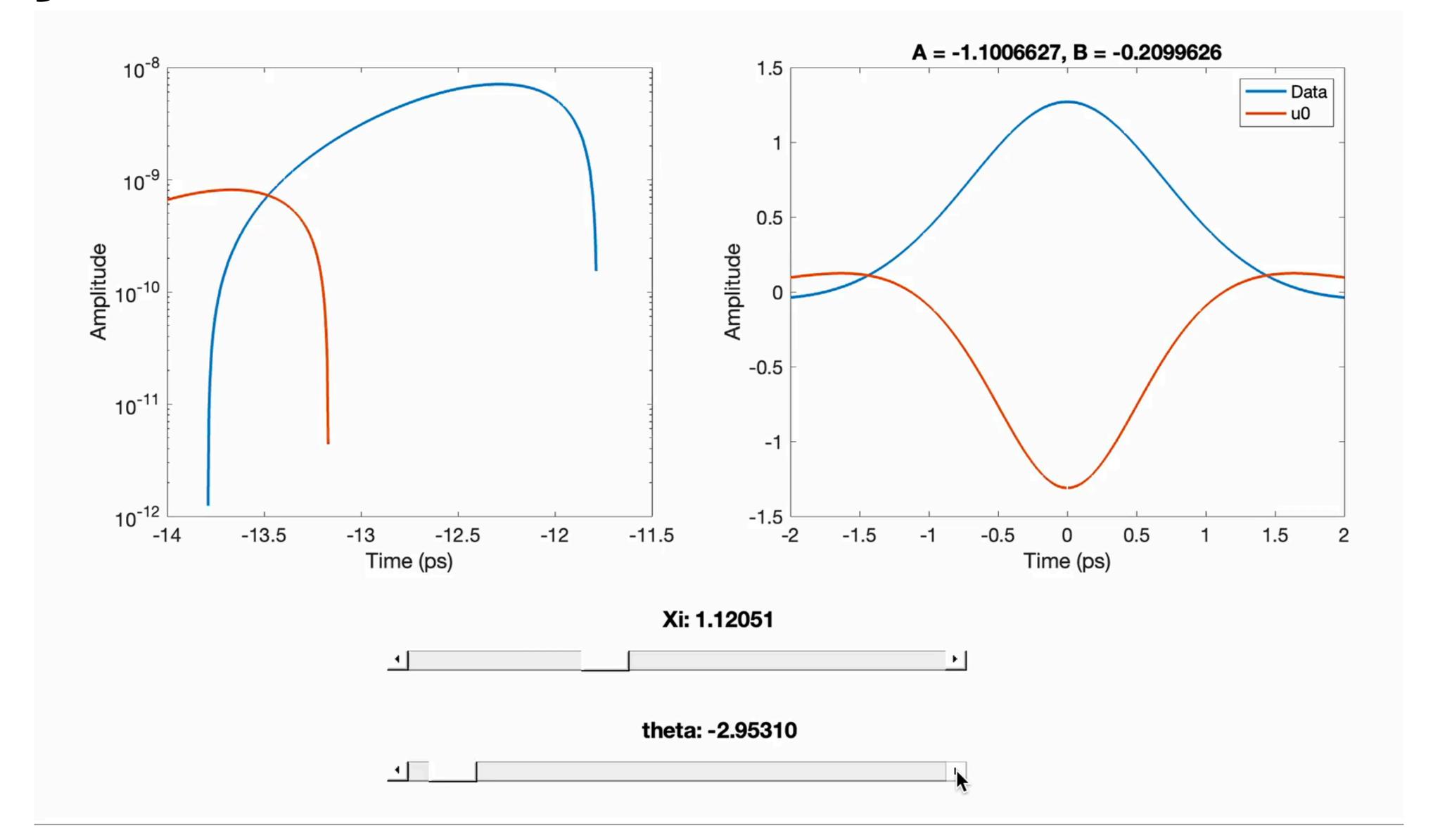
Cory Aitchison

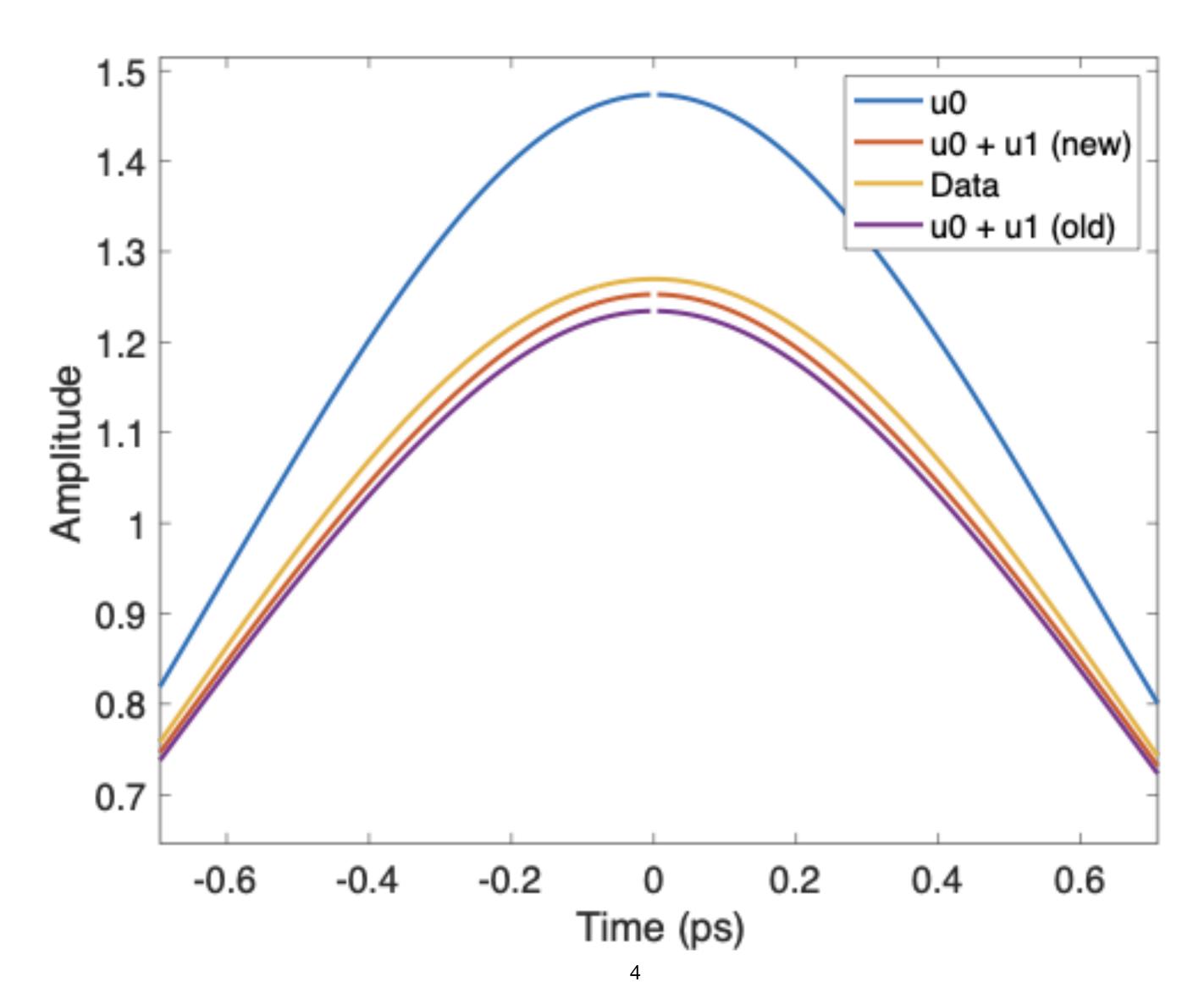
$$\underbrace{u'''' + 4\sigma^4 u + \Gamma u^3}_{L} = 0, \qquad \sigma^4 := \frac{6\mu}{|\beta_4|}, \Gamma := \frac{24\gamma}{|\beta_4|}$$

 For the zeroth order ansatz, determined the coefficients that match with data by writing

$$A\frac{\cos}{\cosh} + B\frac{\sin}{\sinh} \equiv \Xi \left(\cos \theta \frac{\cos}{\cosh} + \sin \theta \frac{\sin}{\sinh}\right)$$

- Where  $\Xi$  controls the amplitude,  $\theta$  controls the phase
- Found:  $\Xi = 1.1205 \pm 0.0001, \theta = 1.1620 \pm 0.0001$  and A = 0.445408, B = 1.02817





Revised the method that I used to find u^(1) etc., and found that the coefficients had an additional linear term:

$$c_0 = rac{A}{4} - \left(2A^3 + 9A^2B + 6AB^2 + 9B^3\right) \ arphi = 0.15371$$
 $c_1 = -rac{B}{4} + 3\left(3A^3 + 2A^2B + 3AB^2 - 2B^3\right) \ arphi = -0.253315$ 
 $c_2 = rac{A}{4} - 3\left(2A^3 + 3A^2B - 2AB^2 + 3B^3\right) \ arphi = 0.137759$ 
 $c_3 = -rac{B}{4} + \left(9A^3 - 6A^2B + 9AB^2 - 2B^3\right) \ arphi = -0.259133$ 

where

$$\varphi := \frac{\Gamma}{1280\sigma^4}$$

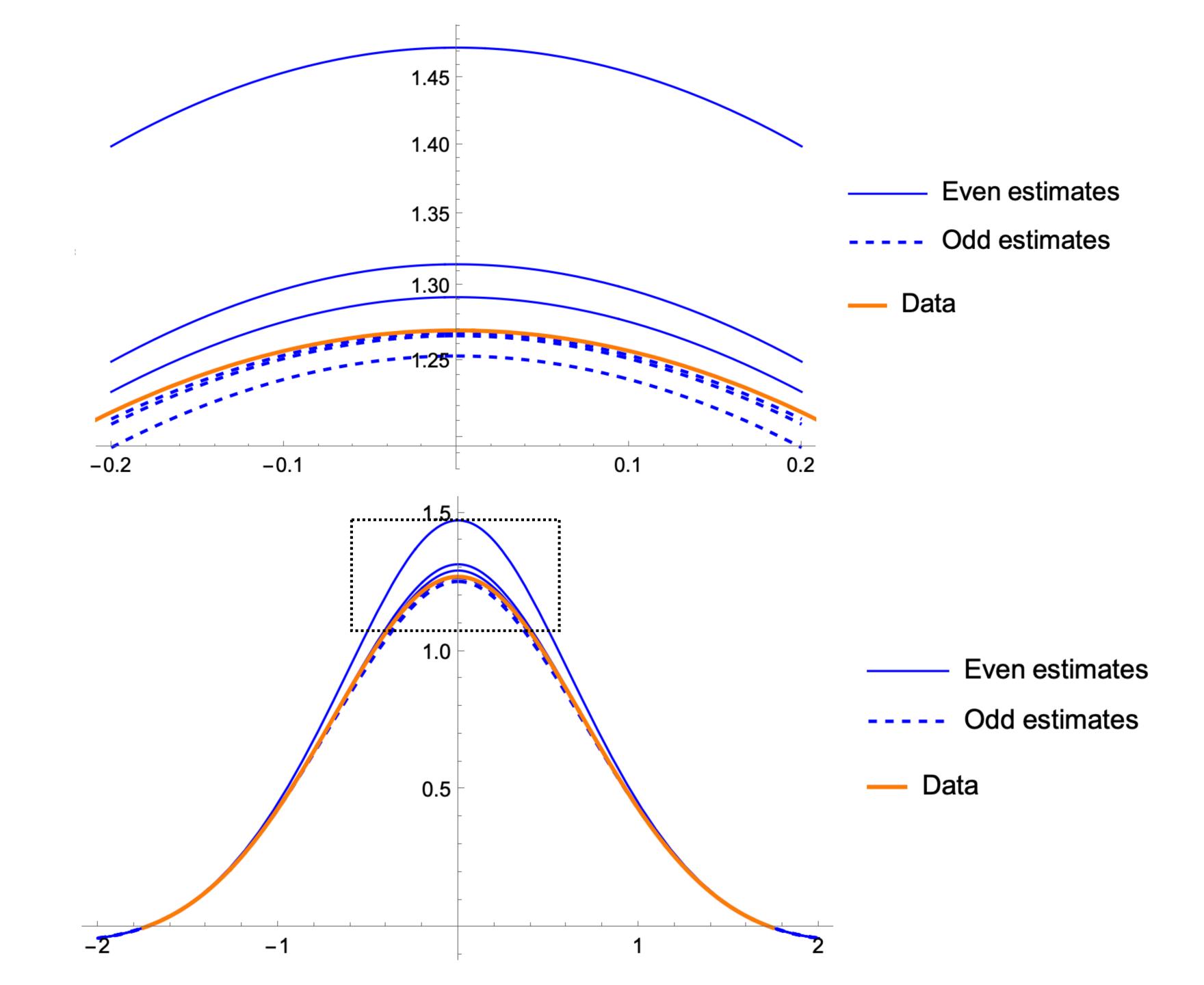
We can find higher order solutions by solving

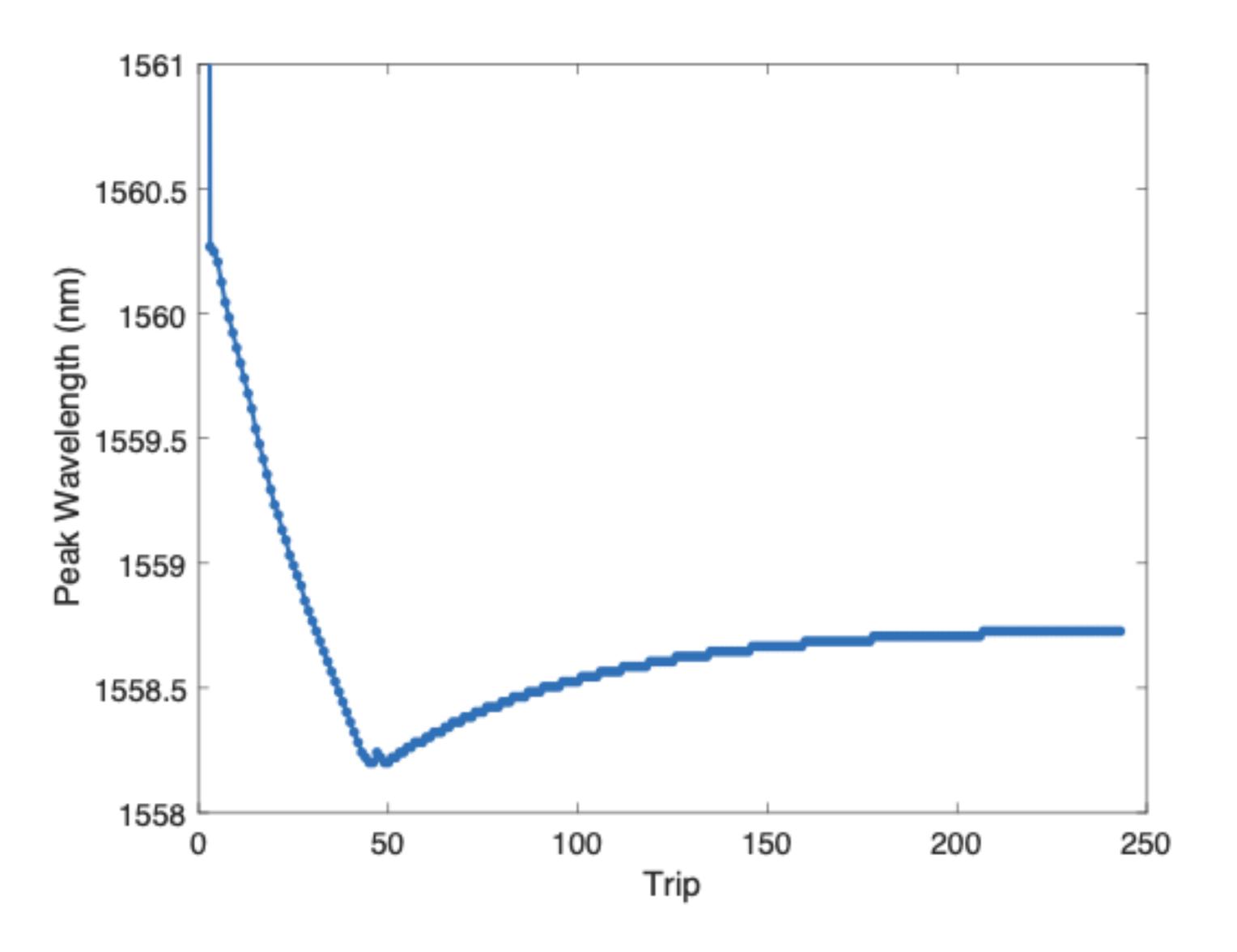
$$L\left[\sum_{j=0}^{n} u^{(j)}\right] + N\left[\sum_{j=0}^{n-1} u^{(j)}\right] \equiv 0$$

up to (2n + 1)th order.

Linear terms appear in most of the coefficients:

Function	$u^{(1)}$	$u^{(2)}$	$u^{(3)}$	$u^{(4)}$	$u^{(5)}$	$u^{(6)}$
Order	3	5	7	9	11	13
Coefficients	A/4	A/8	5A/64	7A/128	21A/512	33A/1024
	-B/4	-B/8	-5B/64	-7B/128	-21B/512	-33B/1024
	A/4		-A/64	-A/64	-7A/512	-3A/256
	-B/4		B/64	B/64	7B/512	3B/256
		-A/8	-A/64		A/256	5A/1024
		B/8	B/64		-B/256	-5B/1024
			5A/64	A/64	A/256	•••
			-5B/64	-B/64	-B/256	•••
				-7A/128	-7A/512	-5A/1024
				7B/128	7B/512	5B/1024
					21A/512	3A/256
					-21B/512	-3B/256
						-33A/1024
						33B/1024





"OC: 0.3" or "30% energy feedback per trip" means that 30% of the energy returns to the loop after each round trip, 70% exits via the output coupler

