COS 316 Precept: Reflection

Overview of Reflection

- What is reflection?
 - Ability of program to examine / introspect itself during runtime
 - Sometimes called "meta-programming"

Examples

- Java Reflection API: discover methods and attributes at run-time, create objects of classes, whose names discovered only at run-time
- C++ Runtime type identification (RTTI)

Java Reflection - Example

```
public class Stopwatch {
   private long start;

public Stopwatch() {
     start = System.currentTimeMillis();
   }

public double elapsedTime() {
     long now = System.currentTimeMillis();
     return (now - start) / 1000.0;
   }
}
```

```
Stopwatch w1 = new Stopwatch();
...
System.out.println(w1.elapsedTime());
```

```
import java.lang.reflect.Constructor;
import java.lang.reflect.Method;

Class<?> swClass = Class.forName("Stopwatch");
Constructor<?> c = swClass.getConstructor();
Method[] methods = swClass.getMethods();
Object w2 = c.newInstance();
...
System.out.println(methods[0].invoke(w2));
```

Go Reflection - Simple Example

```
package main

import (
    "fmt"
)

func main() {
    i := 10
    fmt.Printf("%v %T", i, i)
}
```

Try this example:

https://go.dev/play/p/useMslaQQm1

Modify and try with other types for iO What happens?

Go Reflection - MovieLens

```
package main
import (
  "fmt"
type movie struct {
   movieId int // represents the movie id
   title string // title of movie
   year int // movie release year
   genre string // pipe-separated list of genres
func main() {
     joker := movie {movieId: 193612, title:"Joker",
                 year: 2019, genre: "action|thriller"}
     fmt.Println(joker)
```

Try this example:

https://play.golang.org/p/Int3mxYzt4n

Go Reflection - MovieLens SQL Query

insert into Movies values(193612, "Joker", 2019, "action|thriller")

```
package main
import (
  "fmt."
type movie struct {
    movieId int // represents the movie id
    title string // title of movie
    year int // movie release year
    genre string // pipe-separated list of genres}
func createQuery(m movie) string {
    q := fmt.Sprintf("insert into Movies values(%d, %s, %d, %s)",
                       m.movieId, m.title, m.year, m.genre)
    return a
func main() {
     joker := movie {movieId: 193612, title:"Joker",
                  year: 2019, genre: "action|thriller"}
     fmt.Println(createQuery(joker))
```

Try this example:

https://play.golang.org/p/KHb30DwBIfz

 createQuery works for the movie struct but would it work for a different struct?

Go Reflection - MovieLens SQL Query

Question - write a general function that outputs a query for ANY struct?

```
type movie struct {
   movieId int
                 // represents the movie id
                                                         q1 := createQuery(jokerMovie)
                                                         fmt.Println(q1)
   title string // title of movie
   vear int // movie release year
   genre string // pipe-separated list of genres}
                                                           insert into Movies values(193612, "Joker", 2019, "action|thriller")
type links struct {
   movieId int // represents the movie id
                                                         q2 := createQuery(jokerLinks)
   imdbId int
                 // IMDB code
                                                         fmt.Println(q2)
               // TMDB code
   tmdbId int
                                                           insert into Links values(193612, 7286456, 475557)
jokerMovie := movie {movieId: 193612, title:"Joker",
                 vear: 2019, genre: "action|thriller"}
jokerLinks := links {movieId: 193612, imdbId: 7286456,
                    tmdbId: 475557}
```

Go Reflection - createQuery & Reflection

- How can the createQuery function operate on any struct?
 - Use the empty interface{} argument type
 - Every type satisfies the empty interface: interface{}

- createQuery function must be able to
 - examine the type of the struct argument passed to it at run-time
 - discover its fields
 - create the query

Go Reflection - the Reflect package

https://golang.org/pkg/reflect

- Provides tools:
 - identify the underlying concrete type of an interface{} variable
 - o identify the value of an interface{} variable

Go Reflection -

reflect.TypeOf, reflect.Kind, reflect.ValueOf

```
package main
import (
  "fmt"
  "reflect")
type movie struct {
    movieId int // represents the movie id
    title string // title of movie
    vear int // movie release year
   genre string // pipe-separated list of genres}
func createQuery(q interface{}) {
  t := reflect.TypeOf(a)
  k := t.Kind()
  v := reflect.ValueOf(q)
  fmt.Println("TypeOf ", t)
  fmt.Println("Kind", k)
  fmt.Println("ValueOf ", v)
func main() {
     joker := movie {movieId: 193612, title:"Joker",
                  year: 2019, genre: "action|thriller"}
     createOuerv( joker)
```

• Try this example:

https://play.golang.org/p/8azcZB2yRfq

Extend this example with links struct

Go Reflection - reflect.NumFields, reflect.Fields

package main

```
import (
  "fmt"
                                                                    Try this example:
  "reflect")
type movie struct {
                                                                    https://go.dev/play/p/EIWbrp_kSXb
   movieId int // represents the movie id
   title string // title of movie
                                                                   Extend this example with links struct
   year int // movie release year
                                                                          type links struct {
   genre string // pipe-separated list of genres}
                                                                              movieId int // represents the movie id
                                                                              imdbId int // IMDB code
                                                                              tmdbId int
                                                                                           // TMDB code
func createQuery(q interface{}) {
if reflect.ValueOf(q).Kind() == reflect.Struct {
   v := reflect.ValueOf(q)
   fmt.Println("Number of fields", v.NumField())
   for i := 0; i < v.NumField(); i++ \{
        fmt.Printf("Field:%d type:%v value:%v\n", i, v.Field(i).Type(), v.Field(i))
func main() {
    joker := movie {movieId: 193612, title:"Joker",
                year: 2019, genre: "action|thriller"}
    createOuerv( joker)
```

Go Reflection - reflect. Int, reflect. String

```
package main

import (
    "fmt"
    "reflect"
)

func main() {
    movieId := 193612
    id := reflect.ValueOf(movieId).Type() -> Int()
    fmt.Printf("type: %T value: %v\n", id,id)
    movieTitle := "Joker"
    title := reflect.ValueOf(movieTitle).String()
    fmt.Printf("type: %T value: %v\n", title, title)
}
```

Try this example:

https://play.golang.org/p/_mOVAjvkkuQ

Go Reflection - Exercise

- Write a program that uses the reflect API to manipulate (query, insert into) the
 MovieLens database
- Modify your go code from the SQL precept
- Update your precept repo:

- Modify movies.go to use reflection to form queries, for example:
 - One function for inserting movies or ratings into the appropriate table
 - One function for retrieving a movie or rating based on movield