git (in depth)

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Recap: What is git?

- Git is a vcs (version control system)
 - Keeps track of code at any point in time
 - Records who made what change and when
 - Allows multiple timelines (branches)

git terms and concepts

repository

 folder containing a .git/ subdirectory which tracks changes to files within

staging area

 after changes made to files, they must be added to the staging area before they can be committed

commit

 a list of changes to files in the repository, along with the user who made the change and a timestamp

branch

- single timeline of changes from the initial commit

remote

- other repository located by url or file path

common git operations

git commands are in **bold**

add

moves changes to "staging area"

commit

takes changes in staging area and appends changes to timeline;
clears staging area

push/pull

- if your timeline is strictly after a remote, push appends your commits to the remote
- If a remote has changes strictly after yours, pull appends the remote's changes to your timeline

· clone/init

- both create new local repository
- clone applies all commits from remote to your local repository

example git workflow (clone)

- https://github.com/VandyApps/intro-android
 - we're going to download this repository, make some modifications, then push our changes
- clone
- edit
- add
- commit
- push
 - pull first!

example git workflow (init)

- create new repository in existing folder with init and push to github
 - you would use this when starting a new project on github
- init
- edit
- add
- commit
- push
 - set upstream!

Advanced: branching

- Working on two items at once
- Create branch for both
- Merge together at end!
 - Can have conflicts, but we won't discuss that here

Questions?