```
arr[nd].maxx = n[b];
            binary_search(upper_lower_bound)
                                                                           arr[nd].minn = n[b];
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define le 100010
                                                                         int l = nd << 1, r = l | 1, m = (b + e) >> 1;
                                                                         init(l, b, m);
using namespace std:
                                                                         init(r, m + 1, e);
                                                                         arr[nd] = com(arr[l], arr[r]);
int n[le];
int fnc_lo(int a[], int len, int key){
                                                                       eg query(int nd, int b, int e, int i, int j){
 int hi = len - 1, lo = 0, index = -1, mid;
                                                                         if(b > j || e < i){
 while(lo <= hi){
                                                                           eg temp;
   mid = (lo + hi) / 2;
                                                                           temp.sum = 0;
   if(kev == a[mid]){
                                                                           temp.maxx = -INT_MAX;
     index = mid:
                                                                           temp.minn = INT_MAX;
     hi = mid - 1;
                                                                           return temp;
   else if(key < a[mid]) hi = mid - 1;</pre>
                                                                         if(b >= i && e <= j) return arr[nd];</pre>
   else lo = mid + 1;
                                                                         int l = nd << 1, r = l | 1, m = (b + e) >> 1;
                                                                         return com(query(l, b, m, i, j), query(r, m + 1, e, i,
 return lo:
                                                                       void update(int nd, int b, int e, int i, int v){
int fnc_up(int a[], int len, int key){
                                                                         if(b > i || e < i) return;
  int hi = len - 1, lo = 0, index = -1, mid;
                                                                         if(b >= i && e <= i){
  while(lo <= hi){
                                                                          arr[nd].sum = v;
   mid = (hi + lo) / 2;
                                                                           arr[nd].maxx = v;
   if(key == a[mid]){
                                                                           arr[nd].minn = v;
     index = mid;
                                                                          return:
     lo = mid + 1:
                                                                         int l = nd << 1, r = l | 1, m = (b + e) >> 1;
   else if(key < a[mid]) hi = mid - 1;</pre>
                                                                         update(l, b, m, i, v);
   else lo = mid + 1;
                                                                         update(r, m + 1, e, i, v);
                                                                         arr[nd] = com(arr[l], arr[r]);
 return lo;
                                                                       int main(){
                                                                         //freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
                                                                         int len, q, a, b, c;
scanf("%d %d", &len, &q);
int main()
                                                                         for(int i = 0; i < len; scanf("%d", &n[i]), i++);</pre>
 int t, co = 0;
 int len, x, y, q;
                                                                         init(1, 0, len - 1);
 scanf("%d", &t);
                                                                         while(q--){
 while(t--){
                                                                           scanf("%d %d %d", &c, &a, &b);
   scanf("%d %d", &len, &q);
                                                                           if(c == 1){
    for(int i = 0; i < len; i++) scanf("%d", &n[i]);</pre>
                                                                             eg temp = query(1, 0, len - 1, a - 1, b - 1);
                                                                             int ve = temp.sum - temp.maxx - temp.minn;
   printf("Case %d:\n", ++co);
                                                                             printf("%d\n", ve);
   while(a--){
     scanf("%d %d", &x, &y);
     x = fnc_lo(n, len, x);
                                                                           else update(1, 0, len - 1, a - 1, b);
     y = fnc_up(n, len, y);
     y -= x;
     printf("%d\n", y);
                                                                                           segment_tree(lazy)
                                                                       #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 return 0;
                                                                       #define ll long long int
                                                                       #define le 400005
                      segment_tree
                                                                       using namespace std;
                                                                       struct info{
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                         ll sum, pro;
#define le 100005
                                                                       }arr[le]:
using namespace std:
                                                                       void update(int nd, int b, int e, int i, int j, ll v){
int n[le]:
                                                                         if(b > j || e < i) return;
struct eg{
                                                                         if(b >= i && e <= j){
                                                                          arr[nd].sum += ((e - b + 1) * v);
 int sum, maxx, minn;
                                                                           arr[nd].pro += v;
eg arr[4 * le];
                                                                          return;
eg com(eg a, eg b){
 eg temp;
                                                                         int l = nd << 1, r = l | 1, m = (b + e) >> 1;
                                                                         update(l, b, m, i, j, v);
 temp.sum = a.sum + b.sum;
 temp.maxx = max(a.maxx, b.maxx);
                                                                         update(r, m + 1, e, i, j, v);
 temp.minn = min(a.minn, b.minn);
                                                                         arr[nd].sum = arr[l].sum + arr[r].sum + (e - b + 1) *
                                                                       arr[nd].pro;
 return temp;
void init(int nd, int b, int e){
                                                                       ll query(int nd, int b, int e, int i, int j, ll c){
 if(b == e){}
                                                                         if(b > j || e < i) return 0;
   arr[nd].sum = n[b];
                                                                         if(b >= i && e <= j) return arr[nd].sum + c * (e - b + 1);
```

```
int l = nd << 1, r = l | 1, m = (b + e) >> 1;
 ll v1 = query(l, b, m, i, j, c + arr[nd].pro);
  ll v2 = query(r, m + 1, e, i, j, c + arr[nd].pro);
 return v1 + v2;
int main(){
 //freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
//freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
  int t, co = 0, len, q, a, b, c;
  ll d;
  for(scanf("%d", &t); t--; ){
   scanf("%d %d", &len, &q);
   memset(arr, 0, sizeof(arr));
   printf("Case %d:\n", ++co);
    while(q--){
     scanf("%d %d %d", &c, &a, &b);
     if(!c){
       scanf("%lld", &d);
       update(1, 0, len - 1, a, b, d);
     else printf("%lld\n", query(1, 0, len - 1, a, b, 0));
   }
 return 0;
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define le 100000008
using namespace std:
bool n[le >> 1]:
vector<int> v:
// 1, 2 && even numbers have to handel carefully
void se(){ // don't forget to call this fnc :)
   int rt = sqrt(le) + 1, k;
    for(int i = 3; i < rt; i += 2) if(!n[i >> 1]) for(int j
= i * i, k = i << 1; j < le; j += k) n[j >> 1] = 1;
int main(){
   se();
    for(int i = 3; i < 33; i += 2) if(!n[i >> 1])
printf("%d\n", i);
   return 0:
                       bit_seive
                                                                       int main(){
#define le 100000008
int n[le >> 6];
#define ck(ve) (n[ve >> 6] & (1 << ((ve >> 1) & 31)))
#define st(ve) (n[ve >> 6] |= (1 << ((ve >> 1) & 31)))
void se(){
   int rt = sqrt(le) + 1, k;
    for(int i = 3; i < rt; i += 2) if(!ck(i)) for(int j = i
* i, k = i << 1; j < le; j += k) st(j);
                    segment sieve
#include <hits/stdc++.h>
#define l 1000000009
                                                                       ll n[le];
#define le 32004
                                                                       bool m[le];
#define ll long long int
                                                                       void fi(){
using namespace std;
int n[le >> 6];
vector<int> v;
#define ck(ve) (n[ve >> 6] & (1 << ((ve >> 1) & 31)))
#define st(ve) (n[ve >> 6] |= (1 << ((ve >> 1) & 31)))
void se(){
    int rt = sqrt(le) + 1, k;
    for(int i = 3; i < rt; i += 2) if(!ck(i)) for(int j = i
* i, k = i << 1; j < le; j += k) st(j);
                                                                              }
   v.push_back(2);
    for(int i = 3; i < le; i += 2) if(!ck(i))
                                                                           }
v.push back(i):
```

```
void segse(ll a, ll b){
 bool arr[b - a + 1];
 memset(arr, true, sizeof(arr));
 if(a == 1) arr[0] = false;
 for(int i = 0; i < v.size() && v[i] * v[i] <= b; i++){
   ll base = (a / v[i]) * v[i];
   if(base < a) base += v[i];</pre>
   for(ll j = base; j <= b; j += v[i]) arr[j - a] = false;</pre>
   if(base == v[i]) arr[base - a] = true;
 for(int i = 0; i < b - a + 1; i++){
   if(arr[i]) printf("%lld\n", i + a);
_____
                        big_mod
int fnc(int a, int b){
   if(b == 0) return 1 % m:
   if(b % 2 == 0){
       int rt = fnc(a, b / 2);
       return ((rt % m) * (rt % m) % m);
   return ((a % m) * fnc(a, b - 1) % m) % m;
                Euler'sTotientFunction
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define ll long long int
using namespace std;
ll fnc(ll a){
   ll f = a;
   if(a % 2 == 0){
       f /= 2:
       while(a % 2 == 0) a /= 2;
   for(ll i = 3; i * i <= a; i += 2){
       if(a \% i == 0){
          while(a % i == 0) a /= i;
           f = (f * (i - 1)) / i;
   if(a > 1) f = (f * (a - 1)) / a;
   return f;
   while(scanf("%lld", &a) != EOF && a){
       printf("%lld\n", fnc(a));
   return 0:
            Euler'sTotientFunction (Sieve)
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define le 1000006
#define ll long long int
using namespace std;
  for(int i = 1; i < le; n[i] = i, i++);
   n[1] = 1;
   m[1] = 1;
   for(int i = 2; i < le; i++){
       if(!m[i]){
           for(int j = i; j < le; j += i){
               m[j] = 1;
               n[j] = (n[j] * (i - 1)) / i;
```

```
int main(){
                                                                                       a /= v[i]:
    fi();
                                                                                   }
    for(scanf("%d", &t); t--; ){
                                                                                   pri.push_back(p);
        scanf("%d", &a);
                                                                                   pri.push_back(v[i]);
        printf("%d\n", n[a]);
                                                                               }
                                                                           if(a != 1){
    return 0;
}
                                                                               pri.push_back(1);
                                                                               pri.push_back(a);
                          e_gcd
                                                                           for(int i = pri.size() - 1; i > 1; printf("%d %d ",
                                                                       pri[i], pri[i - 1]), i -= 2);
    printf("%d %d\n", pri[1], pri[0]);
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define ll long long int
using namespace std;
                                                                           return:
int egcd(int a, int b, int &x, int &y){
 if(a == 0){
                                                                       int main(){
                                                                           //freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
//freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
   x = 0;
   y = 1;
   return b;
                                                                           se();
                                                                           string s:
  int x1, y1;
                                                                           while(getline(cin, s) && s[0] != '0'){
 int g = egcd(b % a, a, x1, y1);
                                                                               int x = 0;
 x = y1 - (b / a) * x1;
                                                                               for(int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++){</pre>
                                                                                  if(s[i] == ' '){
  y = x1;
                                                                                     p.push_back(x);
 return g;
                                                                                      x = 0:
int main(){
 int a, b, g, x, y; while(scanf("%d %d", \deltaa, \deltab) != EOF \delta\delta (a || b)){
                                                                                   else x = x * 10 + s[i] - '0';
                                                                               }
    g = egcd(a, b, x, y);
                                                                               p.push_back(x);
    printf("%d %d %d\n", g, x, y);
                                                                               ll ans = 1;
                                                                               for(int i = 0; i < p.size(); i += 2) ans *=
                                                                       pow(p[i], p[i + 1]);
                                                                              fnc(ans - 1);
                                                                               p.clear();
                     #in_factorial
                                                                           return 0:
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define le 1003
                                                                       _____
using namespace std;
                                                                                          Adjacency matrix
double n[le];
                                                                       for(int i = 0; i < r; i++) for(int j = 0; j < c; j++)
int main(){
   n[0] = 0.0;
                                                                        scanf("%d", &n[i][j]);
    for(int i = 1; i < le; i++) n[i] = n[i - 1] + log10(i *
                                                                                       Adjacency list
1.0):
    int a:
                                                                       scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
    while(scanf("%d", \delta a) != EOF) printf("%d\n", (int)(n[a])
+ 1);
                                                                       for(int i = 0; i < m; scanf("%d %d", &a, &b),
                                                                       v[a].push_back(b), v[b].push_back(a), i++);
                                                                                       Adjacency list(with cost)
                 prime_factorization
                                                                       for(int i = 0; i < m; i++){
#include <hits/stdc++.h>
                                                                         scanf("%d %d %d", &a, &b, &c);
                                                                         v[a].push_back(make_pair(c, b));
#define le 32767
#define ll long long int
                                                                         v[b].push_back(make_pair(c, a));
using namespace std;
int n[le >> 6];
vector<int> v;
                                                                                         east:west:north:south
vector<int> p;
#define ck(ve) (n[ve >> 6] & (1 << ((ve >> 1) & 31)))
                                                                       int fx[]=\{+0,+0,+1,-1,-1,+1,-1,+1\};
#define st(ve) (n[ve >> 6] |= (1 << ((ve >> 1) & 31)))
                                                                       int fy[]=\{-1,+1,+0,+0,+1,+1,-1,-1\};
void se(){
    int rt = sqrt(le) + 1, k;
                                                                                                bfs_1D
    for(int i = 3; i < rt; i += 2) if(!ck(i)) for(int j = i
* i, k = i << 1; j < le; j += k) st(j);
                                                                       #define le 10004
    v.push_back(2);
                                                                       vector<int> v[le];
    for(int i = 3; i < le; i += 2) if(!ck(i))
                                                                       bool vis[le];
v.push_back(i);
                                                                       int dis[le]:
                                                                       void bfs(int a){
void fnc(ll a){
                                                                         vis[a] = true;
    vector<int> pri;
                                                                         dis[a] = 0;
    bool f = false;
                                                                         queue<int> q;
    for(int i = 0; i < v.size() && v[i] * v[i] <= a; i++){
                                                                         q.push(a);
       if(a % v[i] == 0){
                                                                         while(!q.empty()){
                                                                          int p = q.front();
           int p = 0;
            while(a % v[i] == 0){
                                                                           q.pop();
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < v[p].size(); i++){</pre>
      int ve = v[p][i];
      if(!vis[ve]){
        vis[ve] = true;
        dis[ve] = dis[p] + 1;
        q.push(ve);
                                                                            q.pop();
   }
 }
                                                                              if(i < 4){
                         bfs_2D
                                                                              else{
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define le 1003
using namespace std;
int fx[] = \{1, -1, 0, 0\}, fy[] = \{0, 0, 1, -1\}, len[le][le];
bool n[le][le], vis[le][le];
int bfs(int x, int y, int x1, int y1, int r, int c){
 for(int i = 0; i < r; i++) for(int j = 0; j < c; vis[i][j]
= false, len[i][j] = 0, j++);
                                                                        false){
 vis[y][x] = true;
  len[y][x] = 0:
  queue<pair<int, int> > q;
  q.push(pair<int, int>(x, y));
  while(!q.empty()){
    pair<int, int> p = q.front();
                                                                            }
                                                                         }
    q.pop();
    for(int i = 0; i < 4; i++){
                                                                        }
     int px = p.first + fx[i], py = p.second + fy[i];
                                                                        int main(){
      if(px >= 0 && px < c && py >= 0 && py < r &&
vis[py][px] == false \& n[py][px] == false){
        vis[py][px] = true;
                                                                          string s;
        len[py][px] = len[p.second][p.first] + 1;
        q.push(pair<int, int>(px, py));
      }
                                                                            po ss, dd;
   }
 }
 return len[y1][x1];
                                                                                cin >> s;
int main(){
  int r, c, a, b, x, y, x1, y1, w, t; while(scanf("%d %d", &r, &c) != EOF && r && c){
    for(int i = 0; i < r; i++) for(int j = 0; j < c; n[i][j]
= false, j++);
    scanf("%d", &t);
    for(int i = 0; i < t; i + +){
     scanf("%d %d", &w, &a);
      while(a--){
        scanf("%d", &b);
       n[w][b] = true;
     }
                                                                              }
    scanf("%d %d %d %d", &y, &x, &y1, &x1);
                                                                            }
    printf("%d\n", bfs(x, y, x1, y1, r, c));
 }
                         bfs_3D
                                                                          return 0;
                                                                        }
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define le 32
using namespace std;
int l, r, c;
char n[le][le][le];
                                                                        #define le 10004
int fx[] = \{1, -1, 0, 0, 1, -1\};
int fy[] = \{0, 0, 1, -1\};
                                                                        vector<int> v[le];
struct po{
                                                                        bool vis[le];
 int x, y, z;
                                                                        void dfs(int a){
};
                                                                          vis[a] = true;
bool vis[le][le];
int dis[le][le][le];
void bfs(int z, int y, int x){
 for(int k = 0; k < le; k++) for(int i = 0; i < le; i++)
for(int j = 0; j < le; dis[k][i][j] = 0, vis[k][i][j] =
                                                                        int main(){
false, j++);
  dis[z][y][x] = 0;
                                                                          int n, m, a, b;
                                                                          cin >> n >> m:
```

```
vis[z][y][x] = true;
  queue<pair<int, pair<int, int> > q;
  q.push(make_pair(z, make_pair(y, x)));
  while(!q.empty()){
    pair<int, pair<int, int> > p = q.front();
    for(int i = 0; i < 6; i++){
      int pz, py, px;
       py = p.second.first + fy[i];
       px = p.second.second + fx[i];
       py = p.second.first;
        px = p.second.second;
      if(i >= 4) pz = p.first + fx[i];
      else pz = p.first;
      if(pz >= 0 && pz < 1 && py >= 0 && py < r && px >= 0
\delta\delta px < c \delta\delta n[pz][py][px] != '#' \delta\delta vis[pz][py][px] ==
        vis[pz][py][px] = true;
        dis[pz][py][px] =
dis[p.first][p.second.first][p.second.second] + 1;
       q.push(make_pair(pz, make_pair(py, px)));
 //freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
//freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
  while(scanf("%d %d %d", &l, &r, &c) != EOF && (l || r ||
    for(int k = 0; k < 1; k++){
      for(int i = 0; i < r; i++){
        for(int j = 0; j < c; j++){
  if(s[j] == 'S'){</pre>
           ss.x = j;
            ss.y = i;
            ss.z = k;
          else if(s[i] == 'E'){
            dd.x = j;
            dd.y = i;
            dd.z = k;
          n[k][i][j] = s[j];
    bfs(ss.z, ss.y, ss.x);
    if(!vis[dd.z][dd.y][dd.x]) \ printf("Trapped!\n");\\
    else printf("Escaped in %d minute(s).\n",
dis[dd.z][dd.y][dd.x]);
                            dfs
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
  for(int i = 0; i < v[a].size(); i++){</pre>
   if(!vis[v[a][i]]) dfs(v[a][i]);
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < m; i++){
  scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);</pre>
    v[a].push_back(b);
   v[b].push_back(a);
 int co = 0;
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
   if(!vis[i]){
     dfs(i):
     CO++;
   }
 cout << co << endl;
 return 0:
}
                      dijkstra_1D
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define le 102
using namespace std;
vector<pair<int, int> > v[le];
bool vis[le]:
int dis[le]:
void dijkstra(int a){
 memset(vis, 0, sizeof(vis));
  for(int i = 0; i < le; dis[i] = INT_MAX, i++);
 dis[a] = 0;
 priority_queue<pair<int, int>, vector<pair<int, int> >,
greater<pair<int, int> > q;
  q.push(make_pair(0, a));
  while(!q.empty()){
    pair<int, int> p = q.top();
    q.pop();
    int no = p.second;
    if(vis[no]) continue;
    vis[no] = true;
    for(int i = 0; i < (int)v[no].size(); i++){</pre>
     int e = v[no][i].second, w = v[no][i].first;
     if(dis[e] > dis[no] + w){
       dis[e] = dis[no] + w;
       q.push(make_pair(dis[e], e));
     }
   }
 }
int main(){+
 int t, co = 0, n, m, a, b, c;
 for(scanf("%d", &t); t--; ){
    scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
    for(int i = 0; i < m; i++){
     scanf("%d %d %d", &a, &b, &c);
     v[a].push_back(make_pair(c, b));
     v[b].push_back(make_pair(c, a));
   dijkstra(1);
   if(!vis[n]) printf("Case %d: Impossible\n", ++co);
    else printf("Case %d: %d\n", ++co, dis[n]);
    for(int i = 0; i < le; v[i].clear(), i++);</pre>
 return 0:
}
                     dijkstra_2D
_____
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define le 1003
using namespace std;
int n[le][le], dis[le][le], fx[] = {1, -1, 0, 0}, fy[] = {0, 0}
0. 1. -1}:
bool vis[le][le]:
int dijkstra(int a, int b, int r, int c){
 for(int i = 0; i < le; i++) for(int j = 0; j < le;
vis[i][j] = false, dis[i][j] = INT_MAX, j++);
 dis[a][b] = n[a][b];
 priority_queue<pair<int, pair<int, int> >,
vector<pair<int, pair<int, int> > , greater<pair<int,</pre>
pair<int, int> > > q;
```

```
q.push(make_pair(n[a][b], make_pair(a, b)));
  while(!q.empty()){
   pair<int, pair<int, int> > p = q.top();
   q.pop();
   a = p.second.first;
   b = p.second.second;
   int w = p.first;
    for(int i = 0; i < 4; i++){
      int py = a + fy[i], px = b + fx[i];
      if(px >= 0 && px < c && py >= 0 && py < r &&
dis[py][px] > w + n[py][px]){
       dis[py][px] = w + n[py][px];
        q.push(make_pair(dis[py][px], make_pair(py, px)));
   }
  return dis[r - 1][c - 1];
  int t, r, c;
  for(scanf("%d", &t); t--; ){
   scanf("%d %d", &r, &c);
   for(int i = 0; i < r; i++) for(int j = 0; j < c; j++)
scanf("%d", &n[i][j]);
    printf("%d\n", dijkstra(0, 0, r, c));
 return 0:
                  bicoloring_graph
------
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define le 202
using namespace std;
vector<int> v[le];
bool vis[le];
int dis[le];
bool bfs(int a){
 for(int i = 0; i < le; vis[i] = false, dis[i] = -1, i++);
  vis[a] = true;
  dis[a] = 0;
  queue<int> q;
  a.push(a):
  while(!q.empty()){
   int p = q.front();
   q.pop();
   for(int i = 0; i < v[p].size(); i++){
     int e = v[p][i], w = (dis[p] + 1) % 2;
      if(vis[e] && dis[e] != w) return false;
      else if(vis[e] == false){
       vis[e] = true;
       dis[e] = w;
       q.push(e);
     }
   }
  return true;
 //freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
//freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
  int n, m, a, b;
  while(scanf("%d", &n) != EOF && n){
   scanf("%d", &m);
   for(int i = 0; i < m; scanf("%d %d", &a, &b),
v[a].push_back(b), v[b].push_back(a), i++);
   printf("%s\n", bfs(0) ? "BICOLORABLE." : "NOT
BICOLORABLE.");
   for(int i = 0; i < le; v[i].clear(), i++);</pre>
  return 0;
                  MST(prim's algo)
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
```

```
#define le 55
using namespace std;
vector<pair<int, int> > v[le];
bool vis[le];
int mst(int a){
  memset(vis, 0, sizeof(vis));
  int sum = 0:
  priority_queue<pair<int, int>, vector<pair<int, int> >,
greater<pair<int, int> > q;
  q.push(make_pair(0, a));
  while(!q.empty()){
    pair<int, int> p = q.top();
    q.pop();
    int n = p.second;
    if(vis[n]) continue;
    vis[n] = true;
    sum += p.first;
    for(int i = 0; i < v[n].size(); i++){</pre>
      int e = v[n][i].second;
      if(!vis[e]) q.push(v[n][i]);
  return sum;
int main(){
  //freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
//freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
  int t, co = 0, n, a;
for(scanf("%d", &t); t--; ){
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int sum = 0:
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
      for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
        scanf("%d", &a);
          v[i].push_back(make_pair(a, j));
          v[j].push_back(make_pair(a, i));
          sum += a:
      }
    int ans = mst(0);
    bool f = true;
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
      if(!vis[i]){
       f = false:
        break:
      }
    if(f) printf("Case %d: %d\n", ++co, sum - ans);
    else printf("Case %d: -1\n", ++co);
    for(int i = 0; i < le; v[i].clear(), i++);</pre>
  return 0:
}
                     mst(kruskal algo)
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define le 500005
using namespace std;
int p[1003]:
struct edge{
 int x, y;
  double cost;
bool comp(edge a, edge b){
  return (a.cost - b.cost < 1e-9);
double dis(double a, double b, double x, double y){
 a = (a - x) * (a - x);

b = (b - y) * (b - y);
  return sqrt(a + b);
int fnc(int a){
  if(p[a] == a) return a;
  p[a] = fnc(p[a]);
  return p[a];
```

```
int main(){
  int t, co = 0, n;
  double a, b, r;
  for(scanf("%d", &t); t--; ){
    vector<pair<double, double> > h;
    scanf("%d %lf", &n, &r);
   for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
     p[i] = i;
      scanf("%lf %lf", &a, &b);
      h.push_back(make_pair(a, b));
    edge arr[le];
    int l = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++){
      for(int j = i + 1; j < n; j++){
        double d = dis(h[i].first, h[i].second, h[j].first,
h[j].second);
       arr[l].x = i;
        arr[l].y = j;
        arr[l].cost = d;
       l++;
     }
    }
    sort(arr, arr + l, comp);
    int st = n;
    double bus = 0, tr = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < l; i++){
     int ii = fnc(arr[i].x);
      int ll = fnc(arr[i].y);
      if(ii != ll){
       if(arr[i].cost - r <= 1e-9){
         st--;
         bus += arr[i].cost;
        else tr += arr[i].cost;
       p[ll] = ii;
   }
    printf("Case #%d: %d %.0lf %.0lf\n", ++co, st, floor(bus
+ 0.5) ,floor(tr + 0.5));
                   second best MST
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define le 102
using namespace std;
int p[le];
int ans;
struct edge{
 int u, v, w;
bool comp(edge a, edge b){
  return a.w < b.w;
int fnc(int a){
  if(p[a] == a) return a;
  p[a] = fnc(p[a]);
  return p[a];
vector<edge> ve;
vector<edge> v;
int mst(int n){
  sort(v.begin(), v.end(), comp);
  int sum = \theta, co = \theta;
  for(int i = 0; i < (int)v.size(); i++){</pre>
    int a = fnc(v[i].u);
    int b = fnc(v[i].v);
   if(a != b){
     p[b] = a;
      sum += v[i].w;
      CO++:
      ve.push_back(v[i]);
      if(co == n - 1) break;
```

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
 return sum;
                                                                          #define le 12
                                                                          using namespace std;
int mst1(int n){
                                                                          int in[le];
 int sum = INT_MAX;
                                                                          vector<int> v[le];
  for(int j = 0; j < (int)ve.size(); j++){
  for(int i = 1; i < n + 1; p[i] = i, i++);</pre>
                                                                          vector<int> ans:
                                                                         void bfs(int n){
    int cost = 0, co = 0;
                                                                            priority_queue<int, vector<int>, greater<int> > q;
    for(int i = 0; i < (int)v.size(); i++){</pre>
                                                                            for(int i = 1; i < n + 1; i++) if(in[i] == 0) q.push(i);
     if(v[i].v == ve[j].v && v[i].u == ve[j].u && v[i].w ==
                                                                            while(!q.empty()){
ve[j].w) continue;
                                                                             int p = q.top();
     int a = fnc(v[i].u);
                                                                              q.pop();
      int b = fnc(v[i].v);
                                                                              ans.push_back(p);
     if(a != b){
                                                                              for(int i = 0; i < v[p].size(); i++){
        p[b] = a;
                                                                                int e = v[p][i];
        CO++;
                                                                                in[e]--:
        cost += v[i].w;
                                                                                if(in[e] == 0) q.push(e);
        if(co == n - 1) break;
     }
   if(co < n - 1) continue;
                                                                          int main(){
   sum = min(sum, cost);
                                                                            //freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
                                                                            int n, m, a, b;
                                                                            scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
 return sum;
                                                                            for(int i = 0; i < m; i++){
int main(){
                                                                            scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
 //freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
//freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
                                                                              in[b]++;
                                                                             v[a].push_back(b);
 int t, n, m, a, b, c;
for(scanf("%d", &t); t--; ){
                                                                            for(int i = 0; i < ans.size() - 1; i++) printf("%d ",</pre>
   ve.clear():
    scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
                                                                          ans[i]):
                                                                           printf("%d\n", ans[ans.size() - 1]);
   for(int i = 1; i < n + 1; p[i] = i, i++);
    edge ve;
                                                                            return 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < m; scanf("%d %d %d", &a, &b, &c),
ve.u = a, ve.v = b, ve.w = c, v.push_back(ve), i++);
   ans = mst(n);
                                                                                         recursionallPossibleSubSet
    printf("%d %d\n", ans, mst1(n));
                                                                          #include <hits/stdc++.h>
   v.clear():
                                                                          #define le 10002
                                                                          using namespace std;
                                                                          int len, n[le];
                                                                          int main(){
                       top_sort_dfs
                                                                           scanf("%d", &len);
                                                                            for(int i = 0; i < len; scanf("%d", &n[i]), i++);</pre>
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                            int ct = pow(2, len);
#define le 11
                                                                            for(int i = 0; i < ct; i++){
                                                                             for(int j = 0; j < len; j++){
using namespace std;
vector<int> v[le];
                                                                                if((i \& (1 << j)) > 0) printf("%d ", n[j]);
vector<int> ans;
                                                                             printf("\n");
bool vis[le]:
void dfs(int a){
   vis[a] = true;
                                                                           return 0:
    for(int i = 0; i < v[a].size(); i++){</pre>
                                                                         }
        int e = v[a][i];
        if(!vis[e]) dfs(e);
                                                                                                 LCS && path
    ans.push_back(a);
                                                                         #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                          #define le 3003
                                                                         using namespace std;
                                                                         string a, b, s, ss;
bool vis[le][le];
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    int n, m, a, b;
    scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
                                                                          int dis[le][le]:
    for(int i = 0; i < m; i++){
                                                                          int fnc(int i, int j){
        scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
                                                                            if(i == a.size() || j == b.size()) return 0;
        v[a].push_back(b);
                                                                            if(vis[i][j]) return dis[i][j];
                                                                            int ans = 0;
    for(int i = 1; i < n + 1; i++){
                                                                            if(a[i] == b[j]) ans = 1 + fnc(i + 1, j + 1);
                                                                            else ans = \max(fnc(i + 1, j), fnc(i, j + 1));
        if(!vis[i]) dfs(i);
                                                                            dis[i][i] = ans:
                                                                            vis[i][j] = true;
    for(int i = ans.size() - 1; i > 0; i--) printf("%d ",
                                                                            return dis[i][j];
ans[i]);
    printf("%d\n", ans[0]);
    return 0;
                                                                          void pri(int i, int j){
                                                                            if(i == a.size() || j == b.size()){
                                                                             if(ss == "") ss = s;
                                                                              else if(ss > s) ss = s;
                        top_sort_bfs
                                                                              return:
```

```
if(a[i] == b[j]){
   s += a[i];
   pri(i + 1, j + 1);
   s.erase(s.size() - 1);
 el se{
   if(dis[i + 1][j] > dis[i][j + 1]) pri(i + 1, j);
   else pri(i, j + 1);
 }
int main(){
 //freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
//freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
 int t, co = \theta;
  for(scanf("%d", &t); t--; ){
    for(int i = 0; i < le; i++) for(int j = 0; j < le;
vis[i][j] = false, dis[i][j] = 0, j++);
   cin >> a >> b;
   int x = fnc(0, 0);
printf("Case %d: ", ++co);
    if(x > 0)
     ss = s = "";
     pri(0, 0);
     cout << ss << endl;
   else cout << "-1\n":
 return 0:
}
                   Mohammad samiul islam
_____
#define MAXD 2
double cosineRule3Side ( double a, double b, double c ) {
   double res = (SQ(a)+SQ(b)-SQ(c)) / (2*a*b);
   if ( res < -1 ) res = -1; if ( res > 1 ) res = 1;
   return acos ( res );
struct myVec {
    int d; //Dimension
   double val[MAXD];//Contains value of each component
   mvVec add ( mvVec b ) {
       myVec res; FOR(i,0,d) res.val[i] = val[i] +
b.val[i];return res;
   myVec sub ( myVec b ) {
       myVec res; FOR(i,0,d) res.val[i] = val[i] -
b.val[i];return res;
   }
   mvVec mul ( double t ) {
       myVec res; FOR(i,0,d)res.val[i] = val[i] * t;return
res;
   myVec div ( double t ) {
       myVec res; FOR(i,0,d) res.val[i] = val[i] / t;return
res;
   bool operator == ( myVec b ) {
       FOR(i,0,d) if ( fabs ( val[i] - b.val[i] ) > eps )
return false; return true;
   myVec perp2D() {
       myVec res = (*this);
       swap ( res.val[0], res.val[1] );
       res.val[0] *= -1;
       return res:
   double dot ( myVec v ) { //Finds *this (dot) v
       double res = 0; for ( int i = 0; i < d; i++ ) res +=
val[i] * v.val[i];
       return res:
   double length () { //Finds length of current vector
       return sqrt ( this->dot( *this ) );
```

```
myVec unitVec () {
        return (*this).div ( length() ); // v / ||v||
    double angleBetween ( myVec b ) { //Angle between two
vectors
        double res = dot( b ) / ( length() * b.length() );
        if ( res > 1 ) res = 1; if ( res < -1 ) res = -1;
        return acos (res);
    double polarAngle2D() { //Angle from x-axis
        double res = atan2 ( val[1], val[0] );
        if ( res + eps < 0 ) res += 2 * pi;
        return res:
    double cross2D ( myVec v ) { //Cross the two values.
Only for 2D. Z compo \theta.
        return val[0]*v.val[1] - val[1]*v.val[0];
};
struct mvLine {
    myVec a, b; //a is displacement, b is direction.
    //Builds a line from two points
    myLine lineFromPoints ( myVec x, myVec y ) {
        myLine m; m.a = x; m.b = y.sub (x);
        return m:
    //Finds point on line, given t.
    mvVec atPos ( double t ) {
        return a.add ( b.mul ( t ) ): // a + tb:
    double lineToPointDistance ( myVec p, double t ) {
        p = p.sub ( a ); //Take it to origin
        t = b.dot ( p ) / ( b.length() * b.length() );
//point of intersection
        myVec x = b.mul (t); //tb
        return ( p.sub(x).length() ); //xp length()
    double segmentToPointDistance ( myVec p, double &t ) {
        p = p.sub ( a ); //Take it to origin
        t = b.dot ( p ) / ( b.length() * b.length() );
        if ( t + eps < 0 \mid \mid t > 1 + eps ) { //Not on segment
           return min ( p.length(), p.sub(b).length() );
        mvVec x = b.mul (t): //tb
        return ( p.sub(x).length() ); //xp length()
     bool overlapParallel ( myLine l ) {
            double p, q, r, s;
            if ( b.val[0] == 0 ) {
               p = a.val[1]; q = atPos(1).val[1]; r =
l.a.val[1]; s = l.atPos ( 1 ).val[1];
                if ( min ( r, s ) > max ( p, q ) ) return
false:
                if ( max ( r, s ) < min ( p, q ) ) return
false:
                return true;
            else {
               p = a.val[0]; q = atPos(1).val[0]; r =
l.a.val[0]: s = l.atPos ( 1 ).val[0]:
                if ( \min ( r, s ) > \max ( p, q ) ) return
false:
                if ( max ( r, s ) < min ( p, q ) ) return</pre>
false;
                return true:
    char lineAndLineIntersection2D ( mvLine l. double &t.
double &s ) {
        if (b.cross2D (l.b) == 0) {
            if ( l.a.sub(a).cross2D(l.b) == 0 ) {
                if ( overlapParallel ( l ) ) return 'o';
//overlaps
                else return 'p'; //parallel
                else return 'd'; //disjoint and parallel
```

```
}
        myVec w = a.sub ( l.a );
        myVec p = l.b.perp2D(), z = b.perp2D();
        t = -(w.dot(p))/p.dot(b); //for current line
        s = w.dot(z)/z.dot(l.b); //for line l
        return 'i';
    double lineAndLineDistance2D ( myLine l ) {
        double t, s; //First check if the intersect
        char r = lineAndLineIntersection2D ( l, t, s );
        if ( r == 'i' ) return 0; //Intersects. 0 distance.
        //Parallel Lines
        return lineToPointDistance ( l.a, t );
    double lineAndSegmentDistance2D ( myLine l ) {
        double t, s;
        char r = lineAndLineIntersection2D ( l, t, s );
        if ( r == 'i' && s + eps > 0 && s < 1 + eps ) {
               return 0; //Valid intersection
        double res = lineToPointDistance ( l.a, t );
        res = min ( res, lineToPointDistance ( l.a.add(l.b),
t ) );
        return res:
    double segmentAndSegmentDistance2D ( myLine l ) {
        double t. s:
        char r = lineAndLineIntersection2D ( l, t, s );
        if ( r == 'i' \delta \delta t + eps > 0 \delta \delta t < 1 + eps \delta \delta s + eps
> 0 && s < 1 + eps ) {
               return 0; //Valid intersection
        double res = segmentToPointDistance ( l.a, t );
        res = min ( res, segmentToPointDistance (
l.a.add(l.b). t )):
        res = min ( res, l.segmentToPointDistance ( a, t )
        res = min ( res. l.segmentToPointDistance ( a.add (
b), t));
        return res;
    myLine reflect ( myVec p, myVec norm ) {
       myVec ap = p.sub ( a ); //Starting to Point of
Reflection
        norm = norm.unitVec():
        double d = fabs ( ap.dot ( norm ) ):
        myVec m = p.add ( norm.mul ( d ) );
        myVec h = m.sub (a).mul (2);
        m = a.add ( h );
        myLine ray = ray.lineFromPoints ( p, m );
        return ray;
    }
}:
struct myCir {
    mvVec a:
    double r:
    myVec atPos ( double t ) {
       mvVec res:
        res.val[0] = a.val[0] + r * cos (t);
        res.val[1] = a.val[1] + r * sin ( t );
        return res:
    char circleAndLineIntersection2D ( myLine l, double &t1,
double &t2 ) {
        double t3;
        double d = l.lineToPointDistance ( a, t3 ):
        if ( d > r + eps ) return 'd';
        if ( fabs ( d - r ) <= eps ) return 't';</pre>
        myVec m = l.atPos (t3);
        myVec am = m.sub ( a );
        //Need to handle when line passes through center
```

```
double x = am.polarAngle2D();
        double temp = d / r; if ( temp > 1 ) temp = 1; if (
temp < -1 ) temp = -1:
        double theta = pi / 2 - asin ( temp ); //Using sin
law find internal angle.
        t1 = x + theta:
        t2 = x - theta;
        return 'i';
    char sphereAndLineIntersect ( myLine l, double &t1,
double &t2 ) {
        double tp = 0;
        double d = l.lineToPointDistance ( a, tp );
        if ( d > r + eps ) return 'd';
        if ( fabs ( d - r ) < eps ) {
            t1 = tp;
            return 't';
        double chord = sqrt ( r * r - d * d );
        t1 = tp - chord / l.b.length();
        t2 = tp + chord / l.b.length();
        return 'i':
    }
    char circleAndCircleIntersection2D ( myCir c2, double
&t1, double &t2 ) {
        myVec d = c2.a.sub (a);
        if ( d.length() > r + c2.r + eps ) return 'd';
//Case 1
        if ( d.length() + c2.r + eps < r ) return 'd':
//Case 2
        if ( a == c2.a \ \delta\delta fabs ( r - c2.r ) <= eps ) {
            if (r == 0) {
               t1 = 0;
                return 't'; //Case 7
            return 's'; //Case 6
        if ( fabs ( d.length() - r - c2.r ) <= eps ||
            fabs ( d.length() + c2.r - r ) <= eps ) {
            t1 = d.polarAngle2D();
            return 't'; //Case 3 and 4
        double theta = cosineRule3Side ( r, d.length(), c2.r
):
        double m = d.polarAngle2D ():
        t1 = m - theta:
        t2 = m + theta:
        return 'i'; //Case 5
    int circleToCircleTangentLine (myCir c2,myLine
&l1,myLine &l2,myLine &l3,myLine &l4){
    //First circle must be smaller or equal to second circle
        if (r>c2.r + eps ) return
c2.circleToCircleTangentLine ( *this, l1, l2, l3, l4 );
        myVec oo = c2.a.sub ( a );
        double d = oo.length();
        if ( fabs ( d ) < eps \&\&\& fabs ( r - c2.r ) < eps )
//Infinite tangents
           return -1:
        if ( d + r + eps < c2.r ) //No tangents
            return 0:
          double base = oo.polarAngle2D();
        if ( fabs ( d + r - c2.r ) < eps ) { //Contains
Circle
           l1 = l1.lineFromPoints ( atPos ( base + pi ).
atPos ( base + pi ) );
           return 1;
        double ang = pi - acos((c2.r - r)/d);
        l1 = l1.lineFromPoints ( atPos ( base + ang ),
c2.atPos ( base + ang ) );
```

```
l2 = l2.lineFromPoints ( atPos ( base - ang ),
c2.atPos ( base - ang ) );
       if ( d + eps < r + c2.r ) return 2; //Circle</pre>
intersects
       if ( fabs ( d - r - c2.r ) < eps ) { //Circle
tangent
           13 = l3.lineFromPoints ( atPos ( base ), atPos (
base ) );
           return 3;
       //Disjoint Circle
       ang = acos ( (c2.r + r ) / d );
l3 = l3.lineFromPoints ( atPos ( base + ang ),
c2.atPos ( base - ang + pi ) );
       return 4;
   }
};
bool collinear ( myVec a, myVec b, myVec c ) {
   myVec ab = b.sub(a), ac = c.sub(a);
   double d = fabs ( ab.dot(ac) );
   if ( fabs ( d - ab.length() * ac.length() ) <= eps )</pre>
return true;
   return false;
```