

# Quantifying nitrogen oxides and ammonia via frequency modulation in gas sensors

Master Thesis - Mid term seminar

Marcos F Mourão

March 25, 2021

# Outline

## Problem recap

- Motivation

- Research Questions

## What has been done so far

## Caveats

## (Dummy) data

## Methods

## (Preliminary) Results

## Real data

## What is next

# Problem in a nutshell

NO<sub>x</sub> are detrimental to the environment

Ammonia can neutralize NO<sub>x</sub>

Gas sensors can be used to quantify NO<sub>x</sub> and Ammonia

However, it is not trivial:

hey

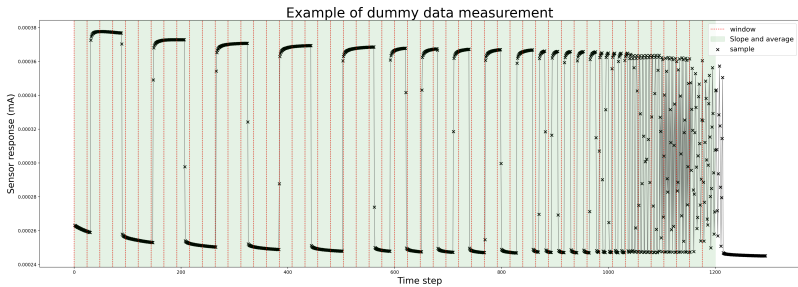
# What has been done so far

- ▶ Writing
  - ▶ Introduction - Done.
  - ▶ Theory - Done.
  - ▶ Data - Partially done.
- ▶ Some preliminary implementation of the methods
  - ▶ Linear Regression
  - ▶ Principal Component Regression
  - ▶ Partial Least Squares Regression
  - ▶ Ridge Regression

# Caveats

- ▶ Real data not yet available - lab problems
- ▶ Methods used on "dummy" data
- ▶ Dummy data has problems:
  - ▶ Small number of observations
  - ▶ Measurement of shape features
  - ▶ Naïve window of measurements
  - ▶ High frequencies problematic

# (Dummy) data



# (Dummy) data

	Unnamed: 0	NO2	NO	NH3	slope0	slope1	slope2	slope3	slope4	slope5	...	avg40	avg41	avg42	avg43	avg44
0	mix0	50	100	25	0.000261	0.000347	0.000378	0.000342	0.000255	0.000254	...	1.788009e-07	-0.000001	-1.270353e-06	-1.920155e-06	-1.117044e-06
1	mix1	100	25	100	0.000244	0.000334	0.000371	0.000342	0.000256	0.000257	...	-6.433617e-07	0.000002	2.373382e-06	1.108367e-06	1.701933e-06
2	mix2	25	100	50	0.000258	0.000343	0.000374	0.000340	0.000256	0.000254	...	-3.621577e-06	-0.000003	-9.317178e-07	7.781265e-07	-3.612217e-08
3	mix3	50	25	100	0.000249	0.000341	0.000375	0.000341	0.000261	0.000261	...	2.510960e-06	0.000003	1.811447e-06	7.319652e-08	4.306713e-07
4	mix4	100	100	25	0.000256	0.000340	0.000371	0.000332	0.000252	0.000251	...	3.064678e-06	0.000003	9.766817e-07	-7.697217e-07	-3.745022e-07

# Methods

1. Linear Regression
2. Principal Component Regression
3. Partial Least Squares Regression
4. Ridge Regression



# (Preliminary) Results

# Real data will be much better!

- ▶ More gas mixtures
- ▶ More frequencies
- ▶ More cycles
- ▶ Shape features directly measured

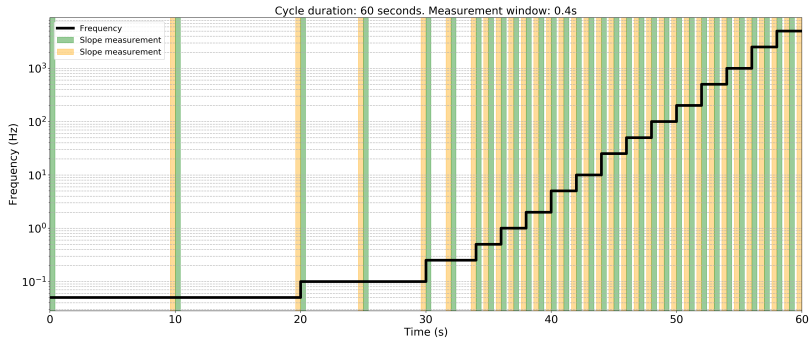
# Real data will be much better!

Table: Data acquisition details

Parameter	Value
Factors (gases)	3
Levels (concentrations)	5
Frequencies	16
Features per frequency	4 (2 slopes and 2 averages)
Features per cycle	64
Number of cycles	5
Data points per mixture	320
Number of mixtures	125
Datapoints per experiment	40.000
Number of experiments	3
Total data points	120.000

# Real data will be much better!

## Frequency cycle and feature extraction



# What is next

1. Apply methods to real data
2. Assess results
3. Define what is "good" in "good prediction levels"
4. Look into neural networks alternatives
5. Keep writing!

*Thank you!*