

# Implementing Interfaces in Different Modules

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**Richard Warburton**

@richardwarburto [www.monotonic.co.uk](http://www.monotonic.co.uk)



# Module Outline

## Correctly Implementing an Interface

Liskov Substitution  
Principle

## Hiding Implementation

Tips and tricks to hide  
implementation

## Concrete Example

Implementing the  
repository pattern



# Liskov Substitution Principle

References to interfaces must be able to use any implementation of an implementing class



```
interface Rectangle {  
    void setWidth(int width);  
    void setHeight(int height);  
    ...  
}
```

Example Rectangle



```
class Square implements Rectangle {  
...  
}
```

## Liskov Substitution Principle Breakage

**A square is a rectangle in natural language**

**Doesn't implement an is-a relationship – can't set width and height independently**



# General Principles

## Preconditions

An implementation should work wherever its parent does

## Postconditions

An implementation should do whatever is expected of its parent



# Hide Implementation



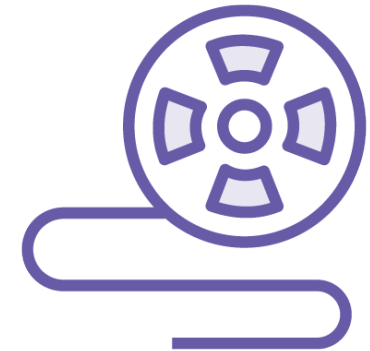
## Access Control

Any methods not on the interface can be private/package scoped



## Packages

Use packages to hide implementation: package scoping



## Fields

Interfaces don't expose instance fields



# Demo



## Completing the Repository

### SQL Implementation

- Use a relational database

### CSV Implementation

- Flat file storage of comma separated values





# Summary



**You've learned what it takes to successfully implement an interface!**

**Hide implementation details**

- Access control
- Package scoping

**Can you over-abstract though?**

