# **Binary Search Trees**

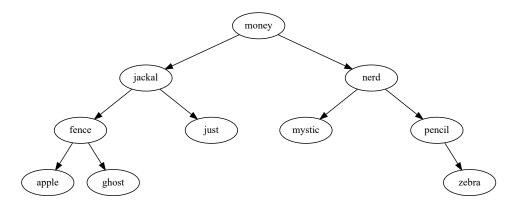
Download Demo Code <../dsa-bsts-demo.zip>

#### A List of Words

Imagine this list of words:

apple, fence, ghost, jackal, just, money, mystic, nerd, pencil, zebra

## **Binary Search Tree**



- · Also a tree, made of nodes
- · But each node has a left and right child
- · Has a "rule" for arrangement
  - · Often used for fast searching

## **Implementing BSTs**

#### **Node Class**

Node class is same as any other binary Node class:

```
class BinarySearchNode {
  constructor(val, left=null, right=null) {
    this.val = val;
    this.left = left;
    this.right = right;
}

// other methods here
}
```

#### **Tree Class**

Just like with n-ary trees, may not always need class for tree.

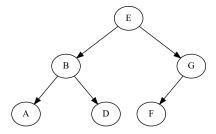
But it's very useful for keeping track of root of tree:

```
class BinarySearchTree {
  constructor(root) {
    this.root = root;
  }

  // other methods here
}
```

## **Searching**

## **Binary Search Tree Find**



#### demo/bst.js

```
find(sought) {
  let current = this;

while (current) {
   if (current.val === sought)
      return current;

  current = sought < current.val
      ? current.left
      : current.right;
  }
}</pre>
```

Starting at E, looking for C:

- 1. C comes before E, so go left to B
- 2. C comes after B, so go right to D
- 3. **C** comes before **D**, so go left to **None**
- 4. Drop out of while loop and return None

Every choice we make reduces # options by half!

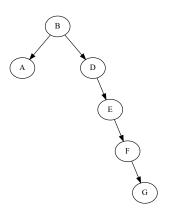
For **n** nodes, we need to search, at most O(log n) nodes

We can search >1,000 nodes in only 10 steps!

We can search >1,000,000 nodes in only 20 steps!

## **Balancing**

### **Valid But Badly Balanced**



- · Can find A efficiently
- Can find missing C efficiently
- Can't find G efficiently
- · Tree needs to be "balanced"

### **Balancing Trees**

Easy ways to get reasonably balanced trees:

- · shuffle values for tree randomly, and then insert
- or sort values, then insert from the middle working out

### **Self-Balancing Trees**

There are structure/algorithm pairs for BSTs that can balance themselves:

#### **AVL Trees**

Keeps balanced. Simpler algorithm but slightly less efficient.

#### **Red/Black Trees**

Keeps "reasonably" balanced. More complex algorithm but can be more efficient.

## **Traversal**

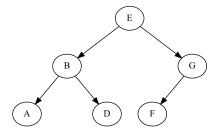
Often, you don't want to look at every node in a BST

That's the point — you can search without looking at each!

But sometimes you will want to traverse entire tree

#### In Order Traversal

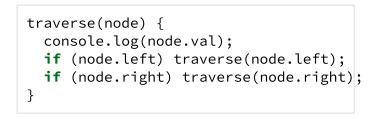
```
traverse(node) {
  if (node.left) traverse(node.left);
  console.log(node.val);
  if (node.right) traverse(node.right);
}
```

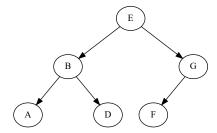


<sup>&</sup>quot;traverse left, myself, traverse right" is "in-order":

$$\mathsf{A} \to \mathsf{B} \to \mathsf{D} \to \mathsf{E} \to \mathsf{F} \to \mathsf{G}$$

#### **Pre Order Traversal**



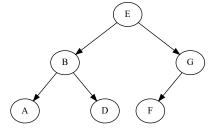


"myself, traverse left, traverse right" is "pre-order":

$$E \to B \to A \to D \to G \to F$$

#### **Post Order Traversal**

```
traverse(node) {
  if (node.left) traverse(node.left);
  if (node.right) traverse(node.right);
  console.log(node.val);
}
```

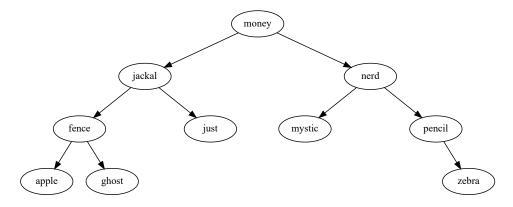


"traverse left, traverse right, myself" is "post-order":

$$A \rightarrow D \rightarrow B \rightarrow F \rightarrow G \rightarrow E$$

## **Binary Trees vs Hashmap**

How do they compare?



#### **Hashmaps**

- O(1) lookup/addition/deletion
- Have know exactly what you're looking for

- Can't find "first word equal or after banana"
- · Can't find range of "words between car and cat"

#### **Binary Search Trees**

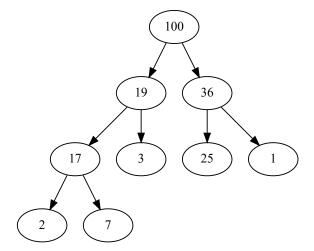
- O(log n) lookup/addition/deletion
- Can search for exact value, or inequalities
- · Can search for ranges
- · Often used to implement indexes in databases

## **Heaps**

Another ordered binary tree is a *MinHeap* or *MaxHeap*.

They're used to efficiently implement priority queues.

Their ordering rule is "parent must be lower [for MaxHeap, larger] than its children"



### Resources

Leaf It Up To Binary Trees <a href="https://medium.com/basecs/leaf-it-up-to-binary-trees-11001aaf746d">https://medium.com/basecs/leaf-it-up-to-binary-trees-11001aaf746d</a>

The Little AVL Tree That Could <a href="https://medium.com/basecs/the-little-avl-tree-that-could-86a3cae410c7">https://medium.com/basecs/the-little-avl-tree-that-could-86a3cae410c7</a>

Trees & Binary Search Trees video <a href="https://dev.to/vaidehijoshi/trees--binary-search-trees--basecs-video-series-5e38">https://dev.to/vaidehijoshi/trees--binary-search-trees--basecs-video-series-5e38</a>