

# Architecture and Administration Basics

Other Couchbase Features: Overview



1

# Full-Text Search (FTS)



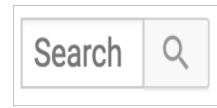
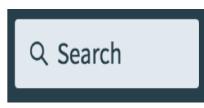
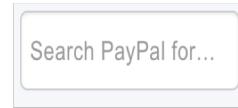
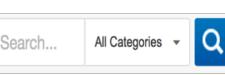
## Search is pervasive...



Born-digital businesses are relentlessly innovating to provide better experiences



"Search" is foundational to all born-digital businesses...





# Full Text Search

Basic document search use case

- Query String

*search couchbase docs...*

SEARCH



# Search, Score & Snippet

Basic document search use case

- Query String
- Term matching
- Scoring
- Context snippet

best hotel location | SEARCH

Search results

Scoring	Document ID	Description Matches
1.88	hotel_1234	best <u>location</u>
1.82	hotel_2345	loved <u>hotel</u> <u>location</u>
1.37	hotel_3456	<u>location</u> is awesome
1.25	hotel_4557	hard to <u>locate</u>



# Index, Analyze & Search

## 1. Index fields of a document

"...located in the heart of the new City Quay development. The hotel has views of ..."

## 2. Analyze terms for index

located ... heart .. new City Quay  
development. .. hotel has views

## 3. Query the index

description: location

SEARCH

Return scored documents list

Scoring	Document ID	Description Matches
1.88	hotel_1234	best <u>location</u>
1.82	hotel_2345	loved <u>hotel</u> <u>location</u>
1.37	hotel_3456	<u>location</u> is awesome
1.25	hotel_4557	hard to <u>locate</u>



# Underlying Concepts

## TERMS WHERE FOUND

my: Doc 1, Doc 2, Doc 3  
dog: Doc 1, Doc 2, Doc 81  
has: Doc 1, Doc 2, Doc 3  
fleas: Doc 1, Doc 81  
...

Inverted Indexes



Document contains...  
**Beauty**



Indexed as...  
**Beauti**



User searches...  
**Beautiful**



**TEXT ANALYSIS**  
**MATCH!**

Language Awareness

## FREQUENCY OF TERM IN A LARGE SET OF DOCUMENTS



## FREQUENCY OF TERM ON A SINGLE PAGE



Common stop words.  
Low TF-IDF

Less frequent terms earn higher TD-IDF with increased usage

Terms with the highest TF-IDF may indicate importance

Scoring



# 1 - 2 - 3 Step Approach to FTS



## Index



Identify document type

Exclude fields / sub-sections

Configure index behavior per field



## Analyze



Remove undesirable characters in input using **character filters**

Split Input String to token streams using **Tokenizers**

Process token streams by chaining **Token filters**



## Query



Query using SDK, REST API or web console

Optionally query using Field Scoping(:), Boosting(^)

Sort query results by any indexed field or score



# Full Text Search - Capabilities

## Query

- **Basic:** Match, Match Phrase, Fuzzy, Prefix, Regexp, Wildcard, Boolean Field
- **Compound:** QueryString, Boolean, Conjunction, Disjunction
- **Range:** DateRange, NumericRange
- **Special Purpose:** DocID, MatchAll, MatchNone, Phrase, Term, Geospatial
- **Scoring** (TF/IDF), boosting, field scoping
- **New/DP:** TermRange, Geospatial

## Indexing

- Real time indexing (inverted index, auto-updated upon mutation)
- Default map and map by document type
- Dynamic mapping
- Stored fields, Term vectors
- Analyzers: Tokenization, Token Filtering (stop word removal, stemming – language specific)
- Aliasing

# Full Text Search – SDK



## Python

```
termquery = fulltext.TermQuery('office')

results = bucket.search('travel-search', termquery, limit=25)
for result in results:
    ...
```

## Java

```
TermQuery termquery = SearchQuery.term("office");

SearchQueryResult results = bucket.query(
    new SearchQuery("travel-search", termquery)
);

for (SearchQueryRow row : results) { ... }
```



# Full-Text Search Service

## SEARCH SERVICE

### SEARCH ENGINE

#### QUERY PROCESSOR

QUERY  
PARSER

TEXT  
ANALYZER

DISTRIBUTED  
QUERY

SCORE &  
ORDER  
FUNCTION

FACET  
CLASSIFIER

RESULT  
HIGHLIGHTER

#### INDEXER

DATA CHANGE  
PROTOCOL  
MONITOR

TEXT  
ANALYZER

DISTRIBUTED  
STORAGE

### MULTI-LANGUAGE TEXT ANALYZERS

TOKENIZERS

STOP WORD  
FILTERS

WORD STEMMERS

CHARACTER  
FILTERS

### STORAGE

MEMORY MAPPED SEGMENTS

COMPACTOR

## MANAGEMENT WEB UI

MANAGING &  
MONITORING  
INDEXES

SECURITY  
MANAGEMENT

QUERY  
TESTING

## INDEX MANAGEMENT

AUTO SHARD

REBALANCE

REPLICATE

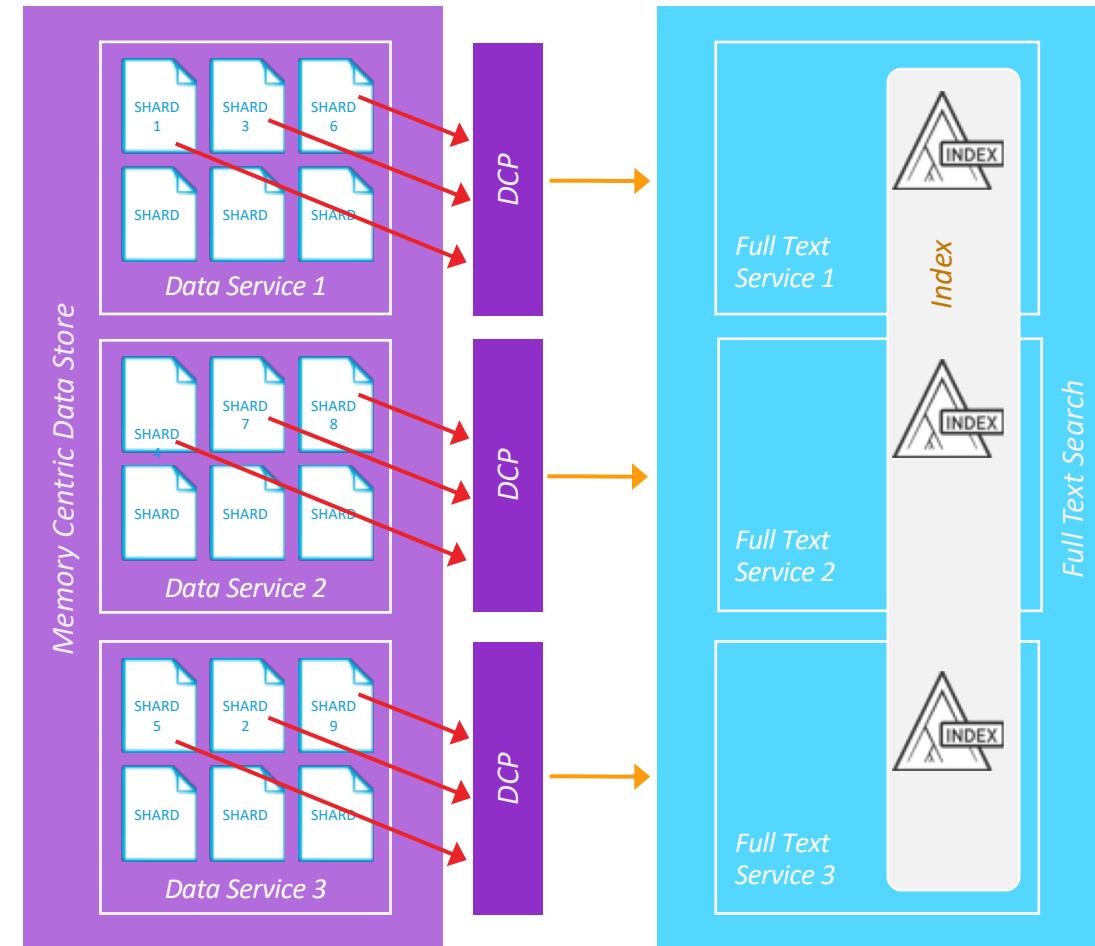
REST API

COUCHBASE SERVER NODE



# Full-Text Search Architecture

- Each FTS node a DCP stream subscriber
- Indexing distributed across FTS nodes
- Any FTS service can receive queries
  - “scatters” to other nodes
  - “gathers” response
- Application sees single logical Index





2

# Eventing

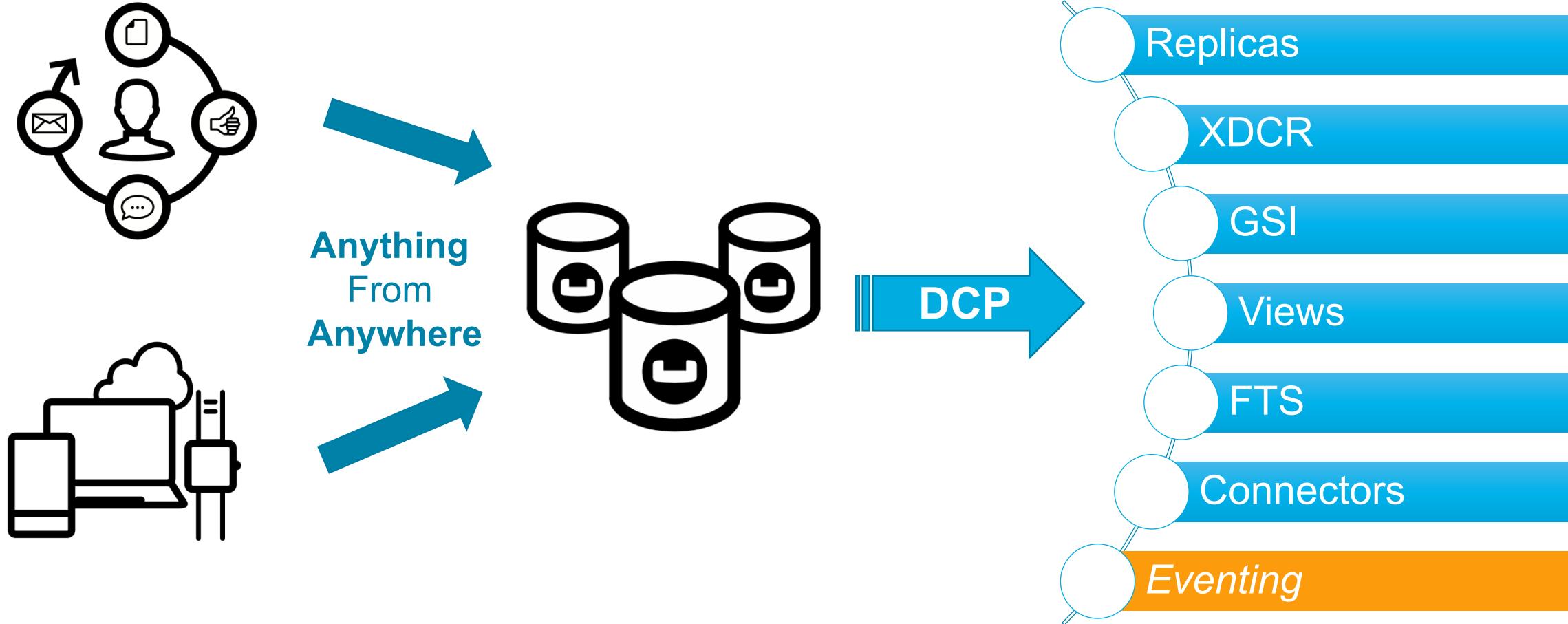


# Eventing: Couchbase Functions Service

- An easy-to-use, easy-to-manage, highly-performant service
- Stateless Compute for Time Bracketed Workloads
- Based on Event-Condition-Action model
- Manage Data Operations in near Real-Time than at Query Time
- Simple Programming Model
- Utilizes the trends in Compute (multi-core CPUs)
- a.k.a Post Trigger

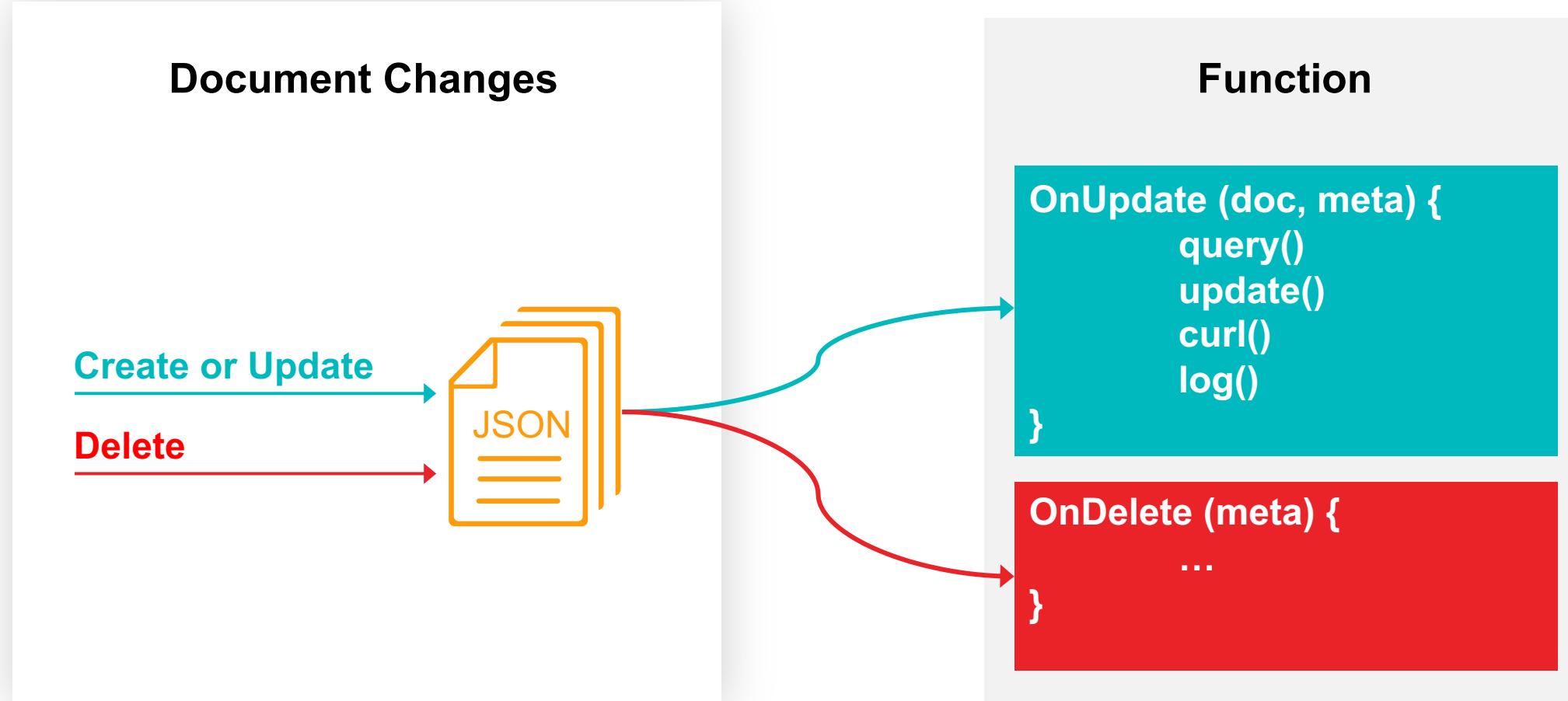


# Eventing – A DCP Subscriber





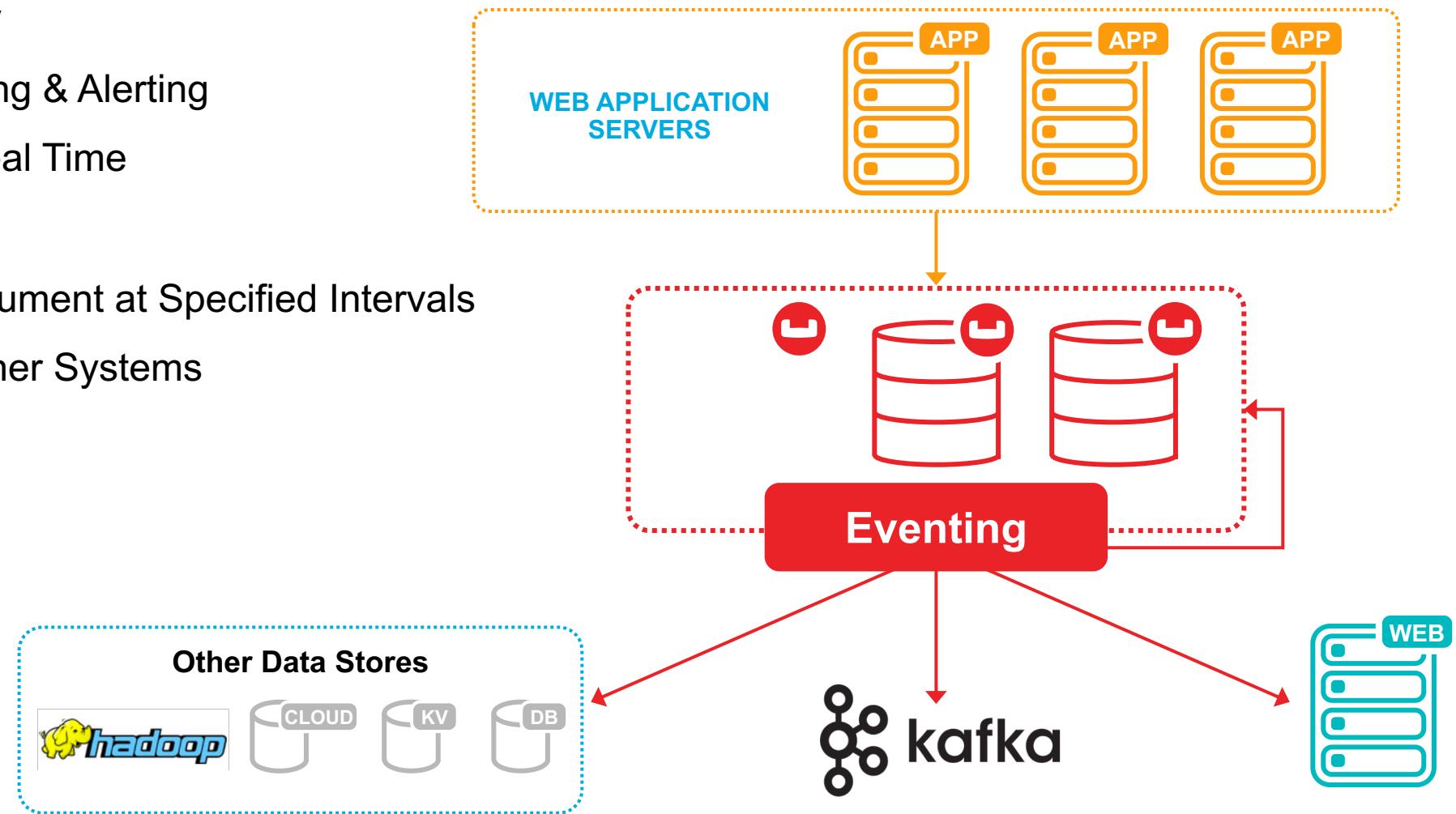
# Eventing Functions: Custom Handlers of Change Events





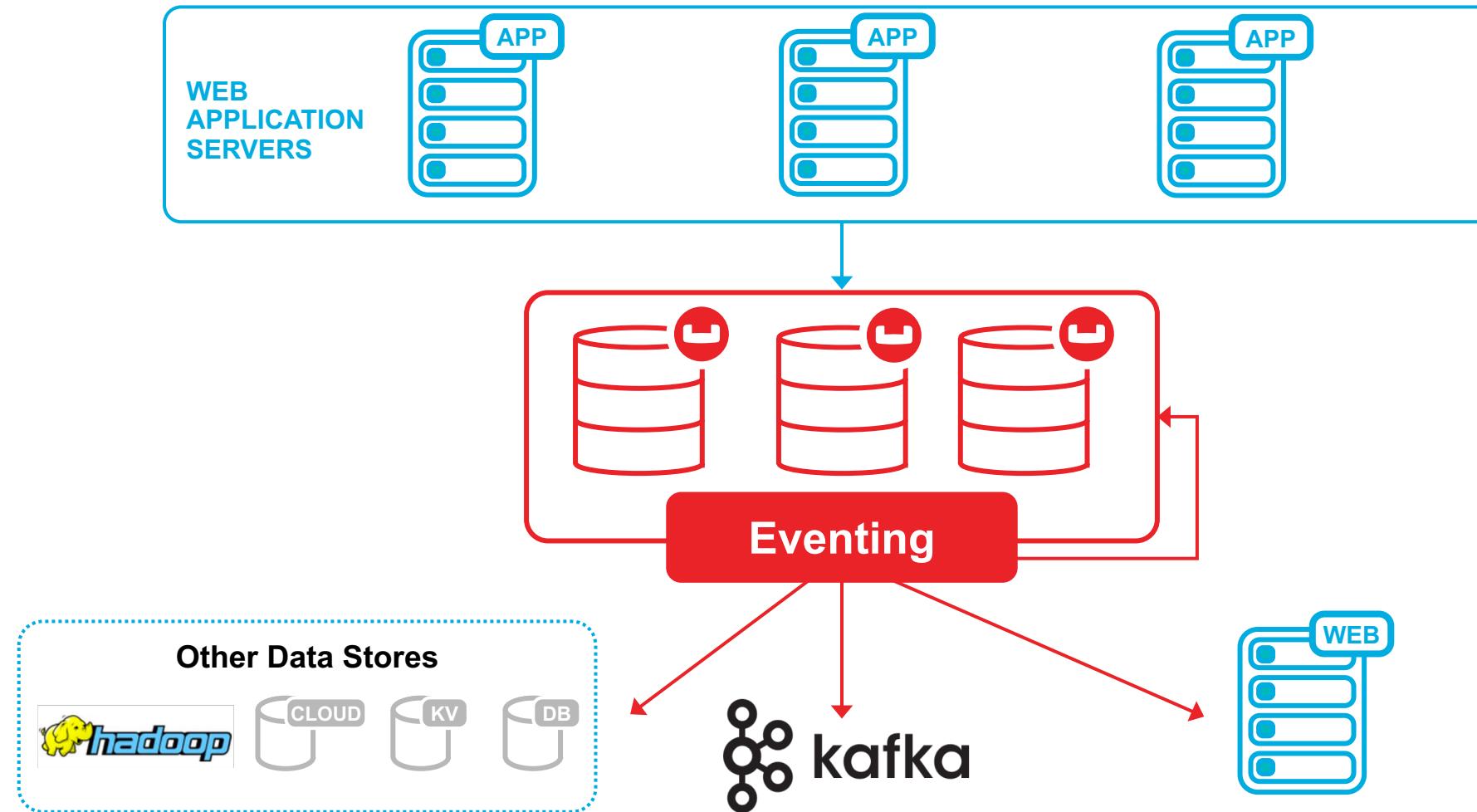
# What can you use Eventing for?

- Notifications Before Expiry
- Threshold Based Monitoring & Alerting
- Enrich Content in Near-Real Time
- Cascade Deletes
- Trigger a routine on a Document at Specified Intervals
- Propagate Changes to Other Systems





# Couchbase 7.x: Eventing for Propagating Changes



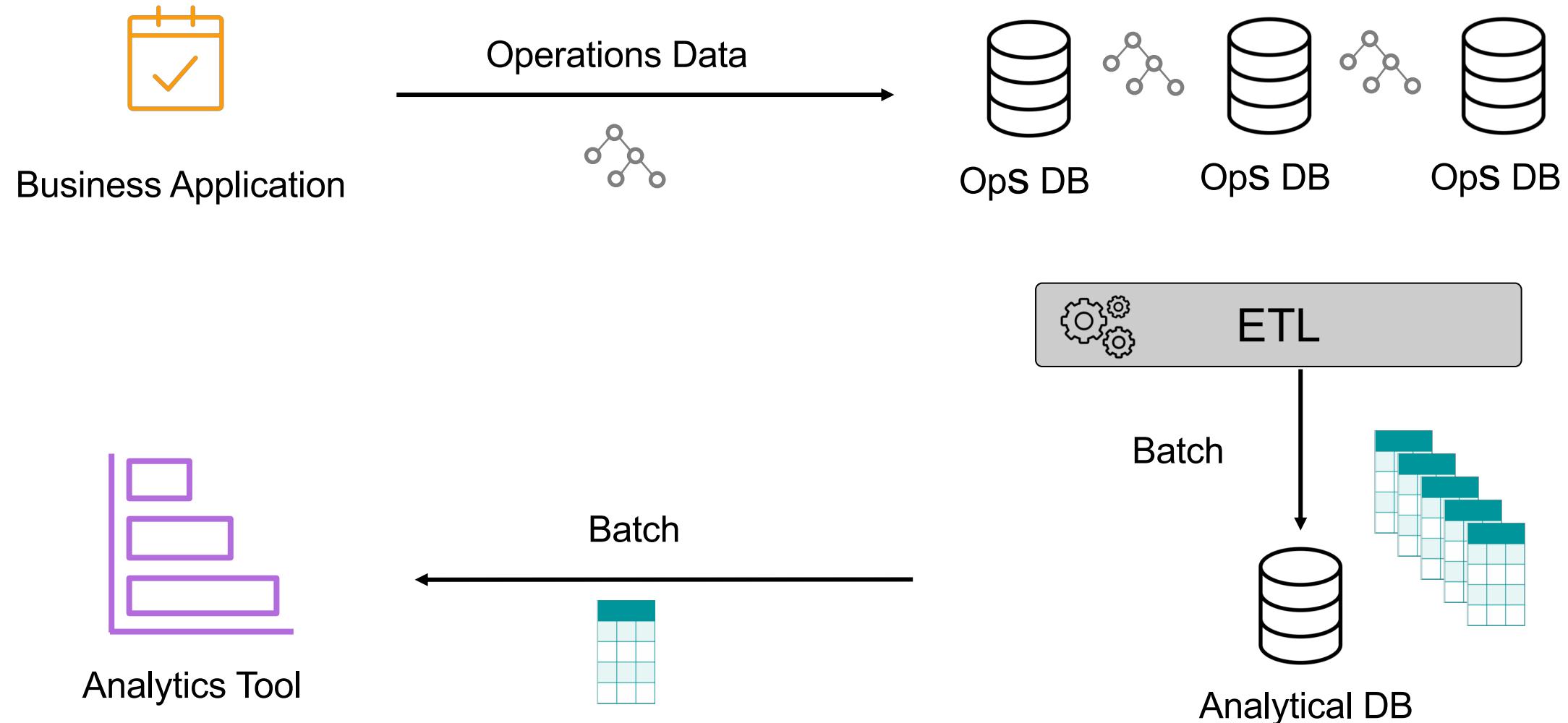


3

# Analytics

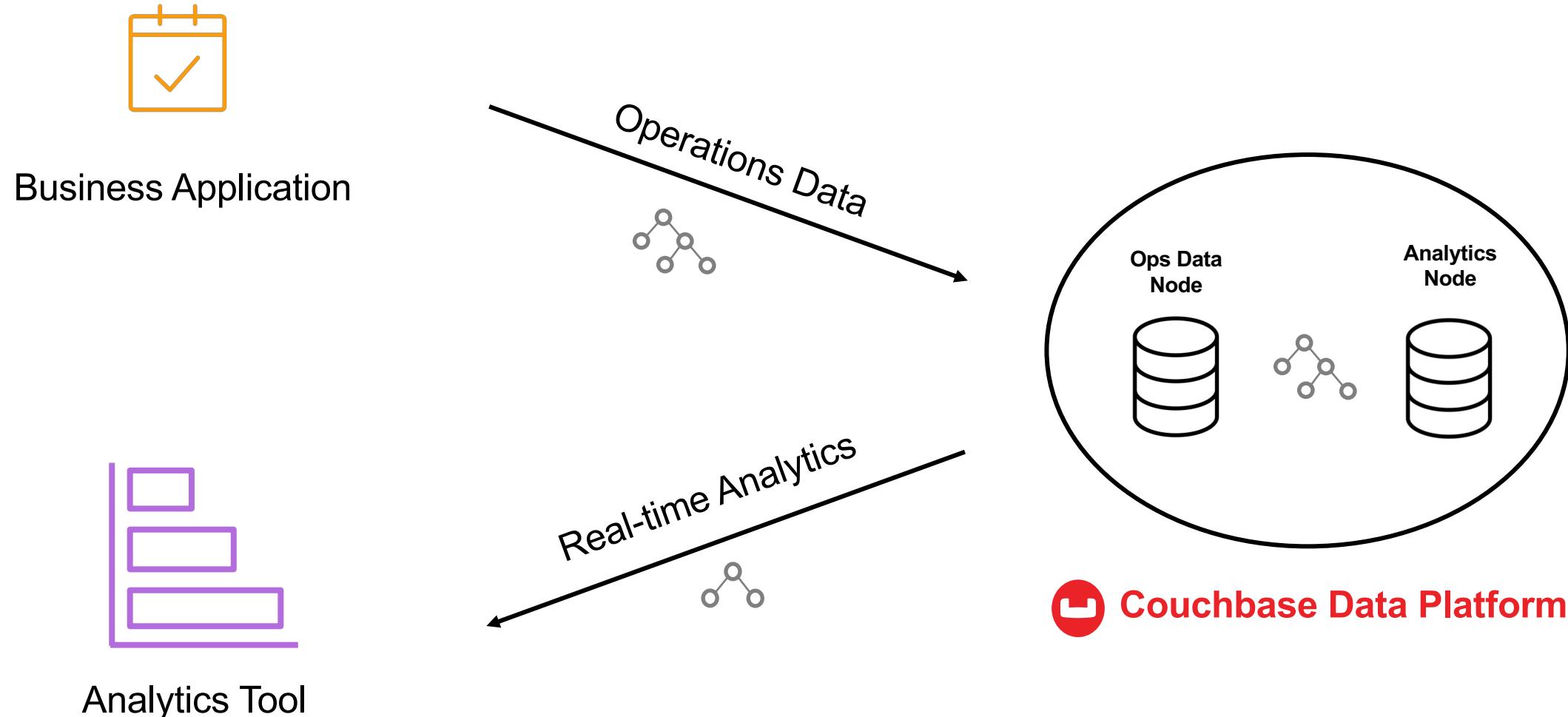


# Traditional Analytics Solutions





# Couchbase Analytics – Bringing NoETL to NoSQL



# Advantages

---



- Support OLTP and OLAP processing in a single platform
- Eliminate the need for a separate OLAP system
  - Eliminate ETL
  - Reduces latency
  - Reduces complexity
  - Enables more intelligent applications
- Enable data exploration and ad hoc analytics



# Analytics Service vs. N1QL

---

## The Couchbase Analytics Service:

- Supports large join, set, aggregation, and grouping operations
- ...which often employ large amounts of data
- ...which can be highly consumptive of processor, networking, and memory resources
- ...and/or highly demanding in terms of cross-node coordination
- ...and/or of extensive duration



# Analytics Service vs. N1QL

---

**Analytic queries can be:**

- Ad hoc
- Predetermined (often providing greater efficiency)

**At its core, performance is enhanced by:**

- Supporting parallel query-processing and bulk data-handling
- Allowing analytic queries to be run on local, automatically sharded indexes



# Query and Analytics Services

## QUERY SERVICE

- Online search and booking, reviews and ratings
  - Property and room detail pages
  - Cross-sell links, up-sell links
  - Stars & likes & associated reviews
  - Their booking history

**N1QL queries behind every page display and click/navigation**

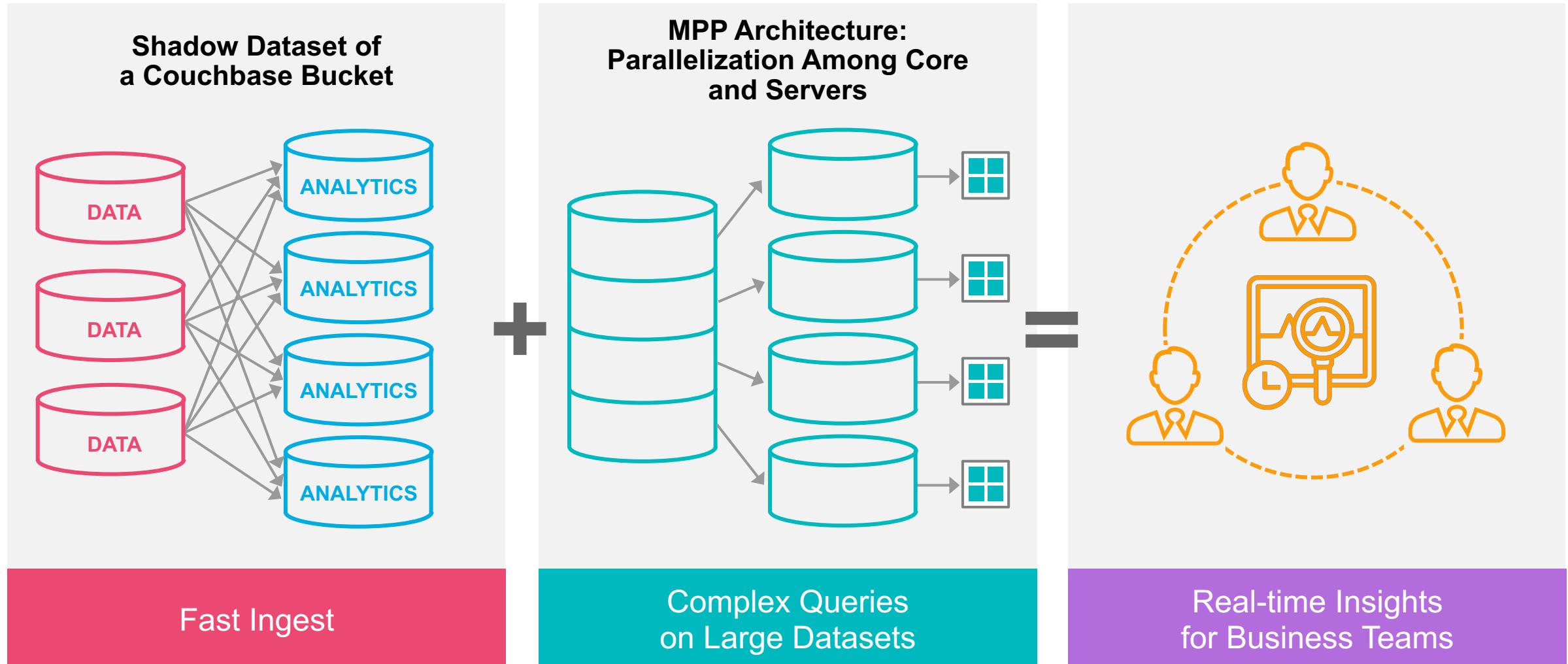
## ANALYTICS SERVICE

- Reporting, Trend Analysis, Data Exploration
  - Daily discount availability report
  - Cities with highest room occupancy rates
  - Hotels with biggest single day drops
  - How many searches turn into bookings grouped by property rating? grouped by family size?

**Business Analysts ask these questions without knowing in advance every aspect of the question**



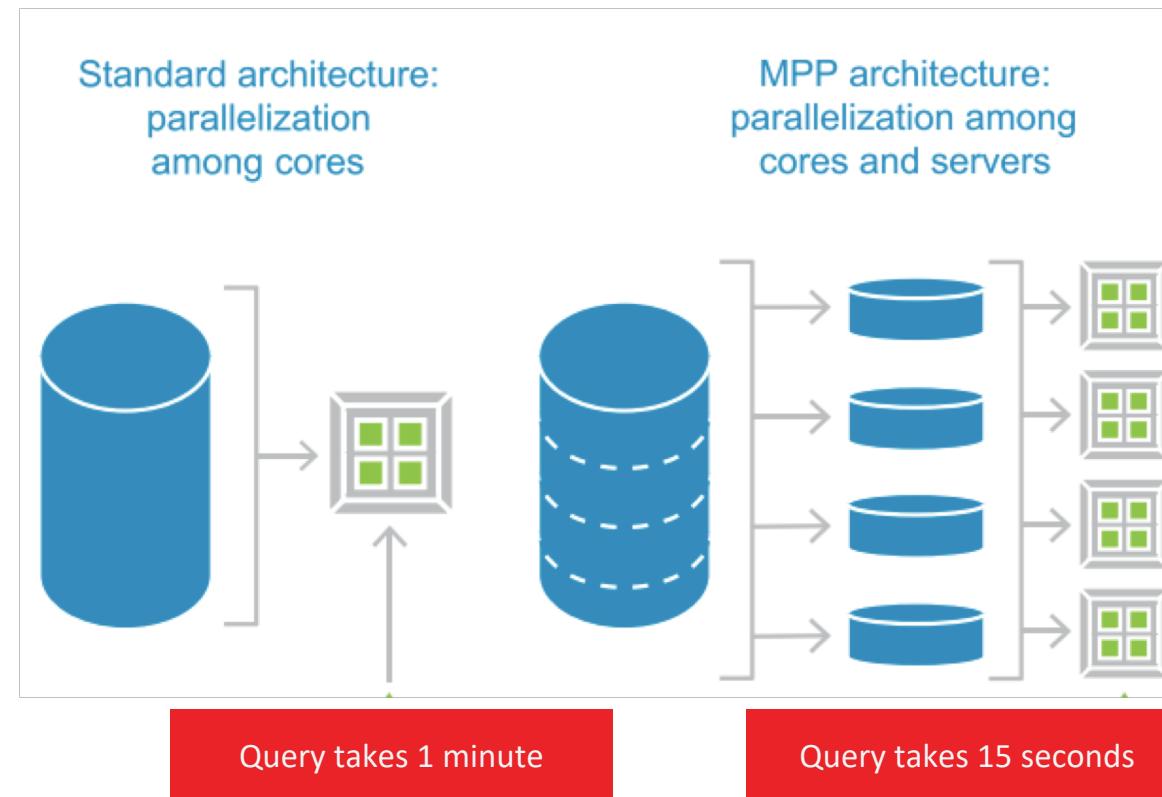
# Underlying Architecture





# "Secret" Sauce: Query Parallelism

- Massively Parallel Query Processor (MPP) executes complex queries on large datasets
- Comprehensive query language





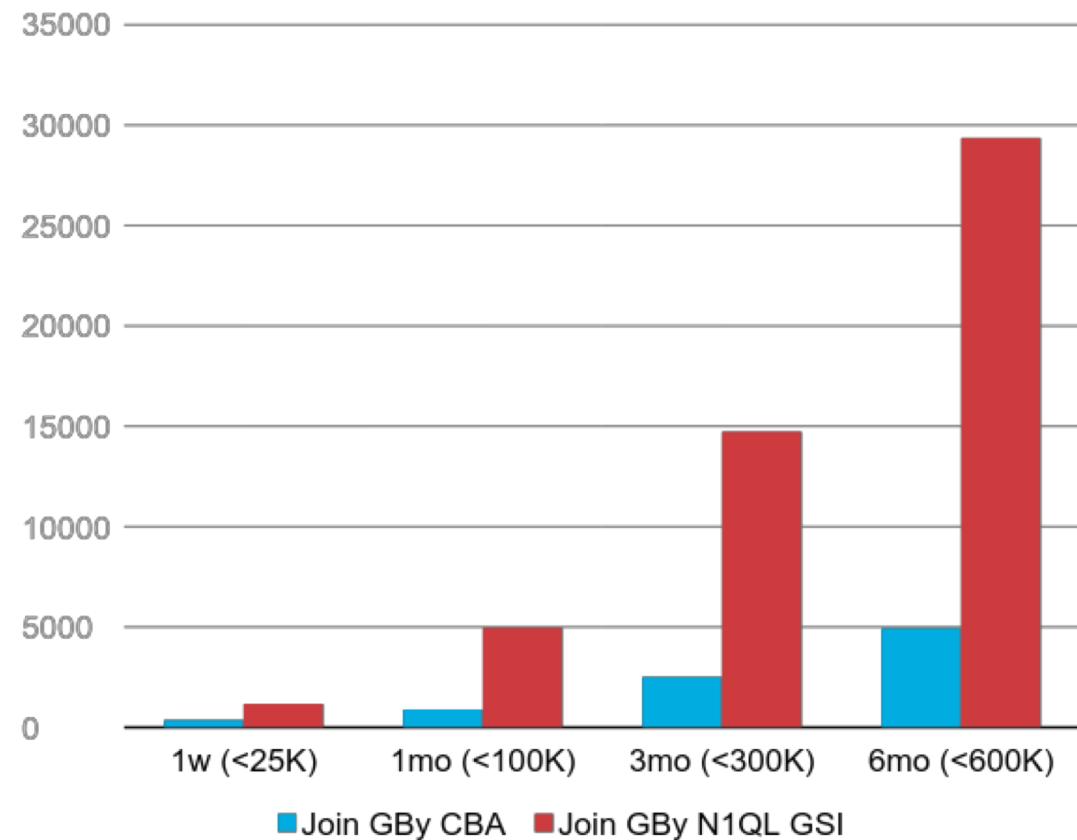
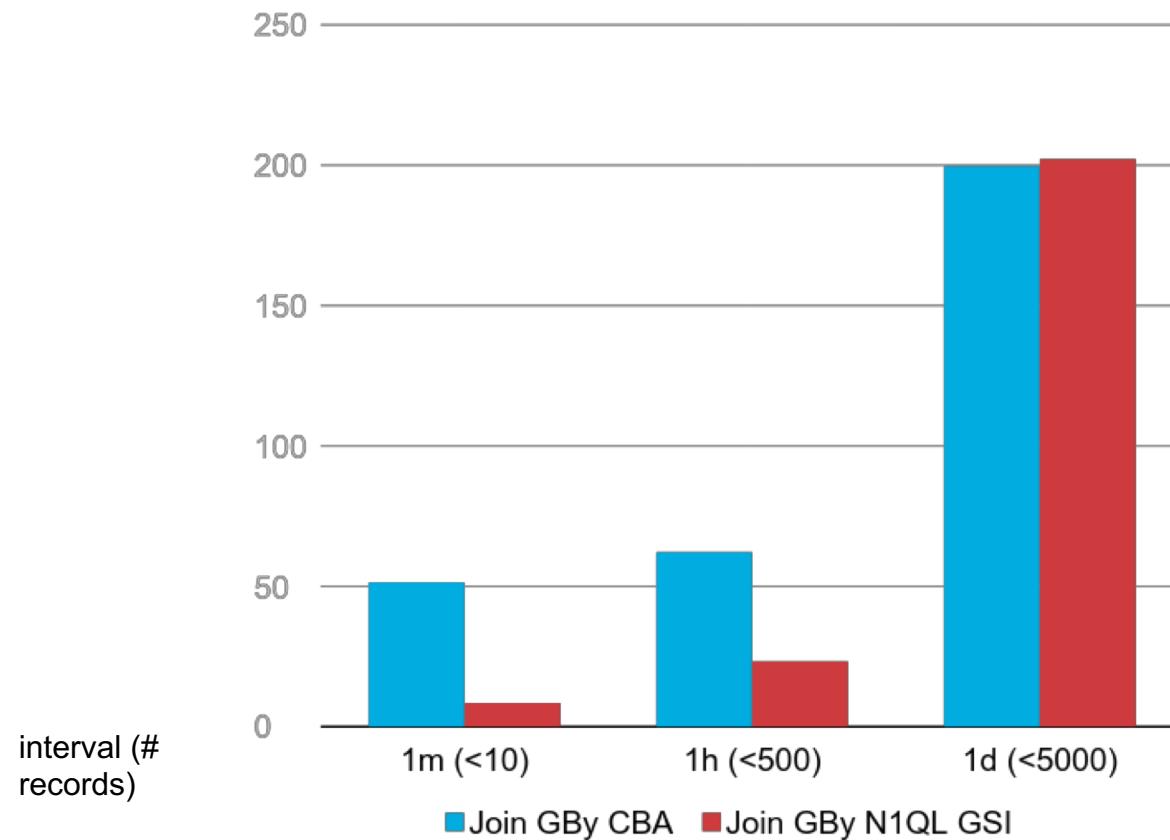
## Example: Join, Grouping, and Aggregation

"Get the 10 chattiest users in a timeframe"

```
SELECT user.id, COUNT(message) AS count
FROM gbook_messages AS message, gbook_users AS user
WHERE message.author_id = user.id
      AND message.send_time BETWEEN "2001-11-28T09:57:13" AND "2001-11-29T09:57:13"
GROUP BY user.id
ORDER BY count DESC
LIMIT 10;
```



# Couchbase Query and Analytics – Performance Tradeoff



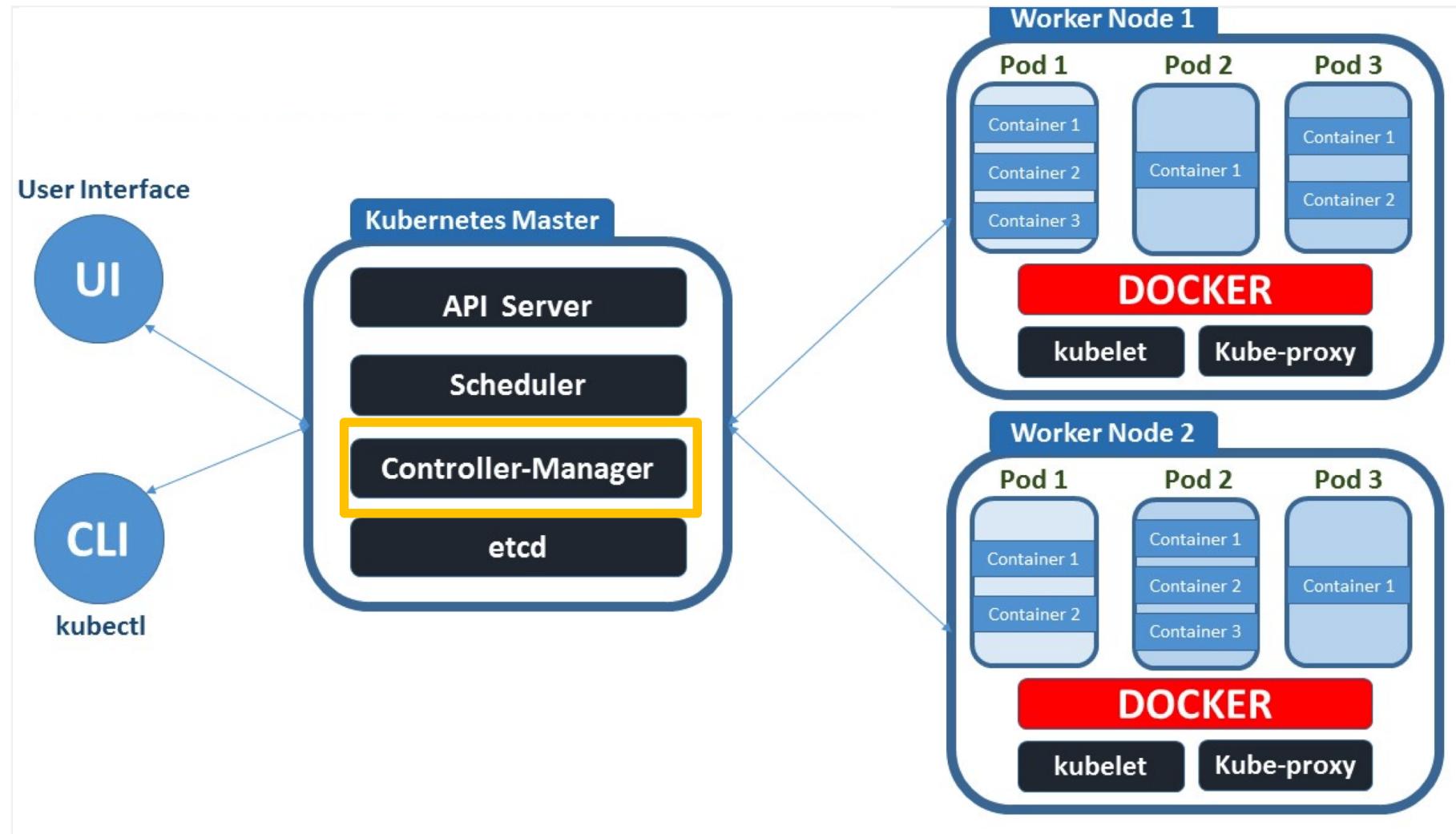


# 4

# Kubernetes Operator

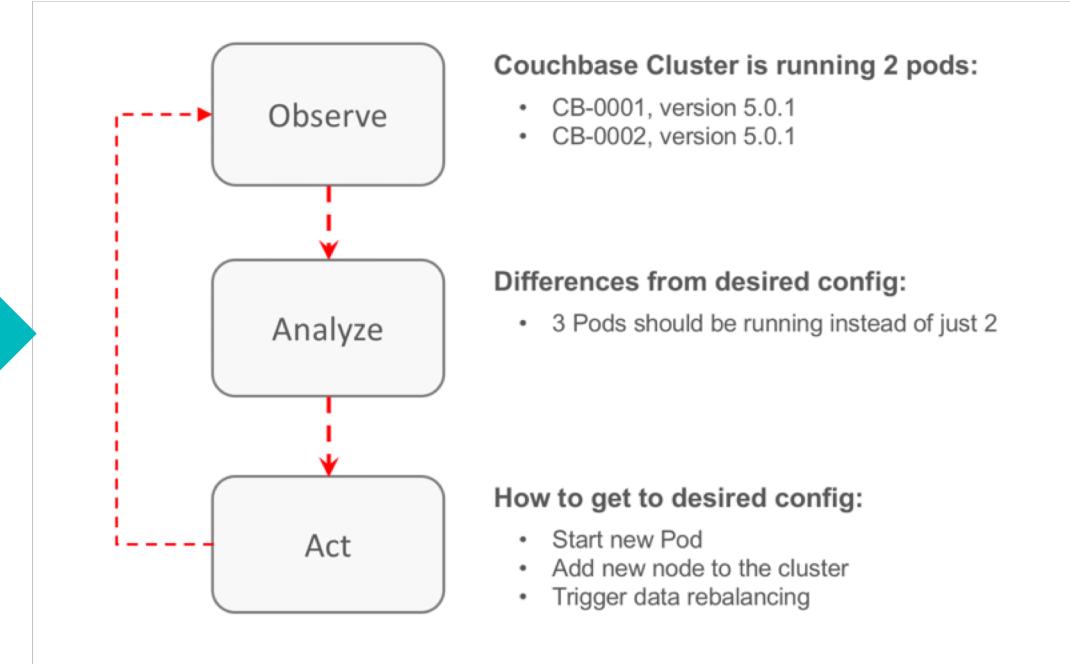
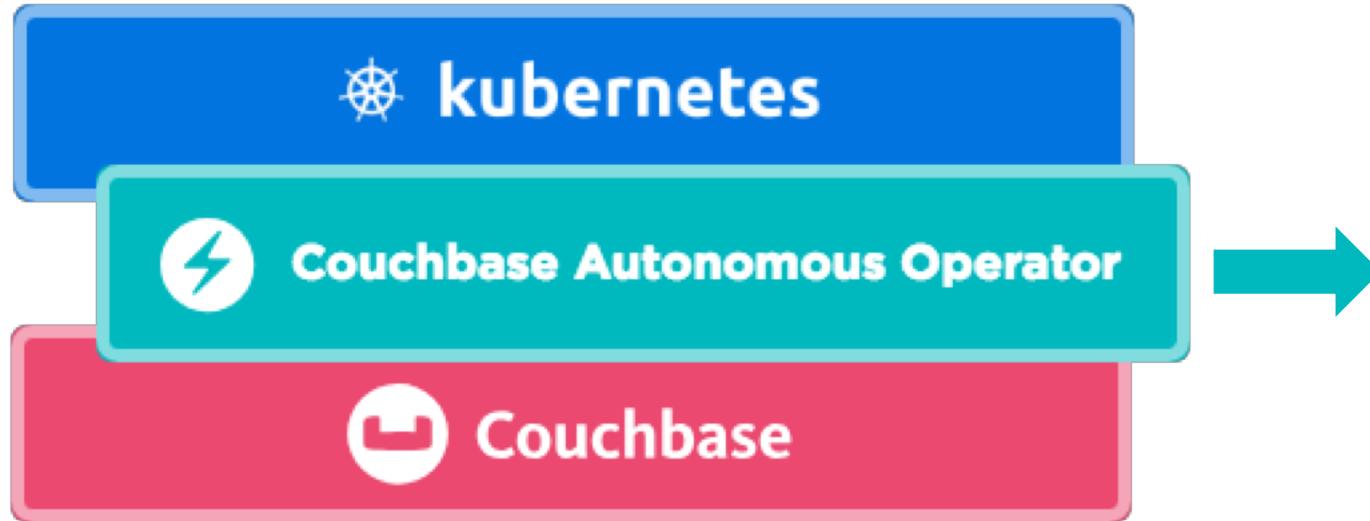


# KUBERNETES ARCHITECTURE





# INTRODUCING COUCHBASE AUTONOMOUS OPERATOR

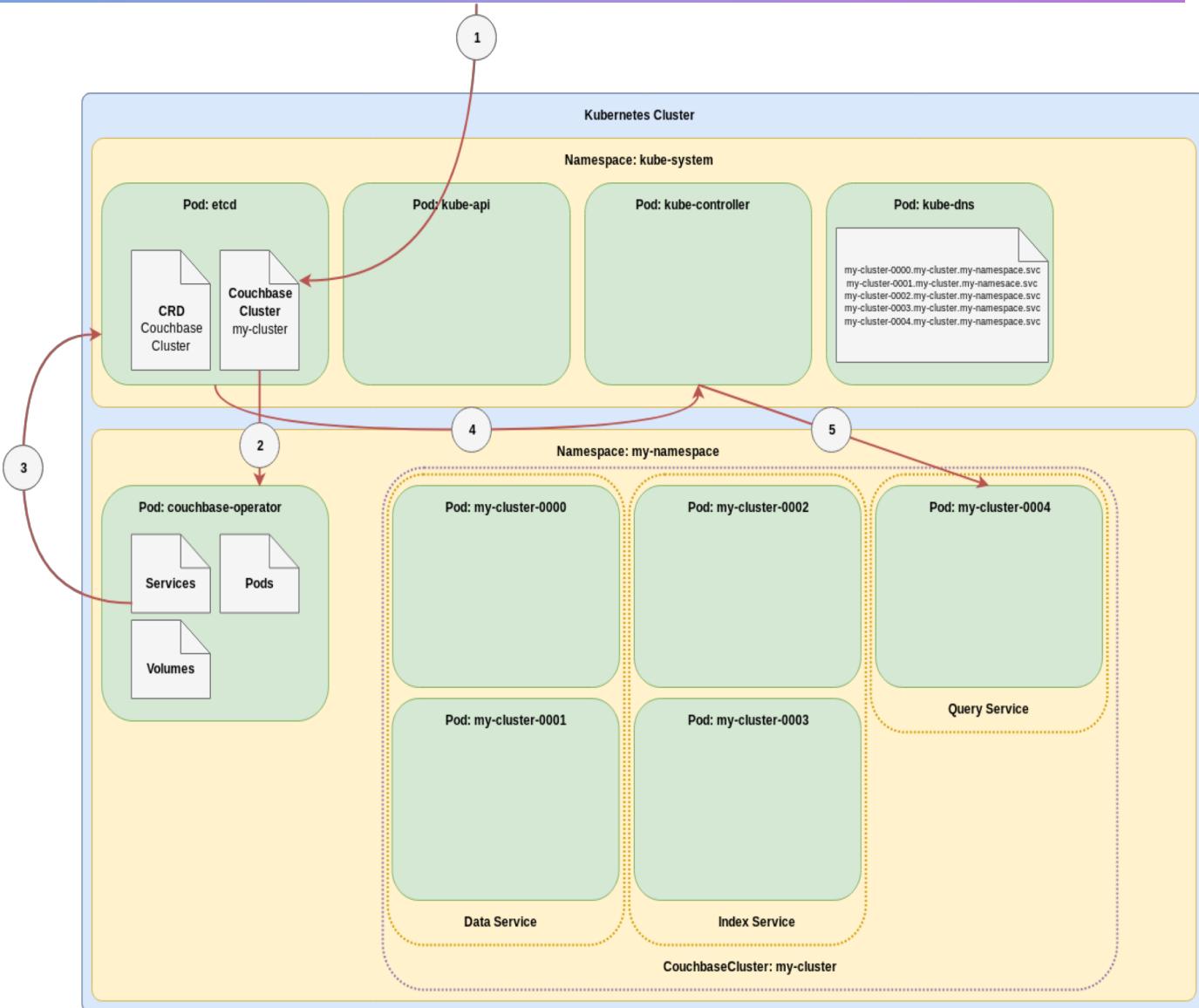


Couchbase Autonomous Operator is an **application-specific controller** that **extends the Kubernetes API** to create, configure and manage instances of complex **stateful** applications on behalf of a Kubernetes user. It builds upon the basic Kubernetes resource and controller concepts, but also includes domain or **application-specific knowledge** to **automate common tasks** better managed by computers.



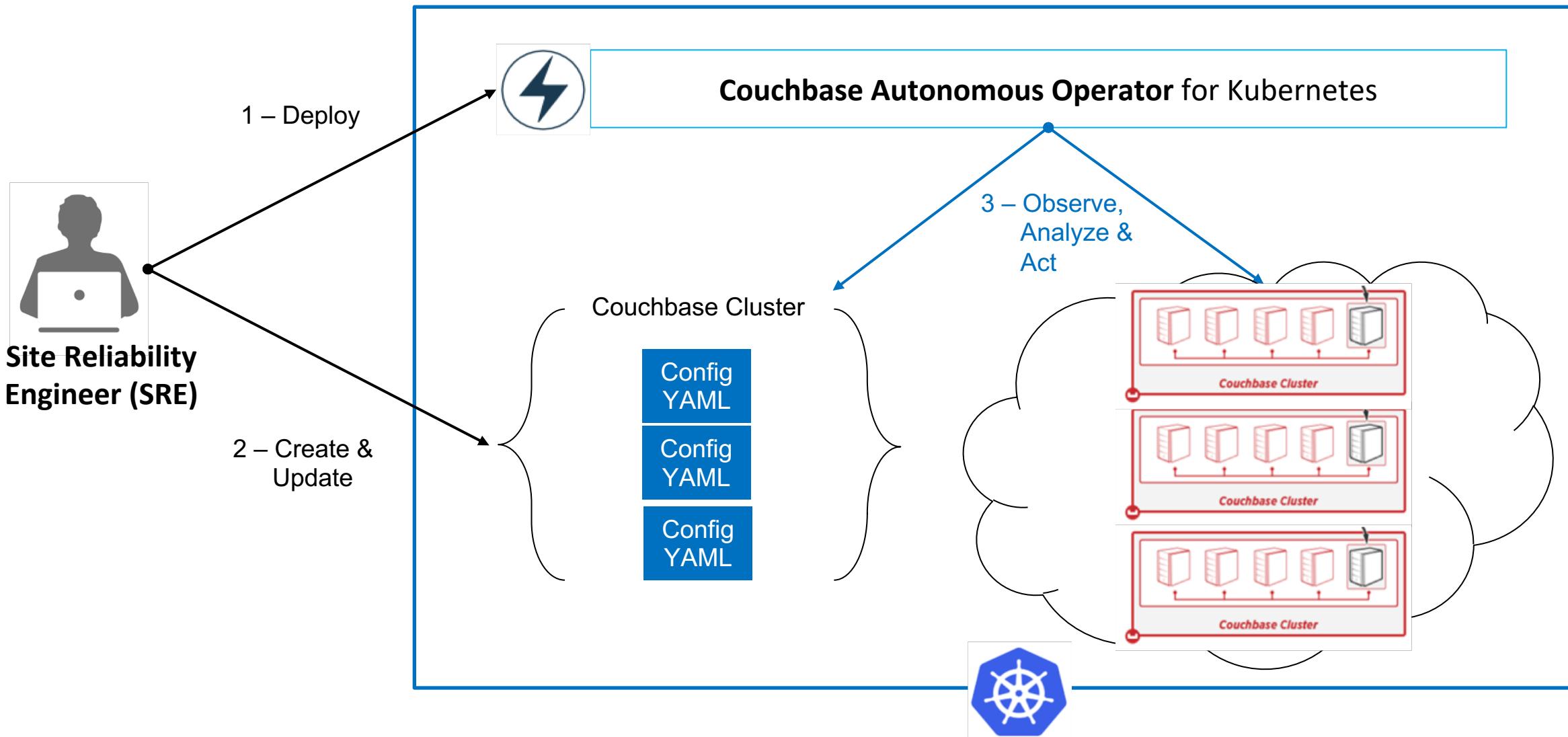
# Couchbase Operator Architecture

1. Register Operator yaml to Kubernetes etcd.
2. Operator does the RBAC validation and creates Services and Pods resources.
3. Operator starts a controller that creates CouchbaseCluster objects.
4. Operator sits listening to the API for updates to a CouchbaseCluster resources
5. Operator ensures the actual cluster state matches the desired state





# Key Benefit: EASE OF MANAGEMENT

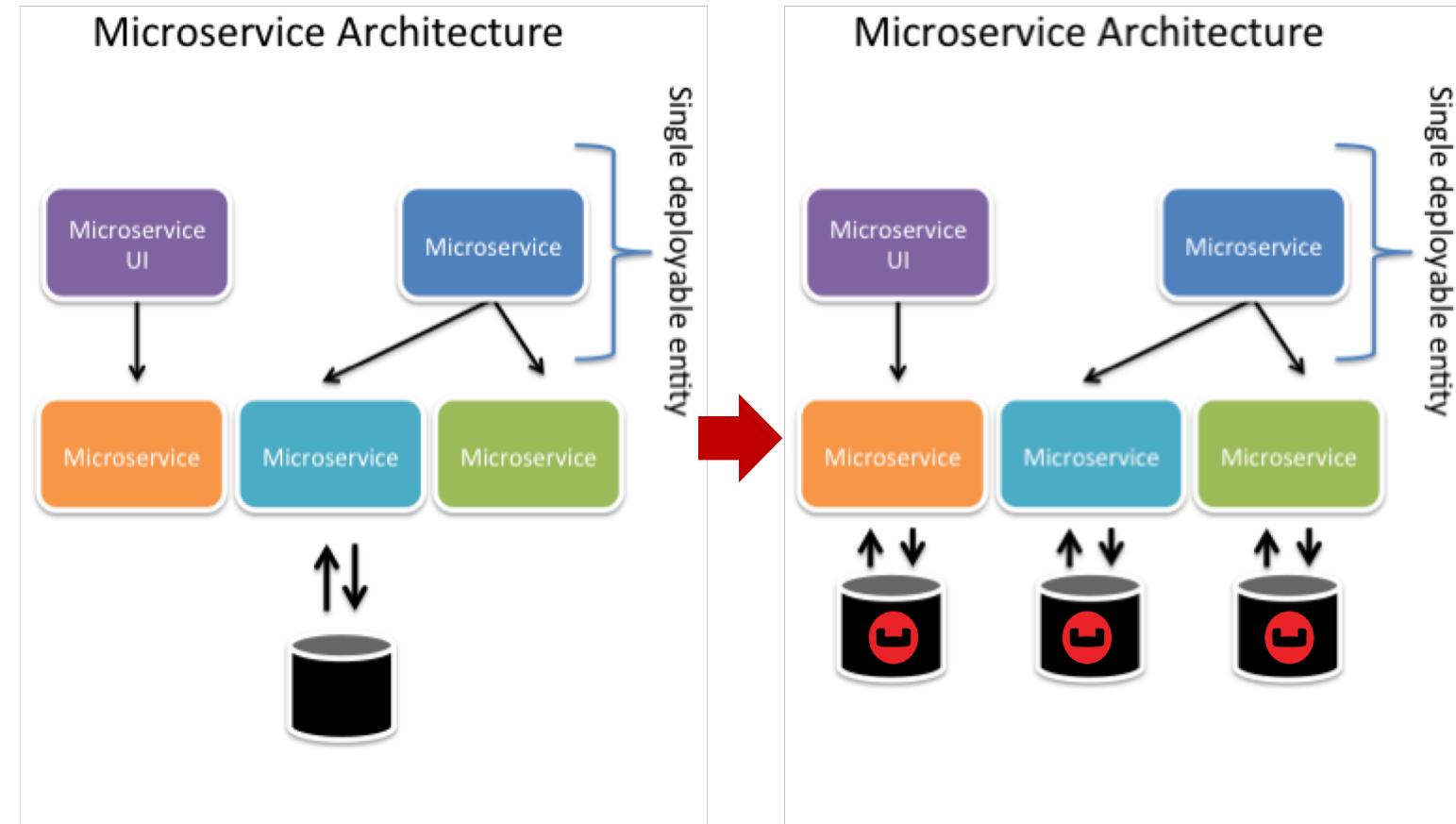




# Key Benefit: FASTER INNOVATION

## Run and Manage Couchbase on **Microservice** Architecture

Reduce your DevOps workload by running the Couchbase Data Platform as an autonomous, fully managed stateful database application next to your microservices applications on the same Kubernetes platform.

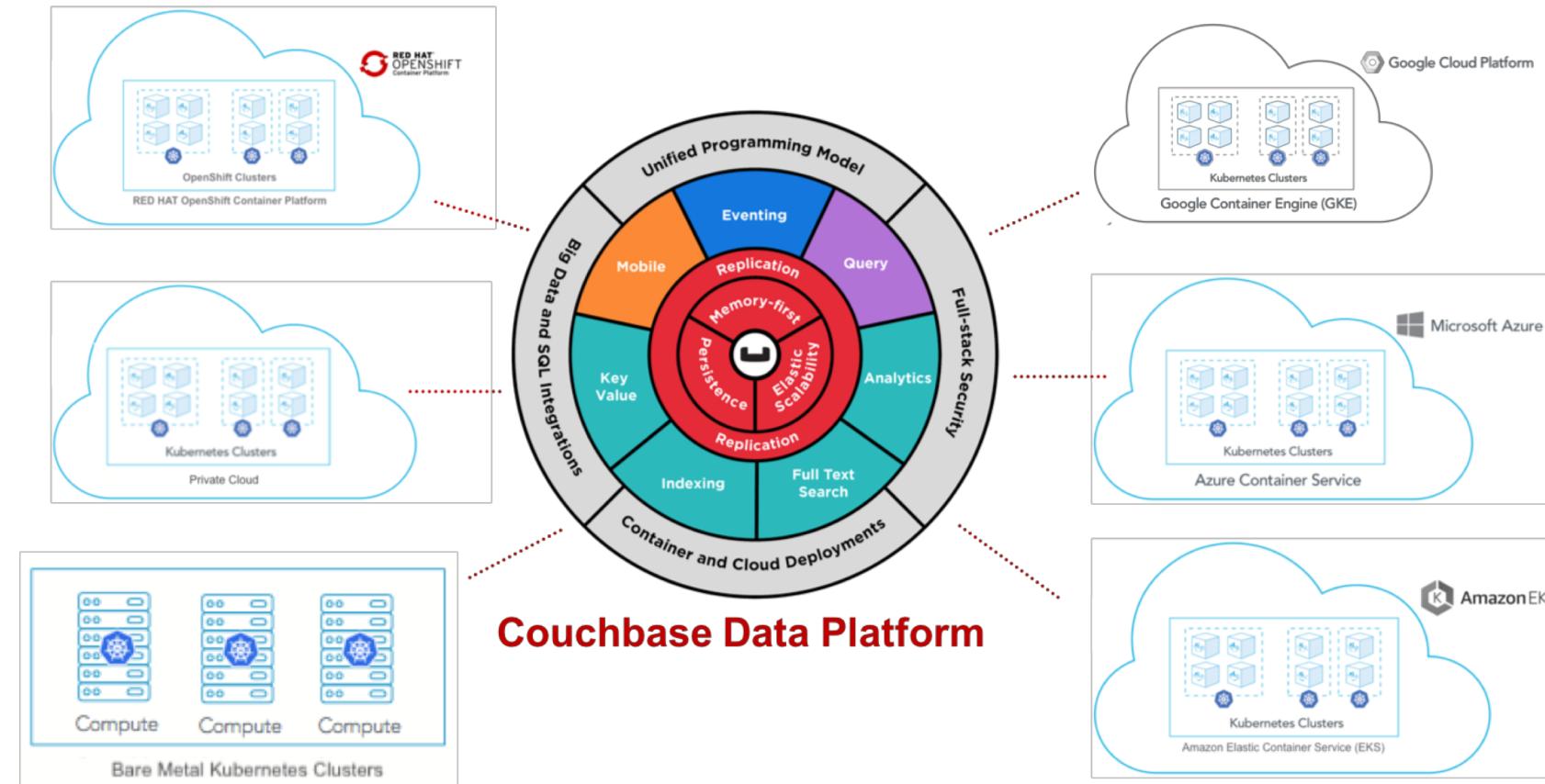




# Key Benefit: INFRASTRUCTURE AND CLOUD AGNOSTIC

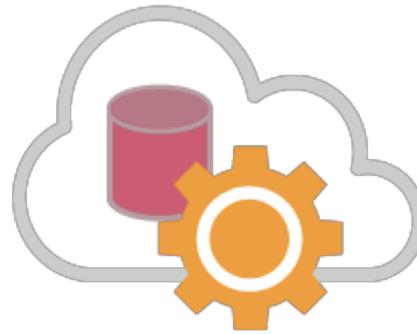
## Hybrid Cloud and Multi-Cloud Strategy

Provides a cloud-agnostic application deployment and management platform so we treat cloud providers almost like a commodity, as you will be able to deploy and migrate freely between them.

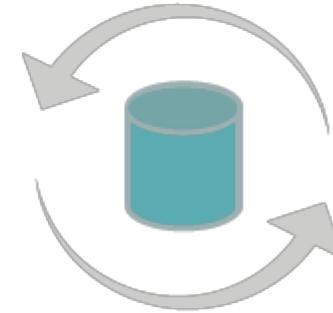




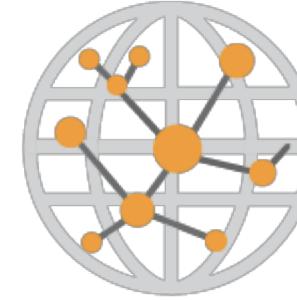
# Autonomous Operator – Capabilities



**Auto Provisioning**



**Auto-Recovery**



**Geo-Distribution**



**Centralized Management**



**Persistent Storage**



**Supportability Features**

# Thank you



Couchbase