

EENG307: Translational Mechanical Impedance¹ & Rotational Mechanical Impedance²

Lecture 8 & 9

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Spring 2022

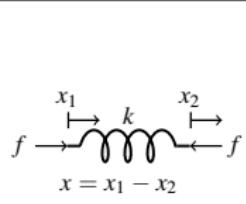
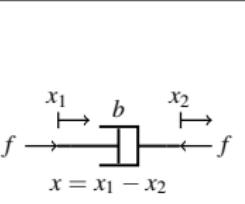
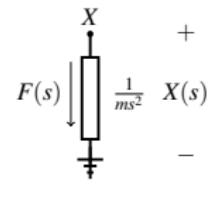
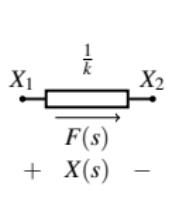
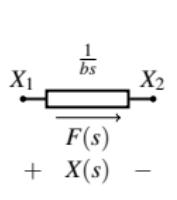
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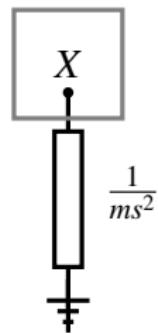
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³Developed and edited by Tyrone Vincent and Kathryn Johnson, Colorado School of Mines, with contributions from Salman Mohagheghi, Chris Coulston, Kevin Moore, CSM and Matt Kuplik, University of Alaska, Anchorage

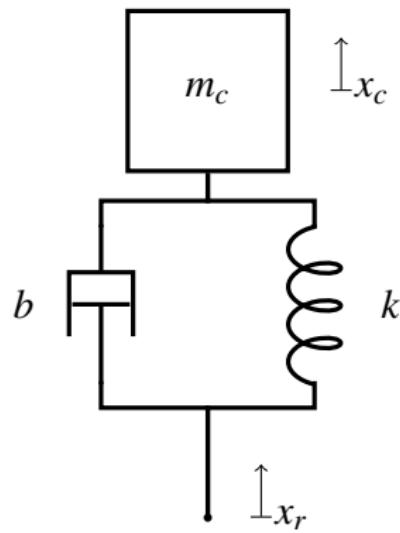


Mechanical Impedance

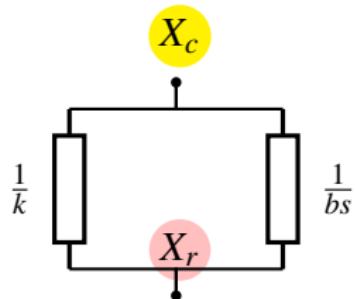
	mass	spring	damper
Component			
Component law	$m\ddot{x} = f$	$f = kx$	$f = b\dot{x}$
Laplace Transform	$X(s) = \frac{1}{ms^2}F(s)$	$X(s) = \frac{1}{k}F(s)$	$X(s) = \frac{1}{bs}F(s)$
Impedance Component (positive f direction agrees with positive x direction)			

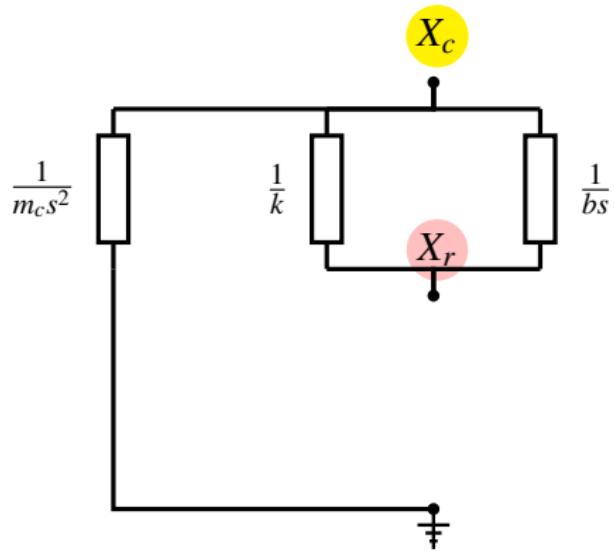


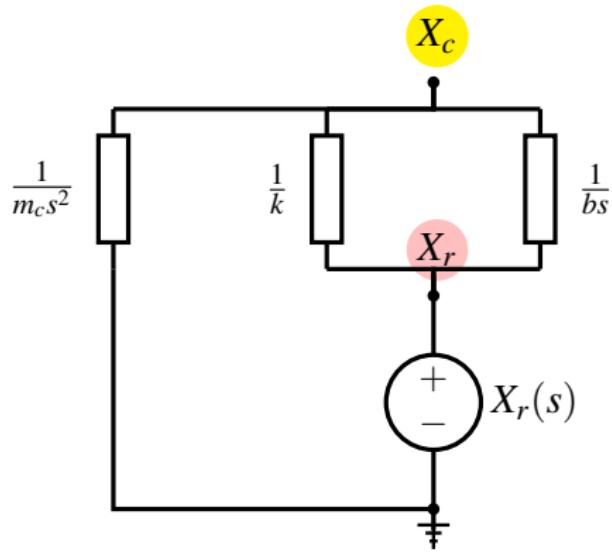
$$\frac{1}{ms^2}$$



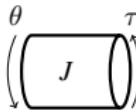
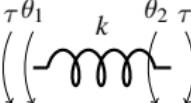
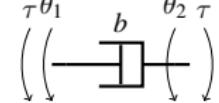
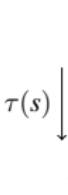
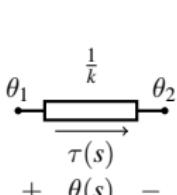
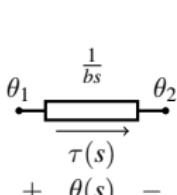
X_c  X_r  $\dot{\theta}$







Rotational Impedance

	mass	spring	damper
Component	 $\theta = \theta_1 - \theta_2$	 $\theta = \theta_1 - \theta_2$	 $\dot{\theta} = \dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2$
Laplace Transform	$\theta(s) = \frac{1}{J s^2} \tau(s)$	$\theta(s) = \frac{1}{k} \tau(s)$	$\theta(s) = \frac{1}{b s} \tau(s)$
Impedance Component (force direction agrees with positive direction)	 $\tau(s)$ $\frac{1}{J s^2}$	 θ_1 $\frac{1}{k}$ θ_2 $\tau(s)$ $\theta(s)$	 θ_1 $\frac{1}{b s}$ θ_2 $\tau(s)$ $\theta(s)$

Hard Disk Drive Read Head

In order to move the read head to the correct track and hold it there, we need to be able to predict the relationship between the motor torque τ and the angular position of the read head θ_2 . First, find the equivalent impedance model. Then, find the transfer function $\frac{\theta_2}{\tau}$.

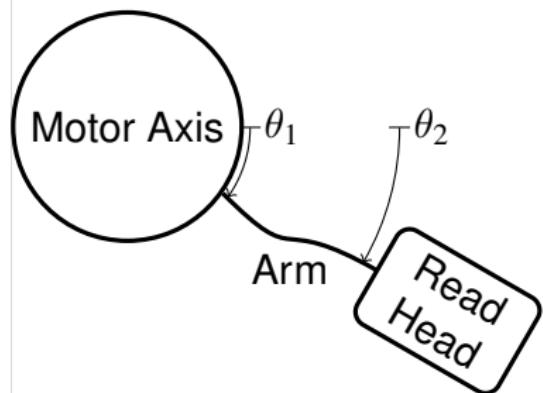
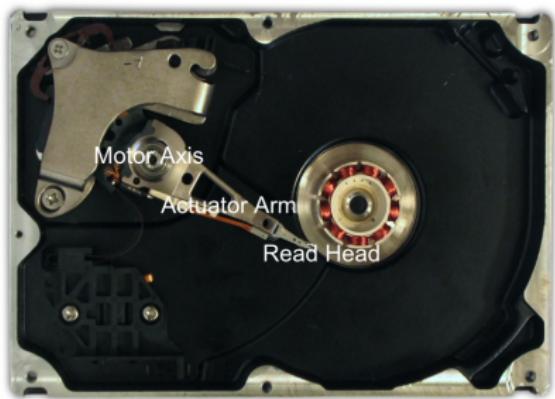
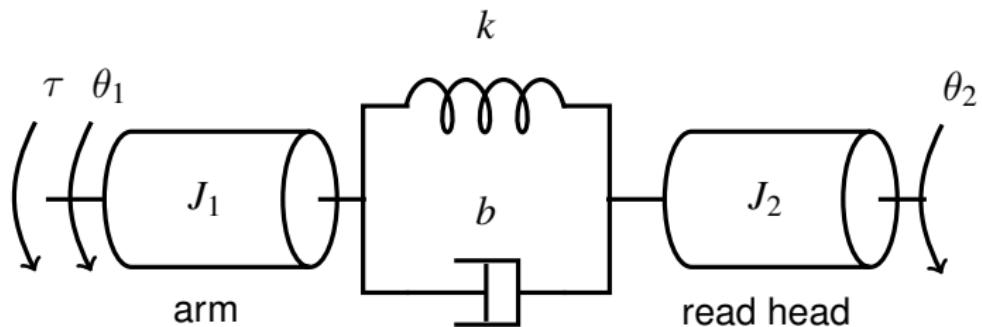


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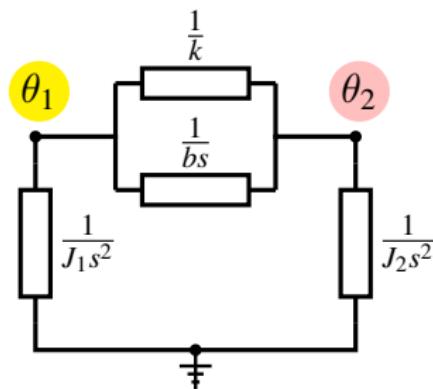
Hard Disk Drive Ideal Elements



Nodes



Disk Drive Impedance Network



Disk Drive Complete Circuit

