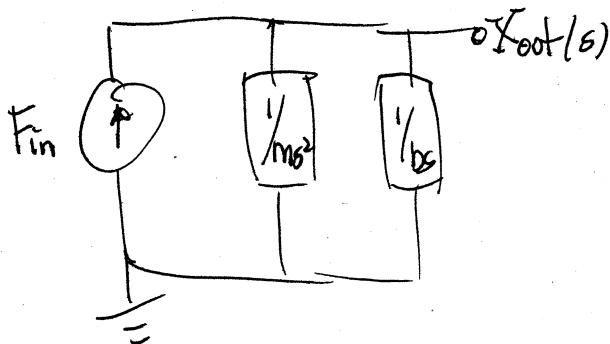
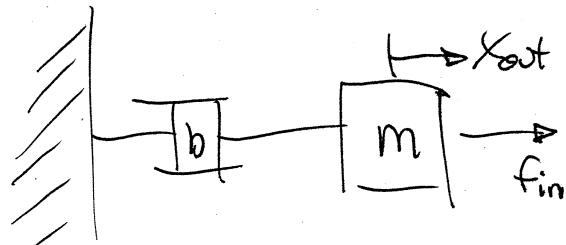
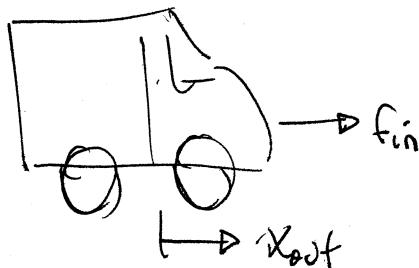


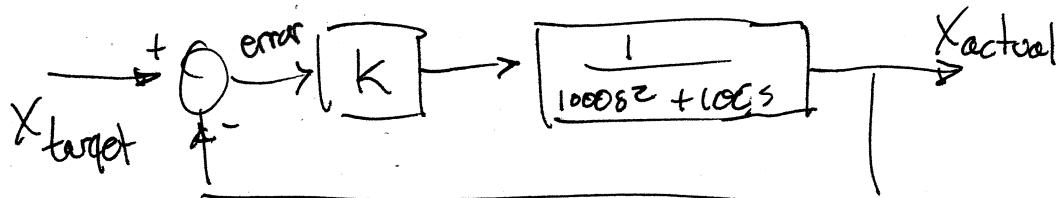
Parking The Honda Element



$$\frac{x_{out}(s)}{F_{in}(s)} = \frac{1}{ms^2 + bs}$$

$$\text{let } m=1000\text{kg} \quad b=100$$

Proportional Controller



Use Block Diagram to simplify

$$\frac{X_{actual}}{X_{target}} = \frac{\frac{k}{1000s^2 + 100s}}{1 + \frac{k}{1000s^2 + 100s}} + \frac{\frac{1000s^2 + 100s}{1000s^2 + 100s}}{1 + \frac{k}{1000s^2 + 100s}} = \frac{k}{1000s^2 + 100s + k}$$

$$\text{Let } K=10$$

Apply $10u(t)$ as X_{target} so $\frac{10}{s}$ as input

$$X_{actual} = \frac{10}{s} - \frac{10}{100s^2 + 10s + 10} = \frac{1}{s(10s^2 + s + \frac{1}{10})}$$

Partial Fraction Expansion

$$\frac{1}{s(10s^2 + s + \frac{1}{10})} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{Bs + C}{10s^2 + s + \frac{1}{10}}$$

* eval @ $s=0$

$$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{10}} = A = 10$$

* eval @ $s=1$

$$\frac{1}{10+1+\frac{1}{10}} = 10 + \frac{B+C}{10+1+\frac{1}{10}} \quad B+C = 1 - 10 \cdot \frac{11}{10} = -110$$

* eval @ $s=-1$

$$\frac{1}{-1(10-1+\frac{1}{10})} = -10 + \frac{C-B}{10-1+\frac{1}{10}} \quad -B+C = -1 + 10 \cdot \frac{9}{10} = 90$$

$$\therefore 2C = -20 \quad C = -10$$

$$\therefore B = -110 - C = -100$$

$$X_{actual} = \frac{10}{s} + \frac{-100s - 10}{10s^2 + s + \frac{1}{10}} = \frac{10}{s} - 100 \frac{10s + 1}{100s^2 + 10s + 1}$$

For inverse Laplace complete square in denominator \rightarrow

$$X_{actual} = \frac{10}{s} - \frac{100 - (10s+1)}{100s^2 + 10s + 1}$$

Complete square

$$- \frac{100 - (10s+1)}{100s^2 + 10s + 1} = -10 \frac{s + \frac{1}{10}}{s^2 + s/10 + \frac{1}{100}} =$$

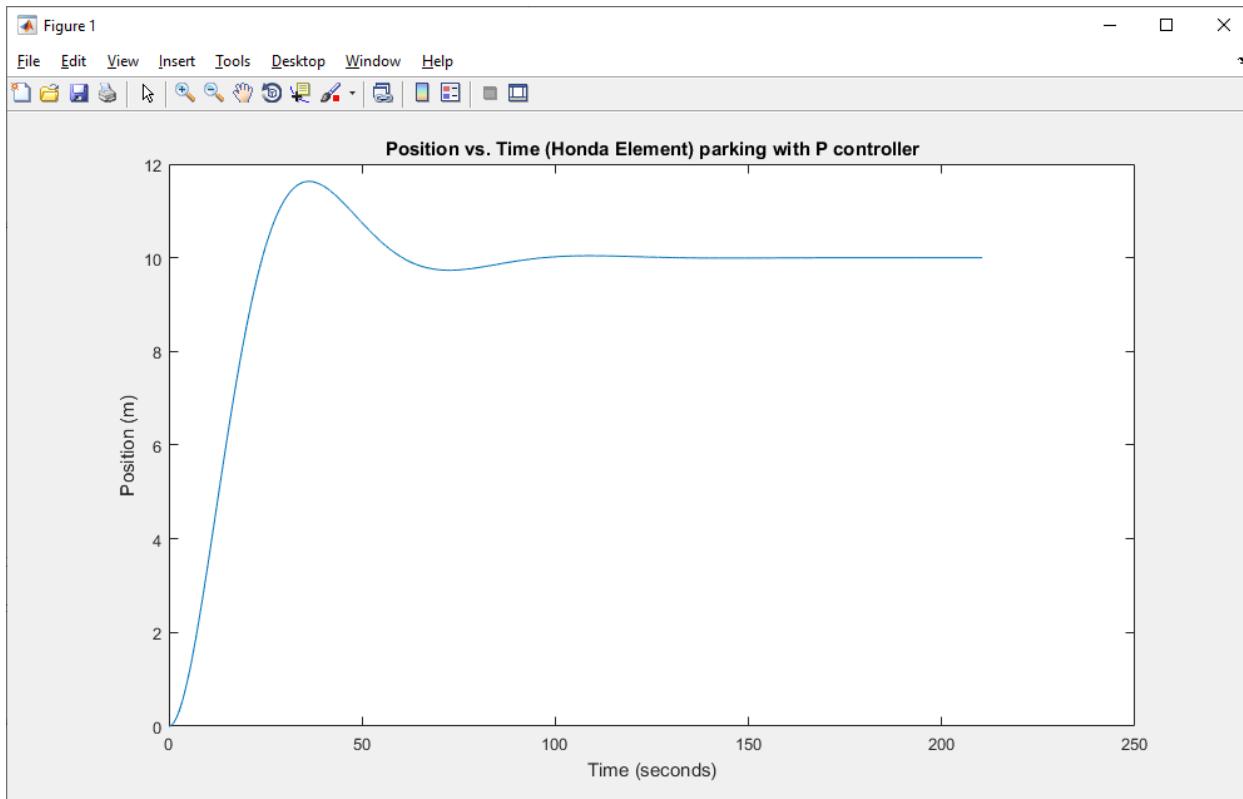
$$-10 \frac{(s + \frac{1}{10}) + \frac{1}{20}}{(s + \frac{1}{10})^2 + (\frac{\sqrt{3}}{20})^2} = -10 \frac{s + \frac{1}{10}}{(s + \frac{1}{10})^2 + (\frac{\sqrt{3}}{20})^2} - \frac{10}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{20}}{(s + \frac{1}{10})^2 + (\frac{\sqrt{3}}{20})^2}$$

$$\text{So } X_{actual} = \frac{10}{s} - 10 \frac{s + \frac{1}{10}}{(s + \frac{1}{10})^2 + (\frac{\sqrt{3}}{20})^2} - \frac{10}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{20}}{(s + \frac{1}{10})^2 + (\frac{\sqrt{3}}{20})^2}$$

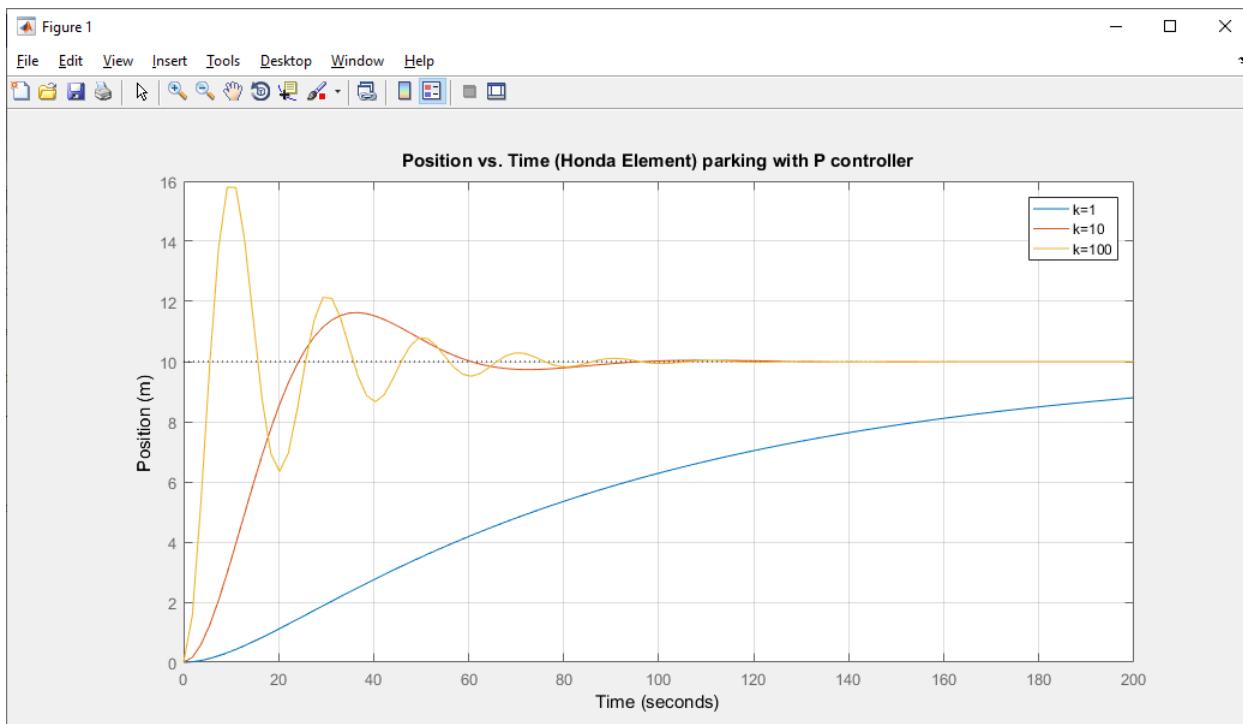
Inverse Laplace

$$X_{actual}(t) = 10u(t) - 10e^{-t/20} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{20}t\right) - \frac{10}{\sqrt{3}} e^{-t/20} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{20}t\right)$$

Analytic solution using plot function in Matlab



Found with Matlab stepplot function for 3 different values of k



```

%%%%%
% Chris Coulston      Spring 2023      Colorado School of Mines
% EENG 307  Intro to Feedback Control Systems
% A mathematical of a Honda Element in the frequency domain.
% All measurements are in SI units.
%%%%%

% The equation for x follows from 3 pages of math and couple of hours
t = 0:pi/100:67*pi;
x = 10 - 10.*exp(-t/20).*cos(0.0866.*t) - 5.77.*exp(-
t/20).*sin(0.0866.*t);
plot(t,x)
xlabel('Time (seconds)');
ylabel('Position (m)');
title('Position vs. Time (Honda Element) parking with P controller');

waitForbuttonpress;

close all;
s = tf('s');

m = 1000;           % units of kilograms
b = 100;            % drag
kp = 10;

X = 1/(m*s^2+ b*s);          % Transfer function of X/F for my Honda
Element
X_k1 = feedback(1*X,1);      % Transfer function for closed loop
X_k10 = feedback(10*X,1);    % Transfer function for closed loop
X_k100 = feedback(100*X,1);  % Transfer function for closed loop

stepplot(10*X_k1,10*X_k10, 10*X_k100, 200);       % Plot the response
for a step input

grid on;
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Position (m)');
title('Position vs. Time (Honda Element) parking with P controller');
legend('k=1', 'k=10', 'k=100');

waitForbuttonpress;

close all;

```