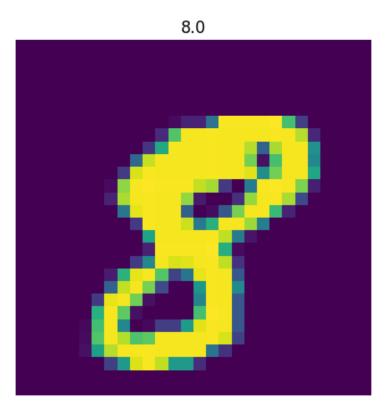
figure_rnn

October 15, 2024

```
[12]: #
     import numpy as np #
     import pandas as pd #
                                 CSV
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt #
     import os #
     print(os.listdir("./input")) # ./input
     ['test.csv', 'train.csv', 'sample_submission.csv']
[13]: # PyTorch
     import torch # PyTorch
     import torch.nn as nn #
     from torch.autograd import Variable #
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split #
     from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, TensorDataset #
[14]: #
     # CSV
                     float32
     train = pd.read_csv(r"./input/train.csv", dtype=np.float32)
     targets_numpy = train.label.values #
                                             0-9
     features_numpy = train.loc[:, train.columns != "label"].values / 255 #
      →0-1
               80%
     features_train, features_test, targets_train, targets_test = train_test_split(
         features_numpy, targets_numpy, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
               PyTorch Tensor
     featuresTrain = torch.from_numpy(features_train) #
     targetsTrain = torch.from_numpy(targets_train).type(torch.LongTensor) #
      →long
               PyTorch Tensor
     featuresTest = torch.from_numpy(features_test) #
```

```
targetsTest = torch.from_numpy(targets_test).type(torch.LongTensor) #
 →long
# batch_size epoch
batch_size = 100 #
n iters = 10000 #
num_epochs = n_iters / (len(features_train) / batch_size) # epoch
num_epochs = int(num_epochs)
# PyTorch
train = TensorDataset(featuresTrain, targetsTrain) #
test = TensorDataset(featuresTest, targetsTest) #
   DataLoader
train_loader = DataLoader(train, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=False) #
test_loader = DataLoader(test, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=False) #
plt.imshow(features_numpy[10].reshape(28, 28)) # 10
                                                       28x28
plt.axis("off") #
plt.title(str(targets_numpy[10])) #
plt.savefig('graph.png') #
plt.show() #
```



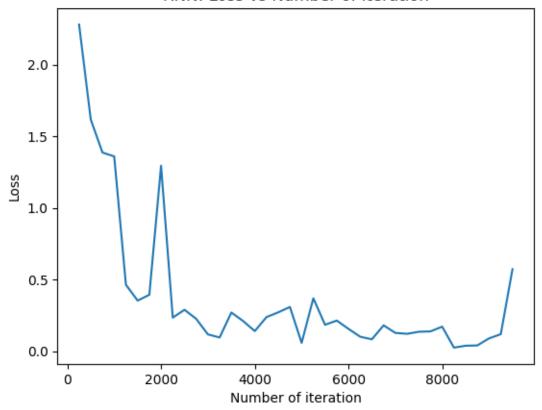
```
[15]: #
         RNN
      class RNNModel(nn.Module):
         def __init__(self, input_dim, hidden_dim, layer_dim, output_dim):
              super(RNNModel, self).__init__()
              self.hidden_dim = hidden_dim
              self.layer_dim = layer_dim
              # RNN
              self.rnn = nn.RNN(input_dim, hidden_dim, layer_dim, batch_first=True,_
       →nonlinearity='relu')
              self.fc = nn.Linear(hidden_dim, output_dim)
         def forward(self, x):
             h0 = Variable(torch.zeros(self.layer_dim, x.size(0), self.hidden_dim))
              # RNN
             out, hn = self.rnn(x, h0)
             out = self.fc(out[:, -1, :])
             return out
      input_dim = 28 #
                               28
      hidden_dim = 100 #
      layer_dim = 1 #
      output_dim = 10 # 0-9
      model = RNNModel(input_dim, hidden_dim, layer_dim, output_dim)
      error = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
        SGD
      learning_rate = 0.05
      optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
```

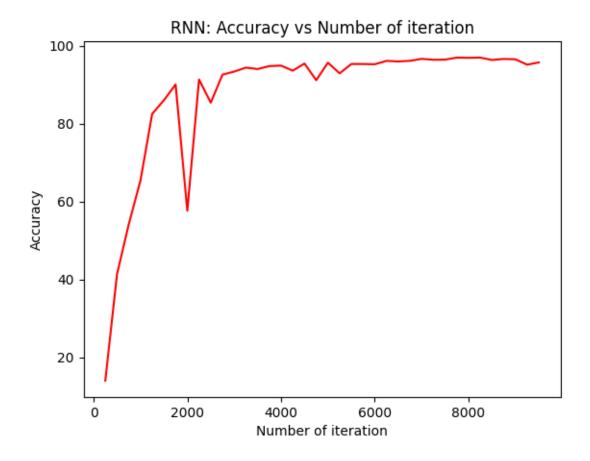
```
[16]: seq_dim = 28 # RNN
                             28
      loss_list = [] #
      iteration_list = [] #
      accuracy_list = [] #
      count = 0 #
      for epoch in range(num_epochs):
          for i, (images, labels) in enumerate(train_loader):
                             (batch_size, seq_dim, input_dim)
              train = Variable(images.view(-1, seq_dim, input_dim))
              labels = Variable(labels)
              optimizer.zero_grad()
              outputs = model(train)
              loss = error(outputs, labels)
              loss.backward()
              optimizer.step()
              count += 1
              # 250
              if count % 250 == 0:
                  correct = 0
                  total = 0
                  for images, labels in test_loader:
                      images = Variable(images.view(-1, seq_dim, input_dim))
                      outputs = model(images)
                      predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)[1]
```

```
total += labels.size(0)
                     correct += (predicted == labels).sum()
                 accuracy = 100 * correct / float(total)
                 loss_list.append(loss.item())
                  iteration list.append(count)
                 accuracy_list.append(accuracy)
                     500
                  if count % 500 == 0:
                     print('Iteration: {} Loss: {} Accuracy: {} %'.format(count, __
       ⇔loss.item(), accuracy))
     Iteration: 500 Loss: 1.6160122156143188
                                              Accuracy: 41.32143020629883 %
     Iteration: 1000 Loss: 1.3593705892562866
                                               Accuracy: 65.38095092773438 %
                                               Accuracy: 86.02381134033203 %
     Iteration: 1500 Loss: 0.35298657417297363
     Iteration: 2000 Loss: 1.2944157123565674
                                               Accuracy: 57.64285659790039 %
                                               Accuracy: 85.39286041259766 %
     Iteration: 2500 Loss: 0.2890228033065796
     Iteration: 3000 Loss: 0.11710090935230255 Accuracy: 93.38095092773438 %
                                               Accuracy: 94.03571319580078 %
     Iteration: 3500 Loss: 0.2698284387588501
     Iteration: 4000 Loss: 0.14008654654026031 Accuracy: 94.91666412353516 %
     Iteration: 4500 Loss: 0.2709091603755951 Accuracy: 95.45237731933594 %
     Iteration: 5000 Loss: 0.057991668581962585 Accuracy: 95.66666412353516 %
     Iteration: 5500 Loss: 0.18409320712089539 Accuracy: 95.33333587646484 %
     Iteration: 6000 Loss: 0.1554894596338272 Accuracy: 95.26190185546875 %
     Iteration: 6500 Loss: 0.0829925611615181 Accuracy: 95.97618865966797 %
                                               Accuracy: 96.6547622680664 %
     Iteration: 7000 Loss: 0.1274832785129547
     Iteration: 7500 Loss: 0.13534003496170044 Accuracy: 96.45237731933594 %
     Iteration: 8000 Loss: 0.17109829187393188 Accuracy: 96.91666412353516 %
     Iteration: 8500 Loss: 0.0380154550075531 Accuracy: 96.35713958740234 %
     Iteration: 9000 Loss: 0.08934423327445984 Accuracy: 96.53571319580078 %
     Iteration: 9500 Loss: 0.571857750415802 Accuracy: 95.72618865966797 %
Γ17]: #
     plt.plot(iteration_list, loss_list)
     plt.xlabel("Number of iteration")
     plt.ylabel("Loss")
     plt.title("RNN: Loss vs Number of iteration")
     plt.show()
```

```
# %%
#
plt.plot(iteration_list, accuracy_list, color="red")
plt.xlabel("Number of iteration")
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
plt.title("RNN: Accuracy vs Number of iteration")
plt.savefig('graph.png')
plt.show()
```

RNN: Loss vs Number of iteration





```
model.eval()

#
with torch.no_grad():
    correct = 0
    total = 0

# test_loader
for images, labels in test_loader:
    images = images.view(-1, 28, 28) # (batch_size, seq_dim, u)
input_dim)

#
outputs = model(images)

#
_, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
#
```

```
total += labels.size(0)
    correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item() # Tensor

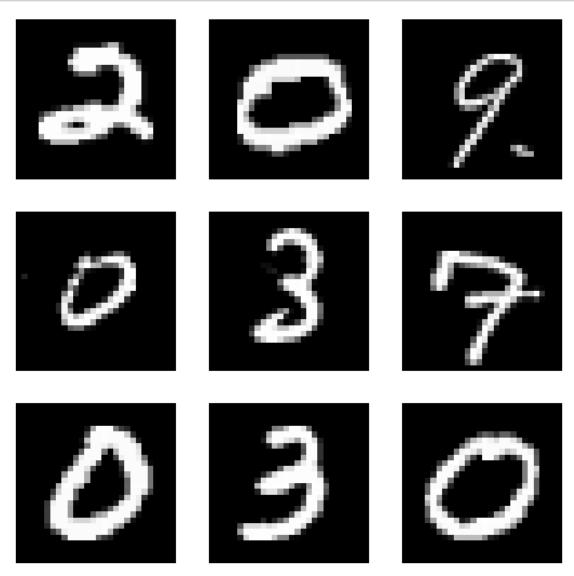
#
accuracy = 100 * correct / total
print(f'Test Accuracy: {accuracy} %')
```

Test Accuracy: 97.04761904761905 %

```
[19]: # test.csv
     test_data = pd.read_csv(r"./input/test.csv", dtype=np.float32)
     test_features_numpy = test_data.values / 255 # 0-255 -> 0-1
     # test
               PyTorch Tensor
     test_features = torch.from_numpy(test_features_numpy)
     # DataLoader
     test_loader = DataLoader(test_features, batch_size=9, shuffle=False)
     # 2x3
     fig, axes = plt.subplots(3, 3, figsize=(9, 9))
         6
     with torch.no_grad():
         images = next(iter(test_loader)) # DataLoader
         images = images.view(-1, 28, 28) # (batch_size, 28, 28)
         for i, ax in enumerate(axes.flat):
             ax.imshow(images[i], cmap='gray') # i
             ax.axis('off') #
     plt.show() # 6
     #
     model.eval()
     with torch.no_grad():
         images = Variable(images.view(-1, 28, 28)) # Variable (batch_size,_
      ⇒seq_dim, input_dim)
         outputs = model(images)
```

```
_, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)

# 4.
print("Predicted Labels:", predicted.numpy()) #
```



Predicted Labels: [2 0 9 2 3 9 0 3 0]