# HNCO Influence of the learning rate on the performance of PBIL

#### August 31, 2021

#### Abstract

PBIL is applied many times to the same collection of fitness functions (bit vector size n = 100), each time with a different learning rate taken from a finite set of values. All learning rates are ranked according to their median fitness over 20 independent runs, first for each fitness function, then across the entire collection of fitness functions. The mean and standard deviation of fitness are also plotted as a function of the learning rate.

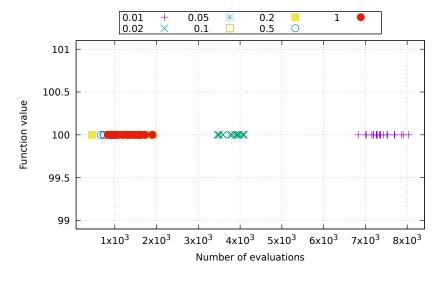
#### Contents

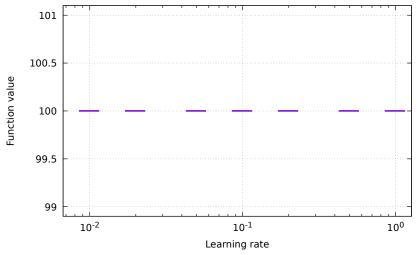
1	Global results	1
2	Function one-max	2
3	Function leading-ones	4
4	Function jmp-5	6
5	Function nk	8
6	Function max-sat	10
7	Function labs	12
8	Function ep	14
9	Function cancel	16
10	Function walsh2	18
A	Plan	19
В	Default parameters	20

#### 1 Global results

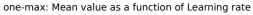
Learning rate	Rank				
	min	$Q_1$	med.	$Q_3$	max
1	1	1.00	1.0	1.00	6
0.01	1	1.00	2.0	2.00	7
0.02	1	1.00	3.0	3.00	4
0.5	1	2.00	3.0	6.00	7
0.05	1	1.00	4.0	6.00	7
0.1	1	4.00	4.0	6.00	7
0.2	1	3.00	5.0	5.00	7

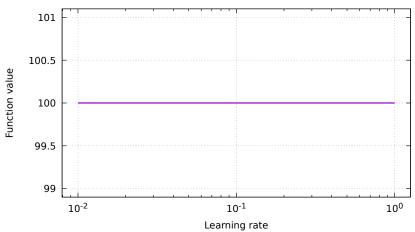
### 2 Function one-max

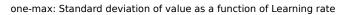


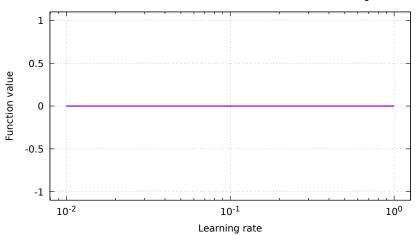


Learning rate	Function value				
	min	$Q_1$	$\operatorname{med}$ .	$Q_3$	max
0.01	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.02	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.05	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.1	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.2	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.5	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
1	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100

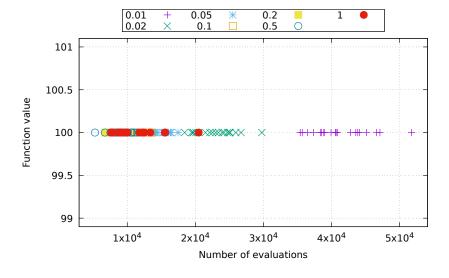


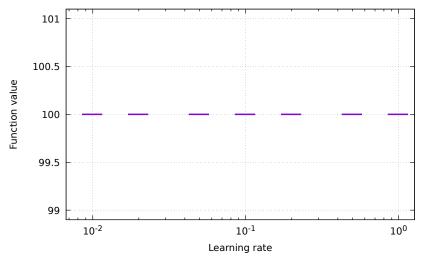




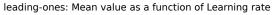


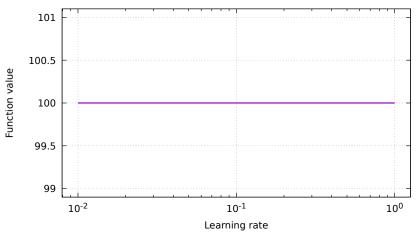
## 3 Function leading-ones

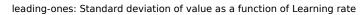


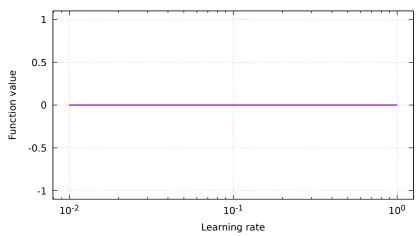


Learning rate	Function value				
	min	$Q_1$	$\operatorname{med}$ .	$Q_3$	max
0.01	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.02	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.05	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.1	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.2	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.5	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
1	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100

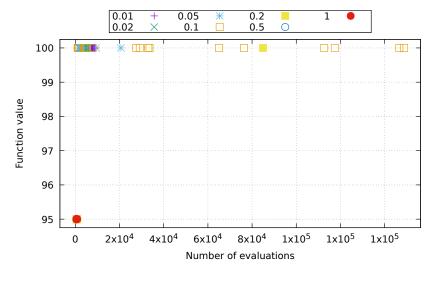


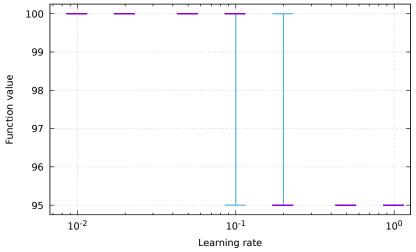






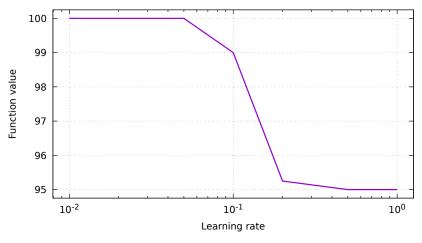
## 4 Function jmp-5

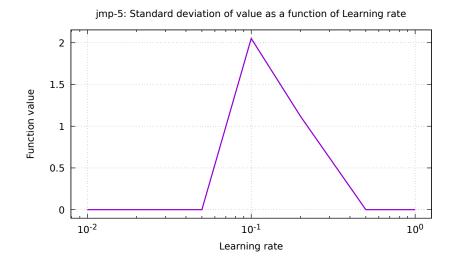




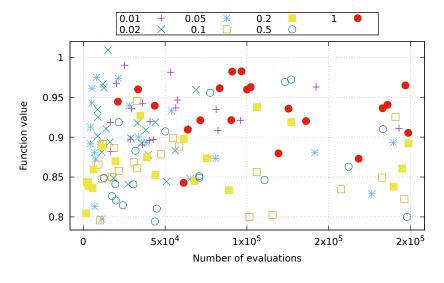
Learning rate	Function value				
	min	$Q_1$	med.	$Q_3$	max
0.01	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.02	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.05	100	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.1	95	100.00	100.0	100.00	100
0.2	95	95.00	95.0	95.00	100
0.5	95	95.00	95.0	95.00	95
1	95	95.00	95.0	95.00	95

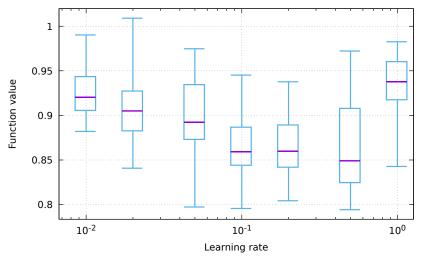
jmp-5: Mean value as a function of Learning rate



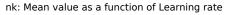


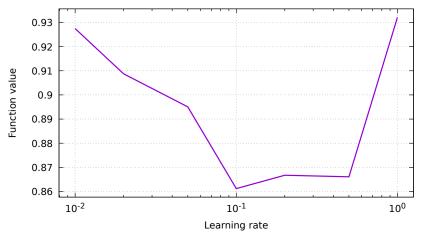
## 5 Function nk



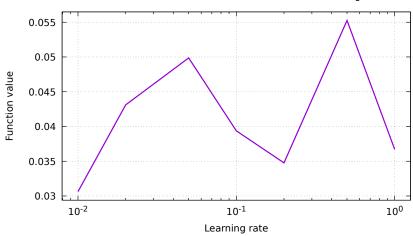


Learning rate	Function value				
	min	$Q_1$	med.	$Q_3$	max
1	0.84	0.917,5	0.938	0.960,3	0.98
0.01	0.88	$0.905,\!6$	0.920	0.943,5	0.99
0.02	0.84	0.882,7	0.905	0.927,3	1.01
0.05	0.80	0.873,1	0.892	0.934,5	0.97
0.2	0.80	0.842,0	0.860	0.889,3	0.94
0.1	0.80	0.844,1	0.859	0.886,8	0.95
0.5	0.79	0.824,7	0.849	0.907,9	0.97

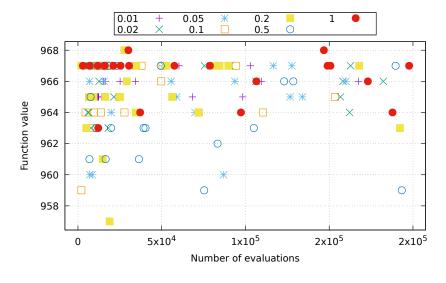


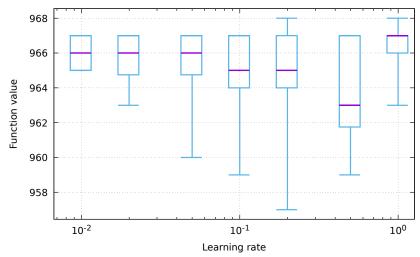


nk: Standard deviation of value as a function of Learning rate

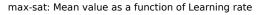


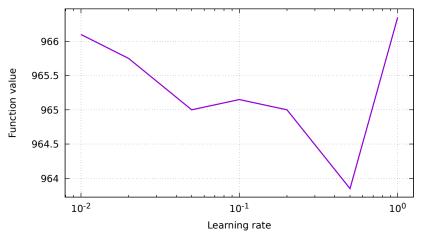
### 6 Function max-sat



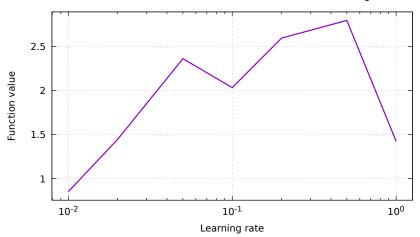


Learning rate	Function value					
	min	$Q_1$	med.	$Q_3$	max	
1	963	966.00	967.0	967.00	968	
0.01	$\boldsymbol{965}$	965.00	966.0	967.00	967	
0.02	963	964.75	966.0	967.00	967	
0.05	960	964.75	966.0	967.00	967	
0.2	957	964.00	965.0	967.00	968	
0.1	959	964.00	965.0	967.00	967	
0.5	959	961.75	963.0	967.00	967	

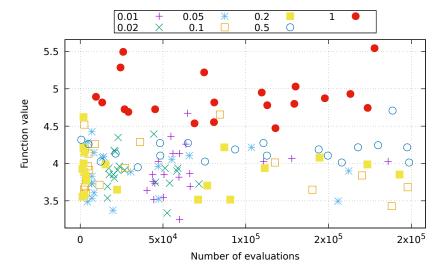


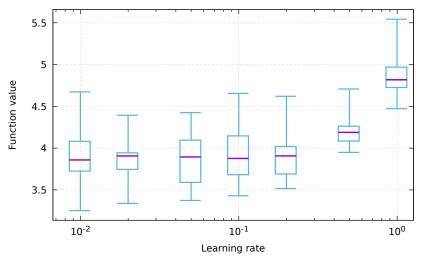




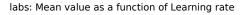


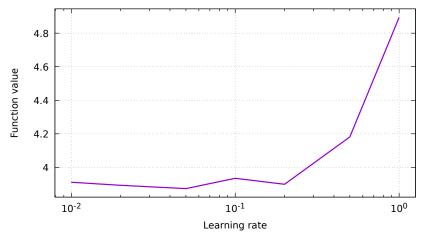
## 7 Function labs



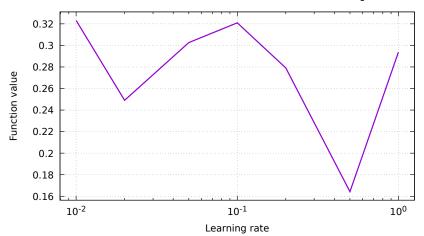


Learning rate	Function value				
	min	$Q_1$	med.	$Q_3$	max
1	4.47	4.725,9	4.817	4.970,4	$\overline{5.54}$
0.5	3.95	4.085,3	4.188	4.262,6	4.71
0.2	3.52	3.690,2	3.906	4.019,6	4.62
0.02	3.34	3.745,3	3.906	3.943,3	4.39
0.05	3.37	3.589,6	3.894	4.095,0	4.42
0.1	3.43	3.681,9	3.876	4.146,1	4.66
0.01	3.25	3.725,9	3.858	$4.081,\!8$	4.67

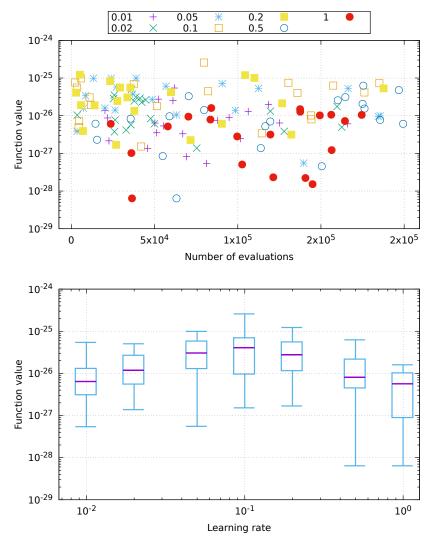




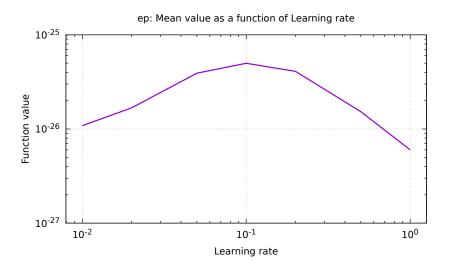
labs: Standard deviation of value as a function of Learning rate

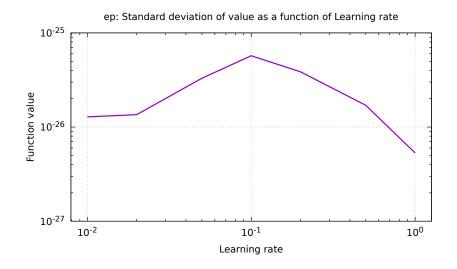


## 8 Function ep

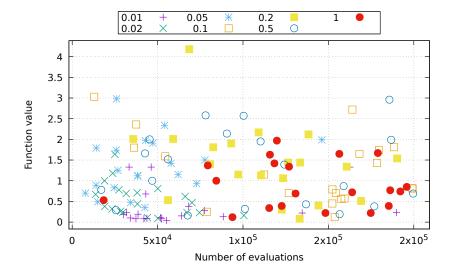


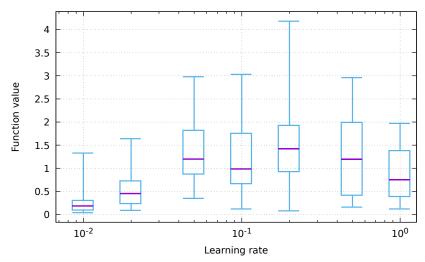
Learning rate	Function value						
	min	$Q_1$	med.	$Q_3$	max		
1	6.4× 10 <sup>-29</sup>	$8.927  imes 10^{-28}$	$5.62\times10^{-27}$	$1.028  imes 10^{-26}$	1.6× 10 <sup>-26</sup>		
0.01	$5.4 \cdot 10^{-28}$	$3.108 \times 10^{-27}$	$6.40 \times 10^{-27}$	$1.314 \times 10^{-26}$	$5.4 \cdot 10^{-26}$		
0.5	$6.4 \cdot 10^{-29}$	$4.523 \times 10^{-27}$	$8.04 \times 10^{-27}$	$2.183 \times 10^{-26}$	$6.3 \cdot 10^{-26}$		
0.02	$1.4 \cdot 10^{-27}$	$5.575 \times 10^{-27}$	$1.18 \times 10^{-26}$	$2.686 \times 10^{-26}$	$5.0 \cdot 10^{-26}$		
0.2	$1.7 \times 10^{-27}$	$1.160 \times 10^{-26}$	$2.76 \times 10^{-26}$	$5.574 \times 10^{-26}$	$1.2 \ 10^{-25}$		
0.05	$5.5 \cdot 10^{-28}$	$1.298 \times 10^{-26}$	$3.04 \times 10^{-26}$	$5.844 \times 10^{-26}$	$9.9 \cdot 10^{-26}$		
0.1	$1.5 \cdot 10^{-27}$	$9.633 \times 10^{-27}$	$4.09 \times 10^{-26}$	$6.983 \times 10^{-26}$	$2.6 \cdot 10^{-25}$		





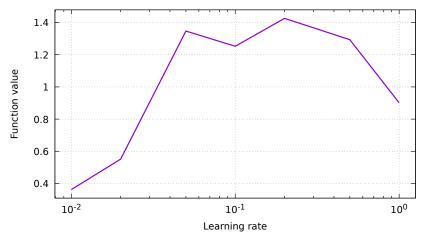
## 9 Function cancel

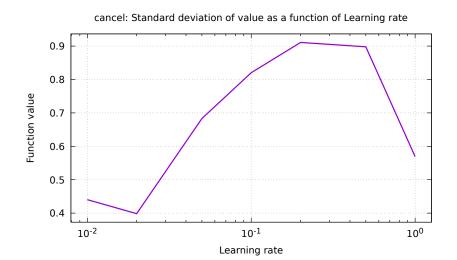




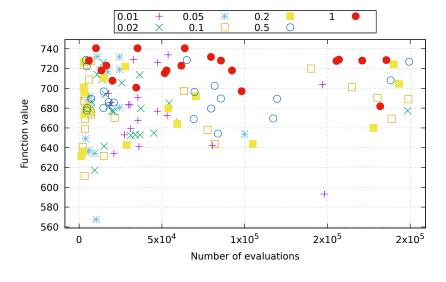
Learning rate	Function value				
	min	$Q_1$	med.	$Q_3$	max
0.01	0.04	0.097,5	0.185	0.305,0	1.33
0.02	0.09	0.237,5	0.455	0.727,5	1.64
1	0.12	0.390,0	0.755	1.382,5	1.97
0.1	0.12	0.667,5	0.985	1.755,0	3.03
0.5	0.16	0.417,5	1.195	1.992,5	2.96
0.05	0.35	0.875,0	1.200	1.820,0	2.98
0.2	0.08	$0.927,\!5$	1.420	1.927,5	4.18

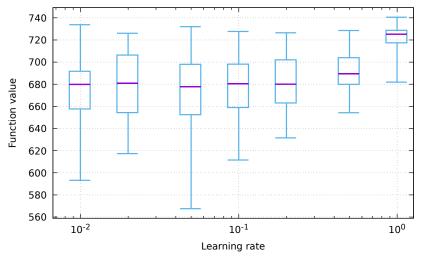
cancel: Mean value as a function of Learning rate



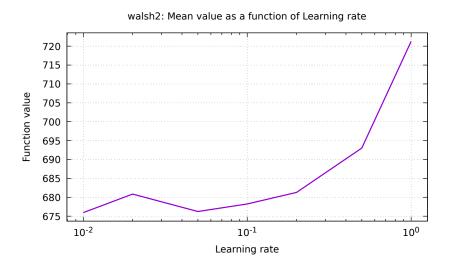


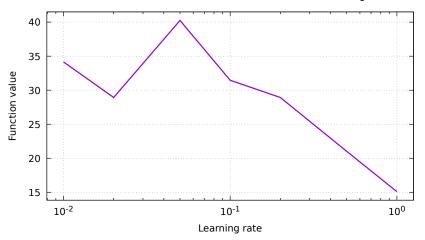
### 10 Function walsh2





Learning rate	Function value			
	min $Q_1$	med.	$Q_3$	max
1	681.90717.404,8	725.264	728.678,5	740.55
0.5	654.29679.893,3	689.477	703.958,3	728.55
0.02	617.32654.363,8	680.890	706.381,8	726.07
0.1	611.54658.972,0	680.462	698.162,8	727.67
0.2	631.53663.066,8	680.143	702.004,5	726.48
0.01	593.18657.673,3	679.825	691.700,0	733.81
0.05	567.56652.509,0	677.868	697.966,5	732.02





#### A Plan

```
{
    "exec": "hnco",
    "opt": "-A 500 -x 10 -y 1 --print-results --map 1 --map-random -s 100",
    "budget": 200000,
    "num_runs": 20,
    "parallel": true,
    "parameter": {
        "id": "learning-rate",
        "name": "Learning rate",
        "values": [ 1e-2, 2e-2, 5e-2, 1e-1, 2e-1, 5e-1, 1 ]
   },
    "graphics": {
        "logscale": true,
        "candlesticks": {
            "title": true,
            "boxwidth": "$1 * 0.3"
        }
    },
    "functions": [
        {
            "id": "one-max",
            "opt": "-F 0 --stop-on-maximum",
            "rounding": {
                "value": { "before": 3, "after": 0 },
                "time": { "before": 1, "after": 2 } }
        },
        {
            "id": "leading-ones",
            "opt": "-F 10 --stop-on-maximum",
            "rounding": {
                "value": { "before": 3, "after": 0 },
                "time": { "before": 1, "after": 2 } }
        },
            "id": "jmp-5",
            "opt": "-F 30 --stop-on-maximum -t 5",
            "rounding": {
                "value": { "before": 3, "after": 0 },
                "time": { "before": 1, "after": 2 } }
       },
{
            "id": "nk",
            "opt": "-F 60 -p instances/nk.100.4",
```

```
"rounding": {
            "value": { "before": 1, "after": 2 },
            "time": { "before": 1, "after": 2 } }
    },
        "id": "max-sat",
        "opt": "-F 70 -p instances/ms.100.3.1000",
        "rounding": {
            "value": { "before": 3, "after": 0 },
            "time": { "before": 1, "after": 2 } }
    },
        "id": "labs",
        "opt": "-F 81",
        "rounding": {
            "value": { "before": 1, "after": 2 },
            "time": { "before": 1, "after": 2 } }
    },
        "id": "ep",
        "opt": "-F 90 -p instances/ep.100",
        "reverse": true,
        "logscale": true,
        "rounding": {
            "value": { "before": 1, "after": 1 },
            "time": { "before": 1, "after": 2 } }
    },
        "id": "cancel",
        "opt": "-F 100 -s 99",
        "reverse": true,
        "rounding": {
            "value": { "before": 1, "after": 2 },
            "time": { "before": 1, "after": 2 } }
    },
        "id": "walsh2",
        "opt": "-F 162 -p instances/walsh2.100",
        "rounding": {
            "value": { "before": 3, "after": 2 },
            "time": { "before": 1, "after": 2 } }
    }
]
```

### B Default parameters

}

```
# algorithm = 100
# bm_mc_reset_strategy = 1
# bm_num_gs_cycles = 1
# bm_num_gs_steps = 100
# bm_sampling = 1
# budget = 10000
# bv_size = 100
# description_path = description.txt
# ea_lambda = 100
# ea_mu = 10
# expression = x
# fn_name = noname
# fn_num_traps = 10
# fn_prefix_length = 2
# fn_threshold = 10
```

```
# fp_expression = (1-x)^2+100*(y-x^2)^2
# fp_lower_bound = -2
# fp_num_bits = 8
# fp_precision = 0.01
# fp_upper_bound = 2
# function = 0
# ga_crossover_bias = 0.5
# ga_crossover_probability = 0.5
# ga_tournament_size = 10
# hea_bit_herding = 0
# hea_num_seq_updates = 100
# hea_reset_period = 0
# hea_sampling_method = 0
# hea_weight = 1
# learning_rate = 0.001
# map = 0
# map_input_size = 100
# map_path = map.txt
# map_ts_length = 10
# map_ts_sampling_mode = 0
# mutation_rate = 1
# neighborhood = 0
# neighborhood_iterator = 0
# noise_stddev = 1
# num_iterations = 0
# num_threads = 1
# path = function.txt
# pn_mutation_rate = 1
# pn_neighborhood = 0
# pn_radius = 2
# population_size = 10
# pv_log_num_components = 5
# radius = 2
# rep_categorical_representation = 0
# results_path = results.json
# rls_patience = 50
# sa_beta_ratio = 1.2
# sa_initial_acceptance_probability = 0.6
# sa_num_transitions = 50
# sa_num_trials = 100
\# seed = 0
# selection_size = 1
# solution_path = solution.txt
# target = 100
# print_defaults
# last_parameter
# exec_name = hnco
# version = 0.18
# Generated from hnco.json
```