

```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2 /**
3  * file: array-pointer.c
4  *
5  * Created by hengxin on 12/5/21.
6  */
7
8 #define ROWS 5
9 #define COLS 3
10
11 void Print(int table[][3], int rows);
12
13 int main() {
14     /**
15      * C, Java, Python
16      *
17      * student_score_table is a 2D (two-dimensional) array.
18      * student_score_table is an array of 5 arrays,
19      * each of which contains 3 elements.
20      */
21     int student_score_table[ROWS][COLS] = {
22         {0, 10, 20},
23         {10, 20, 30},
24         {20, 30, 40},
25         {30, 40, 50},
26         {40, 50, 60}
27     };
28
29     printf("student_score_table[3][2] = %d\n",
30         student_score_table[3][2]);
31     printf("student_score_table[3][2] = %d\n",
32         *(student_score_table[3] + 2));
33     printf("student_score_table[3][2] = %d\n",
34         (* (student_score_table + 3))[2]);
35     printf("student_score_table[3][2] = %d\n",
36         (*(student_score_table + 3) + 2));
37
38     /**
39      * student_score_table is a pointer to (an array of 3 ints)
40      */
41     int (*ptr_scores)[3] = student_score_table;
42     printf("student_score_table[3][2] = %d\n",
43         (*(ptr_scores + 3))[2]);
44
45     Print(student_score_table, ROWS);
46
47     return 0;
48 }
49
50 void Print(int (*table)[COLS], int rows) {
51     printf("\n");
52     for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
53         for (int j = 0; j < COLS; j++) {

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54     printf("%d ", table[i][j]);  
55     }  
56     printf("\n");  
57 }  
58 }  
59
```

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1  /**
2   * file: game-of-life-pointer.c
3   *
4   * Created by hengxin on 12/5/21.
5   */
6
7  #include <stdio.h>
8  #include <unistd.h>
9
10 #define ROUND 10
11 #define SIZE 6
12 int board[SIZE][SIZE] = {
13     {0},
14     {0},
15     {0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0},
16     {0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0},
17     {0},
18     {0}};
19
20 void ExtendBoard(const int (*origin_board)[SIZE],
21                 int (*extended_board)[SIZE + 2]);
22 void PrintExtendedBoard(const int (*extended_board)[SIZE + 2]);
23 void GenerateNewBoard(const int (*old_extended_board)[SIZE + 2],
24                      int (*new_extended_board)[SIZE + 2]);
25 void CopyExtendedBoard(const int (*src_board)[SIZE + 2],
26                       int (*dest_board)[SIZE + 2]);
27 void ClearTerminal(int sec);
28
29 int main() {
30     int old_board[SIZE + 2][SIZE + 2];
31     ExtendBoard(board, old_board);
32     PrintExtendedBoard(old_board);
33     ClearTerminal(1);
34
35     int new_board[SIZE + 2][SIZE + 2];
36     for (int round = 0; round < ROUND; round++) {
37         GenerateNewBoard(old_board, new_board);
38         PrintExtendedBoard(new_board);
39         ClearTerminal(1);
40         CopyExtendedBoard(new_board, old_board);
41     }
42
43     return 0;
44 }
45
46 void ExtendBoard(const int (*origin_board)[SIZE],
47                 int (*extended_board)[SIZE + 2]) {
48     for (int row = 0; row < SIZE + 2; row++) {
49         for (int col = 0; col < SIZE + 2; col++) {
50             if (row == 0 || row == SIZE + 1 || col == 0 || col == SIZE + 1
51 ) {
52                 extended_board[row][col] = 0;
53             } else {

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53     extended_board[row][col] = origin_board[row - 1][col - 1];
54 }
55 }
56 }
57 }
58
59 void PrintExtendedBoard(const int (*extended_board)[SIZE + 2]) {
60     for (int row = 1; row < SIZE + 1; row++) {
61         for (int col = 1; col < SIZE + 1; col++) {
62             printf("%c ", extended_board[row][col] ? '*' : ' ');
63         }
64         printf("\n");
65     }
66 }
67
68 void GenerateNewBoard(const int (*old_extended_board)[SIZE + 2],
69                      int (*new_extended_board)[SIZE + 2]) {
70     for (int row = 1; row < SIZE + 1; row++) {
71         for (int col = 1; col < SIZE + 1; col++) {
72             int neighbours = old_extended_board[row - 1][col - 1]
73                             + old_extended_board[row - 1][col]
74                             + old_extended_board[row - 1][col + 1]
75                             + old_extended_board[row][col - 1]
76                             + old_extended_board[row][col + 1]
77                             + old_extended_board[row + 1][col - 1]
78                             + old_extended_board[row + 1][col]
79                             + old_extended_board[row + 1][col + 1];
80
81             new_extended_board[row][col] =
82                 (old_extended_board[row][col] && (neighbours == 2 ||
83                  neighbours == 3))
84                 || (!old_extended_board[row][col] && neighbours == 3);
85         }
86     }
87
88 void CopyExtendedBoard(const int (*src_board)[SIZE + 2],
89                      int (*dest_board)[SIZE + 2]) {
90     for (int row = 0; row < SIZE + 2; row++) {
91         for (int col = 0; col < SIZE + 2; col++) {
92             dest_board[row][col] = src_board[row][col];
93         }
94     }
95 }
96
97 void ClearTerminal(int sec) {
98     sleep(sec);
99     printf("\033c");
100 }

```

```
1  /**
2   * file: selection-sort-strings.c
3   *
4   * Created by hengxin on 11/28/21.
5   */
6
7  #include <stdio.h>
8  #include <string.h>
9  #include <malloc.h>
10 #define LEN 10
11
12 void SelectionSort(char *str[], int len);
13 void Swap(char **left, char **right);
14 void SwapWrong(char *left, char *right);
15 void SwapWrong2(char *left, char *right);
16 void PrintStrs(const char *str[], int len);
17
18 int main() {
19     const char *names[LEN] = {
20         "Luo Dayou",
21         "Cui Jian",
22         "Dou Wei",
23         "Zhang Chu",
24         "He Yong",
25         "Wan Qing",
26         "WuTiaoRen",
27         "ZuoXiao",
28         "Hu Mage",
29         "Li Zhi"
30     };
31
32     PrintStrs(names, LEN);
33
34     SelectionSort(names, LEN);
35
36     PrintStrs(names, LEN);
37
38     return 0;
39 }
40
41 void SelectionSort(char *str[], int len) {
42     for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i) {
43         const char *min = str[i];
44         int min_index = i;
45
46         for (int j = i + 1; j < len; j++) {
47             if (strcmp(min, str[j]) > 0) {
48                 min = str[j];
49                 min_index = j;
50             }
51         }
52
53         Swap(&str[i], &str[min_index]);
```

```
54 //    SwapWrong(str[i], str[min_index]);
55 }
56 }
57
58 void Swap(char **left, char **right) {
59     char *tmp = *left;
60     *left = *right;
61     *right = tmp;
62 }
63
64 /**
65  * segment fault
66  * SwapWrong(str[i], str[min_index]);
67  */
68 void SwapWrong(char *left, char *right) {
69     char tmp = *left;
70     *left = *right;
71     *right = tmp;
72 }
73
74 /**
75  * does not work
76  * (it is performed on copies of str[i] and str[min_index])
77  * SwapWrong2(str[i], str[min_index]);
78  */
79 void SwapWrong2(char *left, char *right) {
80     char tmp = *left;
81     *left = *right;
82     *right = tmp;
83 }
84
85 void PrintStrs(const char *str[], int len) {
86     printf("\n");
87     for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
88         printf("%s\n", str[i]);
89     }
90     printf("\n");
91 }
```

```

1  /**
2   * file: strcmp.c
3   *
4   * Created by hengxin on 11/28/21.
5   */
6
7  #include <stdio.h>
8
9  /**
10   * Compare two strings.
11   *
12   * @param s1 The first string to compare with.
13   * @param s2 The second string to compare with.
14   * @return 0 if s1 equals to s2;
15   *         positive if s1 is greater than s2;
16   *         negative if s1 is less than s2
17   */
18 int StrCmp(const char *s1, const char *s2);
19 int StrCmpStd(const char *s1, const char *s2);
20
21 int main() {
22     const char *str1 = "hi, hengxin";
23     const char *str2 = "hi, ant";
24
25     printf("%s %c %s\n",
26           str1, StrCmp(str1, str2) > 0 ? '>' : '<', str2);
27
28     return 0;
29 }
30
31 int StrCmp(const char *s1, const char *s2) {
32     while (*s1 == *s2 && (*s1 != '\0' && *s2 != '\0')) {
33         s1++;
34         s2++;
35     }
36
37     if (*s1 == '\0' && *s2 == '\0') {
38         return 0;
39     }
40
41     return *s1 - *s2;
42 }
43
44 int StrCmpStd(const char *s1, const char *s2) {
45     for ( ; *s1 == *s2; s1++, s2++) {
46         if (*s1 == '\0') {
47             return 0;
48         }
49     }
50
51     return (* (const unsigned char *) s1)
52           < (* (const unsigned char *) s2) ? -1 : 1;
53 }

```

```

1  /**
2   * file: strcpy.c
3   *
4   * Created by hengxin on 11/28/21.
5   *
6   * strcpy vs. strcpy_s (safe/secure; optional in C++)
7   * strncpy vs. strncpy_s (optional in C11)
8   * keyword "restrict"
9   */
10
11 #include <string.h>
12 #include <stdio.h>
13
14 /**
15  * Copy string at src to dest.
16  * We assume that there is enough room in dest for storing src.
17  *
18  * @param dest
19  * @param src
20  */
21 void StrCpy(char *dest, const char *src);
22 void StrCpy1(char *dest, const char *src);
23 void StrCpy2(char *dest, const char *src);
24 void StrCpy3(char *dest, const char *src);
25 void StrCpy4(char *dest, const char *src);
26 char* StrCpyStd(char *dest, const char *src);
27
28 int main() {
29     const char *src = "Hello World";
30     char dest[strlen(src) + 1];
31
32     StrCpy(dest, src);
33     printf("dest = %s\n", dest);
34
35     return 0;
36 }
37
38 void StrCpy(char *dest, const char *src) {
39     int i = 0;
40     while (src[i] != '\0') {
41         dest[i] = src[i];
42         i++;
43     }
44
45     dest[i] = '\0';
46 }
47
48 void StrCpy1(char *dest, const char *src) {
49     int i = 0;
50     while ((dest[i] = src[i]) != '\0') {
51         i++;
52     }
53 }

```



```
54 // the following code is unnecessary for this version
55 // dest[i] = '\0';
56 }
57
58 void StrCpy2(char *dest, const char *src) {
59     int i = 0;
60     while ((* (dest + i) = * (src + i)) != '\0') {
61         i++;
62     }
63 }
64
65 void StrCpy3(char *dest, const char *src) {
66     while ((*dest = *src) != '\0') {
67         src++;
68         dest++;
69     }
70 }
71
72 void StrCpy4(char *dest, const char *src) {
73     while ((*dest++ = *src++) != '\0');
74 }
75
76 void StrCpy5(char *dest, const char *src) {
77     while ((*dest++ = *src++));
78 }
79
80 // for exam
81 void f(char *dest, const char *src) {
82     while ((*dest++ = *src++));
83 }
84
85 /**
86  * @return The dest pointer
87  */
88 char *StrCpyStd(char *dest, const char *src) {
89     for (char *s = dest; (*s++ = *src++) != '\0'; );
90
91     return dest;
92 }
```

```
1  /**
2   * file: strlen.c
3   *
4   * Created by hengxin on 11/28/21.
5   */
6
7  #include <stdio.h>
8
9  int StrLen(const char *s);
10 size_t StrLenStd(const char *s);
11
12 int main() {
13     /**
14      * a copy of "Hello World!" in the data segment
15      */
16     char msg[20] = "Hello World!";
17     msg[0] = '\0';
18
19     /**
20      * This string literal "Hello World!" is stored in the text segment
21      */
22     char *ptr_msg = "Hello World!";
23     // *ptr_msg = '\0';
24
25     printf("The length of the message \"%s\" = %d\n",
26           msg, StrLen(msg));
27
28     return 0;
29 }
30
31 int StrLen(const char *s) {
32     int len = 0;
33     while (s[len] != '\0') {
34         len++;
35     }
36
37     return len;
38 }
39
40 size_t StrLenStd(const char *s) {
41     const char *sc;
42     for (sc = s; *sc != '\0'; sc++);
43
44     return (sc - s);
45 }
46
47 // for exam
48 size_t f(const char *s) {
49     const char *sc;
50     for (sc = s; *sc != '\0'; sc++);
51
52     return (sc - s);
53 }
```