qsort(3) — Linux manual page

NAME | LIBRARY | SYNOPSIS | DESCRIPTION | RETURN VALUE | ATTRIBUTES | STANDARDS | HISTORY | NOTES | EXAMPLES | SEE ALSO

```
Search online pages
qsort(3)
                          Library Functions Manual
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NAME
      qsort, qsort_r - sort an array
LIBRARY
             top
      Standard C library (libc, -lc)
SYNOPSIS
```

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top
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
    void qsort(void base[.size * .nmemb], size_t nmemb, size_t size,
    int (*compar)(const void [.size], const void [.size]));
    \verb|void qsort_r(void base[.size * .nmemb], size_t nmemb, size_t size|,\\
                 int (*compar) (const void [.size], const void [.size], void *),
                 void *arg);
Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see
feature_test_macros(7)):
    qsort r():
         _GNU_SOURCE
```

DESCRIPTION top

The qsort() function sorts an array with nmemb elements of size size. The base argument points to the start of the array.

The contents of the array are sorted in ascending order according to a comparison function pointed to by compar, which is called with two arguments that point to the objects being compared.

The comparison function must return an integer less than, equal to, or greater than zero if the first argument is considered to be respectively less than, equal to, or greater than the second. If two members compare as equal, their order in the sorted array is undefined.

The $qsort_r()$ function is identical to qsort() except that the comparison function compar takes a third argument. A pointer is passed to the comparison function via arg. In this way, the comparison function does not need to use global variables to pass through arbitrary arguments, and is therefore reentrant and safe to use in threads.

RETURN VALUE

The qsort() and qsort_r() functions return no value.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see attributes (7).

Interface	Attribute Value	
qsort(), qsort_r()	Thread safety MT-Safe	

```
qsort()
C11, POSIX.1-2008.
```

HISTORY top

```
qsort()
          POSIX.1-2001, C89, SVr4, 4.3BSD.
qsort_r()
          glibc 2.8.
```

NOTES top

To compare C strings, the comparison function can call $\operatorname{strcmp}(3),$ as shown in the example below.

EXAMPLES top

For one example of use, see the example under bsearch(3).

Another example is the following program, which sorts the strings given in its command-line arguments:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
static int
cmpstringp(const void *p1, const void *p2)
    /st The actual arguments to this function are "pointers to
       pointers to char", but strcmp(3) arguments are "pointers to char", hence the following cast plus dereference. */
    return strcmp(*(const char **) p1, *(const char **) p2);
int
main(int argc, char *argv[])
    if (argc < 2)
         fprintf(stderr, "Usage: %s <string>...\n", argv[0]);
         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    qsort(&argv[1], argc - 1, sizeof(char *), cmpstringp);
    for (size_t j = 1; j < argc; j++)
         puts(argv[j]);
    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
```

SEE ALSO top

```
sort(1), alphasort(3), strcmp(3), versionsort(3)
Linux man-pages 6.04 2023-03-30 qsort(3)
```

Pages that refer to this page: bsearch(3), fts(3), scandir(3), tsearch(3)

HTML rendering created 2023-06-24 by Michael Kerrisk, author of *The Linux Programming Interface*.

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