4-11 P and NP (II)

 $(NP \neq No Problem)$

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Lieba Hen v. Neumann !

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John von Neumann (1903 \sim 1957)

$\vdash F : F \text{ is provable}$

 $\vdash^n F : F$ has a first-order proof of $\leq n$ symbols

THEOREM =
$$\{(F, \mathbf{1}^n) : \vdash^n F\}$$

"If there really were a machine with $\varphi(n) \sim k \cdot n \ (or \ even \sim k \cdot n^2),$ this would have consequences of the greatest importance."

THEOREM =
$$\{(F, \mathbf{1}^n) : \vdash^n F\}$$

THEOREM \in NP

THEOREM is NP-complete.



Definition (NP)

$$L \in NP$$



 \exists poly. time verifier V(x,c) such that

$$\forall x \in \{0,1\}^* : x \in L \iff \exists c \text{ with } |c| = O(|x|^k), V(x,c) = 1.$$

NP-problems has short certificates that are easy to verify.

Theorem

$$P \subset NP \subset EXP$$

$$P = \left\{ L : L \text{ is decided by a poly. time } (O(n^k)) \text{ algorithm } A \right\}$$

$$EXP = \left\{ L : L \text{ is decided by an exp. time } (O(2^{n^k})) \text{ algorithm } A \right\}$$

Proof.

$$P\subseteq NP$$

$$V \leftarrow A$$

$$c \leftarrow \epsilon$$

$NP \subseteq EXP$

Enumerate all possible
$$c$$
's $(\# = 2^{O(|x|^k)})$



星期五 下午11:13



GPA还没上4.99的鄢振宇

突然在想LP的多项式时间 验证指的是验证什么



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比如给定一个无向图



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要求找出一个有k个点的诱导子图



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使得该诱导子图存在 hamiltonian cycle

Definition (HC-SUBGRAPH)

Instance: Graph $G = (V, E), k \in \mathbb{N}$

QUESTION: Is there a V'-induced subgraph G[V'] of G with $|V'| \ge k$

which is Hamiltonian?

$Q: HC-SUBGRAPH \in NP?$

c:V' in HC order

 $Q: \mathbf{HC}\text{-}\mathbf{SUBGRAPH} \in \mathbf{NP}\text{-}\mathbf{complete}?$

HAM-CYCLE \leq_p HC-SUBGRAPH

Closure of NP (CLRS 34.2-4)

NP is closed under \cup , \cap , \cdot , \star .

$$L_1 \in NP, L_2 \in NP \implies L = L_1 \circ L_2 \in NP$$

$$L_1 \in NP, L_2 \in NP \implies L = L_1 \cup L_2 \in NP$$

- 1: **procedure** V(x,c)
- 2: if $c \neq c_1 \# c_2$ then
- 3: **return** 0
- 4: **return** $V(x, c_1) \vee V(x, c_2)$

$$x \in L_1 \cup L_2 \iff \exists c, V(x,c) = 1$$

$$L_1 \in NP, L_2 \in NP \implies L = L_1 \cap L_2 \in NP$$

- 1: **procedure** V(x,c)
- 2: if $c \neq c_1 \# c_2$ then
- 3: **return** 0
- 4: **return** $V(x, c_1) \wedge V(x, c_2)$

$$x \in L_1 \cap L_2 \iff \exists c, V(x,c) = 1$$

$$L_1 \in NP, L_2 \in NP \implies L = L_1 \cdot L_2 \in NP$$

- 1: **procedure** V(x,c)
- 2: if $c \neq c_1 \# c_2 \& m$ then
- 3: return 0
- 4: **return** $V(x_{1...m}, c_1) \wedge V(x_{m+1...|x|}, c_2)$

$$x \in L_1 \cdot L_2 \iff \exists c, V(x,c) = 1$$

$L \in NP \implies L^* \in NP$

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1: procedure V(x, c)

2: for k \leftarrow 1 to |x| do

3: m_0 \leftarrow 0, m_k \leftarrow |x|

4: if c = c_1 \# c_2 \# \cdots \# c_k \& m_1 \& m_2 \& \cdots \& m_{k-1} then

5: return \bigwedge_{i=1}^{i=k} V(x_{m_{i-1}+1...m_i}, c_i)
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$$x \in L^{\star} \iff \exists c, A(x,c) = 1$$

$$coNP = \left\{ L : \overline{L} \in NP \right\}$$

$$UNSAT = \{ \varphi : \varphi \text{ is unsatisfiable.} \}$$

Definition (coNP)

$$L \in \text{coNP}$$

$$\iff$$

 \exists poly. time verifier V(x,u) such that

$$\forall x \in \{0,1\}^* : x \in L \iff \forall u \text{ with } |u| = O(|x|^k), V(x,u) = 1.$$

$$coNP \neq \{0,1\}^* \setminus NP$$

$$P\subseteq NP\cap coNP$$

$$P = NP \implies NP = coNP$$

Unsolved problem in computer science:

?
$$NP \stackrel{?}{=} co-NP$$

(more unsolved problems in computer science)

$$NP \neq coNP \stackrel{?}{\Rightarrow} P \neq NP$$





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