# 1-8 Set Theory: Axioms and Operations

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Set Operations (I)

UD Problem 7.1 (d) Let  $A, B \subseteq X$ .

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?

UD Problem 7.1 (f)

$$A \cap B = B \iff B \subseteq A$$



Let  $A, B \subseteq X$ .

$$A\cap B=\emptyset\iff B\subseteq (X\setminus A)$$

UD Problem 7.2 Let  $A, B \subseteq X$ .

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$$A \cap B = \emptyset \iff B \subseteq (X \setminus A)$$

 $Q:A,B\subseteq X$ ?

We need only  $B \subseteq X$ .

Prove that the union of two sets can be rewritten as the union of two disjoint sets.

- (a) Prove that  $(A \setminus B) \cap B = \emptyset$
- (b) Prove that  $A \cup B = (A \setminus B) \cup B$

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By contradiction.

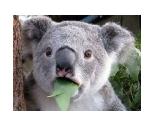


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$$(A \setminus B) \cup B = \cdots$$

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UD Problem 7.19 Let  $A, B, C \subseteq X$ .

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UD Problem 7.2

Let  $B \subseteq X$ .

$$A \cap B = \emptyset \iff B \subseteq (X \setminus A)$$



$$(A \cup B) \setminus (C \cup D) = (A \setminus (C \cup D)) \cup (B \setminus (C \cup D))$$

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$$E \triangleq C \cup D$$



Set Operations (II)



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$$A_n = [0, 1/n)$$
  $B_n = [0, 1/n]$   $C_n = (0, 1/n)$ 

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 $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n$ (b) Find  $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n$  $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n$ 

$$A_n = [0, 1/n)$$
  $B_n = [0, 1/n]$   $C_n = (0, 1/n)$ 

(b) Find 
$$\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n = \{0\}$$
  $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n = \{0\}$   $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n = \emptyset$ 

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微笑中透露着无奈

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  $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n = \{0\}$   $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n = \emptyset$ 

# Theorem (The Nested Interval Theorem (Cantor))

设  $\{[a_n,b_n]\}$  为递降闭区间套序列, 即

$$[a_1,b_1]\supset [a_2,b_2]\supset\cdots\supset [a_n,b_n]\supset\cdots$$
.

如果  $\lim_{n\to\infty} (b_n-a_n)=0$ , 则存在唯一的点 c, 使得  $c\in[a_n,b_n], \forall n\geq 1$ .

10/18

$$\forall n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ : A_n \subset B_n \Rightarrow \bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \subset \bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n$$

$$A_n = [0, 1/n)$$
  $B_n = [0, 1/n]$ 

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$$A_n = [0, 1/n)$$
  $B_n = [0, 1/n]$ 



$$A = \mathbb{R} \setminus \bigcap_{n \in \mathbb{Z}^+} (\mathbb{R} \setminus \{-n, -n+1, \cdots, 0, \cdots, n-1, n\})$$

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$$= \mathbb{R} \setminus (\mathbb{R} \setminus \bigcup X_n)$$

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= %

$$A=\mathbb{Q}\setminus\bigcap_{n\in\mathbb{Z}}(\mathbb{R}\setminus\{2n\})$$

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$$= \mathbb{Q} \setminus \left(\mathbb{R} \setminus \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \{2n\}\right)^{c}$$

$$= \mathbb{Q} \setminus \left(\bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \{2n\}\right)^{c}$$

$$= \mathbb{Q} \cap \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \{2n\}$$

$$= \{2n : n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

Set Operations (III)

 $\mathcal{P}(X)$ 

$$A \subseteq B \iff \mathcal{P}(A) \subseteq \mathcal{P}(B)$$

$$\bigcup_{\alpha \in I} \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha}) \subseteq \mathcal{P}(\bigcup_{\alpha \in I} A_{\alpha})$$

$$\bigcap_{\alpha \in I} \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha}) = \mathcal{P}(\bigcap_{\alpha \in I} A_{\alpha})$$



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$$x \in \bigcap_{\alpha \in I} \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha})$$



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$$x \in \bigcap_{\alpha \in I} \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha})$$

$$\iff \forall \alpha \in I : x \in \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha})$$



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$$x \in \bigcap_{\alpha \in I} \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha})$$

$$\iff \forall \alpha \in I : x \in \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha})$$

$$\iff \forall \alpha \in I : x \subseteq A_{\alpha}$$



$$\bigcap_{\alpha \in I} \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha}) = \mathcal{P}(\bigcap_{\alpha \in I} A_{\alpha})$$

$$x \in \bigcap_{\alpha \in I} \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha})$$

$$\iff \forall \alpha \in I : x \in \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha})$$

$$\iff \forall \alpha \in I : x \subseteq A_{\alpha}$$

$$\iff x \subseteq \bigcap_{\alpha \in I} A_{\alpha}$$

$$\bigcap_{\alpha \in I} \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha}) = \mathcal{P}(\bigcap_{\alpha \in I} A_{\alpha})$$

$$x \in \bigcap_{\alpha \in I} \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha})$$

$$\iff \forall \alpha \in I : x \in \mathcal{P}(A_{\alpha})$$

$$\iff x \subseteq \bigcap_{\alpha \in I} A_{\alpha}$$

$$\iff x \in \mathcal{P}(\bigcap_{\alpha \in I} A_{\alpha})$$

$$A \times (B \setminus C) = (A \times B) \setminus (A \times C)$$

# Thank You!