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Hierholzer's algorithm for Eulerian graphs

```
  hierholzer.py

 2
      # Hierholzer's algorithm for Eulerian graphs #
 3
      EXAMPLE
 4
 5
      V = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
      E = [(1,2),(2,3),(3,4),(4,5),(5,6),(6,1),(2,6),(6,4),(4,2)]
 6
      returns [1, 2, 6, 4, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 1]
 8
      V = ["AA", "AB", "BC", "CD", "DE", "EF"]
 9
      \mathsf{E} = [("AA", "AB"), ("AB", "BC"), ("BC", "CD"), ("CD", "DE"), ("DE", "EF"), ("EF", "AA"), ("AB", "EF"), ("EF", "CD"), ("CD", "AB")]
      returns ['AA', 'AB', 'EF', 'CD', 'AB', 'BC', 'CD', 'DE', 'EF', 'AA']
14
      import time
16
      def outgoing(vertex, edges):
          """Returns the list of edges from *edges* entering into node *vertex*."""
          return [edge for edge in edges if edge[0] == vertex]
      def incoming(vertex, edges):
          """Returns the list of edges from *edges* coming from node *vertex*."""
          return [edge for edge in edges if edge[1] == vertex]
      def walk(vertex, edges):
           """From node *vertex*, walk along edges *edges*, never taking an already
          used one. Return the chosen *path* and the remaining edges.
          If the graph is Eulerian, *path* is a cycle."""
          path = [vertex]; adj = outgoing(vertex,edges)
          while adi:
              e = adj[0]
              edges.remove(e)
              path.append(e[1])
              vertex = e[1]
              adj = outgoing(vertex, edges)
          return path, edges
      def hierholzer(vertices, edges):
          """Finds an Eulerian cycle in a connected Eulerian graph defined
          by the set *vertices* of its vertices and the set *edges* of its edges.
          The cycle is returned as a list of vertices."""
40
41
          err = "Your graph is either not Eulerian, or connected, or cyclic."
42
          assert all([(len(outgoing(v,edges))+len(incoming(v,edges)))%2==0 for v in vertices]), err
          t1 = time.time()
44
          v = vertices[0]
          cycle, edges = walk(v, edges)
46
          assert cycle[0] == cycle[-1], err
47
          notvisited = set(cycle)
48
          while len(notvisited) != 0:
49
              v = notvisited.pop()
50
              if len(outgoing(v, edges)) != 0:
                  i = cycle.index(v)
                  sub, E = walk(v, edges)
                  assert sub[0] == sub[-1], err
                  cycle = cycle[:i]+sub[:-1]+cycle[i:]
                  notvisited.update(sub)
          t2 = time.time()
          print "Running time: %s" % (t2-t1,)
          return cycle
```