

## Coordinate Systems

### 1) Cartesian csys:

$$\mathbf{v}_{P|F} = \dot{x}\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \dot{y}\hat{\mathbf{j}} + \dot{z}\hat{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_{P|F} = \ddot{x}\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \ddot{y}\hat{\mathbf{j}} + \ddot{z}\hat{\mathbf{k}}$$

### 2) Cylindrical polar csys:

$$\mathbf{v}_{P|F} = \dot{r}\hat{\mathbf{e}}_r + r\dot{\phi}\hat{\mathbf{e}}_\phi + \dot{z}\hat{\mathbf{e}}_z$$

$$\mathbf{a}_{P|F} = (\ddot{r} - r\dot{\phi}^2)\hat{\mathbf{e}}_r + (2\dot{r}\dot{\phi} + r\ddot{\phi})\hat{\mathbf{e}}_\phi + \ddot{z}\hat{\mathbf{e}}_z$$

### 3) Path csys:

$$\mathbf{v}_{P|F} = \dot{s}\hat{\mathbf{e}}_t$$

$$\mathbf{a}_{P|F} = \ddot{s}\hat{\mathbf{e}}_t + \frac{\dot{s}^2}{\rho}\hat{\mathbf{e}}_n$$

$$\frac{1}{\rho} = \frac{|\mathbf{v}_{P|F} \times \mathbf{a}_{P|F}|}{|\mathbf{v}_{P|F}|^3}$$

## Velocity and Acceleration Transfer

$$\dot{\mathbf{A}}_{|F} = \dot{\mathbf{A}}_{|m} + \boldsymbol{\omega}_{m|F} \times \mathbf{A}$$

$$\mathbf{v}_{P|F} = \mathbf{v}_{P|m} + \mathbf{v}_{A|F} + \boldsymbol{\omega}_{m|F} \times \vec{r}_{PA}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_{P|F} = \mathbf{a}_{P|m} + \mathbf{a}_{A|F} + \dot{\boldsymbol{\omega}}_{m|F} \times \vec{r}_{PA} + 2\boldsymbol{\omega}_{m|F} \times \mathbf{v}_{P|m} + \boldsymbol{\omega}_{m|F} \times (\boldsymbol{\omega}_{m|F} \times \mathbf{r}_{PA})$$

## Composition of angular vel. and acc.

$$\boldsymbol{\omega}_{3|1} = \boldsymbol{\omega}_{3|2} + \boldsymbol{\omega}_{2|1}$$

$$\dot{\boldsymbol{\omega}}_{3|1} = \dot{\boldsymbol{\omega}}_{3|2} + \dot{\boldsymbol{\omega}}_{2|1} + \boldsymbol{\omega}_{2|1} \times \boldsymbol{\omega}_{3|2}$$

## Forces and Moments

### 1) Equivalent Force Systems:

$$\mathbf{F}_R = \mathbf{F}'_R$$

$$\mathbf{M}_A = \mathbf{M}'_A$$

### 2) Linear Momentum:

$$\mathbf{p}_{|F} = \int_m \mathbf{v}_{P|F} dm = m\mathbf{v}_{C|F}$$

### 3) Angular Momentum:

$$\mathbf{H}_{A|F} = \int_m \mathbf{r}_{PA} \times \mathbf{v}_{PA|F} dm$$

$$\mathbf{H}_A = \mathbf{I}^A \boldsymbol{\omega}_{m|F}$$

$$(\mathbf{H}_A)_i = I_{ij}^A \omega_{ij}$$

## Axioms

### 1) Euler's Axioms (point $O$ fixed in ' $I$ ')

$$\left. \frac{d}{dt} \{ \mathbf{p}_{|I} \} \right|_I = \dot{\mathbf{p}}_{|I} = \mathbf{F}_R$$

$$\left. \frac{d}{dt} \{ \mathbf{H}_{O|I} \} \right|_I = \dot{\mathbf{H}}_{O|I} = \mathbf{M}_O$$

### 2) Modified Euler's 2nd axiom

$$\left. \frac{d}{dt} \{ \mathbf{H}_{A|I} \} \right|_I = \dot{\mathbf{H}}_{A|I} = \mathbf{M}_A - \mathbf{r}_{CA} \times m\mathbf{a}_{A|I}$$

### 3) Coulomb friction axiom:

$$\text{Static : } |\mathbf{f}| \leq \mu_s |\mathbf{N}|$$

$$\text{Kinetic : } |\mathbf{f}| = \mu_k |\mathbf{N}|$$

## Rigid Body Dynamics

### 1) Inertia Tensor (and matrix components)

$$I_{ij}^A = \int_m (r^2 \delta_{ij} - x_i x_j) dm$$

$$\mathbf{I}^A = \int_m \{ (\mathbf{r}_{PA} \cdot \mathbf{r}_{PA}) \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{r}_{PA} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{PA} \} dm$$

### 2) Parallel Axes Theorem

$C$  is the COM, and the origin is at  $A$

$$I_{11}^A = I_{11}^C + m(x_{C2}^2 + x_{C3}^2)$$

$$I_{22}^A = I_{22}^C + m(x_{C1}^2 + x_{C3}^2)$$

$$I_{33}^A = I_{33}^C + m(x_{C1}^2 + x_{C2}^2)$$

$$I_{ij}^A = I_{ij}^C - m x_{Ci} x_{Cj} \quad i \neq j$$

## Inertia Tensor for Common RBs

### 1) Rectangular Cuboid ( $m = \rho whl$ )

$$[\mathbf{I}^C] = m \text{diag} \left( \left[ \frac{(w^2 + h^2)}{12}, \frac{(l^2 + h^2)}{12}, \frac{(l^2 + w^2)}{12} \right] \right)$$

### 2) Circular Solid Cylinder ( $m = \rho \pi R^2 l$ )

$$[\mathbf{I}^C] = m \text{diag} \left( \left[ \left( \frac{R^2}{4} + \frac{l^2}{12} \right), \left( \frac{R^2}{4} + \frac{l^2}{12} \right), \frac{R^2}{2} \right] \right)$$

'diag' denotes the diagonal components of  $[\mathbf{I}^C]$