

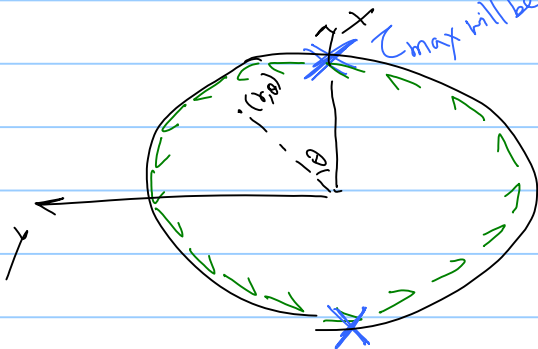
$$[\sigma]_{BM} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{Mx}{I_{yy}} \end{bmatrix} \quad [\sigma]_{T(x,2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{T_y}{J} \\ 0 & \frac{T_x}{J} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[\sigma]_{(x,\theta,z)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & T_x/J \\ 0 & T_x/J & \frac{Mx \cos \theta}{I_{yy}} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$z_{max} = \text{radius of Mohr Circle} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_{zz}}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{\theta z}^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{M^2 x^2 \cos^2 \theta}{I^2} + \frac{T^2 x^2}{4I^2}}$$



$$\max_{(x,\theta)} z_{max} < z_y$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{M^2 R^2}{I^2} + \frac{T^2 R^2}{4I^2}} < z_y$$

Factor of safety (N)

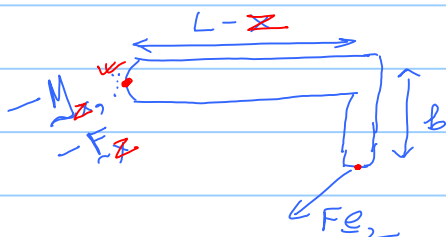
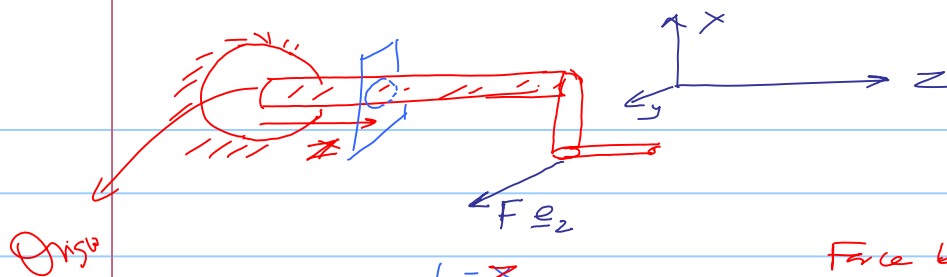
Let M & T be operational bending moment & Torque

\Rightarrow We have to design for $M^* = NM$ & $T^* = NT$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{M^{*2} R^2}{I^2} + \frac{T^{*2} R^2}{4I^2}} < z_y$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{M^2 R^2}{I^2} + \frac{T^2 R^2}{4I^2}} < \frac{z_y}{N}$$

Lever of a Machine



Force balance

$$\Rightarrow -F_z + F e_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F_z = F e_2 \quad \checkmark$$

Moment balance

$$-M_z + \vec{r} \times F e_2 = 0$$

\downarrow
 $(L-z)e_3 - b e_1$

$$\Rightarrow -M_z - (L-z)F e_1 - F b e_3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M_z = \underbrace{-(L-z)F e_1}_{\text{bending moment}} - \underbrace{F b e_3}_{\text{Torque}}$$

Due to shear force $F e_2$

$$\tau_{yz} = \frac{V_y Q_y}{I_{xx} t_y} = \frac{F Q_y}{I t_y}$$

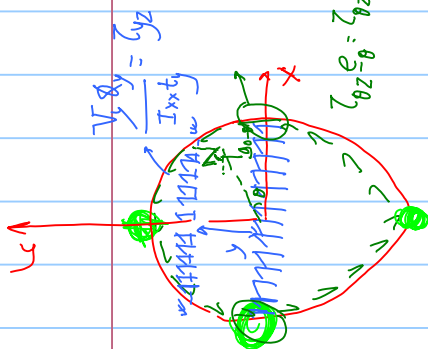
Due to bending moment,

$$\sigma_{zz} = \frac{M_x y}{I_{xx}} = \frac{-(L-z)F y}{I}$$

Due to torque

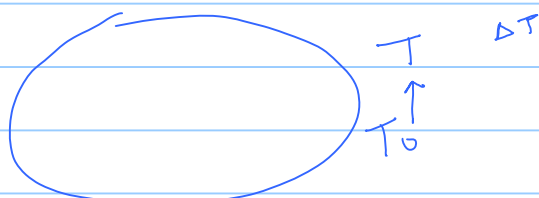
$$\tau_{\theta z} = \frac{T r}{2I} = \frac{-F b r}{2I}$$

$$[\sigma]_{(x,y,z)} = \begin{bmatrix} \dots \\ \dots \\ \dots \end{bmatrix}$$



$$[\sigma]_{(x,y,z)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -\tau_{\theta z} \sin \theta \\ 0 & 0 & \tau_{yz} + \tau_{\theta z} \cos \theta \\ -\tau_{\theta z} \sin \theta & \tau_{yz} + \tau_{\theta z} \cos \theta & \sigma_{zz} \end{bmatrix}$$

Thermoelasticity



* Thermal part of strain does not lead to stress generation

$$\text{Due to Temp. alone} \quad \epsilon_{xx} = \epsilon_{yy} = \epsilon_{zz} = \alpha \Delta T$$

Due to stress alone

$$\epsilon_{xx} = \frac{1}{E} [\sigma_{xx} - \nu(\sigma_{yy} + \sigma_{zz})]$$

elastic strain

$$\epsilon_{xx} - \epsilon_{xx}^T = \frac{1}{E} [\sigma_{xx} - \nu(\sigma_{yy} + \sigma_{zz})]$$

$$\epsilon_{yy} - \epsilon_{yy}^T = \frac{1}{E} [\sigma_{yy} - \nu(\sigma_{xx} + \sigma_{zz})]$$

$$\epsilon_{zz} - \epsilon_{zz}^T = \frac{1}{E} [\sigma_{zz} - \nu(\sigma_{xx} + \sigma_{yy})]$$

$$\gamma_{xy} = \tau_{xy} / G$$

* Thermobility -
* design
* lean energy
...