Tutorial 6: Strain

APL 104 - 2023 (Solid Mechanics)

1. Think of the following displacement field in the body:

$$u_1 = 0.05x_1 + 0.03x_2^2,$$

$$u_2 = 0.07x_1x_2 + 0.08x_1^2,$$

$$u_3 = 0.$$

- (a) Find the longitudinal strain of a line element along \underline{e}_1 direction at any point in the body.
- (b) Determine the shear strain between line elements along \underline{e}_1 and \underline{e}_2
- (c) Find volumetric strain for this displacement field. Does it vary from point to point?
- (d) What is the shear strain between line elements along \underline{e}_1 and \underline{e}_3 at any point (x_1, x_2) ?
- (e) Determine the average local rigid-body rotation tensor.
- 2. The displacement field for a body is given by

$$\underline{u} = k(x^2 + y)\hat{i} + k(y + z)\hat{j} + k(x^2 + 2z^2)\hat{k}$$

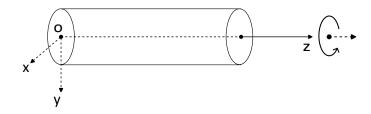
Find the volumetric strain, shear strains γ_{xy} and γ_{yz} , and the average local rotation tensor of the body at point (2,2,3).

3. The displacement gradient matrix at a point in a body is given by

$$\left[\underline{\underline{H}}\right] = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} & 0\\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Write the condition for zero average local rotation.

4. For a circular rod subjected to a torque (shown in figure below), the displacement components obtained at any point (x, y, z) are as follows:



1

$$u_x = -\tau yz + ay + bz + c,$$

$$u_y = \tau xz - ax + ez + f,$$

$$u_z = -bx - ey + k$$

where a, b, c, e, f and k are constants and τ denotes twist.

- (a) Select the constants a, b, c, e, f, k such that the end section z = 0 is fixed in the following manner:
 - Point o has no displacement.
 - The element Δz of the axis rotates neither in the plane xoz nor in the plane yoz
 - The element Δy of the axis does not rotate in the plane xoy.
- (b) Determine the strain components.
- (c) Verify whether these strain components satisfy the compatibility conditions.
- 5. For the displacement field $u_x = k(x^2 + 2z)$, $u_y = k(4x + 2y^2 + z)$, $u_z = 4kz^2$ with k = 0.001, determine the change in angle between two lines segments PQ and PR at P(2,2,3) having direction cosines before deformation as follows:

PQ:
$$n_{x1} = 0$$
, $n_{y1} = n_{z1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
PR: $n_{x2} = 1$, $n_{y2} = n_{z2} = 0$

6. Verify whether the following strain field satisfies the equations of compatibility. Here p is a constant.

$$\epsilon_{xx} = py, \quad \epsilon_{yy} = px, \quad \epsilon_{zz} = 2p(x+y)$$

$$\gamma_{xy} = p(x+y), \quad \epsilon_{yz} = 2pz, \quad \epsilon_{zx} = 2pz$$

7. Given the following formulas for strain components:

$$\epsilon_{xx} = 5 + x^2 + y^2 + x^4 + y^4,$$

$$\epsilon_{yy} = 6 + 3x^2 + 3y^2 + x^4 + y^4,$$

$$\gamma_{xy} = 10 + 4xy(x^2 + y^2 + 2),$$

$$\epsilon_{zz} = \gamma_{yz} = \gamma_{zx} = 0.$$

- (a) Determine whether the above strain field is possible. If it is possible, determine the displacement components in terms of x and y. Assume that $u_x = u_y = 0$ and $\omega_{xy} = 0$ at the origin.
- (b) For the state of strain given in the previous problem, write down the spherical and deviatoric parts and also determine the volumetric strain.

2