

produit ionique
de l'eau

$$K_e = \frac{[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]_{\text{eq}} \cdot [\text{HO}^-]_{\text{eq}}}{c^{\circ 2}}$$



constante
d'acidité

$$K_A = \frac{[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]_{\text{eq}} \cdot [\text{A}^-]_{\text{eq}}}{[\text{AH}]_{\text{eq}} \cdot c^{\circ}}$$

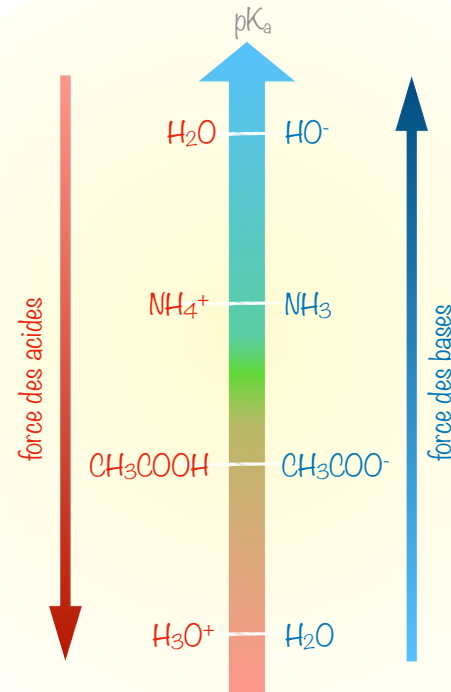
$$\text{p}K_A = -\log(K_A)$$

$$\text{si } \tau = \frac{x_f}{x_{\text{max}}} = 1$$

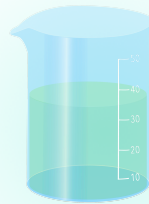
acide fort

$$\text{si } \tau = \frac{x_f}{x_{\text{max}}} < 1$$

acide faible



solution
tampon



pH varie peu
si ajout d'acide,
de base ou dilution

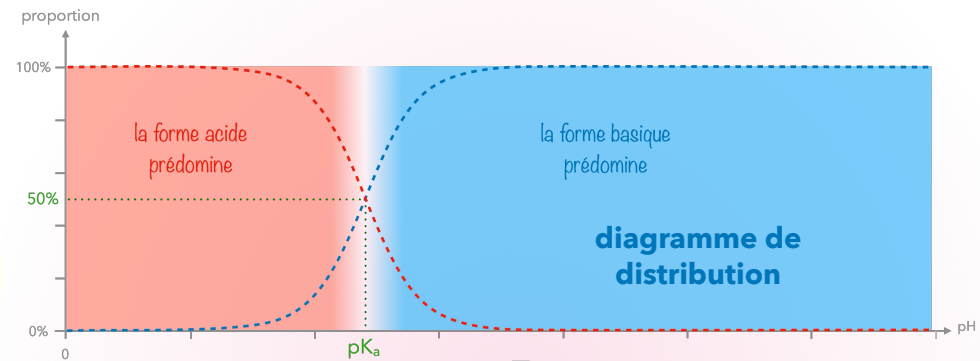
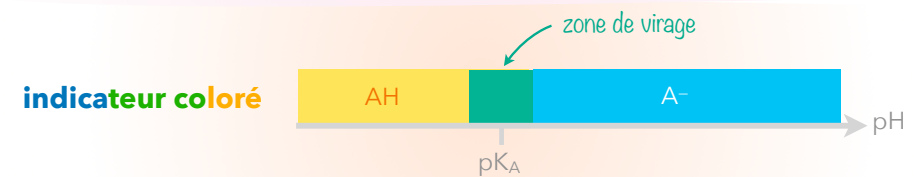


diagramme de prédominance



acides aminés

pH		
pK _{A1}	7	pK _{A2}
-COOH	-COO ⁻	
	-NH ₃ ⁺	-NH ₂