## R Notebook

#### import

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
                                                          ——— tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## √ dplyr
              1.1.3
                       √ readr
                                    2.1.4
## √ forcats
               1.0.0

√ stringr

                                    1.5.0
## √ ggplot2
              3.4.4
                        √ tibble
                                    3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.3
                                    1.3.0
                       √ tidyr
## √ purrr
               1.0.2
## -- Conflicts --
                                                   ---- tidyverse_conflicts() —
## X dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## X dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
### i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to becom
e errors
```

#### library(vctrs)

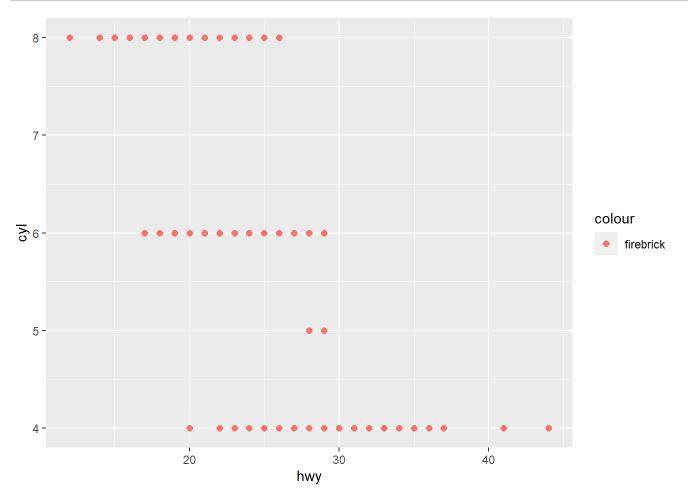
```
##
## Attaching package: 'vctrs'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
## data_frame
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:tibble':
##
## data_frame
```

#### head(mpg)

manufacturer	model	displ	year	cyl	trans	drv	cty	hwy	fl
<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<dbl></dbl>	<int></int>	<int></int>	<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>	<int></int>	<chr></chr>
audi	a4	1.8	1999	4	auto(I5)	f	18	29	р
audi	a4	1.8	1999	4	manual(m5)	f	21	29	p
audi	a4	2.0	2008	4	manual(m6)	f	20	31	p
audi	a4	2.0	2008	4	auto(av)	f	21	30	p
audi	a4	2.8	1999	6	auto(I5)	f	16	26	p
audi	a4	2.8	1999	6	manual(m5)	f	18	26	р

#### Exercise 12.1

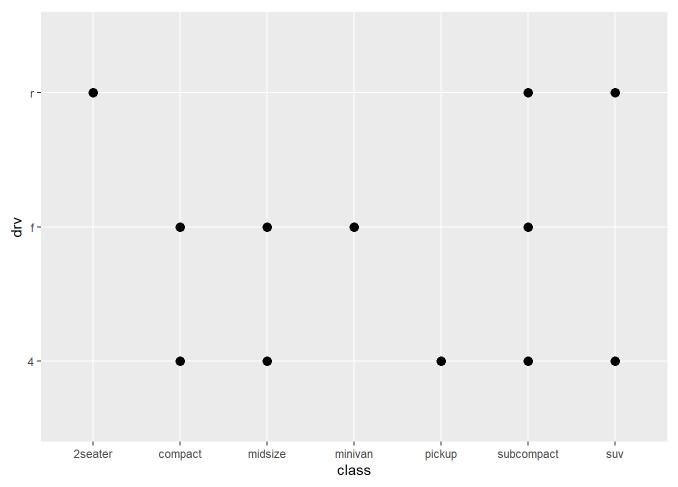
```
mpg |> ggplot(aes(
    x = hwy,
    y = cyl
)) + geom_point(size = 2, aes(color = 'firebrick'))
```



#### Exercise 12.3

This plot is not useful because they are categorical data. They are not good for scatter plots

```
mpg |> ggplot(aes(
    x = class,
    y = drv
)) + geom_point(size = 3)
```



#### Exercise 12.4

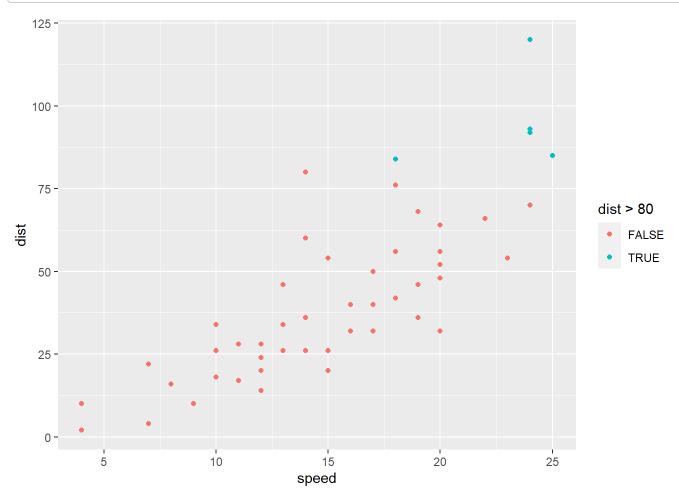
```
x <- seq(-6*pi, 6*pi, length.out = 100)
y <- sin(x)/x
df <- data.frame(x = x, y = sin(x)/x)
#df |> ggplot(
    #data = df,
    #aes(x = x, y = y)) +
    #geom_line()
```

cars

speed <dbl></dbl>	dist <dbl></dbl>
4	2
4	10
7	4
7	22
8	16

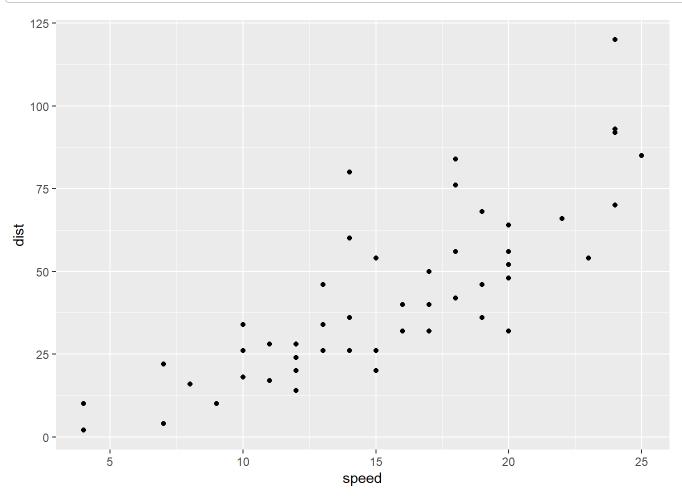
	speed <dbl></dbl>							dist <dbl></dbl>
	9							10
	10							18
	10							26
	10							34
	11							17
1-10 of 50 rows		Previous	1	2	3	4	5	Next

```
cars |>
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = speed, y = dist))+
  geom_point(mapping = aes(color = dist > 80 ))
```

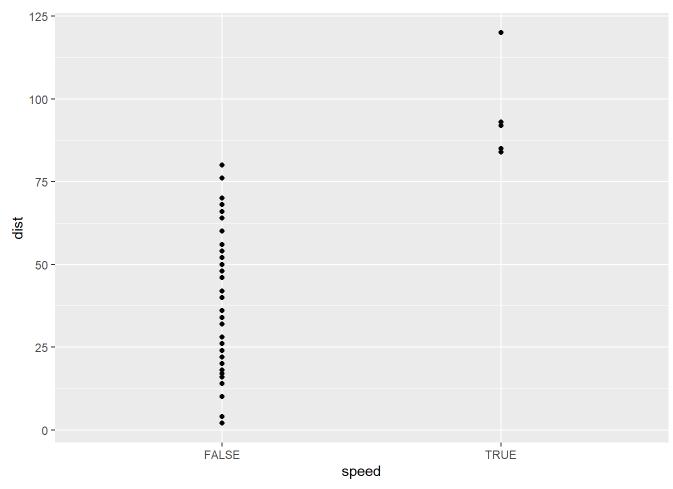


## Exercise 12.6

```
cars |>
  ggplot(aes(x = speed, y = dist))+
  geom_point()
```

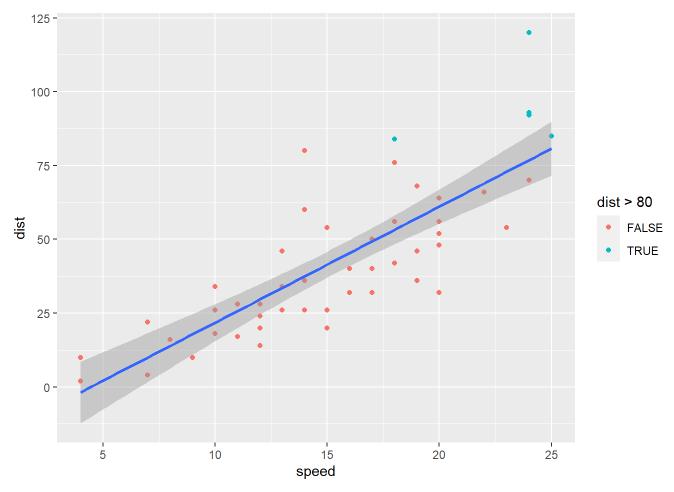


```
cars |>
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = speed, y = dist))+
  geom_point(mapping = aes(dist > 80))+
  scale_color_manual(values = c("black", "red"))
```



```
cars |>
  ggplot(aes(x = speed, y = dist))+
  geom_point(mapping = aes(color = dist > 80 )) +
  geom_smooth(method = 'lm')
```

```
## `geom_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'
```



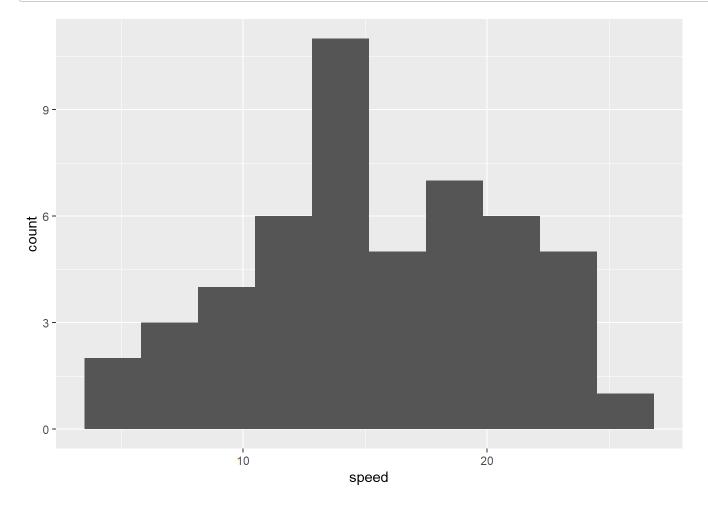
cars

speed <dbl></dbl>	dist <dbl></dbl>
4	2
4	10
7	4
7	22
8	16
9	10
10	18
10	26
10	34
11	17
1-10 of 50 rows	Previous 1 2 3 4 5 Next

## Exercise 12.9

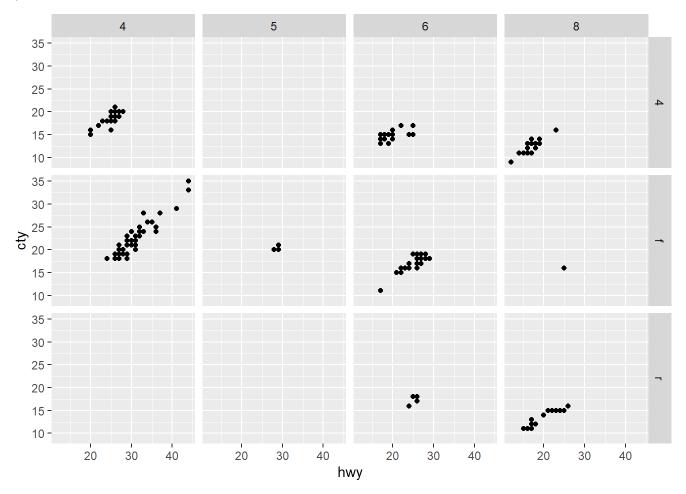
Here, it's single aes mapping, so no y needed. You can add bins to cut points in vector x into evenly distributed groups

```
cars |>
  ggplot(aes(
    x = speed)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 10)
```



```
mpg <- mpg

mpg |> ggplot() +
  geom_point(aes(hwy, cty)) +
  facet_grid(drv~cyl)
```



```
iris |>
  ggplot(aes(Sepal.Length, Sepal.Width, color = Species, shape = Species)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_density2d() +
  ggtitle('IRIS') +
  theme_light()
```

